Week: 1

Class: 1

Topic: speaker

Behavioural objectives: Pupils should be able to:

▶Description of a speaker.

▶ Features of a speaker

Instructional material/Reference material: Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc. Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc.

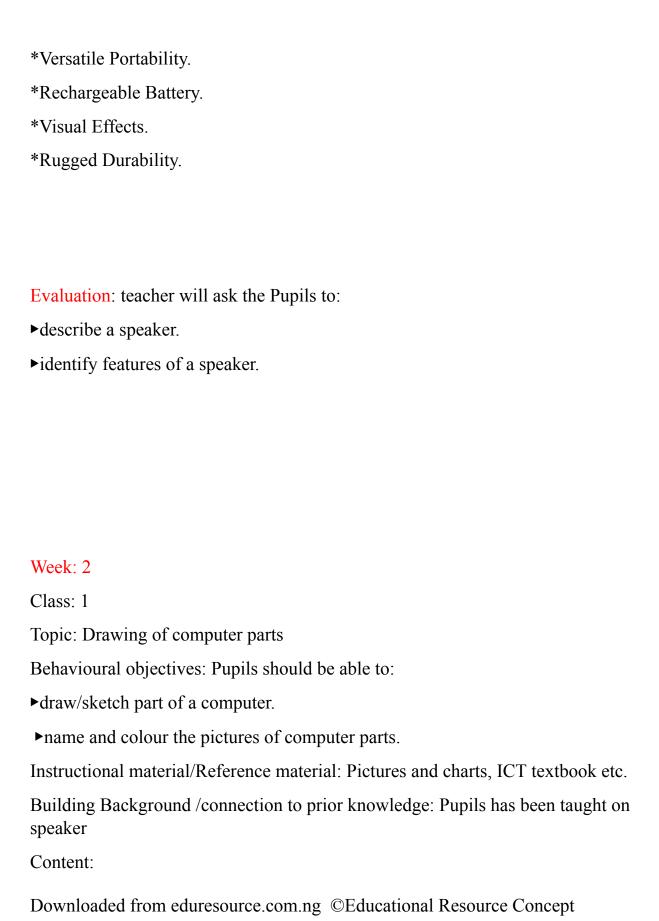
Building Background /connection to prior knowledge: The pupils are familiar with the topic.

#### Content:

A computer speaker is an output hardware device that connects to a computer to generate sound. The signal used to produce the sound that comes from a computer speaker is created by the computer's sound card.

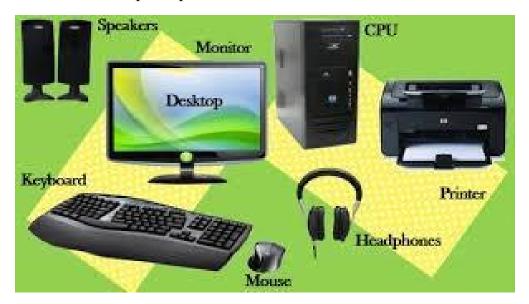


# Features of a speaker:



# Drawing of a computer part

► Names of computer parts



Evaluation: teacher will ask the Pupils to:

▶draws parts of a computer e.g. speaker.

▶name and color the picture of computer parts.

## Week: 3

Class: 1

Topic: Differences between a Computer and a Television.

Behavioural objectives: Pupils should be able to:

▶ state the difference between a computer and a television.

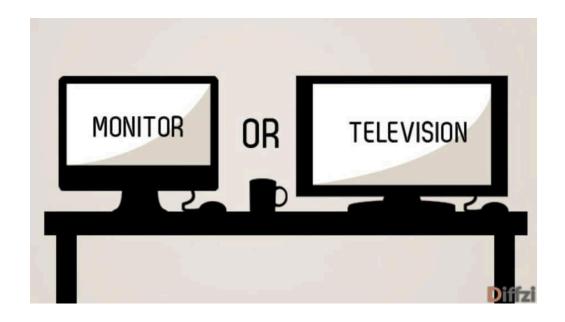
Instructional material/Reference material: Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc.

Building Background /connection to prior knowledge: Pupils has been taught about drawing of computer parts

#### Content:

A computer: A computer is a machine that can be instructed to carry out sequences of arithmetic or logical operations automatically via computer programming.

- A television: A Television is a system for transmitting visual images and sound that are reproduced on screens, chiefly used to broadcast programs for entertainment, information, and education. The television set has become a commonplace in many households, businesses, and institutions.
- ▶ Differences between computer and television:
- \* Computer monitors tend to have much higher resolutions compared to most TV sets.
- \* Computer monitors have limited input options, while TV sets have a lot of input connectors.
- \*Computer monitors do not have a tuner, while TV sets do.
- \*. Computer monitors tend to not have built-in speakers, while TV sets do.
- \*. Computer monitors tend to be much smaller compared to most modern TV sets.



Evaluation: teacher will ask the Pupils to:

▶ State the differences between a computer and a television

Week: 4

Class: 1

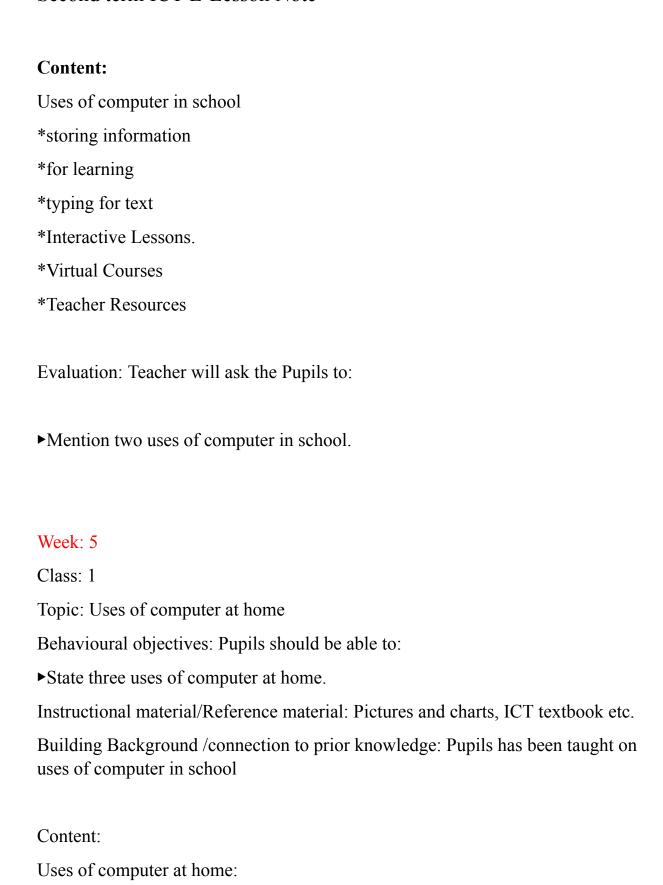
Topic: Uses of computer in school.

Behavioural objectives: Pupils should be able to:

▶ state the uses of computer in school.

Instructional material/Reference material: Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc.

Building Background /connection to prior knowledge: Pupils has been taught on differences between computer and television.



- \*playing games.
- \*watching educational films.
- \*storing information.
- \*solving assignments.
- \* typing information



Evaluation: teacher will ask the pupils to:

▶lists at least three uses of computer at home.

Week: 6

Class:1

Topic: Uses of computer in the bank

Behavioural objectives: Pupils should be able to:

▶mention the uses of computer in the bank.

Instructional material/Reference material: Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc.

Building Background /connection to prior knowledge :Pupils has been taught on uses of computer at home.

#### Content:

Uses of computer in the bank

- \* to transfer money
- \* to store information.
- \*carry out transactions.
- \* process customer needs.
- \* forecast future trends.
- \* prepare internal and external reports.

Evaluation: teacher will ask the Pupils to:

▶list at least two uses of computer in the bank.

Week: 7

Class: 1

Topic: Uses Of Computer In Hospitals.

Behavioural objectives:Pupils should be able to:

▶list the uses of computer in the hospital

Instructional material/Reference material: Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc.

Building Background /connection to prior knowledge: Pupils has been taught on uses of computer in the bank

#### Content:

- ► Uses of computer in hospitals:
- \* storing names of patients.
- \* diagnose the health of patient.
- \* Save hospital bills date of patients.
- \* Nurses can also use computer to perform routine health checks such as EKGs, oxygen levels, and blood pressure.

Evaluation: teacher will ask the Pupils to:

▶lists two uses of computer in the hospital

Week: 8

Class: 1

Topic: what computer cannot do.

Behavioural objective: Pupils should be able to:

▶state what computer cannot do.

Instructional material/Reference material: Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc.

Building Background /connection to prior knowledge: Pupils has been taught on uses of computer in the hospital

#### Content:

What computer cannot do:

- \* Cannot think and reason like human.
- \* Cannot run, eat, or drink water.
- \* Cannot show fear.
- \* Cannot understand feeling or passion.

Evaluation: teacher will ask the Pupils to:

► State three things computers cannot do.

Week: 9

Class: 1

Topic: things produced with a computer.

Behavioural objectives: Pupils should be able to:

▶State things produced with a computer

Instructional material/Reference material: Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc.

Building Background /connection to prior knowledge: Pupils has been taught on what computer cannot do.

Content: Things produced with a computer:
* drawings.
* paintings.
* print-out.
* books.
* creating videos.
Evaluation: teacher will ask the Pupils to:
▶name four things produced with a computer
Week: 10
Class: 1
Topic: People who use computer.
Behavioural objectives: Pupils should be able to:
▶name the people who use computer.
Instructional material/Reference material: Pictures and charts, ICT textbook etc.
Building Background /connection to prior knowledge: Pupils has been taught on things produced with computer.
Content:
People who uses computers:
* pupils.
* teachers.

- \* bankers.
- \* health personnel e.g. doctors, nurses.
- \* architects.

Evaluation: teacher will ask the Pupils to:

▶name any four persons who uses computer.