

Lab – 4.1

1)

Imagine the same publishing company that markets both book and audiocassette versions of its works. As in that exercise, create a class called `publication` that stores the title (a string) and price (type `float`) of a publication. From this class derive two classes: `book`, which adds a page count (type `int`); and `tape`, which adds a playing time in minutes (type `float`). Each of the three classes should have a `getdata()` function to get its data from the user at the keyboard, and a `putdata()` function to display the data. Write a `main()` program that creates an array of pointers to `publication`. In a loop, ask the user for data about a particular book or tape, and use `new` to create an object of type `book` or `tape` to hold the data. Put the pointer to the object in the array. When the user has finished entering the data for all books and tapes, display the resulting data for all the books and tapes entered, using a `for` loop and a single statement such as `aspubarr[j]->putdata();` to display the data from each object in the array.

Now, add a member function of type `bool` called `isOversize()` to the `book` and `tape` classes. Let's say that a book with more than 800 pages, or a tape with a playing time longer than 90 minutes (which would require two cassettes), is considered oversized. You can access this function from `main()` and display the string "Oversize" for oversized books and tapes when you display their other data. If `book` and `tape` objects are to be accessed using pointers to them that are stored in an array of type `publication`, what do you need to add to the `publication` base class? Can you instantiate members of this base class?

Design a Class Template for Doubly linked list that permits creation of list with `int`, `float` and `char` type elements. The template should permit insertion at front/end, deletion at front/end, deletion of a node with specific value, and display all the elements in the list.