List #12

- Rule 19 Vowels *i* and *o* may say *i* and *o* followed by two consonants (*find*, *old*). (mind)
- Rule 13 The phonogram *sh* is used at the beginning or end of a base word (*she, dish*), at the end of a syllable (*fin ish*), but never at the beginning of a syllable after the first one except for the suffix *ship* (*wor ship, friend ship*). (shall)
- Rule 17 We often double *l*, *f*, and *s* following a single vowel at the end of a one-syllable word (*will*, *off*, *miss*). Rule 17 sometimes applies to two-syllable words like *recess*. (shall)
- Rule 4 Vowels *a, e, o,* and *u* usually say *a, e, o,* and *u* at the end of a syllable (*na vy, me, o pen, mu sic*). (alone)
- Rule 13 The phonogram *sh* is used at the beginning or end of a base word (*she, dish*), at the end of a syllable (*fin ish*), but never at the beginning of a syllable after the first one except for the suffix *ship* (*wor ship, friend ship*). (push)
- Rule 6 The letter *y*, not *i*, is used at the end of an English word. (body)
- Rule 12 After *c* we use *ei* (*receive*). If we say *a*, we must use *ei* (*vein*). In the list of exceptions, we use *ei*. In all other words, the phonogram *ie* is used. (field)
- Rule 4 Vowels *a*, *e*, *o*, and *u* usually say *a*, *e*, *o*, and *u* at the end of a syllable (*na vy*, *me*, *o pen*, *mu sic*). (belongs)
- Rule 23 The phonogram *dge* may be used *only* after a single vowel that says *a, e, i, o,* or *u* (*badge, edge, bridge, lodge, budge*). (edge)
- e Job 1 The silent final *e* makes the vowel say its second sound. (alone)
- e Job 5- The silent final *e* does not have a job. (cheese)
- e Job 3 The silent final e makes the c and g say their second sound.

(fence)