

The title of the article is specific, effective, clear and no more than 15 words. (Font Times New Roman 16pt, Bold, Center, Space 1). Avoid listing research locations, regulatory names, and abbreviations.

Full name Author One^{1*}, Full Name Author Two², Full Name Author Three³ (Bold 12pt)

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Abstract

Articles must include an abstract of 200 words or fewer. The abstract should be written in English. We strongly encourage authors to use the following style of structured abstracts, but without heading: (1) Background: Place the gap analysis of this study (about 1-2 sentences) and highlight the purposes of the study; (2) Methods: briefly describe the main methods applied, including samples/participants, instruments, collecting data technique, and analyzing data technique; (3) Results: summarizing the article's main findings, should be in line with the purposes of the study; (4) Implication: briefly describe the impact of your study. The abstract should be an objective representation of the article. It must not contain results not presented and substantiated in the main text and should not exaggerate the main conclusions.

Keywords: keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3 (List three to five keywords alphabetically and separated by a semicolon (;) Excludes regulatory name and institution name (11-point))

1. Introduction

The introduction contains background, theoretical studies, problems, gap analysis, novelty of research results (*state of the art*), and ends with research objectives. Explain how the novelty or gap of the research carried out is supported by relevant theories and sourced from primary sources. The novelty of research results (*state of the art*) contains a description of research studies with previous research (literature review). Researchers can write the purpose or the research problem descriptively in the last paragraph of this introduction.

The submitted article is original and has never been published anywhere. Articles that have been accepted and have gone through a review process, will be published gradually through the Open Journal System (OJS).

The writing format uses a one-column format with Times New Roman letters 12, space 1, Justify, A4 paper (210 x 297 mm), left, top, right, and bottom margins of 2 cm each. Manuscripts are written between 4000 to 6000 words.

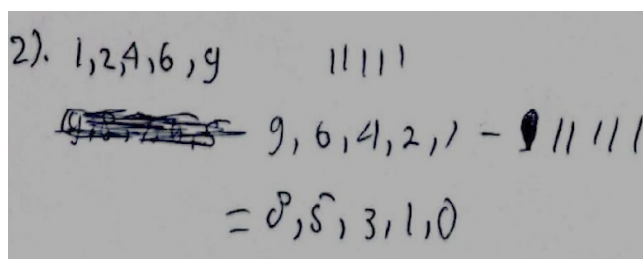
2. Method

Methods should be described with sufficient details to allow others to replicate and build on the published results. This section explains the research design, the reasons for the design, the research procedures applied, the population and research samples or participants, research instruments, data collection techniques, and data analysis techniques. The description should be in the past tense.

Tables and Figures are presented center, as shown below and cited in the manuscript.

Table 1. Learning Independence Questionnaire Rubric (font size 11pt)

Aspects measured	Indicator	Statement number	Number of statements
Learning independence	Passion for learning	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	6
	Courage and initiative	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12	6
	Confident	13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18	6
	Responsible	19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24	6
Total			24

**Figure 1.** Work student results (font size 11pt)

3. Results and Discussion

3.1. Results

The Research Results and Discussion contains a description of the analysis of research results to provide answers / solutions to research problems. Results can be presented in figures, tables, and text.

3.2. Discussion

Authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted from previous studies and the working hypotheses, not repeating the explanation in the research results section. The findings and their implications should be discussed in the broadest context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted. The discussion must also refer to the theory or results of previous research so that it can be seen whether the research results contradict or support each other with the theory or results of previous research. In addition, in this discussion, the novelty of the research results should be seen compared to previous research. The following components should be covered in the discussion: How do your results relate to the original question or objectives outlined in the Introduction section (what)? Do you provide an interpretation scientifically for each of your results or findings presented (why)? Are your results consistent with what other investigators have reported (what else)? Or are there any differences?.

4. Conclusion

In this conclusion, the authors must describe the answer to the problem or research question posed. The authors should explain sentences sparingly from the previous section. However, the authors must abstract the article's contents related to the answers to the problem or research question formulation. In addition, the authors should describe this study's implications and limitations. This section is written descriptively, not numbering, and bulleted.

Acknowledgements

Place Acknowledgments, including information on the source of any financial support received for the work being published. Place Acknowledgments, including information on the source of any financial support received for the work being published.

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Kwon, J. W and Kim, S.D. (2014). Characterization of an antibiotic produced by bacillus subtilis JW-1 that suppresses Ralstonia solanacearum. J. Microbiol. Biotechnol. 24(1): 13-18, <http://dx.doi.org/10.4014/jmb.1308.08060>.

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