Name: _____ No.: ____ Date: _____

Life Cycle of a Pumpkin – Summary

- An expository text tells facts about a topic.
- A pumpkin is a fruit that grows on a vine.
- Pumpkins can be bumpy or smooth, big or small, long or round.
- Pumpkin seeds are planted in warm, moist soil.
- Pumpkin leaves are jagged and prickly.
- The pumpkin vines twist and creep along the ground.
- It needs both a female and a male flower to make a pumpkin.
- Bees also help to make pumpkins by moving the pollen from the male flower to the female flower to make a pumpkin.
- Underneath the jagged and prickly leaves are big pumpkins.
- The leaves help keep the hot sun off the pumpkin.
- Too much rain can rot the pumpkins.
- It takes 4 months for a pumpkin to grow.
- Farmers harvest pumpkins in fall.

Lifecycle of a Pumpkin - Story Comprehension

1. An _____ (fable/expository) tells facts about a topic.
2. A pumpkin is a _____ (vegetable/fruit) that grows on vines.
3. Pumpkins can be _____ (square/bumpy) or smooth, big or small, long or round.
4. Pumpkin seeds are planted in warm, _____ (dry/moist) soil.
5. Pumpkin leaves are _____ (straight/jagged) and prickly.
6. The pumpkin vines _____ (run/twist) and creep along the ground.
7. It takes _____ (only/both male and) female flowers to make pumpkins.
8. Bees also help make pumpkins by moving the _____ (juice/pollen) from male to female flowers.
9. _____ (On top of/Underneath) the jagged and prickly leaves are big pumpkins.
10. The _____ (skin/leaves) help keep the hot sun off the pumpkins.
11. Too much rain can _____ (help/rot) the pumpkins.
12. It takes _____ (four weeks/four months) for a pumpkin to grow.
13. Farmers _____ (plant/harvest) pumpkins in the fall.