## II. Electric Power

 $\label{eq:power-time} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{Power} - \text{time rate of doing} & & \\ & (\text{watts} \ ) \ P = \ W \ (J)/\ t \ (\text{seconds}) \\ & \text{since V = W/q , CROSS MULTIPLY then W = } \\ & \text{SUBSTITUTE *** P = V[q/t] = } \\ & \text{All these equations are in the reference table} \\ & P = \text{VI since V = IR. THEN P = } \\ & \text{THEN P = } \\ & \text{THEN P = } \\ & \text{THEN P = } \\ \end{array}$ 

## **Electric Energy and Heat**

## **Power/Energy Questions**

Ex) Series circuit w/ two lamps, the battery supplies a potential difference of 1.5 volts. The current in the circuit is 0.10 ampere, what rate does the circuit use energy?

Ex) In which kind of circuit would a 5.0  $\Omega$  resistor be brighter (more power) than a 10.  $\Omega$  resistor?

Hint:  $P = V^2/R$  and  $P = I^2R$ 

**Ex)** An electric iron operating at 120 volts draws 10. amperes of current. How much heat energy is delivered by the iron in 30. seconds?

What's wrong with this circuit?

