2023 TSJCL Certamen
Intermediate Division, Round 1

TU # 1: Which group saw its influence increased by a **lex Trebonia** in 55 B.C., which granted the two consuls their proconsulship and allowed its third member to continue his campaign in Transalpine Gaul? FIRST TRIUMVIRATE

B1: This arrangement was agreed upon when the Triumvirs met at what town in 56 B.C. to renew their alliance? LUCA

B2: Through this arrangement Pompey received which two connected provinces in the Iberian Peninsula, though he decided to remain in Rome on Caesar's advice?
HISPANIA CITERIOR & HISPANIA ULTERIOR

TU # 2: Translate the following sentence into English: **septimā diē mensis ad forum ībimus**.
ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF THE MONTH WE WILL GO TO THE {FORUM / MARKETPLACE}

B1: Translate this sentence into English: **quattuor diēbus opus difficīle perfēcerō**.
(WITH)IN FOUR DAYS I WILL HAVE COMPLETED THE DIFFICULT {TASK / WORK / LABOR}

B2: Translate this sentence into English: **oratiōnem Cicerōnis trēs horās audīveramus**.
WE HAD LISTENED TO THE SPEECH OF CICERO FOR THREE HOURS

TU # 3: From what Latin noun, with what meaning, do we derive the English words parasol and solar?
SOL - SUN

B1: What English derive of "**sol**" means "a point in the year when the sun is at its greatest distance from the equator"? SOLSTICE

B2: What Latin verb, with what meaning, also lies at the root of "solstice"?
STŌ - TO STAND

TU # 4: Who abandoned a nymph named Oenone on Mount Ida, and returned to Troy with Helen as his bride? PARIS

B1: What Spartan king convinced Agamemnon to lead a thousand ships to Troy to retrieve his wife Helen? MENELAÜS

B2: Later Oenone refused to heal Paris after he was fatally wounded by which Greek? PHILOCTETES

TU # 5: Relying on a handful of trusted freedmen, which Julio-Claudian emperor maintained a tenuous hold on the throne to which he was elevated against his will in 41 A.D.? CLAUDIUS

B1: Name Claudius' **praepositus ab epistulīs** who served as his personal secretary. NARCISSUS

B2: Narcissus discovered the plot of which of Claudius' wives with her lover Gaius Silius to overthrow the emperor? MESSALINA

TU # 6: Which of the following nouns does not belong because of case: **Carthaginis**, **Rōmae**, **Athenīs**, **rurī**? **CARTHAGINIS**

B1: Besides the names of cities and towns, what other specific set of proper nouns regularly use the locative case? (NAMES OF) SMALL ISLANDS

B2: Using a locative form, say in Latin "at home." **DOMĪ**

TU # 7: What two women detained Odysseus on Aeaea and Ogygia using their magic charms during his journey home to Ithaca? CIRCE & CALYPSO
B1: What magic plant protected Odysseus from being changed into an animal by Circe's charm? MOLY
B2: Which deity gave Odysseus the moly plant, and later convinced Calypso to free him from her charms? HERMES

TU # 8: For what occasion was meal steeped in must to make a dish called **mustaceum** which was served on bay leaves and distributed to guests as they departed the home? WEDDING / **CENA NUPTIALIS**
B1: Why were the dates of August 24th, October 5th, and November 8th considered unlucky for weddings? GATES OF THE UNDERWORLD WERE OPEN
B2: What Latin term refers to the second wedding feast held after the wedding? **REPOTIA**

TU # 9: On what modern type of object would you find the Vergilian expressions "**annuit coeptīs**" and "**ē plūribus ūnum**"? $1 BILL / MONEY / CURRENCY
B1: Translate the expression "**ē plūribus ūnum**." ONE FROM MANY
B2: In addition to these phrases, you will find 1776, the year of the United States' independence, on the seal. Express this number in Roman numerals. **MDCCLXXVI**

TU # 10: Please listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the questions that follow.

Quīdam hērōs rex omnium marium vocātus est. Hērōs magnum dolorem nunc sentit quod nōn pōtest auxilium dāre aequē omnibus in terrā marīque. Hīs hominibus parantibus ad bellum gerendum inter sē, necesse est hērōī servāre totum orbem terrārum.

The question: What title has the hero received? KING OF ALL THE SEAS
B1: Why is he conflicted about being the king? HE IS NOT ABLE TO EQUALLY HELP EVERYONE ON LAND AND IN THE SEA
B2: Why does the hero need to save the world? THE (LAND & SEA) PEOPLE ARE PREPARING FOR WAR (AGAINST EACH OTHER)

TU # 11: Which of the following adjectives does not have the same declension endings as the others: **clārus, pulcher, brevis, magnus** ? **BREVIS**
B1: Which of the following adjectives does not have the same declension endings as the others: **bonus, totus, sacer, periculōsus** ? **TOTUS**
B2: Adjectives such as **tōtus**, **nūllus**, and **alius**, which are otherwise first and second declension, have the endings **-ius** and **-ī** in the genitive singular and dative singular respectively. Name two other adjectives that do this. **ŪNUS / ŪLLUS / SOLUS / NEUTER / ALTER / ŪTER(QUE)**

TU # 12: Who was buried alive in the tomb of her brother Polyneices after she secured proper funeral rites for him? ANTIGONE
B1: What Theban ruler's orders did Antigone defy by securing proper burial for her brother? CREON
B2: Name the father of Antigone, as well as Polyneices, for whom she had served as a guide after he blinded himself when he learned that he had killed his father and married his mother? OEDIPUS

TU # 13: What emperor was fond of the title **Dominus et Deus**, and established a college of **Flāviālēs** to perpetuate the worship of his deified father and brother? DOMITIAN
B1: Name the deified father and brother of Domitian. VESPASIAN & TITUS
B2: What was the name of the small Greek style theater that Domitian built in the Campus Martius? **ODEON / ODEUM**

TU # 14: Provide the second person plural, imperfect active indicative form of the verb **fallō, fallere,** which means "y'all were deceiving." **FALLĒBĀTIS**
B1: Make **fallēbātis** passive. **FALLĒBĀMINĪ**
B2: Make **fallēbāminī** perfect tense. **FALSĪ/-AE/-A ESTIS**

TU # 15: What pair of English antonyms, derived from **brevis** and **longus** respectively, mean "to shorten" and "to lengthen the time of an activity"? ABBREVIATE & PROLONG
B1: What pair of English synonyms, derived from **quaerō** and **rogō** respectively, both mean "to ask someone questions under careful scrutiny"? INQUIRE & INTERROGATE
B2: What pair of English synonyms, derived from **labor** and **opus** respectively, both mean "to work together"? COLLABORATE & COOPERATE

TU # 16: Who used the recoil of bent pine trees to fling strangers to their death until Theseus killed him in the same manner? SINIS / PITYOCAMPTES
B1: What scoundrel near Erineus either cut or stretched the limbs of strangers to make them fit his bed, until Theseus gave him the same treatment? PROCRUSTES / DAMASTES / POLYPEMON
B2: What king of Eleusis killed strangers after defeating them in a wrestling match, until he was defeated and killed by Theseus? CERCYON

TU # 17: **Monstrā mihi, utēns duōbus digitīs, Romanum numerum quintum.**
PLAYER SHOULD HOLD UP TWO FINGERS IN THE SHAPE OF A "V" REPRESENTING THE ROMAN NUMERAL 5
B1: **Respondē Anglicē. Quī color - similis flōris purpureī - est quīdam fūmus in carmine ā Vestitrīce Celerī?** LAVENDER
B2: **Respondē Anglicē. Quae vōx, nuper fabricāta, per machīnas loquītur sicut humāna?**

TU # 18: What emperor withstood challenges to his authority in Noricum, Rhaetia, and Britain before failing to prevent Alaric from leading the Visigoths into Rome and capturing the city in 410 A.D.?
HONORIUS

B1: What general had successfully kept Alaric at bay until Honorius had him executed on a charge of treason? STILICHO

B2: Along with the recovery of Rome, Honorius negotiated the return of which sister, who had been carried off by Alaric as a future bride? GALLA PLACIDIA

TU # 19: Identify the fourth Latin cardinal number in the following list: **duo**, **quattuor**, **sex**, _____.
OCTO

B1: **Respondē Latīnē. Quot sunt duodecim et undevigintī?** **TRIGINTĀ ET ŪNUS**

B2: In the Aeneid, when Aeneas describes his lost comrades as "**terque quaterque beatī**," define the numeral adjective **ter** and **quater**? THREE TIMES, FOUR TIMES

TU # 20: What leader of the Phylacian contingent was honored at a shrine in Elaeus after being the first Greek killed when he set foot on the shore at Troy? PROTESILAÜS

B1: What brother of Protesilaüs took his place at the head of the Phylacian contingent after his death?
PODARCES

B2: The father of Protesilaüs and Podarces was Iphiclus, a man renowned for being a part of which heroic expedition? QUEST FOR THE GOLDEN FLEECE / VOYAGE OF THE ARGONAUTS

EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE

TU # : What special point of grammar is shared by the Latin words from which we ultimately derive the English words “quintessential”, “involuntary”, and “commencement”? IRREGULAR VERBS

B1: Identify the principal parts and meaning of the irregular verbs at the root of any two of the words from the tossup. SUM, ESSE, FUĪ, FUTURUS - TO BE (QUINTESSENTIAL) / VOLŌ, VELLE, VOLUĪ - TO WANT (INVOLUNTARY) / EŌ, ĪRE, IĪ or ĪVĪ, ĪTUS - TO GO (COMMENCEMENT)

B2: What English derivative of the verb “eō” means “happening without warning”? SUDDEN

MYTH

TU # : What Thesprotian river in some accounts replaces Styx as the primary boundary of Hades, but is more commonly regarded as the river of woe in the Underworld? ACHERON

B1: What son of Acheron and Orphne was changed into an owl for alerting Hades that Persephone had eaten the fruit of the pomegranate? ASCALAPHUS

B2: Ascalaphus was transformed after Demeter threw water from which other underworld river in his face? (PERI)PHLEGETHON

HISTORY / CULTURE

TU #: What ruler of the Dacians waged a war with Domitian and Trajan? DECEBALUS

B1: What piece of architecture did Trajan have built to commemorate his victory over the Dacians? COLUMN (OF TRAJAN)

B2: What Dacian capital city did Trajan capture in 106 A.D.? SARMIZEGETHUSA

TU # 1: Who wandered to the forbidden shrine of Zeus Lycaeus and was nearly shot with an arrow by her son after she was changed into a bear? CALLISTO
B1: Name the son of Callisto who nearly killed her before they were both transported to the stars as constellations. ARCAS
B2: Before his disappearance, Arcas introduced the Arcadians to the arts of weaving, breadmaking, and growing crops which he himself had learned from what emissary of Demeter? TRIPTOLEMUS

TU # 2: In what modern day country would you find the ancient cities **Lutetia**, **Lugdunum**, and **Nemausus**? FRANCE
B1: In what modern day country would you find the ancient cities **Pelusium**, **Oxyrhynchus**, and **Alexandria**? EGYPT
B2: In what modern day country would you find the ancient cities **Novaesium**, **Colonia Agrippina**, and **Augusta Treverorum**? GERMANY

TU # 3: Which two of the following word share the same Latin root: material, matrix, maternity, mature ? MATRIX & MATERNITY
B1: Which two of the following word share the same Latin root: dandelion, condense, trident, denizen? DANDELION & TRIDENT
B2: Which two of the following word share the same Latin root: diary, dictionary, digital, meridian ? DIARY & MERIDIAN

TU # 4: What daughter of Minos and Pasiphaë gave Theseus a thread and string to help him slay the Minotaur, but was thanked by being abandoned on an island on his way back to Athens? ARIADNE
B1: On what island was Ariadne abandoned? NAXOS / DIA
B2: Dionysus found the abandoned Ariadne and made her his wife. Into what constellation did Dionyus turn Ariadne's wedding diadem? CORONA (BOREALIS)

TU # 5: Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer the questions that follow in ENGLISH.

Post bellum periculōsum, quaedam femina mirābilis parvum oppidum et civēs cēpit. Nunc est magna vīs circum oppidum et nemō intrāre potest. Femina mirābilis cum maritō vīvō, quī bellō iam necātus erat, in hōc oppidō feliciter habitat. Sed vigilēs in oppidum intrāre cupiunt et civēs liberāre.

Question: What has the amazing woman captured? (THE CITIZENS OF) A SMALL TOWN
B1: Why is the woman able to live happily in this town? HER HUSBAND WAS ALIVE

B2: Why are the agents trying to enter the town?
TO FREE THE CITIZENS

TU # 6: When she was severely mistreated after the death of her husband Prasutagus, what queen of the Iceni led a rebellion in Britain against the Romans in 60 A.D.? BOUDICCA
B1: During which emperor's reign did this rebellion occur?
NERO'S
B2: What general was summoned to Britain to suppress the rebellion?
SUETONIUS PAULINUS

TU # 7: What two-word phrase, drawn from Juvenal's sixth satire, is used to describe someone or something unique, and literally means "a rare bird"? **RĀRA AVIS**
B1: What two-word phrase is in the genitive case, used similarly to "**rāra avis**," and means "of one's own kind"? **SUĪ GENERIS**
B2: Someone described as a **rāra avis** or as being **suī generis** might prove so unusual as to be unwelcome, in which case he or she might be labeled with what three-word phrase literally meaning "a displeasing person"? **PERSŌNA NŌN GRĀTA**

TU # 8: Translate the following sentence into English: **gratiās agimus magistrīs quī nōbīscum adsunt**.
WE {THANK / GIVE THANKS TO} (OUR) TEACHERS WHO ARE HERE WITH US
B1: Translate into English: **parēntēs saepe rogant cūr linguam antiquam amēmus**.
(OUR) PARENTS OFTEN ASK US WAY WE LOVE AN ANCIENT LANGUAGE
B2: Taking **ardor** to mean "passion," translate into English: **ardor magistrōrum nostrōrum linguam vīvam tenet.** THE PASSION OF OUR TEACHERS KEEPS THE LANGUAGE ALIVE

TU # 9: Provide the form of the phrase "**celer delphīnus**" which means "the faster dolphin" and contains a comparative form of the adjective. **CELERIOR DELPHĪNUS**
B1: Provide the genitive form of the phrase "**alta arbor**" which means "of a very tall tree" and contains a superlative form of the adjective. **ALTISSIMAE ARBORIS**
B2: Provide the dative form of the phrase "**bōnus dūx**" which means "to the best leaders" and contains a superlative form of the adjective. **OPTIMĪS DŪCIBUS**

TU # 10:The Syrian legions unsuccessfully plotted to place Verus and Seleucus on the throne held by what emperor, whose influential matriarchs and devotion to a conical black stone made it difficult for him to effectively continue the Severan dynasty that he restarted after replacing Macrinus?

ELAGABALUS
B1: Name the influential grandmother of Elagabalus who had convinced the Syrian legions to elevate him to the throne. JULIA MAESA
B2: Who replaced Elagabalus on the throne when he was killed and thrown into the Tiber River?
SEVERUS ALEXANDER

TU # 11: In Book 2 of the Iliad, what man, the ugliest of the Greeks, heckles Agamemnon after the commander took Briseïs from Achilles, and was laughed at when Odysseus beat him with his staff?

THERSITES

B1: Agamemnon took Briseïs from Achilles because Chryses had offered to ransom his daughter back and prayed to Apollo to destroy the Greeks when Agamemnon refused. What did Apollo do to force the commander to give back his war prize? HE SENT A PLAGUE (TO THE GREEKS)

B2: After the events of the Iliad, Thersites was killed by Achilles for mocking him because he had fallen in love with what Amazon queen as he killed her? PENTHESILEA

TU # 12: Using only two Latin words, translate the phrase "when Cicero was consul" into Latin.

CICERONE CONSULE

B1: Now using just three Latin words, say in Latin: "with these words having been said."

HĪS VERBĪS DICTĪS

B2: Now using just four Latin words, say in Latin: "with the senators about to walk toward the Forum."

SENATORIBUS AD FORUM AMBULATURĪS

TU # 13: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive "exhibition"?

HABEŌ - TO HOLD

B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive "renegade"?

NEGŌ - TO DENY

B2: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive "resident"?

SEDEŌ -TO SIT

TU # 14: What emperor built an arch at Beneventum that commemorated the "**alimenta**" program to which he gave money from the treasury to provide public assistance for freeborn children, and also expanded the Roman empire to its greatest extent? TRAJAN

B1: In what region did Trajan wage a brief war against its king Chosroes? PARTHIA

B2: What wife of Trajan may have aided in ensuring Hadrian's succession when Trajan died at Selinus in 117 A.D.? PLOTINA

TU # 15: In Book 12 of the *Aeneid*, Aeneas kills Turnus while he is begging for mercy because he saw the belt of what companion of his, whom Turnus had killed earlier? PALLAS

B1: Who was Pallas's father, whose name literally translates to 'good man' in Greek? EVANDER

B2: Pallas' belt depicts what fifty sisters who killed their husbands on their wedding night? DANAÏDS

TU # 16: Which of the following nouns does not belong because of gender: **ordō**, **corpus**, **rex**, **nauta** ?

CORPUS

B1: Which noun does not belong because of declension: **tempus**, **prex**, **caedēs**, **faber** ?

FABER

B2: Which noun does not belong because of meaning: **ager**, **campus**, **aula**, **arvum** ?

AULA

TU # 17: What meaning is shared among the Latin verbs **reor**, **cogitō**, and **putō**?

THINK

B1: Identify two Latin synonyms of "**potēns, potentis**."
FORTIS / FIRMUS / ROBUSTUS

B2: Identify two Latin synonyms of "**mors, mortis**".
LĒTUM / CAEDĒS / EXITUS

TU # 18: What deity was often described with the epithet "Rhododactylos," meaning "rosy-fingered," which was fitting since she was the personification of the dawn? EOS

B1: Eos was well-known for her affairs with young men, but most notably with what son of the Trojan king Laomedon? TITHONUS

B2: Eos also famously had an affair with what giant hunter, which ended when Artemis shot him?

ORION

TU # 19: Using a participle of the verb **legō** translate the sentence, "the teacher saw the students reading the book." **MAGISTER / MAGISTRA VĪDIT / VIDĒBAT**

DISCIPULŌS LEGENTĒS LIBRUM

B1: Using a participle of the verb **legō** translate the sentence, "these students understand the difficult words of the chosen books." **HĪ DISCIPULĪ / HAE DISCIPULAE DIFFICILIA VERBA LECTŌRUM LIBRŌRUM INTELLEGUNT**

B2: For the sentence, "the students about to read more books stopped for lunch," provide the participle of the verb **legō** which means "about to read." **LECTŪRI/AE**

TU # 20: After enlisting the help of the Spartan mercenary Xanthippus, where, in 255 B.C. did the Carthaginians defeat the Romans in north Africa? BAGRADAS VALLEY

B1: What Roman consul was defeated and captured at the Bagradas Valley?
(M. ATILIUS) REGULUS

B2: What Roman consul ended the First Punic War in 241 B.C. with a victory at the Aegates Islands?
(Q. LUTATIUS) CATULUS

EXTRA QUESTIONS

LANGUAGE

TU #: **Describāmus nunc proprietātēs dictiōnum in hāc sententiā. “Fēlīx quī potuit rērum cognoscere causās.” Cuius mōdī est “potuit”?** **INDICATĪVĪ**
B1: **Quō casū est “rērum”?** **GENITĪVŌ**
B2: **Quae pars orātiōnis est “fēlīx”?** **ADIECTĪVUM**

MYTH

TU # : Who threw his sandals into the Alpheius river to hide any evidence that he had stolen Apollo’s cattle? HERMES
B1: What mortal did Hermes encounter at Onchestus, and change to stone for willingly revealing to a stranger that he had seen the theft? BATTUS
B2: Apollo soon learned the whereabouts and discovered Hermes in the cave of his birth on what mountain in Arcadia? MOUNT CYLLENE

HISTORY / CULTURE

TU # : Who was brought to Rome by the monarch Demeratus when they were ousted from Corinth, and eventually became the fifth king of the city? TARQUINIUS PRISCUS
B1: What was Tarquinius’ original Etruscan name, which was eventually Latinized to “Lucius”? LUCOMO
B2: During his reign, what massive structure did Tarquinius build in order to drain the Forum? **CLOACA MAXIMA**

TU # 1: Note to players: a description is acceptable. What physical characteristic, which is simulated by the helmet of an **andabata** gladiator, was originally indicated by the **cognōmen Caecus**?
BLINDNESS
B1: What major city, which is the setting of most of Terence's plays, is referenced by the **cognōmen** Atticus? ATHENS
B2: What physical characteristic is referenced by the **cognōmen** Ahenobarbus, and can be manipulated by a **tonsor**? (RED) BEARD

TU # 2: Provide the correct form of **interficiō** which would appear in a Latin translation of the sentence "everyone thinks that Achilles killed that warrior." This indirect statement requires a perfect active infinitive. **INTERFĒCISSE**
B1: Provide the correct infinitive form of **interficiō** which would appear in a Latin translation of the sentence "Agamemnon knew that many Greeks were being killed by Hector." **INTERFICĪ**
B2: Provide the correct infinitive form of **interficiō** which would appear in a Latin translation of the sentence "nobody knew that the Greek soldiers would kill so many Trojans when they entered the city." **INTERFECTŪRŌS ESSE**

TU # 3: When the calm water was disturbed by two snakes from Tenedos, what priest of Neptune was killed along with his two sons, after denouncing the Trojans for bringing a large wooden horse into the city? LAOCOÖN
B1: According to the *Aeneid* whose treacherous tale had convinced the Trojans to bring the horse into the city? SINON'S
B2: At the base of what goddess' statue did the snakes coil up after killing Laocoon and his sons? MINERVA

TU # 4: What common Latin adverb is paired with "**eadem**" in the personal motto of Queen Elizabeth I, and with "**fidēlis**" in the motto of the United States Marine Corps? **SEMPER**
B1: What Latin adjective is paired with **semper** in the two-word motto, which is shared by the United States Coast Guard and the Boy Scouts of America? **PARĀTUS**
B2: What two states are connected not only by their proximity to each other, but also by their state mottoes which both include the adverb "**semper**"? VIRGINIA & WEST VIRGINIA

TU # 5: After a well-executed assassination along the **Vīcus Scelerātus**, whose wife Tullia solidified him as the last king of Rome? TARQUIN(IUS) {SUPERBUS / THE PROUD}
B1: Who was set up as a traitor and executed for speaking out against the tyranny of Tarquinius at a meeting in the Ferentine Grove? TURNUS HERDONIUS
B2: With what son-in-law did Tarquinius first take refuge when he was driven out of Rome? MAMILIUS OCTAVIUS

TU # 6: Translate the following sentence adapted from Seneca's ***Epistulae Morales*** about his observation of the gladiatorial games into English: **mors est finis eōrum pugnantium**.
DEATH IS THE END {OF / FOR} THOSE FIGHTING
B1: Translate this sentence adapted from Vergil's 4th Eclogue, which references **Lucina**, the Roman goddess of childbirth: **casta Lucīna, favē puerō modo nascentī**.
PURE LUCINA, FAVOR THE BOY {NOW / JUST} BEING BORN
B2: Translate this sentence into English in which "**cycnus**" means "swan": **carmen cycnī morientis est gratissimum auribus**.
THE SONG OF A DYING SWAN IS VERY PLEASING TO THE EARS

TU # 7: What emperor set up a villa at Tivoli for the eastern queen Zenobia, whom he captured after defeating her Palmyrene forces? AURELIAN
B1: What adviser of Zenobia did Aurelian execute instead when she accused him of commanding her forces? (CASSIUS) LONGINUS
B2: Name the infant son of Zenobia, in whose name she had ruled the Palmyrene empire.
VABALLATHUS

TU # 8: After a plague decimated the population of Oenone, what group of people sprang up from ants and repopulated the island? MYRMIDONS
B1: What son of Zeus prayed to his father for companions when he was alone on the island?
AEACUS
B2: Which Greek warrior did the Myrmidons accompany to the Trojan War?
ACHILLES

TU # 9: What modern literary genre ultimately derives its name from the Latin verb "**fingō, fingere**", and discusses events that did not actually happen? FICTION
B1: What literary genre ultimately derives its name from the deponent verb "**for, fārī**", and includes narration demonstrating a useful truth, especially in which animals speak as humans? FABLE
B2: What modern literary genre ultimately derives its name from the Latin verb "**agō, agere**," and is a short literary composition that reflects the author's outlook or point? ESSAY

TU # 10: Please listen to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the questions that follow.

Quondam erant dracōnēs quī auxilium populō dedērunt. Multīs precibus propter terram āridam audītīs, dracōnēs, imperatore nolente, ōribus aquam coēgērunt atque plūvia dē caelō dīmīserunt. Deinde imperator irātus cuidam deō imperāvit ut quattuor montēs dracōnibus imponeret. Dracōnēs, corporibus in flūmina mutātīs, facile effūgērunt. Hodiē haec flumina aquam populō etiam ferunt.

Question: Why were the people praying?
THEIR LAND WAS DRY
B1: How did the dragons help the people water their land?

FILLED THEIR MOUTHS WITH WATER AND SENT RAIN FROM THE SKY

B2: How did the emperor punish the dragons for defying his wishes?
(ORDERED A GOD TO) PLACE MOUNTAINS ON TOP OF THEM

TU # 11: Differentiate in meaning between **mox** and **vox**.
MOX - SOON / **VOX** - VOICE

B1: Differentiate in meaning between **locus** and **focus**.
LOCUS - PLACE / **FOCUS** - HEARTH (FIRE)

B2: Differentiate in meaning between **dolor** and **dolus**.
DOLOR - GRIEF / **DOLUS** - TRICK

TU # 12: What emperor shared altars to clemency and friendship with his prefect Sejanus, whom he left in charge of his affairs in Rome when he retired to Capri for the final years of his reign?
TIBERIUS

B1: What prefect of the **vigilēs** replaced Sejanus as praetorian prefect when he was executed for maiestas?
MACRO

B2: What eldest son of Sejanus, who had recently been bestowed with a priesthood, was executed along with him?
STRABO

TU # 13: Say in Latin "it had been the worst of times."
FUERAT PESSIMUM TEMPORUM

B1: Say in Latin "soon we will see the best of times."
MOX OPTIM{UM/A} TEMPORUM VIDĒBIMUS

B2: Using **idōneus** say in Latin "these times are very suitable for happiness."
HAEC TEMPORA SUNT MAXIMĒ IDŌNEA LAETITI{Ā/AE}

TU # 14: What type of animal, into which Chelone was transformed, was used by Hermes to create the first lyre?
TORTOISE

B1: Chelone was transformed into a tortoise after she rejected an invitation to the wedding of what two deities?
ZEUS & HERA

B2: On what mountain did Hermes create the lyre after stepping out of his cave at noon on the day of his birth?
MOUNT CYLLENE

TU # 15: Using **imperō** say in Latin, "the Senate ordered the consul to leave."
SENATUS CONSULĪ IMPERĀVIT UT {DISCEDERET / RELINQUERET}

B1: Using the masculine noun **gigās, gigantis** for "giant," say in Latin, "the giant is so tall that we cannot see his head." **GIGAS EST TAM ALTUS UT CAPUT (EIUS) VIDĒRE NŌN POSSINT**

B2: Say in Latin, "it happened that the sky was dark."

{ACCIDIT / EVĒNIT / FIĒBAT / FACTUS EST} UT CAELUM ESSET {OBSCURUM / ATRUM}

TU # 16: What goddess changed Ascalabus into a lizard for mocking the way she drank barley water

while exhausted during her search for her daughter Persephone? DEMETER

B1: What city, ruled by king Celeus, did Demeter establish as a cult center because of the kindness she received there during her search? ELEUSIS

B2: What infant son of Celeus did Demeter try to make immortal by placing him into a fire? DEMOPHO(Ö)N

TU # 17: The verbs **soleō** and **gaudeō**, which only have passive forms with active meanings in the perfect system, are classified by what grammatical term? SEMI-DEPONENT

B1: For the verb **gaudeō**, provide the second person, plural, perfect indicative form which means "you all have rejoiced." **GAVĪSĪ ESTIS**

B2: What term refers to verbs such as **mitēscō** and **calēscō**, which denote the beginning of an action? INCEPTIVE / INCOHATIVE

TU # 18: Whose letters to his commanders, found in the caverns of the Dead Sea, shared details about his uprising in Judaea in the 2nd Century A.D.? (SIMON) BAR COSIBA(R) / BAR COCHBA(R)

B1: What Roman commander was summoned from Britain to put down the rebellion of Bar Cosiba? JULIUS SEVERUS

B2: What colony did Hadrian establish on the site of Jerusalem? **AELIA CAPITOLINA**

TU # 19: Which of the following words, if any, does not share the same Latin root as the others: controversy, irreverent, adversary, anniversary ? IRREVERENT

B1: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive the other words from the tossup? **VERTŌ** - TO TURN

B2: What English derivative of **vertō** means "having strong opposition or repugnance toward something"? AVERSE

TU # 20: As he fled along the Ismenus River, whose chariot was swallowed up by the earth, fulfilling a prophecy he had foreseen before joining the expedition of the Seven Against Thebes? AMPHIARAÜS

B1: Name Amphiaraüs' charioteer, who was swallowed up with him? BATON / ELATO

B2: Describe one of the two unique features of the enclosure dedicated at the site where Amphiaraüs was swallowed by the earth. PILLARS THAT NO BIRD EVER SAT ON / GRASS THAT NO ANIMAL EVER FED ON

LANGUAGE

TU #: A university with the motto "**studiīs et rēbus honestīs**" can be found in what state, whose recently adopted motto is "**stella quarta decima fulgeat**"? VERMONT

B1: What second declension Latin noun appears in different forms in the motto of the Benedictine Order, "**[BLANK], optimō maximō**," and in the motto of London, "**[BLANK], dirige nōs**"?
DOMINUS / DOMINŌ / DOMINE

B2: What European city once had a principal university with the motto "**hīc et ubique terrārum**," and has its own Latin motto "fluctuat nec mergitur"? PARIS

TU # : What Latin noun, through French is contained within the words "milieu" and "lieutenant," and is our root for the cognate English word "location"? **LOCUS**

B1: The word "milieu," which means "surroundings of a social or cultural nature," ultimately derives from **locus** and what other adjective, with what meaning? **MEDIUS** - MIDDLE

B2: What other French related derivative of **locus** refers to a piece of furniture for sitting? COUCH

MYTH

TU # : Who inspired her father to erect an image of Modesty when she silently veiled her face and left Sparta with her husband Odysseus? PENELOPE

B1: Name the father of Penelope who was forced to allow his daughter to leave with Odysseus. ICARIUS

B2: What son of Icarius and brother of Penelope was Orestes' accuser at his trial on the Areopagus? PERILAUS

TU # : Note to players: a description is acceptable. The secret of what remote location at the ends of the world was guarded by Nereus until Heracles captured him, and with the help of Atlas carried off its sacred fruit? GARDEN OF THE HESPERIDES

B1: Some accounts claim that Heracles stole the apples himself after killing what monster? LADON

B2: Which constellation is said to commemorate Heracles fighting the serpent Ladon?
ENGONASIN / THE KNEELER

HISTORY / CULTURE

TU # : What road ran from the top of the Capitoline Hill through the Forum to the Colosseum, and passed many of Rome's major religious buildings? **VIA SACRA**

B1: What road, built by a famous censor, ran north from Rome to Ariminum?
VIA FLAMINIA

B2: What road ran east to Reate and was one of Rome's earliest trade routes?
VIA SALARIA

TU # : What Roman family, whose notoriety pressured the Senate to include a member in the reduction of the Turdetani in Spain, was instrumental in the initial conquest of Spain through their efforts against Hasdrubal and Hannibal Barca? SCIPIOS

B1: Near what Spanish town did the brothers Gnaeus & Publius Scipio defeat Hasdrubal as he was attempting to cross the Ebro River in 215 B.C.? DERTOSA

B2: After which battle in 207 B.C. was Hasdrubal's severed head said to be thrown into Hannibal's tent?

METAURUS RIVER