

Title, Max 20 Words – Times New Roman 16 pt

First Name

e-mail:

Second Name

e-mail:

Third Name

e-mail:

(Times New Roman, 12 pt)

Author Affiliation (12 pt, Times New Roman)

Abstract (12 pt, Times New Roman)

Abstracts are written in two languages, namely Indonesian and English (Abstract). The number of words in the abstract is between 100 – 250 words which is the essence of the scientific article. The abstract contains: objectives, methods, results, conclusions and implications presented in the form of a brief and straightforward description. The description of the content will be explained in the discussion of the article. Writing. The abstract is written in one paragraph with a single-column format and font size of 11 pt, aligned right and left (*justify*), and the content contained in the article is written with - Times New Roman, 12 pt.

Keywords:

Introduction [Times New Roman– 12 – normal]

The introduction contains a description of the scope, previous literature review (*state of the art*, literature review), scientific novelty statements and research problems accompanied by the purpose of the scientific article. The first sentence of each new paragraph is written inward. Writing a reference citation by including the reference number (for example, taken from a reference in bibliography number one, then just write [1] behind the citation). Using citation software, such as Mendeley, use the IEEE format to create citations. [Times New Roman – 12 – normal]

Literature Review [Times New Roman– 12 – normal]

Research Methodology [Times New Roman– 12 – normal]

The method includes a detailed description of the methods, instruments, and research analysis techniques used in solving problems. If it is *the result of a* literature review, then the order after the introduction is *a problem-solving analysis*. Problem Solving Analysis includes an objective description of problem solving. The distance between the subheading and the preceding text is one space. [Times New Roman – 12 pt].

Results [Times New Roman – 12 pt]

For Scientific Articles from the results of the research, the chapter after the method is the result. Results are objective descriptions of research results related to research questions and scientific discussions. The results present data on research results and research findings that need to be explained scientifically including: what, why, how and supported by adequate scientific phenomena and there is a comparison with the results of other relevant researches/findings. For articles from the results of the study, the chapter after the method is the result that contains solutions or ideas from problems that have contributions/insights in the future and scientific discussion. [Times New Roman – 12 pt].

The table title is at the top, while the image title is written below. If tables and figures can be included in a single column, then the writing example is as follows:

Table 1. Table or picture titles are written sequentially (center-level, space 1)-Times New Roman-12pt

No.	Name	Note
1		
2		

(space 1)



Figure 1. National seminar-Times New Roman 12 pt

Conclusion [Times New Roman – 12 pt]

The conclusion provides an answer to the problem raised in the introduction. In scientific articles on research results, what is meant by conclusion is a formulation or answer to a research question based on the results of the research presented in a concise manner. The

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conclusion is presented in the form of paragraphs. In the scientific article of the study results, the conclusions are formulated based on the results of the problem-solving analysis. The conclusion is presented in the form of paragraphs. At the end of the conclusion, it is necessary to write the implications and development of the findings found.

References [Times New Roman – 12 pt]. Bold

Citations that are referenced and written in the text of scientific articles must be included in the reference list and references that are in the reference list are only references that are referred to and cited in the text of the scientific article (conformity of citations and references). The reference list contains libraries that come from primary sources (primary priority). Reference list authoring uses the IEEE model, as in the following example:

- [1] R. Azuma, "A survey of augmented reality," *Presence Teleoperators Virtual Environ.*, vol. 6, no. 4, pp. 355–385, 1997.
- [2] R. Azuma, Y. Baillet, R. Behringer, S. Feiner, S. Julier, and B. MacIntyre, "Recent advances in augmented reality," *IEEE Comput. Graph. Appl.*, vol. 21, no. 6, pp. 34–47, 2001.
- [3] L. He and X. Hu, "The application of digital interactive storytelling in serious games," in *2010 International Conference on Networking and Digital Society, ICNDS 2010*, 2010, vol. 1, pp. 286–289