

PENILAIAN TENGAH AKHIR SEMESTER (PTS) GENAP
TAHUN PELAJARAN 2022/2023

Mata Pelajaran	: Bahasa Inggris	Hari / Tanggal	:
Kelas	: X (Sepuluh)	Waktu	:

Berilah tanda silang pada huruf A, B, C, D atau E yang benar pada lembar jawab yang tersedia!

The following text is to answer the question 1 to 4

Proclamation of Indonesian Independence

The Proclamation of Indonesian Independence was read at 10.00 a.m. on Friday, 17 August 1945.

The declaration marked the start of the diplomatic and armed resistance of the Indonesian National Revolution, fighting against the forces of the Netherlands and pro-Dutch civilians, until the latter officially acknowledged Indonesia's independence in 1949. The Netherlands declared that they had decided to accept de facto 17 August 1945 as Indonesia's independence date. The United Nations, who mediated in the conflict, formally acknowledge the date of independence as 27 December 1949.

The document was signed by Sukarno and Mohammad Hatta, who were appointed president and vice-president respectively the following day.

1. What is the purpose of the text?
 - A. To tell the chronological proclamation of Indonesian independence
 - B. To tell the experience of the Dutch living in Indonesia
 - C. To invite someone reading the proclamation of Indonesian independence
 - D. To describe the story of reading proclamation of Indonesian independence
 - E. To figure out who won this fight
2. Who confesses the date of independence?
 - A. Sukarno
 - B. Moh. Hatta
 - C. The United Nations and the Dutch
 - D. Civilians
 - E. The pro Dutch
3. What are Sukarno and Muhammad Hatta doing?
 - A. Accepting de facto
 - B. Signing the document
 - C. Acknowledging the date of independence
 - D. Reading the document
 - E. Discussing with the United Nations about Indonesia's independence
4. Based on the text, the Netherland accepted de facto 17 August 1945 because _____
 - A. Netherlands thought that Indonesians are too strong
 - B. civilians were not siding with the Dutch
 - C. the United Nations asked Sukarno to read the proclamation
 - D. the resistance of diplomatic and armed fight against of the Netherland
 - E. the United Nations mediated the conflict between Indonesia and Netherland

The following text is for number 5 to 8

The Kingdom of Majapahit

Have you heard about Majapahit Kingdom in Indonesia history? Majapahit was a vast archipelagic empire location on the Eastern part of Java (1293 – 1500 AD).

East Javanese history was divided into three dynasty periods. The first was the period when the kings of Kediri ruled over Java in 10th – 1222 AD. They were then succeeded by the dynasty of Singasari (1222 – 1293 AD), which later was replaced by the kings of Majapahit (1293 – early 16th century).

Raden Wijaya was the son in law of Kertanegara, the last king of Singasari who had been murdered by Jayakatwang from Gelang-Gelang. Then Jayakatwang was defeated by Wijaya utilizing the Mongol armies, who come to Java to punish Kertanegara. Finally by cunning tricks,

Wijaya defeated the Mongol's and drove them away. Then Wijaya ascended the throne as the finest king of Majapahit on 1293 AD.

5. What can we infer from the text?
 - A. There are billions people want to be a king
 - B. Evil people cannot be a king
 - C. The Majapahit kingdom has many kings
 - D. The first dynasty period doesn't have any problems
 - E. Every dynasty period has own story
6. What happened to Raden Wijaya?
 - A. He became the last king of Majapahit
 - B. He killed Jayakatwang from Gelang-Gelang
 - C. He cooperated with Wijaya to cheat Jayakatwang
 - D. He was slain by Jayakatwang from Gelang-Gelang
 - E. He was kidnapped by the Mongol armies
7. "Majapahit was a vast archipelagic empire..."
The word 'vast' can be replaced by _____
 - A. scale
 - B. far
 - C. extensive
 - D. area
 - E. scope
8. According to the text, Jayakatwang probably wants to _____
 - A. be a king of Kediri
 - B. seize the power of the Majapahit kingdom
 - C. be son in law of Kartanegara
 - D. punish Wijaya with utilizing the Mongol armies
 - E. live happily

The following text is for number 9 to 12

Supersemar

The Supersemar, the Indonesian abbreviation for "*Surat Perintah Sebelas Maret*" (Order of March the Eleventh), was a document signed by the Indonesian President Sukarno on 11 March 1966.

It is said that it was giving the army commander Lt. Gen. Suharto authority to take whatever measures he "deemed necessary" to restore order to the chaotic situation during the Indonesian killings of 1965 – 1966.

The abbreviation "*Supersemar*" is a play on the name of *Semar*, the mystic and powerful figure who commonly appears in Javanese mythology including *wayang* puppet shows. The invocation of *Semar* was presumably intended to help draw on Javanese mythology to lend support to Suharto's legitimacy during the period of the transition of authority from Sukarno to Suharto.

9. What is actually Supersemar?
 - A. Agreement between Soekarno and Soeharto in 1966
 - B. Soekarno's legal order to give Soeharto authority in 1966
 - C. Official letter from Soeharto to take the immediate action
 - D. Formal decree of Soeharto to President in March 1965
 - E. The official decree from Soekarno to Soeharto in 1959
10. It is said that it was ... (second paragraph line 1).
What does the word 'it' refer to?
 - A. Authority
 - B. Document
 - C. Instruction
 - D. Supersemar
 - E. Chaotic situation
11. How long was the chaotic situation happened?
 - A. One month
 - B. Three months
 - C. Eight months

- D. Six months
- E. One year
- 12. What does the last paragraph tell us about?
 - A. The origin of word Supersemar
 - B. The history of Supersemar
 - C. The spirits of Supersemar
 - D. The effect of Supersemar
 - E. The expectation of Supersemar

For question 13 – 17, fill in the blank sentences with the right form of Simple past tense!

- 13. We _____ in this restaurant 3 days ago.
 - A. eat
 - B. eaten
 - C. ate
 - D. eating
 - E. was eat
- 14. _____ he read English novel last night?
 - A. Do
 - B. Did
 - C. Does
 - D. Was
 - E. Done

Last week, we _____ (15) to the theater. We had a very good seat. We _____ (16) a very interesting movie. The movie told us about love story. We _____ (17) very excited in that time.

- 15. A. arrive
 - B. gone
 - C. went
 - D. bought
 - E. bring
- 16. A. ate
 - B. gone
 - C. spoke
 - D. watched
 - E. read
- 17. A. were
 - B. going
 - C. is
 - D. that
 - E. sad

The following text is for number 18 to 21.

UNBEATABLE

(JFlow ft Dira Sugandi)

Chorus

You can be the fire that lights up the world
 With your energy stronger together, It's possible
 You can climb higher to the top of the world
 With your spirit you're **unbeatable**

Verse 1

Yeah, I walk on water, I'm stopping thunder
 I can make you prouder, Flying to the highest stars

I break the chains and dancing in the rain
leaving on a jet plane, I get so much more to gain
I can be that silver lining in the cloud, I'll show the world what I'm about
I'll sing out loud, I can be that hole in the universe
I can be that joy that you deserve, I'll sing out loud

Verse 2

They say, I will never make it, They say, that I just don't have it
They say, just go back forget it, They say, they say, they say
I say, well I'm just going to get it
I say, I won't stop 'til I made it, I say, I will not regret it
I say, I say, I say
If you're feeling stronger clap your hands, I can be that hole in the universe (yeah)
I can be that joy that you deserve, I will sing out loud
If you're feeling lonely, tag a friend, Let's take it higher now

18. The theme of the song is _____
A. love
B. friendship
C. family
D. tragedy
E. life struggle
19. The word 'unbeatable' in the lyric has similar meaning to _____
A. trust
B. anticipate
C. forceful
D. encourage
E. inspire
20. A repetition of similar words is called _____
A. stanza
B. bridge
C. verse
D. chorus
E. outro
21. What can we learn from the song?
A. No one understands when I'm down
B. We must be inside home
C. Never give up to reach our dreams
D. We will feel faithless all the time
E. Love story will always be happy ending

The following text is for number 22 to 25.

A Million Dreams

(Hugh Jackman, Michelle Williams)

I close my eyes and I can see
The world that's waiting up for me
That I call my own
Through the dark, through the door
Through where no one's been before
But it feels like home
They can say, they can say it all sounds crazy
They can say, they can say I've lost my mind
I don't care, I don't care, so call me crazy
We can live in a world that we design
'Cause every night I lie in bed

The brightest colors fill my head
A million dreams are keeping me awake
I think of what the world could be
A vision of the one I see
A million dreams is all it's gonna take
Oh a million dreams for the world we're gonna make

22. Who's the singer of the song?
- A. Hugh Jackman, Stefan Williams
 - B. Hugh Jackman, Michelle Williams
 - C. Michelle Williams, Andrew gold
 - D. Michelle Williams, Bruno Mars
 - E. Hugh Walls, Jackmans
23. What is the theme of the song?
- A. Friendship
 - B. Tragedy
 - C. Family
 - D. Dreams
 - E. Life struggle
24. What lesson can we get from the song?
- A. Make your dream is come true
 - B. Stop dreaming
 - C. Believe in yourself
 - D. Your time is limited, so don't waste it
 - E. Life goes on
25. "A million dreams are keeping me awake"
The synonym of the word 'awake' is _____
- A. rise
 - B. realize
 - C. sleep
 - D. tired
 - E. reach

The following text is for number 26 to 29.

Good Life

(Harris. J)

I want to wake up in the morning with the sun
Wear a smile, go out and have some fun
Going to take away the worries on my mind, oh
Put them to one side
'Cause every day is like a brand new story
With unwritten lines
And no matter the weather
It's going, going to be alright
I know my life ain't perfect
But I don't have to worry
'Cause I've got all that I need
Right here in my, in my life
I know my life ain't perfect
But I like the way it's going
'Cause I've got all that I need
Right here in my, in my life
Thank You for the good life, good life
Allah I want to thank You for the good life
I leave it all in Your hands, oh
Hey, listen!
There are things in life that money just can't buy
Happiness and love don't have a price
All good people that surround me every day, oh

26. What is the tone of the song above?

- A. Happy
 - B. Sad
 - C. Melancholy
 - D. Lazy
 - E. Melodic
27. According to the lyrics, what are things in life that money can't buy?
- A. Good life
 - B. Happiness and love
 - C. Health
 - D. Love and blessing
 - E. Happiness and health
28. What can we learn from the song?
- A. People always give peacefulness and respecting others.
 - B. People should always smile and have some fun take away the worries in their mind.
 - C. People thanking to God for always give good life and him always be grateful what give God for him.
 - D. People should be happy and every day is like a brand new story
 - E. People always be grateful what give God for him.
29. "Thank You for the good life, good life". It means that the speaker will _____
- A. know that we are not perfect.
 - B. get rid of all the worries that is in us.
 - C. be happy and have a good life.
 - D. greet the morning with joy and a smile.
 - E. be grateful and thankful to God.

The following text is for number 30 to 33.

The old witch locked Hansel in a cage and set Gretel to clean the house. She planned to eat them both. Each night the children cried and begged the witch to let them go.

Meanwhile, at home, their stepmother was beginning to wish she had never tried to get rid of the children. "I must find them," she said and set off into the forest. Many hours later, when her feet were tired from walking and her lips were dry from thirst, she came to the cottage belonging to the witch.

The stepmother peeped through the window. Her heart cried out when she saw the two children. She picked up the broom leaning against the door and crept inside. The witch was putting some stew in the oven when the stepmother gave her an almighty push. The witch fell into the oven and the stepmother shut the door.

'Children, I have come to save you,' she said hugging them tightly.

'I have done a dreadful thing. I hope in time you will forgive me. Let me take you home and become a family again.' They returned to their home and the stepmother became the best mother anyone could wish to have, and of course they lived happily ever after!

30. From the text we know that _____
- A. two children went to school for the first time
 - B. a witch who is really kind
 - C. a father who begged a witch for money
 - D. a stepmother who saved her children from a witch
 - E. two children saved their stepmother from a witch
31. "The witch fell into the oven and the stepmother shut the door." (Paragraph 4). The word "shut" can be replaced by the word _____
- A. marked
 - B. painted
 - C. opened
 - D. polished
 - E. closed
32. How did the stepmother find her children?
- A. She walked into the forest
 - B. She got tired and met her children

- C. She peeped through the window of the witch's cottage
 - D. She fell into the cliff
 - E. She was pushed against the wall
33. What happened to the witch at the end?
- A. She locked Hansel in a cage
 - B. She planned to eat Hansel & Gretel
 - C. She fell into the oven
 - D. She hated the children
 - E. She set Gretel to clean the house

For question 34 – 42, fill in the blank sentences with the right form of Simple past tense or Present Perfect tense!

34. Up to now, Mr. Irsyad _____ our class five test.
- A. give
 - B. gave
 - C. has given
 - D. have given
 - E. have been given
35. I still do not understand the lesson even though Mrs. Ratna _____ it three times.
- A. explained
 - B. has explained
 - C. has been explained
 - D. have explained
 - E. have been explained
36. Danang and I are twins. We _____ a very special bond since we _____ born.
- A. had - was
 - B. has had – was
 - C. have had - were
 - D. has been had – was
 - E. have been had – were
37. Farin _____ four different languages since she _____ child.
- A. has learnt - was
 - B. have learnt – were
 - C. learnt – have been
 - D. learnt – have been
 - E. learnt – were
38. Ina _____ Ririn Dwi Ariyanti since senior high school. They _____ classmates.
- A. has known - were
 - B. have known – were
 - C. knew – have
 - D. knew – has been
 - E. have been known – were
39. Andy : Have you ever been to Australia?
Nana : I _____ there in all my life.
- A. was not
 - B. were not
 - C. has not been
 - D. has never been
 - E. have never been
40. I _____ here since I _____ from college in 2017.
- A. has worked - graduated
 - B. have worked – graduated
 - C. has been – finished
 - D. has been – has finished
 - E. have been worked – finished
41. I _____ the package that I bought from online shopping 3 days ago.
- A. was not received
 - B. did not received
 - C. has not received
 - D. have not received
 - E. have not been received
42. Mr. Budiyo _____ in the financial company for 15 years. Then he gave it up.
- A. did not work
 - B. was not work
 - C. has worked
 - D. have worked
 - E. have been worked

The following text is for number 43 to 46.

A long time ago, there lived a window with her son named Malin Kundang. He loved his mother very much. Malin Kundang wanted to do something to make his mother happy.

One day, Malin Kundang told his mother that he would go to town and work there. At first, his mother didn't allow him, but finally she let him go with tears. Malin Kundang worked hard in a big town, and in short time he became a rich man. He was also married to a beautiful woman. When he was sailing on his trading journey, his ship landed on a coast near a small village. The local people recognized that it was Malin Kundang, a boy from the area. The news ran fast in the town, "Malin Kundang has become rich and now he is here." When his mother heard about the news, she came to meet him. Malin Kundang pretended not to know her. He said, "You are not my mother. Go away!"

His mother was very sad. Finally, feeling enraged, she cursed Malin Kundang that he would turn into stone. The sea was calm but suddenly a thunderstorm came, wrecking his huge ship. The ship was drowned. Malin Kundang was thrown. It was too late for him to avoid the curse. Finally he turned into a stone.

43. Where does the story come from?
 - A. West Java
 - B. West Sumatra
 - C. North Sumatra
 - D. Central Java
 - E. East Java
44. Why did Malin Kundang want to go town? Because _____
 - A. he wanted to have a rich wife
 - B. he wanted to look for a job
 - C. he wanted to sail around the world
 - D. he wanted to build a big house for his mother
 - E. he wanted to have a huge ship
45. What happened when the rich Malin Kundang met his mother?
 - A. He hugged her
 - B. He introduced his wife to his mother
 - C. He didn't admit that she was his mother
 - D. He asked his mother to leave their house
 - E. He cursed his mother
46. "The sea was calm but suddenly a thunderstorm came, wrecking his huge ship" (paragraph 3). The word 'calm' has similar meaning with _____
 - A. fierce
 - B. deep
 - C. blue
 - D. clear
 - E. quiet

The following text is to answer question 47 to 50.

Once upon a time Bandung Bondowoso fell in love with Roro Jonggrang and wanted to marry her. However, Roro Jonggrang felt sad because of his father's death. She knew that Bandung Bondowoso had killed her father. She was very afraid of him. So she made a plan. She asked Bandung to build a thousand temples in one night. Bandung agreed her request. Then Bandung built temples with help from the spirits of demons. Approaching midnight, Bandung would finish his work. Knowing this, Roro Jonggrang ordered all the women to make noisy sounds of grinding rice, so that the roosters crowed. Bandung was very angry. He failed to complete the thousand temples. Bandung knew that Roro Jonggrang had deceived him. Therefore he cursed her into the thousandth temple. At once, Roro Jonggrang turned into a statue.

47. What is the story about?
 - A. Roro Jonggrang
 - B. The thousand temples
 - C. Bandung Bondowoso
 - D. Bandung
 - E. The spirits of demons
48. Who killed Roro Jonggrang's father?
 - A. All women in the palace
 - B. Roro Jonggrang

- C. Bandung Bondowoso
 - D. Bandung's father
 - E. The spirits of demons
49. What was requested given by Roro Jonggrang?
- A. To build a hundred temples in one night
 - B. To build a thousand temples in two night
 - C. To build a million temples in one night
 - D. To build a hundred temples in two night
 - E. To bulid a thousand temples in one night
50. "At once, Roro Jonggrang turned into statue...." (last line).
What is the similar meaning of the word 'turned'?
- A. Returned
 - B. Moved
 - C. Changed
 - D. Disappeared
 - E. Entered

KUNCI JAWABAN
MID TEST GENAP KELAS 10 TP. 2022/ 2023

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| 1. A | 26. A |
| 2. C | 27. B |
| 3. B | 28. C |
| 4. D | 29. E |
| 5. E | 30. D |
| 6. D | 31. E |
| 7. C | 32. C |
| 8. B | 33. C |
| 9. B | 34. C |
| 10. D | 35. B |
| 11. E | 36. C |
| 12. A | 37. A |
| 13. C | 38. A |
| 14. B | 39. E |
| 15. C | 40. B |
| 16. D | 41. D |
| 17. A | 42. C |
| 18. E | 43. B |
| 19. C | 44. B |
| 20. D | 45. C |
| 21. C | 46. E |
| 22. B | 47. A |
| 23. D | 48. C |
| 24. A | 49. E |
| 25. B | 50. C |