

LEASE

(based on the Model Commercial Lease of Part of a
Building (Retail) (MCL-RETAIL-02))



LEASE

between

[]

and

[]

Property: []

[DRAFTING NOTE: THIS LEASE IS INTENDED TO BE USED AS A TEMPLATE. IT SHOULD BE ALTERED TO REFLECT ANY REQUIREMENTS THAT ARE SPECIFIC TO THE PROPERTY, PARTIES AND TERMS OF THE TRANSACTION. A COMPARISON AGAINST THIS TEMPLATE SHOULD BE SUPPLIED WHEN THE DRAFT LEASE IS FIRST SUBMITTED TO THE TENANT'S SOLICITORS.]

Version 2
November 2018



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LEASE

between

[] **LIMITED**, incorporated under the Companies Acts (Registered Number []) and having its Registered Office at [] and its successors and assignees (the "**Landlord**"); and

[] **LIMITED**, incorporated under the Companies Acts (Registered Number []) and having its Registered Office at [] and (in substitution) its successors and permitted assignees (the "**Tenant**")

The Landlord and the Tenant agree as follows:

1. Definitions

In this Lease:

"Accounting Period" means the annual period ending on [*Insert date*] in each year or any other date as the Landlord may decide and notify to the Tenant;

"Act" means any act of the UK or Scottish Parliament and any delegated law made under it;

"Action Plan" means an action plan as defined in the AEP Regulations in relation to the Building and/or the Premises;]

"AEP Regulations" means the Assessment of Energy Performance of Non-domestic Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2016;]

"Break Date" means [*Insert date or dates*]¹ [or any date falling after that date] [or the day before any Rent Day after that date] [or any [fifth] anniversary of that date] [as specified in the Tenant's formal notice given under Clause 7.1];]²

"Building" means ALL and WHOLE the land with the building known as [*Insert Building description*] [the various floors of which building are shown edged [*Insert colour*] on [the Plans] [Plan [*Insert number*]]] [and being the property registered in the Land Register of Scotland under Title Number []], including all alterations, additions and improvements and all landlord's fixtures forming part of it at any time during the Term;³

"Building Management Systems" means all or any of the following used within or serving the Building that do not exclusively serve any Lettable Unit:

- (a) lighting systems;
- (b) security, CCTV and alarm systems;
- (c) access control systems;
- (d) traffic control systems;
- (e) audio and audio-visual systems;
- (f) wireless, phone, data transmission and other telecommunications systems;
- (g) air ventilation and filtration;

¹ When deciding on the relevant Break Date, best practice is to make it the day before a rent payment date. This ensures that the Tenant is not legally obliged to pay a full month's or quarter's rent on the day on which this Lease ends under the break clause.

² Delete if this Lease will not include break rights.

³ If the Tenant will be responsible for the repair and maintenance of glass within the Premises, including windows, consider whether the glass forming part the Premises should be excluded from the definition of the Building so that it does not fall within the Landlord's insurance and reinstatement obligations.

- (h) air-conditioning, heating and climate control systems;
- (i) water heating, filtering and chilling systems;
- (j) footfall monitoring systems;
- (k) turnover monitoring systems;
- (l) fire detection, alarm and sprinkler systems;

and all control systems, plant, machinery, equipment, Supplies and Conducting Media used in connection with them;

"Business Day" means a day on which clearing banks in [Edinburgh, Glasgow and London] are open for normal business;

"Common Parts" means any part of, or anything in, the Building that does not form part of a Lettable Unit and that is, in accordance with Clause 5.8, used or available for use by:

- (a) the Tenant in common with others;
- (b) the Landlord in connection with the provision of the Services; or
- (c) customers of or visitors to the Building;

"company" includes:

- (a) any UK registered company (as defined in section 1158 of the Companies Act 2006);
- (b) to the extent applicable, any overseas company as defined in section 1044 of the Companies Act 2006;
- (c) any unregistered company (to include any association); and
- (d) any "company or legal person" in relation to which insolvency proceedings may be opened pursuant to Article 3 of the EC Regulation on Insolvency Proceedings 2000;

"Conducting Media" means any media for the transmission of Supplies but not including any service risers or any other airspace through which the media run;

["CRC Costs"] means the aggregate of:

- (a) the anticipated or actual costs and charges incurred by or on behalf of any CRC Participant in purchasing carbon allowances in relation to the CRC Scheme; and
- (b) the management costs relating to the implementation of, participation in and operation of the CRC Scheme incurred by or on behalf of any CRC Participant;]

["CRC Participant"] means the Landlord, any Participant from time to time responsible for compliance with the CRC Scheme in respect of the Building and any Group Undertaking of the Landlord or that Participant where "Participant" and "Group Undertaking" have the meanings given to them in the CRC Energy Efficiency Scheme Order 2013;]

["CRC Scheme"] means the Carbon Reduction Commitment Energy Efficiency Scheme administered in accordance with [the CRC Energy Efficiency Scheme Order 2010,]⁴ the CRC Energy Efficiency Scheme Order 2013 or any later order or any similar scheme amending or replacing it;]

⁴ Even though the 2010 Order has been replaced in most respects by the 2013 Order, it should be retained where the Landlord intends to recover payments due in relation to Phase 1 of the Carbon Reduction Scheme as they remain payable under the 2010 Order and are not recoverable under the 2013 Order.

"Creditor" means any creditor in any permitted standard security over the Tenant's right to this Lease which has been notified to the Landlord;

["Display Energy Certificate"] means as defined in the AEP Regulations;]

"Electronic Communications Apparatus" means "electronic communications apparatus" as defined in section 151 of the Communications Act 2003;

"End Date" means the last day of the Term (however it arises);

"Environmental Performance" means all or any of the following:

- (a) the consumption of energy and associated generation of greenhouse gas emissions;
- (b) the consumption of water;
- (c) waste generation and management; and
- (d) any other environmental impact arising from the use or operation of the Premises or the Building;

["EPC"] means an Energy Performance Certificate and Recommendation Report (as defined in the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008);]

["External Works"] means the works permitted under Clause[s] 4.11.4[and 4.11.8];]

"Group Company" means any company which is a subsidiary or holding company of the Tenant or a subsidiary of such holding company (as the terms **"subsidiary"** and **"holding company"** are defined in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006);

"Initial Rent" means [] (£[]) STERLING yearly (exclusive of any VAT);

"Insolvency Date" means either the date of appointment of the Insolvency Practitioner or the date of calling up by a Creditor;

"Insolvency Practitioner" means any receiver, administrator or liquidator appointed in respect of the Tenant;

"Insurance Costs" means the sums described in paragraph 1.1 of Part 5 of the Schedule;

"Insured Risks" means the risks of fire (including subterranean fire), lightning, explosion, storm, flood, subsidence, landslip, heave, earthquake, burst or overflowing water pipes, tanks or apparatus, impact by aircraft or other aerial devices and any articles dropped from them, impact by vehicles, terrorism, riot, civil commotion and malicious damage to the extent, in each case, that cover is generally available on normal commercial terms in the UK insurance market at the time the insurance is taken out, and any other risks against which the Landlord reasonably insures from time to time, subject in all cases to any excesses, limitations and exclusions imposed by the insurers;⁵

"Interest Rate" means [three] per cent above the base rate for the time being in force of [*Insert name of bank*] (or any other UK clearing bank specified by the Landlord);

"Lease" means this lease, and any document supplemental to it;

"Legal Requirement" means:

- (a) any Act; and
- (b) any requirement of any proper authority, including any local authority or fire authority;

⁵ Note that "terrorism" is mentioned expressly as insurers now treat "terrorism" as a risk, even if it is a risk that may be covered by an exclusion in the insurance policy.

"Lettable Unit" means accommodation within the Building from time to time let or occupied or intended for letting or occupation, but excluding accommodation let or occupied for the purposes of providing any of the Services;

"Monetary Breach" means any failure by the Tenant to pay all or any part of the sums payable by the Tenant under this Lease when due;

"Non-Monetary Breach" means any failure by the Tenant to perform any of its obligations under this Lease other than a Monetary Breach;

["Operational Rating Measures"] means as defined in the AEP Regulations;]

"Outgoings" means all or any of:

- (a) all existing and future rates, taxes, duties, charges, and financial impositions charged on the Premises except for:
- (b) tax (other than VAT) on the Rent payable; and
- (c) any tax arising from the Landlord's dealing with its own interests;
- (d) Supply Costs for the Premises[and any Plant]; and
- (e) a fair and reasonable proportion of the Outgoings referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this definition charged in respect of the Premises and any other parts of the Building to the extent that those amounts do not form part of the Service Costs;

"Permitted Use" means:

- (a) the [non-food] [retail sale] of [*Insert description*]; or
- (b) any other [non-food] [retail] use complying with the Landlord's retail and tenant mix policy and within Class 1 (Shops) of the Schedule to the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) (Scotland) Order 1997 [other than paragraphs [] of that Class]⁶ as the Landlord may approve;

"Permitted Works" means any works or installations [(including any External Works)] to which the Landlord has consented or for which, under Clause 4.11, the Landlord's consent is not required[together with any Prior Lease Alterations];

"Planning Acts" means every Act for the time being in force relating to the use, development, design, control and occupation of land and buildings;

"Planning Permission" means any permission, consent or approval given under the Planning Acts;

"Plans" means any of the plans⁸ forming Part 10 of the Schedule;

["Plant"] means [Electronic Communications Apparatus,] [wireless network equipment,] [television aerials and satellite dishes] [and] [air-conditioning plant] [not exceeding two metres in height] installed by the Tenant or any sub-tenant under the rights in paragraph 5 of Part 1 of the Schedule;]

⁶ Consider whether there are any of the specified uses in that class that your client would wish to exclude.

⁷ Include the words in square brackets where this Lease follows on from a pre-existing lease with the Tenant (the Prior Lease) and the Landlord wants the Tenant to be under an obligation to reinstate works carried out under the Prior Lease when this Lease comes to an end or those works are to be disregarded on any rent review under this Lease.

⁸ If this Lease is to be registered in the Land Register then the plan(s) must satisfy the Cadastral Mapping Deed Plan Requirements of the Land Register of Scotland.

["Plant Area"] means the area for Plant [[within the area]⁹ shown [edged] [coloured] [/Insert colour] on [the Plans] [Plan [/Insert number]]] [[on the roof of the Building] allocated to the Tenant by the Landlord] or any alternative area as notified under Clause 5.8.4.;

"Premises" means ALL and WHOLE the premises known as [/Insert address of Premises] forming part of the Building and shown [edged] [coloured] [/Insert colour] on [the Plans] [Plan [/Insert number]]:

(a) including:¹⁰

- (i) all plaster and other internal surfacing materials and finishes on the structural walls, floors and ceilings of the Premises and on the other structural parts of the Building within or bounding the Premises;
- (ii) the shop front, fascia and all doors, windows and door and window frames;
- (iii) the plaster and other internal surfacing and finishes on any non-structural walls separating the Premises from any Common Parts;
- (iv) one half severed vertically of any non-structural walls separating the Premises from any adjoining Lettable Units;
- (v) the entirety of any non-structural walls wholly within the Premises;
- (vi) all Conducting Media and landlord's plant, equipment and fixtures [within and] exclusively serving the Premises including the Tenant's fire detection, alarm and sprinkler systems (if any) up to the point of connection with the Landlord's fire detection, alarm and sprinkler systems;
- (vii) all tenant's fixtures; and
- (viii) any Permitted Works [(other than any External Works)] carried out to or at the Premises; but

(b) excluding:

- (i) all load bearing and exterior walls and the floors and ceilings of the Premises (other than those included above);
- (ii) all structural parts of the Building;
- (iii) the entirety (subject to paragraph (a)(iii) of this definition) of any non-structural walls separating the Premises from any Common Parts;
- (iv) the airspace within any service risers that run through the Premises;
- (v) the Landlord's fire detection, alarm and sprinkler systems (if any) up to the point of connection with the Tenant's fire detection, alarm and sprinkler systems; and
- (vi) the Building Management Systems (if any) within the Premises;

⁹ Include these words where the Landlord allocates a plant area that will be used by several tenants to install their plant.

¹⁰ Consider the extent of the Premises and, in particular, whether Conducting Media and Landlord's plant, equipment and fixtures that exclusively serve the Premises, but which lie outside the Premises themselves, should be included within the definition of the Premises. If they are excluded from the Premises, consider whether the Tenant should be under an obligation to keep them in good repair and condition. The Tenant will also need rights of access over the Common Parts where it is under an obligation to repair and maintain such items (whether or not they form part of the Premises).

["Prior Lease"] means a lease of the [Premises]¹¹ entered into between [Insert name of parties] dated [] [and registered in the Books of Council and Session on [] and all documents supplemental or ancillary to it];¹²

["Prior Lease Alterations"] means all works carried out to or for the benefit of the [Premises]¹³ during the term of the Prior Lease or under any contract for the grant of the Prior Lease[briefly described in the schedule of works annexed and executed as relative to this Lease];¹⁴

["Recommended Improvement Measures"] means identified improvement measures or alternative improvement measures or any combination of the two both as defined in the AEP Regulations;]

"Rent" means the Initial Rent as increased (if at all) under Part 3 of the Schedule;

"Rent Commencement Date" means [Insert date or description] or any later date calculated in accordance with paragraph 3.3 of Part 5 of the Schedule;

"Rent Days" means [28 February, 28 May, 28 August and 28 November] [25 March, 24 June, 29 September and 25 December] [the first day of every month];¹⁵

["Rent Review Date"] means [Insert date] [in each of the years [Insert years] and references to "the Rent Review Date" mean the relevant Rent Review Date];¹⁶

"Risk Period" means the period that the Landlord [in its absolute discretion]¹⁷ decides, being a minimum of [three] years and a maximum of [five]¹⁸ years, starting on the date of the relevant damage or destruction;

"Schedule" means the Schedule of [10] Parts annexed and executed as relative to this Lease;

["Schedule of Condition"] means [the schedule annexed and executed as relative to this Lease and marked "Schedule of Condition"] [the schedule of condition prepared by [] dated [] a copy of which has been retained by each of the Landlord and the Tenant];¹⁹]²⁰

"Service Charge" means a fair proportion (calculated on a floor area basis or any other method as the Landlord decides from time to time) of the Service Costs subject to any adjustments made by the Landlord under the provisions of paragraph 1.7 of Part 4 of the Schedule;

"Service Charge Code" means the 3rd edition of the code of practice (2014) published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors called "**Service charges in commercial property**";

"Service Costs" means the aggregate costs (including VAT that is not recoverable by the Landlord from HM Revenue & Customs) incurred by the Landlord in providing the Services and paying the costs listed in paragraph 3 of Part 4 of the Schedule in each Accounting Period;

¹¹ If the extent of the Premises has changed since the date of the Prior Lease, amend this definition to refer to the extent of the premises originally let by the Prior Lease.

¹² Include this definition where this Lease follows on from a pre-existing lease with the Tenant and the Landlord wants the Tenant to be under an obligation to reinstate works carried out under the Prior Lease when this Lease comes to an end or those works are to be disregarded on any rent review under this Lease,

¹³ If the extent of the Premises has changed since the date of the Prior Lease, amend this definition to refer to the extent of the premises originally let by the Prior Lease.

¹⁴ Include this definition where this Lease follows on from a pre-existing Lease with the Tenant and the Landlord wants the Tenant to be under an obligation to reinstate works carried out under the Prior Lease when this Lease comes to an end or those works are to be disregarded on any rent review under this Lease.

Because it can be difficult to establish which works have to be taken into account or disregarded on rent review or reinstated at the end of the term, consider agreeing and annexing a Schedule to this Lease setting out the works carried out under the Prior Lease, whether they will have to be reinstated and their status on a rent review under this Lease.

¹⁵ If rent is payable monthly, refer to the relevant payment date; for example, the first day of each month.

¹⁶ The Rent Review Date(s) should ideally correspond to one of the Rent Days.

¹⁷ The default position under Clause 2.13 is that the Landlord's decision would have to be reasonable.

¹⁸ Consider increasing this period if you think that it may take longer than five years to obtain any necessary consents and to rebuild following damage by an insured risk.

¹⁹ Consider the alternative drafting if it is likely to prove administratively cumbersome for the Schedule of Condition to be annexed potentially requiring signature on most pages; alternative possibility is to identify the Schedule of Condition and declare that a print is retained by each party or to have the Schedule of Condition signed by the respective parties' solicitors.

²⁰ Include only where the Tenant's repairing obligation will be limited to keeping the Premises in the state of repair current at the date this Lease is granted.

["Service Provider"] means any person providing services to the Tenant at the Premises for the purposes of the Tenant's business;]

"Services" means the services provided by the Landlord listed in paragraph 3 of Part 4 of the Schedule;

"Supplies" means water, [steam,] gas, air, foul and surface water drainage, electricity, oil, telephone, heating, telecommunications, internet, data communications and similar supplies or utilities;

"Supply Costs" means the costs of Supplies including procurement costs, meter rents and standing charges[and a fair and reasonable proportion of any CRC Costs incurred in relation to those Supplies];

"Term" means the period of this Lease (including any continuation of this Lease whether by Act, tacit relocation or otherwise);

"Term End Date" means [*Insert date*];

"Term Start Date" means [*Insert date*];

"Uninsured Risk"²¹ means any risk expressly specified in the Insured Risks definition that:

- (a) is not insured against because, at the time the insurance is taken out or renewed, insurance is not generally available in the UK market on normal commercial terms; or
- (b) is not, at the date of the damage or destruction, insured against by reason of a limitation or exclusion imposed by the insurers

but will not include loss or damage (or the risk of it) caused by reason of the Tenant's act or failure to act;

"VAT" means value added tax or any similar tax from time to time replacing it or performing a similar function;

"VAT Supply" means a **"supply"** for the purpose of the Value Added Tax Act 1994; [and]

"Wireless Data Services" means the provision of wireless data, voice or video connectivity or wireless services permitting or offering access to the internet or any wireless network, mobile network or telecommunications system that involves a wireless or mobile device[; and]

"Wireless Policy" means any rules of interaction produced by the Landlord that are designed to minimise interference between the Tenant's Wireless Data Services and the Landlord's Wireless Data Services and those of any other tenants or occupiers of the Building].

2. Interpretation

In this Lease:

- 2.1 **"notice"** means any notice, notification or request given or made under this Lease;
- 2.2 any **"notice"** must be given or made in writing;
- 2.3 where this Lease requires formal notice, the notice must comply and be served in accordance with Clause 6.5;

²¹ This Lease gives the Tenant all the benefits it would have if damage were caused by an Insured Risk except that the Landlord has a choice as to whether or not to reinstate. It must make this choice by telling the Tenant within 12 months of the damage whether or not it wishes it reinstate. If it does not, this Lease will end after that 12 month period. These provisions are only a starting point, as standard practice continues to evolve on the detail, including exactly how you define Uninsured Risks and what happens to any residual risks/parts of risks, not in this or the Insured Risks definition. You will need to consider how best to address this and, if necessary, take specific instructions as different landlords will have different approaches.

- 2.4 an application for Landlord's consent under this Lease must be made by formal notice;
- 2.5 where appropriate, the singular includes the plural and vice versa, and one gender includes any other;
- 2.6 all headings are for ease of reference only and will not affect the construction or interpretation of this Lease;
- 2.7 obligations owed by or to more than one person are owed by or to them jointly and severally, along with their respective executors and representatives whomsoever without the necessity of discussing them in their order, but not so as to impose any continuing liability on an assignor following a permitted assignation of the tenant's right to this Lease;
- 2.8 if the Tenant is a firm or partnership (other than a limited liability partnership under the Limited Liability Partnerships Act 2000):
 - 2.8.1 the obligations of the Tenant under this Lease are binding jointly and severally on all persons who are or become partners of the firm at any time and their respective executors and representatives whomsoever as well as on the firm and its whole stock, funds, assets and estate without the necessity of discussing them in their order;
 - 2.8.2 except in the circumstances set out in Clause 2.8.3, the obligations set out in Clause 2.8.1 remain in full force and effect even if:
 - (a) the firm or partnership is dissolved;
 - (b) any change or changes take place in the firm or partnership whether by the assumption of a new partner or partners or by the retirement, bankruptcy or death of any individual partner; or
 - (c) there is a change in the firm name;
 - 2.8.3 if any person, who by virtue of his being a partner, is bound to implement the Tenant's obligations, then on such person ceasing to be a partner the Landlord on request, will release such person and his representatives from all obligations on the Tenant under this Lease subsequent to the date when such person ceases to be a partner (or, if later, the date of such request) provided that it is established to the Landlord's reasonable satisfaction that any such release does not materially adversely affect the strength of the Tenant's financial covenant or its ability to implement its obligations under this Lease;
- 2.9 an obligation to do something includes an obligation not to waive any obligation of another person to do it;
- 2.10 an obligation not to do something includes an obligation not to permit or allow another person to do it;
- 2.11 the Tenant will be liable for any breaches of its obligations in this Lease committed by:
 - 2.11.1 any authorised occupier of the Premises or its or their respective employees, licensees or contractors; or
 - 2.11.2 any person under the control of the Tenant or acting under the express or implied authority of the Tenant;
- 2.12 reference to either the Landlord or the Tenant having a right of approval or consent under this Lease means a prior written approval or consent, which must not be unreasonably withheld or delayed except where this Lease specifies that either the Landlord or the Tenant has absolute discretion;
- 2.13 where either the Landlord or the Tenant has the right to impose regulations or to approve, decide, designate, nominate, request, require, specify, allocate or stipulate any matter or thing

under this Lease, that right will be subject to a condition that it will act reasonably and properly when exercising that right except where this Lease specifies that it has absolute discretion;²²

- 2.14 references to the provision of plans, drawings, specifications or other documents means their provision in hard copy, electronically in PDF format or in any other easily readable format as may be appropriate having regard to the purpose for which they are provided and the nature of the information that they contain, but not in a format that is proprietary to a particular computer system or program that cannot be imported into or easily read by another computer system or program;²³
- 2.15 references to a Part of the Schedule are to the relevant Parts of the Schedule to this Lease and the Landlord and the Tenant must comply with their respective obligations in them;
- 2.16 apart from in Clause 4.6.1, where either the Tenant or the Landlord must pay any costs that the other incurs (or any proportion of them), those costs must be reasonable and proper and reasonably and properly incurred;
- 2.17 references to any sums being payable on demand or when demanded mean being payable when demanded in writing;²⁴
- 2.18 the Landlord's reserved rights under Clause 4.10 and Part 2 of the Schedule may also be exercised by those authorised by the Landlord;²⁵
- 2.19 reference to "**the Building**", "**the Common Parts**" or "**the Premises**" means the whole or an individual part or parts unless inappropriate in the context used;
- 2.20 reference to "**adjoining premises**" means any land or buildings adjoining or nearby the Building, whether or not owned by the Landlord (unless express reference is made to the Landlord's ownership of those premises);
- 2.21 references to an Act are to that Act as amended from time to time and to any Act that replaces it but references to the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) (Scotland) Order 1997 are to that Order as in force at the Term Start Date;
- 2.22 "**includes**", "**including**" and similar words are used without limitation or qualification to the subject matter of the relevant provision;
- 2.23 if any provision is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable, the legality, validity and enforceability of the remainder of this Lease will be unaffected;
- 2.24 if a person must take a matter into consideration that person must have reasonable regard to it but the final decision remains at that person's absolute discretion; and
- 2.25 a document will be duly executed only if it is executed in such manner as meets the requirements of Section 3 and Sections 9B and 9C of the Requirements of Writing (Scotland) Act 1995.

3. Demise, Term and Rent

- 3.1 In consideration of the Rent and other provisions of this Lease the Landlord lets the Premises to the Tenant:

- 3.1.1 for a term starting on the Term Start Date and ending on the Term End Date;

²² Note that it is assumed that consent is always subject to reasonableness, except where this Lease states that a party has absolute discretion; Scottish practitioners may otherwise be accustomed to the opposite "default" scenario where it is assumed that a party – invariably the landlord – enjoys absolute discretion except where the lease provides for reasonableness. In practice, the only provisions in this Lease that allow the Tenant to impose requirements are in Clause 5.5.

²³ Where plans and specifications are provided to the Landlord, you should ensure that the Landlord has the right to use those plans and specifications – see paragraph 2.7.7 of Part 6 of the Schedule.

²⁴ Any sums payable on demand only begin to bear interest for late payment if not paid within 10 Business Days of the date of demand – see Clause 4.5.

²⁵ Safeguards relating to the exercise of rights are contained in Clause 5.5 and, in relation to scaffolding, in Clause 5.6.

- 3.1.2 together with the rights listed in Part 1 of the Schedule;
- 3.1.3 excepting and reserving to the Landlord the reserved rights listed in Part 2 of the Schedule;
- 3.1.4 subject to the provisions of any documents or matters specified or referred to in the title deeds; and
- 3.1.5 subject to any servitudes, rights and privileges currently existing and affecting the Premises.

3.2 The Tenant must pay:

- 3.2.1 for the period starting on the Rent Commencement Date [and ending on the day before the first Rent Review Date] the Initial Rent[; and
- 3.2.2 during the remainder of the Term, the Rent].

3.3 Rent is not payable for any period before the Rent Commencement Date.

3.4 Starting on the Term Start Date the Tenant must pay:

- 3.4.1 Service Charge due under Clause 4.3 and Part 4 of the Schedule; and
- 3.4.2 Insurance Costs.

3.5 The Tenant must pay VAT under Clause 4.4.

3.6 The Rent is payable by equal [monthly] [quarterly] payments in advance on the Rent Days in every year. The first payment will be a proportionate payment for the period starting on (and to be paid on) the Rent Commencement Date and ending on the last day of that [month] [quarter].

3.7 The Rent and all other sums payable under this Lease must be paid by the Tenant by electronic transfer from a United Kingdom bank account to the United Kingdom bank account notified by the Landlord to the Tenant.

3.8 The Tenant must not make any retention, deduction, set-off or counterclaim from any payment due under this Lease unless required to do so by law.

4. Tenant's Obligations

4.1 Rent

The Tenant must pay the Rent when due.

4.2 Outgoings

4.2.1 The Tenant must pay all Outgoings when demanded.

4.2.2 [If the Landlord loses the benefit of any rates relief or exemption after the End Date because the Tenant has received that benefit before the End Date, the Tenant must pay the Landlord on demand an amount equal to the relief or exemption that the Landlord has lost.]²⁶

4.3 Service Charge

The Tenant must pay the Service Charge in accordance with Part 4 of the Schedule.

4.4 VAT

²⁶ Consider whether this is appropriate in the context of the length of this Lease.

4.4.1 The Tenant must pay:

- (a) VAT on any consideration in respect of a VAT Supply to the Tenant by the Landlord at the same time as the consideration is paid; and
- (b) on demand VAT (and interest, penalties and costs where they are incurred because of anything the Tenant does or fails to do) charged in respect of any VAT Supply to the Landlord in respect of the Premises where that VAT is not recoverable by the Landlord from HM Revenue & Customs.

4.4.2 The Tenant must not do anything that would result in the disapplication of the option to tax in respect of the Landlord's interest in the Building.

4.5 **Interest on overdue payments**

The Tenant must pay interest on the Rent and on all other sums not paid on or by the due date (or, if no date is specified, not paid within 10 Business Days after the date of demand). Interest will be payable at the Interest Rate for the period starting on the due date (or date of demand) and ending on the date of payment.

4.6 **Reimburse costs incurred by the Landlord**

The Tenant must pay on demand the Landlord's costs (including legal and surveyor's charges and sheriff officer's fees) and disbursements in connection with:

- 4.6.1 any breach of the Tenant's obligations in this Lease, including the preparation and service of a formal notice under Clause 6.1;
- 4.6.2 any application by the Tenant for consent under this Lease, whether that application is withdrawn or consent is granted or lawfully refused, except in cases where the Landlord is required to act reasonably and the Landlord unreasonably refuses to give consent;
- 4.6.3 the preparation and service of any formal notice by the Landlord under Clause 4.13.3; and
- 4.6.4 the preparation and service of a schedule of dilapidations served no later than six months after the End Date.

4.7 **Third party indemnity²⁷**

4.7.1 The Tenant must indemnify the Landlord against all actions, claims, demands made by a third party, all costs, damages, expenses, charges and taxes payable to a third party and the Landlord's own liabilities, costs and expenses incurred in defending or settling any action, claim or demand in respect of any personal injury or death, damage to any property and any infringement of any right arising from:

- (a) the state and condition of the Premises or the Tenant's use of them;
- (b) the exercise of the Tenant's rights; or
- (c) the carrying out of any Permitted Works.

4.7.2 In respect of any claim covered by the indemnity in Clause 4.7.1, the Landlord must:

- (a) give formal notice to the Tenant of the claim as soon as reasonably practicable after receiving notice of it;

²⁷ The indemnity relates to third party claims. For Tenant breaches the Landlord needs to rely on the normal rules for an award of damages.

- (b) provide the Tenant with any information and assistance in relation to the claim that the Tenant may reasonably require, subject to the Tenant paying to the Landlord all costs incurred by the Landlord in providing that information or assistance; and
- (c) mitigate its loss (at the Tenant's cost) where it is reasonable for the Landlord to do so.

4.8 **Insurance**

The Tenant must comply with its obligations in Part 5 of the Schedule.

4.9 **Repair and decoration**

- 4.9.1 The Tenant accepts the Premises and the Common Parts in their condition at the Term Start Date as being in good and substantial condition and fit for the purpose let. All implied warranties as to fitness for purpose are excluded.
- 4.9.2 The Tenant must:
 - (a) keep the Premises [and any External Works] in good and substantial repair and condition and clean and tidy and as necessary renew, replace and rebuild the Premises [and any External Works] [but the Tenant's obligations under this clause will be restricted to keeping the Premises in no worse state of repair and condition than they were in at the [date of and] [Term Start Date] as evidenced by the Schedule of Condition]²⁸;
 - (b) keep all Conducting Media, plant, equipment or fixtures forming part of the Premises [(or that exclusively serve them)]²⁹ [and any External Works] properly maintained and in good working order in accordance with good industry practice and any requirements of the Landlord's insurers; and
 - (c) replace (where beyond economic repair) any Conducting Media and plant, equipment or fixtures forming part of the Premises [(or that exclusively serve them)]³⁰ [and any External Works] with items of equivalent or better quality.
- 4.9.3 The Tenant must promptly replace any damaged glass forming part of the Premises with glass of equivalent appearance and of the same or better quality.
- 4.9.4 The Tenant must decorate the Premises as and when necessary and in the final six months of the Term.
- 4.9.5 The obligations under this Clause 4.9 apply:
 - (a) to both ordinary and extraordinary repairs;
 - (b) regardless of the age or state of dilapidation of the Premises[and any External Works]; and
 - (c) regardless of the cause of damage, deterioration or destruction even if the cause is a latent or inherent defect.³¹
- 4.9.6 The obligations under this Clause 4.9 [(apart from Clause 4.9.3)] exclude:

²⁸ Include only where the Tenant's repairing obligation will be limited to keeping the Premises in the state of repair and condition current at the date this Lease is granted.

²⁹ The words in square brackets are required only where Conducting Media or plant, equipment or fixtures that exclusively serve the Premises are not included in the grant of lease to the Tenant.

³⁰ The words in square brackets are required only where Conducting Media or plant, equipment or fixtures that exclusively serve the Premises are not included in the grant of lease to the Tenant.

³¹ The drafting here departs from the MCL template in recognition of the usual expectation in the Scottish marketplace that in order to make a lease institutionally acceptable, the Tenant may have to assume contingent responsibility for extraordinary repairs.

- (a) damage by any Insured Risk, except to the extent that payment of any insurance money is refused because of anything the Tenant does or fails to do and the Tenant has not complied with paragraph 1.1.3 of Part 5 of the Schedule; and
- (b) damage by any Uninsured Risk.

4.10 Allow entry

- 4.10.1 The Tenant must allow the Landlord to enter and inspect the Premises.
- 4.10.2 If the Landlord requires the Tenant to remedy any breach of the Tenant's obligations regarding the state and condition of the Premises or to remove any unauthorised alterations then the Tenant must comply with those requirements immediately in the case of an emergency or, in all other cases, begin to comply with those requirements within one month after being notified of them and diligently complete any works required.
- 4.10.3 If the Tenant does not comply with Clause 4.10.2, the Landlord may enter the Premises and carry out any works required itself. The Tenant must repay, as a debt on demand, all the costs the Landlord incurs in so doing. The Landlord's rights under Clause 6.1 will be unaffected.

4.11 Alterations

- 4.11.1 The Tenant has no rights to carry out any alterations, works or installations to the Premises or outside the Premises unless it is expressly permitted to do so under this Clause 4.11.
- 4.11.2 The Tenant may, with the Landlord's consent, carry out works to the Premises to install, alter or remove the shop front.
- 4.11.3 [The Tenant may, with the Landlord's consent, create openings in the walls[, ceiling or floor slabs] of the Building bounding the Premises that do not form a party wall with another Lettable Unit and in the structural walls within the Premises for the passage of the Conducting Media that exclusively serve the Premises.]³²
- 4.11.4 [The Tenant may, with the Landlord's consent, carry out works outside the Premises:
 - (a) to install or erect Plant on the Plant Area [in a location and] of a size and design approved by the Landlord; and
 - (b) to install new Conducting Media within the Building along routes approved by the Landlord to connect the Premises to any Plant installed or erected by the Tenant under Clause 4.11.4(a).]
- 4.11.5 The Tenant may install, alter and remove tenant's fixtures³³ and carry out internal non-structural works to the Premises that will not have an adverse impact on the Environmental Performance of the Building or the Building Management Systems without the Landlord's consent, but the Tenant must notify the Landlord promptly after completing those works. To enable those works to be carried out, the Tenant may drill fixing holes into the floors, ceilings, columns or walls within or bounding the Premises.

³² On a letting of part consider whether it is appropriate to give the Tenant the right to make openings in the walls or the floor or ceiling slabs. One option may be to permit the Tenant to create openings only in internal structural walls. Opening in internal non-structural walls are permitted under the following provisions in this Clause 4.11.

³³ As tenant's fixtures form part of the Premises, their removal would be an alteration that would otherwise require consent. Consider whether there are any tenant's fixtures that should not be removed or be removed only with consent – for example industrial equipment.

- 4.11.6 The Tenant must comply with its obligations in Part 6 of the Schedule when carrying out or installing any Permitted Works, whether or not the Landlord's consent is required for them.³⁴
- 4.11.7 Where the Landlord's consent is expressly required under this Clause 4.11, the Landlord may impose requirements on the Tenant in addition to those contained in Part 6 of the Schedule when giving its consent.
- 4.11.8 [If the Landlord, in its absolute discretion, permits alterations, works or installations outside the Premises that are not permitted by this Lease, those alterations, works or installations will then be treated as External Works.]

4.12 **Signs and advertisements**

- 4.12.1 The Tenant must not display any signs or advertisements on the Premises other than:
 - (a) signs approved by the Landlord;
 - (b) normal trade signs displayed from within the Premises; or
 - (c) signage on the fascia of the Premises that indicates the Tenant's trading name in the style of and consistent with the Tenant's standard fascia signage.
- 4.12.2 The Tenant must maintain either the visibility of the shop interior from the shop front or a window display in keeping with good retailing practice.
- 4.12.3 The Tenant must keep the Premises adequately lit during [the usual trading hours for retail premises in the vicinity of the Premises] [such hours as the Landlord may stipulate].

4.13 **Obligations at the End Date**

- 4.13.1 By the End Date the Tenant must have removed:
 - (a) all tenant's and trade fixtures and loose contents from the Premises;
 - (b) all Electronic Communications Apparatus and apparatus relating to Wireless Data Services installed by the Tenant or any sub-tenant at the Premises;
 - (c) all signage installed by the Tenant or any sub-tenant at the Premises or elsewhere on the Building;
 - (d) subject to Clause 4.13.3, all Permitted Works; and
 - (e) without affecting any other Landlord's rights, any works that have been carried out by the Tenant in breach of any obligation in this Lease.
- 4.13.2 The Tenant must make good all damage to the Premises or the Building caused when complying with Clause 4.13.1 and restore them to the same configuration, state and condition as they were in before the items removed were originally installed.
- 4.13.3 If, no more than [nine] months and no less than [two] months before the End Date, the Tenant serves formal notice on the Landlord in the form set out in Part 7 of the Schedule the only Permitted Works that the Tenant must remove under Clause 4.13.1(d) will be:

³⁴ Part 6 of the Schedule is included in an attempt to speed up and reduce the cost of obtaining Landlord's consent. In most cases landlords will be able to consent by simple letter. Where Part 6 of the Schedule does not contain all the obligations the Landlord requires because of the specific nature of the intended works, Clause 4.11.7 allows the Landlord to impose additional obligations. That may still be done by simple letter – see paragraph 2.6 of Part 6 of the Schedule. Where works are to be taken into account on rent review or must definitely be removed at the end of this Lease, that should be documented separately at the time the Landlord gives consent.

- (a) those carried out before the date of the Tenant's notice that the Landlord requires to be removed by formal notice to the Tenant within [six] weeks of the Landlord receiving the Tenant's notice; and
- (b) those carried out after service of the Tenant's notice;

and any other Permitted Works need not be removed.³⁵

4.13.4 At the End Date the Tenant must:

- (a) give back the Premises (and the fixtures, plant and equipment in them) in good decorative order and in a state, condition and working order consistent with the Tenant's obligations in this Lease;³⁶
- (b) give back the Premises with vacant possession; and
- (c) hand to the Landlord any registers or records maintained by the Tenant pursuant to any statutory duty that relate to the Premises including any health and safety file, EPC and asbestos survey.

4.13.5 If the Tenant has not removed all of its property from the Premises by the End Date and the Landlord gives the Tenant not less than five Business Days' notice of its intention to do so:

- (a) the Landlord may dispose of that property as the agent of the Tenant;
- (b) the Tenant must indemnify the Landlord against any liability of the Landlord to any third party whose property has been disposed of in the genuine but mistaken belief that it belonged to the Tenant; and
- (c) the Landlord must pay to the Tenant the proceeds of the disposal after deducting the costs of transportation, storage and disposal incurred by the Landlord.

4.14 **User**³⁷

4.14.1 The Tenant must not use the Premises other than for the Permitted Use.³⁸

4.14.2 The Tenant must not use the Premises:

- (a) for any illegal activity;
- (b) as a betting office, an amusement arcade or in connection with gaming;
- (c) for any political or campaigning purposes or for any sale by auction;³⁹ or

³⁵ The Code for Leasing Business Premises (2007) says that a landlord must act reasonably in requiring the removal of authorised works. The Tenant gains certainty by asking the Landlord exactly what must be removed. The request makes it clear that, if the Landlord fails to respond, the Tenant is not obliged to remove any authorised works. Landlords will need to adopt management systems that ensure that they respond appropriately to all relevant Tenant requests. This mechanism upholds the principles of the Code for Leasing Business Premises (2007) and gives the Tenant more certainty about those alterations and additions to the Premises that must be removed before the end of the Term.

³⁶ If the Landlord will want the Tenant to hand back the Premises in a condition that is different to how the Tenant received them, you will need to attach a "reinstatement schedule" setting out the state of repair and condition in which the Premises should be returned at the end of the Term. This may be required, for example, where the Tenant received the Premises in a shell and core condition, but the Landlord will not want the Premises stripped out back to shell and core at the end of the Term.

³⁷ There is no obligation on the Landlord to grant the Tenant exclusive use rights.

³⁸ Note there is no keep open clause.

³⁹ Consider whether any additional restrictions on use should be included in this Lease.

- (d) for the sale of alcohol for consumption [on or off] the Premises or for the preparation or cooking of food other than, in either case, in connection with staff[and customer] catering facilities ancillary to the Permitted Use.

4.14.3 The Tenant must not:

- (a) keep in the Premises any plant, machinery or equipment (except that properly required for the Permitted Use) or any petrol or other explosive or specially flammable substance[(other than petrol in the tanks of vehicles parked in any parking spaces within the Premises)];
- (b) cause any nuisance or damage to the Landlord or the other tenants or occupiers of the Building or to the owners, tenants or occupiers of any adjoining premises;
- (c) overload any part of the Premises or the Building or any plant, machinery, equipment or Conducting Media;
- (d) do anything that blocks the Conducting Media or makes them function less efficiently including any blockage to or corrosion of any drains, pipes or sewers by virtue of any waste, grease or refuse deposited by the Tenant or any cleaning of them carried out by the Tenant; or
- (e) operate any apparatus so as to interfere with the lawful use of Electronic Communications Apparatus or the provision of Wireless Data Services elsewhere in the Building or on any adjoining premises.

4.14.4 The Landlord does not warrant that the Permitted Use is, will be, or will remain lawfully permitted under the Planning Acts or the title deeds. The Tenant remains bound by the Tenant's obligations under this Lease even if the use is not lawfully permitted under the Planning Acts.

4.14.5 [The Tenant must comply with any Wireless Policy.]⁴⁰

4.14.6 The Tenant must not install or use Electronic Communications Apparatus or apparatus relating to Wireless Data Services within the Premises unless solely for use in connection with the lawful occupier's business at the Premises[. Landlord's consent must be obtained prior to installation].

4.14.7 When exercising any right granted to it for entry to any other part of the Building the Tenant must:

- (a) cause as little damage and interference as is reasonably practicable to the remainder of the Building and the business of its tenants and occupiers and make good any physical damage caused; and
- (b) comply with the Landlord's requirements and those of any other tenants and occupiers of the Building who are affected.

4.14.8 [On each day that the Premises are open for trade, the Tenant must arrange the regular collection of any of the Tenant's customer trolleys that have been left outside the Premises]⁴¹

4.14.9 The Tenant must provide the Landlord with the names, addresses and telephone numbers of not fewer than two people who from time to time hold keys and any security access codes to the Premises and who may be contacted in an emergency if the Landlord needs access to the Premises outside the Tenant's normal business hours.

⁴⁰ Consider whether the Tenant should comply with any Wireless Policy and whether you need to include more specific controls on the siting of wireless access points and the wireless channels that each tenant can use.

⁴¹ Landlord's requirements in relation to trolley collection will vary.

4.14.10 [The Tenant must not use any parking spaces in respect of which the Tenant is granted rights under paragraph 7 of Part 1 of the Schedule:

- (a) except for the parking of vehicles belonging to persons working at the Premises or any authorised visitors to the Premises; or
- (b) for the repair, refuelling or maintenance of any vehicles.]

4.15 **Dealings with the Premises⁴²**

4.15.1 The Tenant must not assign, sub-let, charge, hold on trust, part with or share possession or occupation of the Premises in whole or in part, except as authorised under this Clause 4.15[or Part 9 of the Schedule].

4.15.2 [The Tenant must not assign the Tenant's right to the whole of the Premises[or sub-let the Tenant's right to the Premises in whole or in part] during the first three years of the Term.]

4.15.3 The Tenant may, with the Landlord's consent, assign the Tenant's right to the whole of the Premises to a prospective tenant which is of sound financial standing and demonstrably capable of fulfilling the Tenant's obligations under this Lease⁴³, except that:

- (a) the Landlord may refuse consent to assign if the Tenant has not paid in full the Rent and all other sums due to the Landlord under this Lease that are not the subject of a legitimate dispute about their payment;
- (b) the Landlord may refuse consent to assign in any other circumstances where it is reasonable to do so; and
- (c) the Landlord may require any other condition to the Landlord's consent if it is reasonable to do so.

4.15.4 [The provisions of Part 9 of the Schedule apply to sub-lettings of the Premises and the Tenant must comply with its obligations in that Part of the Schedule.]

4.15.5 The Tenant may charge the Tenant's right to the whole of the Premises to a genuine lending institution without the Landlord's consent but the Tenant must notify the Landlord under Clause 4.16 of any charge created.

4.15.6 In addition to the provisions of this Clause 4.15, the Tenant may share occupation of the Premises with a Group Company of the Tenant[, a Service Provider] or concessionaire on condition that:

- (a) the Tenant notifies the Landlord of the identity of the occupier and the part of the Premises to be occupied;
- (b) no relationship of landlord and tenant is created or is allowed to arise [and the Premises retain the appearance of a retail unit in single occupation];
- (c) the sharing of occupation ends if the occupier is no longer a Group Company of the Tenant[, a Service Provider] or a concessionaire; [and]
- (d) the Tenant notifies the Landlord promptly when the occupation ends[; and]
- (e) at any time concessionaires occupy no more than [*Insert percentage*]% of the sales area of the Premises in aggregate]⁴⁴.

⁴² There is no offer back provision in this Lease.

⁴³ If such criteria are not satisfied the Landlord may seek a suitable guarantee of the Tenant's lease obligations and/or a rent deposit – in which context please refer to the latest applicable form published by the PSG.

⁴⁴ Consider whether any other restrictions on the number of concessionaries or the areas that they can occupy are required.

4.16 **Registration of dealings**

The Tenant must provide the Landlord with an extract or certified copy (as appropriate) of every document transferring or granting any right to the Premises within two weeks after the transfer or grant of that right.⁴⁵

4.17 **Marketing**

4.17.1 The Tenant must, during the six months before the End Date, allow the Landlord to:

- (a) place on the Premises (but not obstructing the shop window display) a notice for their disposal; and
- (b) show the Premises at reasonable times in the day to potential tenants (who must be accompanied by the Landlord or its agents).

4.17.2 The Tenant must allow the Landlord at reasonable times in the day to show the Premises to potential purchasers of the Building (who must be accompanied by the Landlord or its agents).

4.18 **Notifying the Landlord of notices or claims**

The Tenant must notify the Landlord as soon as reasonably practicable after the Tenant receives or becomes aware of any notice or claim affecting the Premises.⁴⁶

4.19 **Comply with Acts**

- 4.19.1 The Tenant must do everything required under and must not breach any Act in respect of the Premises and their use and occupation and the exercise of the rights granted to the Tenant under this Lease.
- 4.19.2 The Tenant must not do or fail to do anything in respect of the Premises or the Building or their use and occupation the effect of which could make the Landlord liable to pay any penalty, damages, compensation, costs or charges under any Act.
- 4.19.3 The Tenant must promptly notify the Landlord of any defect or disrepair in the Premises that may make the Landlord liable under any Act or under this Lease.

4.20 **Planning Acts**

- 4.20.1 The Tenant must comply with the requirements of the Planning Acts and with all Planning Permissions relating to or affecting the Premises or anything done or to be done on them.
- 4.20.2 The Tenant must not apply for any Planning Permission except where any approval or consent required under any other provisions in this Lease for development or change of use has already been given and the Landlord has approved the terms of the application for Planning Permission.
- 4.20.3 The Tenant may only implement a Planning Permission that the Landlord has approved.

4.21 **Encroachments and Servitudes**

The Tenant must not allow any rights or servitudes to be acquired over the Premises. If an encroachment may result in the acquisition of a right or servitude:

- 4.21.1 the Tenant must notify the Landlord; and

⁴⁵ The lack of a registration fee is deliberate.

⁴⁶ The lack of an obligation on the Tenant to act on the Landlord's requirements following the service of a formal notice is deliberate.

4.21.2 the Tenant must help the Landlord in any way that the Landlord requests to prevent that acquisition so long as the Landlord meets the Tenant's costs and it is not adverse to the Tenant's business interests to do so.

4.22 Management of the Building

4.22.1 The Tenant must not load or unload vehicles except on the parts of the Building that it is permitted to use for that purpose by paragraph 2 of Part 1 of the Schedule.

4.22.2 The Tenant must not park vehicles in the Common Parts[except in any areas that it is permitted to use for that purpose by paragraph 7 of Part 1 of the Schedule].

4.22.3 The Tenant must not obstruct the Common Parts in any way or leave any goods on them.

4.22.4 The Tenant must not deposit rubbish anywhere on the Building except in skips or bins provided for that purpose.

4.22.5 The Tenant must not use the Common Parts other than for the purposes designated under Clause 5.8.

4.22.6 The Tenant must comply with all regulations notified to it or contained within any relevant tenant guide or handbook for the Building published by the Landlord from time to time. No regulations may impose obligations on the Tenant that are inconsistent with the Tenant's rights and obligations under this Lease.

4.23 Title Conditions

The Tenant must:

4.23.1 comply with any title conditions (which includes servitudes) relating to the Building[or any larger development of which the Building forms part];

4.23.2 do nothing which would cause the Landlord to be in breach of such title conditions; and

4.23.3 not exercise any right which the Tenant may have to enforce any title condition relating to the Premises against a third party without the Landlord's consent.

4.24 [Turnover information]

The Tenant must supply to the Landlord on a monthly basis (to enable the Landlord to monitor sales at and the performance of the Premises) details of daily gross turnover by means of the link provided by the Landlord (whether email, computer, telephone or any other method required by the Landlord).]⁴⁷

4.25 Applications for consent or approval

Where the Tenant makes any application to the Landlord for consent or approval under this Lease, the Tenant must provide to the Landlord all the information the Landlord requires to enable the Landlord to consider the application.

4.26 Data Sharing

The Tenant must, if required by the Landlord, provide the Landlord on a [quarterly] [annual] basis, all data relative to the Environmental Performance of the Premises that the Tenant holds, such data to be delivered:

⁴⁷ This clause should be included only if it is a specific requirement of the Landlord to monitor turnover in respect of the Premises. Clause 5.7 of the Landlord's obligations includes an obligation on the Landlord to keep the figures provided confidential and to stress the confidential nature of the information when providing it to permitted third parties.

- 4.26.1 in a form which provides meaningful and useful information; and
- 4.26.2 using an industry accepted methodology, agreed by the Landlord and the Tenant (each being bound to act reasonably), to ensure consistency of the data.

The Landlord undertakes to keep any such disclosed data confidential and only to use it to comply with any Legal Requirement.

5. **Landlord's Obligations**

5.1 **Warrantice**

Subject to the other provisions in this Lease, the Landlord grants warrantice.

5.2 **Insurance**

The Landlord must comply with the Landlord's obligations in Part 5 of the Schedule.

5.3 **Services**

The Landlord must comply with its obligations in Part 4 of the Schedule.

5.4 **Repayment of rent**

- 5.4.1 The Landlord must refund any Rent and Insurance Costs paid in advance by the Tenant in relation to the period falling after the End Date within [10] Business Days after the End Date.⁴⁸
- 5.4.2 Clause 5.4.1 will not apply if the Landlord ends this Lease under Clause 6.1 or if this Lease is disclaimed by the Crown or by a liquidator or trustee in bankruptcy of the Tenant.⁴⁹

5.5 **Entry Safeguards**

The Landlord must, when entering the Premises to exercise any Landlord's rights:

- 5.5.1 give the Tenant at least [three] Business Days' prior notice (except in the case of emergency, when the Landlord must give as much notice as may be reasonably practicable);
- 5.5.2 observe the Tenant's requirements (but where that includes being accompanied by the Tenant's representative the Tenant must make that representative available);
- 5.5.3 observe any specific conditions to the Landlord's entry set out in this Lease;
- 5.5.4 cause as little interference to the Tenant's business as reasonably practicable;
- 5.5.5 cause as little physical damage as reasonably practicable;
- 5.5.6 repair any physical damage that the Landlord causes as soon as reasonably practicable;
- 5.5.7 where entering to carry out works, obtain the Tenant's approval to the location, method of working and any other material matters relating to the preparation for, and execution of, the works;
- 5.5.8 remain on the Premises for no longer than is necessary; and

⁴⁸ Note that Service Charge repayments will be dealt with at the end of the relevant Service Charge Year in accordance with the provisions in Part 4 of the Schedule.

⁴⁹ If this Lease comes to an end due to the Tenant's default, the Landlord will be able to retain any rents paid in advance to meet any outstanding liabilities of the Tenant at the End Date.

5.5.9 where reasonably practicable, exercise any rights outside the normal business hours of the Premises.

5.6 **Scaffolding**

5.6.1 The Landlord must ensure that in relation to any scaffolding erected outside the Premises in exercise of the Landlord's rights under this Lease:

- (a) it is not erected or retained (unless in an emergency) during the months of January, November and December or during the one week period either side of Easter Sunday, in each year;
- (b) it is removed as soon as reasonably practicable, with any damage caused to the exterior of the Premises made good;
- (c) it causes as little obstruction as is reasonably practicable to the entrance to the Premises; and
- (d) it does not have advertising displayed on it (except for any health and safety notices and signs relating to any other tenant whose premises are obstructed or interfered with by the scaffolding) unless the Tenant has consented to its display.

5.6.2 If the Tenant's sign and fascia or display window is obstructed or interfered with by the scaffolding, the Landlord will permit the Tenant to display a sign (approved by the Landlord) on the exterior of the scaffolding in front of the Premises so that it is visible to the public.

5.7 **[Turnover Information]**

5.7.1 The Landlord will only use any information provided to the Landlord under Clause 4.24 for management purposes in connection with the monitoring and assessment of sales at and the performance of the Building. The Landlord may disclose it to the following people on the terms of Clause 5.7.2:

- (a) the Landlord's advisors and funders;
- (b) any party (and their advisors and funders) interested in acquiring the Landlord's interest in the Building;
- (c) where required by law; and
- (d) where required by the rules of any listing authority.

5.7.2 Where the Landlord is allowed to disclose the information to someone else under this Clause 5.7, the Landlord will stress its confidential nature.]

5.8 **Designation of the Common Parts and use of rights**

5.8.1 The Common Parts designated by the Landlord for the Tenant's use under Part 1 of the Schedule must include those Common Parts that are reasonably and properly required for the use and enjoyment of the Premises for their intended use.

5.8.2 If the Landlord does not designate specific Common Parts for the Tenant's use, the Tenant will be entitled to use all Common Parts required for the reasonable and proper enjoyment of the Premises for their intended use but the Tenant will not have the right to use any Common Parts used solely by the Landlord for the provision of the Services.

5.8.3 [Any service risers allocated by the Landlord for the Tenant's use under paragraph 1.2 of Part 1 of the Schedule must take into account the location of the Premises and the requirements of the Tenant. The Landlord may vary the allocation of the service risers

taking into account its own requirements, the requirements of other tenants and occupiers of the Building for the use of the service risers and the location of the tenants' facilities requiring use of the service risers. Clause 5.9 will apply if any relocation of the External Works is required following a reallocation of the service risers.⁵⁰

5.8.4 [The Landlord may, by giving formal notice to the Tenant, vary the extent or location of the Plant Area taking into account its own requirements and the requirements of other tenants and occupiers of the Building. Where reasonably possible, areas will be separate for each tenant and the Landlord will take into account any riser allocation strategy and the location of the tenants' facilities requiring connection to the Plant Area. Clause 5.9 will apply if any relocation of the External Works is required following a variation in the location of the Plant Area.]⁵¹

5.9 **[Relocation of External Works]**

5.9.1 The Landlord may require the Tenant to relocate any External Works on not less than one month's formal notice to the Tenant.

5.9.2 The Landlord may not require the permanent relocation of the External Works if that relocation would have a material adverse impact on the Tenant's business at the Premises.

5.9.3 If the Landlord requires temporary relocation of the External Works, the Landlord must keep the period of relocation as short as reasonably practicable in the circumstances.

5.9.4 The Tenant must comply with the Landlord's requirements to relocate the External Works.

5.9.5 The Landlord will pay the Tenant's costs and expenses in complying with the Landlord's requirements to relocate the External Works unless their relocation is required only temporarily to enable the Landlord to carry out any of the Services, in which case the costs will be included in the Service Costs.⁵²

6. **Provisos**

6.1 **Landlord's right to end this Lease (irritancy)**

6.1.1 **Monetary Breach**

(a) If a Monetary Breach occurs the Landlord must not terminate this Lease without first giving formal notice to the Tenant and to each Creditor:

- (i) requiring payment of the outstanding sum within the period of 14 days immediately following the date of service of the formal notice;⁵³ and
- (ii) stating that failure to pay within that period may result in this Lease being terminated.

(b) If neither the Tenant nor any Creditor complies with a formal notice given under Clause 6.1.1(a) the Landlord may, at any time afterwards:

- (i) terminate this Lease with immediate effect by formal notice to the Tenant; and

⁵⁰ Include this wording only where the Tenant will be given specific rights to use service risers in the Building to install new Conducting Media.

⁵¹ Include this wording only where the Tenant has the right to install Plant in any Plant Area.

⁵² This clause is required only where the roof space is excluded from the Premises but the Tenant will be granted rights to use that roof space to install Plant or the Tenant will be granted a right to install Plant in a Plant Area outside the Premises.

⁵³ This is the period specified in the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1985.

- (ii) enter, repossess and enjoy the Premises as if this Lease had not been granted.

6.1.2 **Non-Monetary Breach**

- (a) If there is a Non-Monetary Breach which is capable of being remedied the Landlord must not terminate this Lease without first giving formal notice to the Tenant and to each Creditor specifying the Non-Monetary Breach on which the Landlord is seeking to rely and specifying a date by which that Non-Monetary Breach must be remedied stating that failure to remedy the breach by that date may result in this Lease being terminated.
- (b) For the purposes of Clause 6.1.2(a):
 - (i) the date specified in any formal notice for remedy of a Non-Monetary Breach; and
 - (ii) any measure to be taken by the Tenant specified in any formal notice,
 will be reasonable having regard to the nature and circumstances giving rise to the Non-Monetary Breach, the practicability of remedying it and the respective interests at that time of the Landlord, the Tenant and any Creditor under this Lease.
- (c) If neither the Tenant nor any Creditor complies with a formal notice given under Clause 6.1.2(a) or if there is a Non-Monetary Breach which is not capable of being remedied the Landlord may:
 - (i) terminate this Lease with immediate effect by formal notice to the Tenant; and
 - (ii) enter, repossess and enjoy the Premises as if this Lease had not been granted.

6.1.3 **Insolvency**

- (a) If the Tenant or any guarantor of the Tenant:
 - (i) (in the case of a company) goes into liquidation (either voluntary or compulsory other than a voluntary liquidation of a solvent company for the purpose of amalgamation or reconstruction) or if a receiver or an administrator is appointed; or
 - (ii) makes an application to be declared insolvent or becomes apparently insolvent; or
 - (iii) makes any arrangement with creditors; or
 - (iv) (in the case of a company) is struck off the register of companies or is dissolved; or
 - (v) (in the case of an individual) has been sequestrated, enters into an individual voluntary arrangement or signs a trust deed for creditors;
 the Landlord may (subject to the terms of the Enterprise Act 2002) terminate this Lease with immediate effect by formal notice to the Tenant and enter, repossess and enjoy the Premises as if this Lease had not been granted.
- (b) If, prior to this Lease being terminated in accordance with Clause 6.1.3(a), the Insolvency Practitioner or Creditor delivers a validly executed personal

undertaking (in a form acceptable to the Landlord) to accept personal liability for the payment of the Rent (whether due for the period before or after the Insolvency Date) and for the performance of all of the other obligations of the Tenant under this Lease from the Insolvency Date until the earlier of:

- (i) the date of the permitted disposal of the Tenant's interest under this Lease;
- (ii) the expiry of a [six] month period from the Insolvency Date; and
- (iii) the End Date;

then the Landlord will not exercise its right in Clause 6.1.3(a) until the expiry of the period of [six] months from the Insolvency Date.

- (c) If the Insolvency Practitioner or Creditor delivers to the Landlord a validly executed personal undertaking as specified in Clause 6.1.3(b), the Landlord will deal with any request for consent to assign this Lease made by the Insolvency Practitioner or Creditor in the same manner mutatis mutandis as if the request had been made by the Tenant.

6.1.4 **Preservation of Other Claims and Remedies**

- (a) The Landlord's rights under this Clause 6.1 are in addition, and without prejudice, to any other claims and remedies available to the Landlord.
- (b) The termination of this Lease under the terms of Clauses 6.1.1, 6.1.2 or 6.1.3 will not prejudice any claim or remedy of the Landlord in respect of any previous breach of the Tenant's obligations under this Lease.

6.2 **Rei Interitus**

Except to the extent expressly provided in this Lease, and notwithstanding any rule of law to the contrary, this Lease will not end by reason of any damage to or destruction of the Premises or the Building but will remain in full force and effect.

6.3 **No acquisition of servitudes or rights**

- 6.3.1 Unless they are expressly included in Part 1 of the Schedule, the grant of this Lease does not include any liberties, privileges, servitudes, rights or advantages over the Building or any adjoining premises.
- 6.3.2 The Tenant has no rights that would restrict building or carrying out of works to the Building or any adjoining premises, other than any that the Landlord specifically grants the Tenant in this Lease.
- 6.3.3 The Tenant must not do or omit to do anything that would or might result in the loss of any right enjoyed by the Premises or the Building.
- 6.3.4 The Tenant has no rights to enforce, release or modify or to prevent the enforcement, release or modification of the benefit of any obligations, rights or conditions to which any other property within the Building or any adjoining premises is or are subject.

6.4 **Works to adjoining premises**

If the Landlord carries out [(a)] works of construction, demolition, alteration or redevelopment [or (b) any Recommended Improvement Measures] on the Building or any adjoining premises that might affect the use and enjoyment of the Premises, it must:

- 6.4.1 give the Tenant details of the works to be carried out;
- 6.4.2 consult with the Tenant as to the management of potential interference;

- 6.4.3 take reasonable steps to ensure that the works do not materially adversely affect the Tenant's ability to trade from the Premises;
- 6.4.4 take into consideration modern standards of construction and workmanship;
- 6.4.5 take reasonable steps to reduce any interference to the Premises by noise, dust and vibration (having taken into consideration the Tenant's suggestions for limiting any interference); and
- 6.4.6 make good any physical damage to the Premises or its contents.

6.5 Service of formal notices

- 6.5.1 Any formal notice (including a notice to quit) must be in writing and sent by pre-paid first class post or special delivery to or otherwise delivered to or left at the address of the recipient under Clause 6.5.2 or to any other address in the United Kingdom that the recipient has specified as its address for service by giving not less than 10 Business Days' formal notice under this Clause 6.5.
- 6.5.2 A formal notice served on:
 - (a) a company or limited liability partnership registered in the United Kingdom must be served at its registered office;
 - (b) a person resident in or incorporated in a country outside the United Kingdom must be served at the address for service in the United Kingdom of that party set out in the deed or document to which they are a party or if no such address has been given at their last known address in the United Kingdom[. The following [are the addresses] [is the address] for service in the United Kingdom⁵⁴ for:
 - (i) *[Insert name of Landlord]* – *[Insert address]*; and
 - (ii) *[Insert name of Tenant]* – *[Insert address]*; and
 - (c) anyone else must be served:
 - (i) in the case of the Landlord, at any postal address in the United Kingdom shown from time to time for the registered proprietor or if no such address is given, at its last known address in the United Kingdom;
 - (ii) in the case of the Tenant, at the Premises; and
 - (iii) in respect of any other party, at their last known address in the United Kingdom.
- 6.5.3 A formal notice given will be treated as served on the second Business Day after the date of posting if sent by pre-paid first class post or special delivery or at the time the formal notice is delivered to or left at the recipient's address if delivered to or left at that address.
- 6.5.4 If a formal notice is treated as served on a day that is not a Business Day or after 5.00pm on a Business Day it will be treated as served at 9.00am on the immediately following Business Day.
- 6.5.5 Service of a formal notice by fax or e-mail is not a valid form of service under this Lease.

⁵⁴ If any of the original parties to this Lease are non-UK parties, include an address for service in the United Kingdom for that party here.

6.6 Contract (Third Party Rights) (Scotland) Act 2017

This Lease does not create any rights in favour of third parties under the Contract (Third Party Rights) (Scotland) Act 2017 to enforce or otherwise invoke any provision of this Lease.

6.7 Energy Performance⁵⁵

- 6.7.1 The Tenant must not obtain or commission an EPC in respect of the Premises unless required to do so by the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008. If the Tenant is required to obtain an EPC, the Tenant must (at the Landlord's option) obtain an EPC from an assessor approved by the Landlord or pay the Landlord's costs of obtaining an EPC for the Premises.
- 6.7.2 The Tenant must not obtain or commission an Action Plan in respect of the Premises.
- 6.7.3 The Tenant must cooperate with the Landlord, so far as is necessary, to allow the Landlord to obtain any EPC or Action Plan for the Premises or the Building and:
 - (a) provide the Landlord (at the Landlord's cost) with copies of any plans or other information held by the Tenant that would assist in obtaining that EPC or Action Plan; and
 - (b) allow such access to the Premises to any energy assessor appointed by the Landlord as is necessary to inspect the Premises for the purposes of preparing any EPC or Action Plan.
- 6.7.4 The Tenant must give the Landlord written details on request of the unique reference number of any EPC the Tenant obtains or commissions in respect of the Premises.
- 6.7.5 The Landlord must give the Tenant written details on request of the unique reference number of any EPC the Landlord obtains or commissions in respect of the Premises or the Building.

6.8 [Sustainability]

The Landlord and Tenant must comply with the provisions of Part 8 of the Schedule.]⁵⁶

7. [Break Clause]

- 7.1 [The Tenant may terminate this Lease on [any] [the] Break Date by giving the Landlord formal notice of not less than [Insert length] months [specifying the Break Date]⁵⁷ following which the Term will end on that Break Date[if:⁵⁸
 - 7.1.1 on the Break Date the Rent due up to and including that Break Date and any VAT payable on it has been paid in full; [and]
 - 7.1.2 on the Break Date the whole of the Premises are given back to the Landlord[free of the Tenant's occupation and the occupation of any other lawful occupier and without any continuing sub-leases]⁵⁹[; and

⁵⁵ The Assessment of Energy Performance of Non-Domestic Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2016 apply to buildings or building units over 1000m² which do not meet 2002 or later building standards. Ultimate responsibility for compliance with the regulations rests with the building owner, although carrying out the measures or improvement works identified in an action plan can be delegated to a third party e.g. a tenant. The drafting throughout this Lease envisages the Landlord carrying out any necessary works but recovering associated costs via the Service Charge from the Tenant.

⁵⁶ See FN55 above. As a consequence of the Assessment of Energy Performance of Non-Domestic Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2016, the importance and necessity to include Part 8 of the Schedule ("Sustainability") has increased.

⁵⁷ This wording is not required if the Tenant can end this Lease only on a single specified date.

⁵⁸ The conditions in this break clause are consistent with the Code for Leasing Business Premises (2007).

⁵⁹ This wording is intended to ensure that the Tenant has given physical possession (ie removed itself and all of its fittings, furniture and equipment from the Premises) and that there are no subsisting occupation rights. However, the wording, in Scotland, may also be considered to include legal (vacant) possession where if the Tenant has not completely removed everything from the Premises by the Break Date (eg left behind some internal partitioning or furniture), it may lose its right to terminate the lease on the Break Date (Riverside Park Ltd v NHS Property Services Limited [2016] EWHC 1313 (Ch)). The Code for Leasing Business Premises in England & Wales published in March 2007 recommends that "The only

7.1.3 the Tenant has, on or before the Break Date, paid to the Landlord an amount equal to [Insert figure/proportion of the Rent] (plus any VAT payable on that amount)].

7.2 The Landlord may waive any of the pre-conditions in [Clauses 7.1.1 to 7.1.3] at any time before the [relevant] Break Date by notifying the Tenant.

7.3 [If the Tenant gives formal notice to the Landlord under Clause 7.1, the Tenant must on or before the Break Date make the payment to the Landlord as detailed in Clause 7.1.3.]

7.4 [The break right in this Clause 7 is personal to the Tenant (here meaning [] Limited (Registered Number [])) and will end on the effective date of any permitted assignation of this Lease or on the date when the said [] Limited ceases to exist.]

7.5 If this Lease ends under this Clause 7, this will not affect the rights of any party for any prior breach of an obligation in this Lease.⁶⁰

7.6 Time is of the essence for the purposes of this Clause 7.]

8. **Jurisdiction**

8.1 This Lease and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it will be governed by the law of Scotland.

8.2 Subject to Clause 8.3 and any provisions in this Lease requiring a dispute to be settled by an expert or by arbitration, the courts of Scotland have exclusive jurisdiction to decide any dispute arising out of or in connection with this Lease, including in relation to any non-contractual obligations.

8.3 Any party may seek to enforce an order of the courts of Scotland arising out of or in connection with this Lease, including in relation to any non-contractual obligations, in any court of competent jurisdiction.

9. **Consent to Registration**

The Landlord and the Tenant consent to registration of this Lease for preservation and execution: IN WITNESS WHEREOF this Lease consisting of this and the preceding [] pages together with the Schedule of [10] Parts and the Plans annexed and subscribed as relative to this Lease are subscribed as follows:

pre-conditions to tenants exercising any break clauses should be that they are up to date with the main rent, give up occupation and leave behind no continuing subleases. Disputes about the state of the premises, or what has been left behind or removed, should be settled later (like with normal lease expiry)". The Tenant may, therefore, want to consider deleting this wording so that there can be no doubt that the right to break is preserved, leaving the Landlord with the usual remedies against the Tenant in the event that the Tenant has not given full legal and physical possession to the Landlord on the Break Date.

⁶⁰ The obligation to repay any rent relating to the period after the Break Date is in Clause 5.4.

This is the Schedule referred to in the foregoing lease between [] and []

Schedule

Part 1 Tenant's Rights⁶¹

[Except in the case of exclusive rights granted to the Tenant, the] [The] following rights are granted to the Tenant in common with the Landlord, any person authorised by the Landlord and all other tenants and occupiers of the Building but subject to the Landlord's rights:

1. Running of services

- 1.1 To connect to and use the existing Conducting Media at the Building intended to serve the Premises for the passage of Supplies from and to the Premises.
- 1.2 [To use a fair proportion of the riser space allocated to tenants for their use within the Building that the Landlord has designated for the purpose of installing and running new Conducting Media exclusively serving the Premises.]⁶²

2. Access and servicing

- 2.1 Access to and from the Premises on foot only over the Common Parts designated by the Landlord for the Tenant's use.
- 2.2 Subject to Clause 4.22 to use each of the following within the Common Parts designated by the Landlord for the Tenant's use:
 - 2.2.1 any service area for loading and unloading and otherwise servicing the Premises; [and]
 - 2.2.2 [the service roads with or without vehicles to come and go to and from any service area specified in paragraph 2.2.1 of this Part of the Schedule; and]
 - 2.2.3 the service corridors and any goods lifts with or without trolleys to come and go between the Premises and any service area specified in paragraph 2.2.1 of this Part of the Schedule.

3. Refuse disposal

To deposit rubbish in any receptacles or waste compactors within the Common Parts provided by the Landlord for that purpose and designated by the Landlord for the use of the Tenant.

4. Entry onto the Common Parts⁶³

If the relevant work cannot otherwise be reasonably carried out, to enter the Common Parts to comply with the Tenant's obligations in this Lease. When exercising this right, the Tenant must:

- 4.1 give the Landlord at least [three] Business Days' prior notice (except in the case of emergency, when the Tenant must give as much notice as may be reasonably practicable);
- 4.2 observe the Landlord's requirements (but where that includes being accompanied by the Landlord's representative the Landlord must make that representative available);
- 4.3 cause as little interference to the operation and use of the Building as reasonably practicable;
- 4.4 cause as little physical damage as is reasonably practicable;

⁶¹ Appropriate rights will be property specific in each case.

⁶² Include this right only where the Tenant will have a specific requirement to install new Conducting Media to serve the Premises.

⁶³ Where the Tenant occupies a ground floor retail unit in a Building, consider the extent to which the Tenant requires the right to use Common Parts within the Building.

- 4.5 repair any physical damage that the Tenant causes as soon as reasonably practicable;
- 4.6 where entering to carry out works, obtain the Landlord's approval to the location, method of working and any other material matters relating to the preparation for, and execution of, the works;
- 4.7 remain on the Common Parts for no longer than is reasonably necessary; and
- 4.8 where practicable, exercise this right outside the normal business hours of the Building.

5. **[Plant Area]**

Subject to the Tenant complying with Clauses 4.11 and 5.9, to install Plant on the Plant Area with connections to the Premises, each approved by the Landlord in accordance with Clause 4.11.4.]⁶⁴

6. **Support and shelter**

Support and shelter for the Premises from the Building.

7. **[Staff parking]⁶⁵**

Option 1: Non-designated spaces for parking

To use, on a first come first served basis, [those areas of the car parks designated by the Landlord] [those areas shown coloured [Insert colour] on [the Plans] [Plan [Insert number]]] (or any other area within or adjoining the Building notified by the Landlord to the Tenant at any time) for the parking of vehicles belonging to persons working at or authorised visitors to the Premises.

OR

Option 2: Designated spaces for parking subject to a right to move those spaces

- 7.1 To use those areas shown coloured [Insert colour] on [the Plans] [Plan [Insert number]] (or an equivalent number of parking spaces in any location or locations within or adjoining the Building notified by the Landlord to the Tenant at any time) for the parking of [Insert number] vehicles belonging to persons working at or authorised visitors to the Premises.
- 7.2 [To use, on a first come first served basis, any cycle racks within the Building to park bicycles.]

8. **[Toilet facilities]**

To use any toilet facilities within the Common Parts designated by the Landlord as facilities for the use of the Tenant.]

9. **[Storage area]**

To use the storage area shown coloured [Insert colour] on [the Plans] [Plan [Insert number]] (or any other [reasonably equivalent] area within the Building notified by the Landlord to the Tenant) for the storage of [Insert details].]⁶⁶

10. **[Escape]**

On foot only, in emergencies and for fire escape drills, to use all fire escape routes in the Building designated by the Landlord for the use of the Tenant whether or not forming part of the Common Parts.]

⁶⁴ This definition is required only where the roof space is excluded from the Premises but the Tenant will be granted rights to use that roof space to install Plant or the Tenant will be granted a right to install Plant in a Plant Area outside the Premises.

⁶⁵ Consider the Landlord's policy on staff parking within the Building.

⁶⁶ If the Landlord grants the Tenant this right, the Landlord should consider whether there are any specific restrictions on the use of the right that should be included in this Lease.

Part 2
Landlord's Reserved Rights

The following rights are excepted and reserved to the Landlord:

1. Support, shelter, light and air

- 1.1 Support and shelter for the remainder of the Building from the Premises.
- 1.2 All rights of light or air to the Premises that now exist or that might (but for this reservation) be acquired over any other land.

2. Running of services

The passage and running of Supplies from and to the remainder of the Building through existing Conducting Media (if any) within the Premises.

3. Entry on to the Premises⁶⁷

- 3.1 To enter the Premises to:

- 3.1.1 review or measure the Environmental Performance of the Premises including to install, inspect, clean, maintain, replace and to take readings from metering equipment, heat cost allocators and thermostatic radiator valves within or relating to the Premises and to prepare and display an EPC, Action Plan or Display Energy Certificate; and
- 3.1.2 estimate the current value or rebuilding cost of the Premises and the Building for insurance or any other purpose.

- 3.2 If the relevant work cannot be reasonably carried out without entry onto the Premises, to enter them to:

- 3.2.1 build on or into any boundary or party walls on or adjacent to the Premises;
- 3.2.2 inspect, repair, alter, decorate, rebuild or carry out other works on the Building;
- 3.2.3 inspect, clean, maintain, replace or repair any existing Conducting Media within the Premises but serving the Building;
- 3.2.4 carry out any Services; or
- 3.2.5 for any other reasonable management purpose.

- 3.3 To enter the Premises to carry out or implement any Recommended Improvement Measures, Operational Rating Measures or any other works or measures to implement any Action Plan (or any other similar or replacement obligation) declaring that nothing in this paragraph 3.3 restricts or prevents the Landlord from enforcing any of the Tenant's obligations that would otherwise require the Tenant to carry out or implement, or to meet the whole or part of the cost of carrying out or implementing, any such works or measures.

- 3.4 To enter the Premises to do anything that the Landlord is expressly entitled or required to do under this Lease or for any other reasonable purpose in connection with this Lease.

4. Common Parts and Conducting Media

- 4.1 In an emergency, or when works are being carried out to them, to close off or restrict access to the Common Parts, so long as (except in an emergency) alternative facilities are provided that are not materially less convenient.

⁶⁷ The safeguards that tenants ordinarily look for where a landlord has a right of entry are contained in Clause 5.5 (Landlord's obligations). There is no need to repeat them in this Part of the Schedule.

- 4.2 To change, end the use of or reduce the extent of any Common Parts or Conducting Media so long as:
 - 4.2.1 alternative facilities are provided that are not materially less convenient; or
 - 4.2.2 if no alternative is provided, the use and enjoyment of the Premises is not materially adversely affected.
- 4.3 From time to time to designate areas within the Common Parts for particular purposes including as service areas, car parks, service roads and footpaths and from time to time to reduce the size of any designated areas, so long as the remaining areas are reasonably adequate for their intended purposes.
- 4.4 [To run Conducting Media over, under or along those areas allocated for the use of the Tenant under paragraph 5 of Part 1 of the Schedule (or allow others to do so) so long as they do not materially adversely affect the Tenant's use of those areas.]

5. Adjoining premises

Subject to Clause 6.4, to carry out works of construction, demolition, alteration or redevelopment on the Building and any adjoining premises (and to permit others to do so) as the Landlord in its absolute discretion considers fit (whether or not these works interfere with the flow of light and air to the Premises) and the right in connection with those works to underpin and shore up the Premises.

6. Plant, equipment and scaffolding

The right, where necessary, to bring plant and equipment onto the Premises and to place scaffolding and ladders on the exterior of the Premises in exercising the Landlord's rights under this Lease.

Part 3
Rent Review⁶⁸

1. **Defined terms**

This Part of the Schedule uses the following definitions:

"Assumptions" means that:

- (a) if the Building or any part of it has been damaged or destroyed, it has been reinstated before the Rent Review Date;
- (b) the Premises are fit for immediate occupation and use by the willing tenant;⁶⁹
- (c) the Premises may lawfully be let to and used for the Permitted Use by any person throughout the term of the Hypothetical Lease;
- (d) the Tenant has complied with the Tenant's obligations in this Lease and (except to the extent that there has been a material or persistent breach by the Landlord) the Landlord has complied with the Landlord's obligations in this Lease; and
- (e) on the grant of the Hypothetical Lease the willing tenant will receive the benefit of a rent free period, rent concession or any other inducement of a length or amount that might be negotiated in the open market for fitting-out purposes and that the Market Rent is the rent that would become payable after the end of that period or concession or payment of that inducement.⁷⁰

"Disregards" means any or all of the following:

- (a) any effect on rent of the Tenant (and the Tenant's predecessors in title and lawful occupiers) having been in occupation of the Premises;
- (b) any goodwill accruing to the Premises because of the Tenant's business (and that of the Tenant's predecessors in title and lawful occupiers);
- (c) any special bid that the Tenant or any other party with a special interest in the Premises might make by reason of its occupation of any other part of the Building or any adjoining premises;
- (d) any increase in rent attributable to any improvement, including any tenant's initial fitting-out works[and any Prior Lease Alterations]⁷¹, whether or not within the Premises:
 - (i) carried out by and at the cost of the Tenant or the Tenant's predecessors in title or lawful occupiers before or during the Term;
 - (ii) carried out with the written consent, where required, of the Landlord or the Landlord's predecessors in title; and
 - (iii) not carried out pursuant to an obligation to the Landlord or the Landlord's predecessors in title (but any obligations relating to the method or timing of works in any document giving consent will not be treated as an obligation for these purposes);

⁶⁸ This Part of the Schedule contains an open market review. There is no attempt to review to a headline rent.

⁶⁹ There is deliberately no assumption that the Premises are fitted-out. If the Premises are to be valued on the assumption that they are handed over to the Tenant in a specific state (such as shell and core with capped services) then a rent review specification will be needed and an additional assumption added that the Premises are handed over to the willing tenant in the state set out in the specification.

⁷⁰ This assumption is considered to be neutral. There is no attempt to review to a headline rent.

⁷¹ If this Lease follows on from a pre existing lease with the Tenant or on a lease re-gearing consider carefully the extent of the Premises to be taken into account on a rent review under this Lease and whether works carried out under the Prior Lease should be taken into account or disregarded for the purposes of rent review.

- (e) any reduction in rent attributable to works that have been carried out by the Tenant (or the Tenant's predecessors in title or lawful occupiers); [and]
- (f) any reduction in rent attributable to any temporary works, operations or other activities on any adjoining premises[; and]
- (g) any effect on rent of the floor area of any mezzanine floor installed within the Premises by the Tenant (or the Tenant's predecessors in title or lawful occupiers) but not the fact that a mezzanine floor can lawfully be installed within the Premises without the need for any further planning or other consents]⁷².

"Hypothetical Lease" means a lease:

- (a) of the whole of the Premises;
- (b) on the same terms as this Lease (including this Part of the Schedule) except for:
 - (i) the amount of Rent payable immediately before the Rent Review Date;
 - (ii) any rent free period, rent concession or any other inducement received by the Tenant in relation to the grant of this Lease; [and]
 - (iii) any break clause in this Lease, other than any right to terminate in Part 5 of the Schedule⁷³[; and]
 - (iv) *[Insert any other specific exclusions]*;
- (c) by a willing landlord to a willing tenant;
- (d) with vacant possession;
- (e) without any premium payable by or (subject to paragraph (e) of the definition of **"Assumptions"**) to the willing tenant;
- (f) for a term of *[Insert length]* years starting on the Rent Review Date; [and]
- (g) with rent review dates every *[five]* years[; and]
- (h) with a right for the tenant to bring the Hypothetical Lease to an end on [or at any time after] the *[Insert number]* anniversary of the date on which the term starts]⁷⁴.

"Market Rent" means the yearly rent at which the Premises might reasonably be expected to be let on the open market on the Rent Review Date, on the terms of the Hypothetical Lease and applying the Assumptions and the Disregards.⁷⁵

2. Rent review

- 2.1 On the Rent Review Date the Rent is to be reviewed to the higher of:
 - 2.1.1 the Rent payable immediately before the Rent Review Date; and
 - 2.1.2 the Market Rent.
- 2.2 The reviewed Rent will be payable from and including the Rent Review Date.

⁷² In any case where the Tenant may be able to install a mezzanine floor (or if one is already present) you should include this paragraph (g) of this definition.

⁷³ All break clauses in this Lease are ignored (other than those that arise following a failure to reinstate insured or uninsured damage in Part 5 of the Schedule). Any corresponding break clauses in the Hypothetical Lease should be included in paragraph (h) of this definition. Where there is a rent free period or concessionary rent that follows the non-exercise of the break clause, consider including a specific exclusion of it.

⁷⁴ Consider the treatment of break clauses in the Hypothetical Lease.

⁷⁵ Current market practice is generally not to use the expression "best rent".

3. Dispute resolution

3.1 The Market Rent at the Rent Review Date may be agreed between the Landlord and the Tenant. If they have not done so (whether or not they have tried) by [the date three months before] the Rent Review Date, either the Landlord or the Tenant can require the Market Rent to be decided by an independent [expert] [arbitrator]⁷⁶. If the Landlord and the Tenant do not agree on who should decide the Market Rent, the [expert] [arbitrator] will be appointed by the Chair (or other senior office holder) for the time being of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors in Scotland (as constituted, re-constituted, formed or re-formed from time to time) on the application of either the Landlord or the Tenant. [The seat of the arbitration will be Scotland and the reference to the arbitration will take effect subject to and in accordance with the Arbitration (Scotland) Act 2010.]⁷⁷

[The [expert] [arbitrator] will:

- 3.1.1 invite the Landlord and the Tenant to submit to him a proposal for the Market Rent with any relevant supporting documentation;
- 3.1.2 give the Landlord and the Tenant an opportunity to make counter submissions;
- 3.1.3 give written reasons for his decisions, which will be binding on the parties; and
- 3.1.4 be paid by the Landlord and the Tenant in the shares and in the manner that he decides (or failing a decision, in equal shares).]

3.2 The [expert] [arbitrator] must be an independent chartered surveyor of not less than 10 years' standing who is experienced in the rental valuation of property similar to the Premises and who knows the local market for such premises.

3.3 If the [expert] [arbitrator] dies, becomes unwilling or incapable of acting or it becomes apparent for any other reason that he will be unable to decide the Market Rent within a reasonable time, he may be replaced by a new [expert] [arbitrator] who must be appointed on the terms set out in this paragraph 3.

3.4 Responsibility for the costs of referring a dispute to an [expert] [arbitrator], including costs connected with the appointment of the [expert] [arbitrator] but not the legal and other professional costs of any party in relation to a dispute, will be decided by the [expert] [arbitrator] and failing a decision, they will be shared equally between the parties.

4. Consequences of delay in agreeing the revised rent

If, by the Rent Review Date, the reviewed Rent has not been ascertained, then:

- 4.1 the Rent payable under this Lease immediately before the Rent Review Date will continue to be payable until the reviewed Rent has been ascertained;
- 4.2 following the ascertainment of the reviewed Rent, the Landlord will demand the difference (if any) between the amount the Tenant has actually paid and the amount that would have been payable had the reviewed Rent been ascertained before the Rent Review Date; and
- 4.3 the Tenant must pay that difference to the Landlord within 10 Business Days after that demand and interest at [three]⁷⁸ per cent below the Interest Rate calculated on a daily basis on each instalment of that difference from the date on which each instalment would have become payable to the date of payment. If not paid those sums will be treated as rent in arrear.

⁷⁶ Consider which option the client prefers for resolving rent review disputes.

⁷⁷ Consider whether the parties wish any of the non-mandatory Scottish Arbitration Rules to be disapplied at this stage.

⁷⁸ Possible need to calibrate with the corresponding chosen Interest Rate to achieve a base rate "outcome".

5. **Rent review memorandum⁷⁹**

When the Market Rent has been ascertained, a memorandum recording the Rent payable on review must be entered into. The Landlord and the Tenant will each bear their own costs in relation to that memorandum, except that the Tenant must pay to the Landlord the dues of registering that memorandum in the Books of Council and Session and of obtaining two extracts (one being provided for the Landlord and one for the Tenant).

6. **Time not of the essence**

For the purpose of this Part of the Schedule time is not of the essence.⁸⁰

⁷⁹ Please refer to the PSG Rent Review Memorandum in this context.

⁸⁰ A decision has been taken not to include provisions to circumvent any statutory restrictions on implementing rent reviews or to nominate an extra rent review date when any restrictions cease to have effect.

Part 4
Services and Service Charge⁸¹

1. Administrative provisions

1.1 Accounting Period

- 1.1.1 For any Accounting Period that does not fall wholly within the Term, the Service Charge will be a due proportion calculated on the assumption that the service charge expenditure accrues equally on a day to day basis throughout the period.
- 1.1.2 If the Landlord notifies the Tenant of a change in the date on which the Accounting Period ends, the Accounting Period current at the date of the notice may be shortened or extended to less than or more than 12 months to take into account in the change in the date.

1.2 Service Charge Statements

- 1.2.1 After the end of each Accounting Period, the Landlord will supply the Tenant with a statement (the "**Service Charge Statement**") for that Accounting Period of the:
 - (a) Service Costs; and
 - (b) Service Charge payable.⁸²
- 1.2.2 The Landlord must take reasonable steps to supply the Service Charge Statement within four months after the end of each Accounting Period.
- 1.2.3 Service Costs incurred in one Accounting Period, if not included in the Service Charge Statement for that Accounting Period for any reason, may be included in the Service Charge Statement for a subsequent Accounting Period.
- 1.2.4 The Tenant will be entitled on prior appointment to inspect evidence of the Service Costs at the Landlord's head office or any other location the Landlord specifies. The Tenant must ask to inspect the evidence not later than four months after receipt of the Service Charge Statement.

1.3 On-account payments of Service Charge

- 1.3.1 Until the Service Charge for each Accounting Period has been calculated, the Tenant must pay, by equal [monthly] [quarterly] payments on the Rent Days, a provisional sum by way of Service Charge at the level that the Landlord requires.
- 1.3.2 The Tenant must also pay on demand any sum or sums that the Landlord requires where the Landlord will be obliged to incur any Service Costs and the sums held on account by the Landlord are insufficient to meet those costs.

1.4 Balancing payments of Service Charge

- 1.4.1 When the Service Charge for each Accounting Period has been calculated:
 - (a) the Tenant must pay any amount due from it on demand; and⁸³
 - (b) the Landlord must credit any amount due to the Tenant against the next payment or payments to be made by the Tenant under paragraph 1.3 of this

⁸¹ The administrative provisions have deliberately been kept brief because much is covered by the Landlord's obligations in paragraph 2 of Part 4 of the Schedule to have regard to the Service Charge Code. There is deliberately no provision for a reserve or sinking fund.

⁸² The Landlord may have agreed to cap the amount of service charge payable by the Tenant.

⁸³ Any sums payable on demand only begin to bear interest for late payment if not paid within 10 Business Days of the date of demand – see Clause 4.5.

Part of the Schedule. Any amount owing at the End Date must be repaid to the Tenant within one month of its calculation.

1.4.2 The End Date will not affect the Tenant's obligation to pay or the Landlord's right to recover Service Charge after the End Date where this has not been calculated and demanded before the End Date.

1.5 Service Charge exclusions

The Landlord must not include any of the costs set out in paragraph 4 of this Part of the Schedule in the Service Costs.⁸⁴

1.6 Service Charge disputes

If any dispute arises in connection with the Service Charge, the Landlord and the Tenant must attempt to resolve it by appropriate alternative means before resorting to court proceedings. The Service Charge Statement will (except for obvious error) become binding on the parties four months after it is delivered to the Tenant or (if later) once any dispute relating to it and arising during that period has been settled or decided.⁸⁵

1.7 Variation in the proportion of the Service Charge payable

1.7.1 In calculating the Service Charge for any of the Services, the Landlord's surveyor may make any adjustment that is fair and reasonable in all the circumstances, having regard to the relative degree of benefit obtained by the Tenant and other tenants at the Building from those Services, including by dividing the services and charges set out in paragraph 3 of this Part of the Schedule into separate categories and applying weighting to those categories to take into account differing uses or operating hours.

1.7.2 If there is any change in the extent of the Building, the Landlord must, where it is appropriate to do so, vary the Service Charge as is reasonable to take account of that change but the Service Charge will not materially increase solely as a result of any change in the extent of the Building.

1.7.3 The Service Charge must not be increased by reason only that any Lettable Units:

- (a) remain unlet;
- (b) are let on terms that do not require the tenant or other occupier to pay a service charge; or
- (c) are let on terms that cap the liability of any tenant or other occupier for service charge.

2. Landlord's obligations

2.1 Provision of Services

The Landlord, acting reasonably and in the interests of good estate management:⁸⁶

2.1.1 [must supply the Services in an efficient manner at all appropriate times; and⁸⁷

⁸⁴ Check that that the costs listed in paragraph 4 of this Part of the Schedule are identical across each lease in the Building. If a concession is made to a particular tenant:

- (a) a separate service charge reconciliation will be required for that tenant; and
- (b) the Landlord will not be able to recover any shortfall from the other tenants in the Building as concessions offered to one tenant cannot be recovered from other tenants.

⁸⁵ The Tenant has four months to challenge a service charge statement before it becomes binding. Traditionally there has been no right of challenge, unless there was a clear error, but that is considered unjust. A reference to alternative dispute resolution is consistent with the Service Charge Code.

⁸⁶ Consider whether there should be core services that the Landlord should be under an obligation to provide and non-core services that the Landlord may provide. If the Landlord is under an obligation to provide only core services, consider which services should be core services and which services should be discretionary.

⁸⁷ The service charge provisions give the Landlord flexibility over the times during which the Services are to be provided and, in paragraph 1.7 of this Part of the Schedule, to vary the proportion of the Service Costs payable by the Tenant if they gain

2.1.2 may vary, reduce or extend those Services.]

OR

- 1.1.1 [must supply the Services listed in paragraphs 3.1 to 3.[*Insert number*] of this Part of the Schedule in an efficient manner at all appropriate times;
- 2.1.3 may supply all or any of the remaining Services listed in paragraph 3 of this Part of the Schedule; and
- 2.1.4 may vary, reduce or extend those Services.]

2.2 Landlord's rights and responsibilities

2.2.1 The Landlord:

- (a) may from time to time employ such agents, contractors or others as the Landlord decides;
- (b) will not be responsible for any interruption in the supply of the Services due to any circumstances outside the Landlord's control or due to any necessary maintenance, repair, replacement, renewal, servicing, inspection or testing, but must take reasonable steps to restore the supply as soon as reasonably practicable;
- (c) must take into consideration the administrative, accounting, procurement, management and operational provisions of the Service Charge Code for so long as it is in effect insofar as it is:⁸⁸
 - (i) reasonably practicable to do so;
 - (ii) consistent with the Landlord's obligations under this Lease; and
 - (iii) consistent with the economic and efficient management of the Building (taking into consideration all the circumstances including the terms of the leases of other Lettable Units); and
- (d) must take into consideration current practice in estate management if the Service Charge Code is no longer published.

2.2.2 [The Landlord will take reasonable steps to notify the Tenant in advance of the service charge budget for each Accounting Period and of any material changes in the service charge budget that subsequently arise.]

3. Services and charges

- 3.1 Repairing (and as necessary renewing, rebuilding and replacing), decorating, maintaining and cleaning the foundations, roof, structure and exterior of the Building and all Common Parts and Conducting Media, including both ordinary and extraordinary repairs and regardless of (1) the age or state of dilapidation of the Building, Common Parts and Conducting Media and (2) the cause of damage, deterioration or destruction even if the cause is a latent or inherent defect.
- 3.2 Repairing (and as necessary renewing, rebuilding and replacing), decorating, maintaining and cleaning any facilities (including means of access, Conducting Media, party walls and other boundary structures) used in common between the Building and any adjoining premises, including both ordinary and extraordinary repairs and regardless of (1) the age or state of

greater benefit from those services (for example a Tenant who occupies 24 hours a day in a building where other tenants occupy only during normal business hours). Nevertheless, consider whether the Landlord should be under an obligation to provide Services only during core trading hours with an express obligation on the Tenant to pay for Service Costs where it requires Services to be provided outside those hours.

⁸⁸ There is deliberately no absolute obligation to comply with the Code. Consider the extent to which the Landlord is happy to comply with the obligations in this paragraph and in paragraph 2.2.1(d) of this Part of the Schedule.

dilapidation of the facilities used in common and (2) the cause of damage, deterioration or destruction even if the cause is a latent or inherent defect.

- 3.3 The costs of cleaning [the surfaces of any atrium facing onto the Common Parts and] the external surfaces of the window and window frames in the Building (but not the shopfront of the Premises) and providing and maintaining plant, facilities and equipment for these purposes.
- 3.4 Lighting the Common Parts.
- 3.5 Heating, [providing air-conditioning to] and ventilating the [Common Parts] [Building]⁸⁹.
- 3.6 Lighting the exterior of the Building and any facilities used in common between the Building and any adjoining premises.
- 3.7 Providing hot and cold water to, and maintaining operational supplies in, the toilets in the Common Parts.
- 3.8 Supply Costs incurred in providing the Services.
- 3.9 All existing and future rates, taxes, duties, charges and financial impositions charged on the Common Parts or the Building as a whole (and a fair proportion of those levied on the Building along with any adjoining premises).
- 3.10 Providing, inspecting, maintaining (including by maintenance contracts and insurance against sudden and unforeseen breakdown), repairing, renewing, replacing, upgrading and operating:
 - 3.10.1 all plant, machinery, apparatus and vehicles used in providing the Services and all signage in the Common Parts; and
 - 3.10.2 security, fire fighting and fire detection equipment (excluding portable fire extinguishers in the Premises), fire alarm systems, public address systems, telecommunications systems, closed circuit television systems and traffic control and all other Building Management Systems.
- 3.11 Employing or procuring all staff (including remuneration, incidental benefits and all associated costs and overheads) for the management and security of the Building and otherwise in connection with the Services.
- 3.12 Providing accommodation for staff, plant, furniture, equipment and vehicles used in providing the Services, and all outgoings on them.
- 3.13 Employing or procuring agents, contractors or others as the Landlord decides in connection with the Services.
- 3.14 Storing, compacting, recycling and disposing of refuse.
- 3.15 Planting, replanting and maintaining landscape features in the Common Parts.
- 3.16 Providing, cleaning and renewing carpeting in the Common Parts.
- 3.17 Providing customer service facilities for visitors to the Building, including guest Wi-Fi services.
- 3.18 Pest and infection control.
- 3.19 Gritting, and clearing snow from, the Common Parts.
- 3.20 Providing seasonal decorations within the Building.

⁸⁹ Take instructions on whether the Landlord will provide heating, air-conditioning and ventilation to the Common Parts or to the whole of the Building.

- 3.21 Carrying out any works and providing and maintaining all facilities that are required under any Act or by insurers in relation to the Building.
- 3.22 Providing any further services for maintaining and securing the amenities of the Building.
- 3.23 Managing and administering service charge accounts for the Services and the Building including, where relevant, certifying, examining or auditing those accounts.
- 3.24 Auditing health and safety requirements for the Building and, where required by law or reasonable and cost-effective to do so, implementing the recommendations of that audit.
- 3.25 Auditing disabled access requirements for the Building and, where required by law or reasonable and cost-effective to do so, implementing the recommendations of that audit.
- 3.26 Auditing the Environmental Performance of the Building and, where reasonable and cost-effective to do so, implementing the recommendations of any environmental management plan the Landlord has for the Building from time to time.
- 3.27 Carrying out or implementing any Recommended Improvement Measures, Operational Rating Measures or any other works or measures to implement any Action Plan (or any other similar or replacement obligation) from time to time⁹⁰.
- 3.28 Interest costs reasonably incurred by the Landlord on borrowing from a UK clearing bank or, if the Landlord uses its own moneys, an amount equal to the interest costs that would have been incurred if the Landlord had borrowed from a UK clearing bank at reasonable commercial rates. Interest costs will be reasonably incurred under this paragraph if:
 - 3.28.1 the Landlord has to meet an immediate liability where the service charge funds held by the Landlord are insufficient for that purpose and the shortfall does not result from any caps on the amount of service charge recoverable, any non-payment of service charges by other tenants or any unlet Lettable Unit; or
 - 3.28.2 the Landlord decides at its absolute discretion to incur service charge expenditure in one Accounting Period and recover that expenditure over two or more Accounting Periods.

4. Service Charge exclusions

- 4.1 Costs arising from any damage or destruction to the Building caused by an Insured Risk or an Uninsured Risk.
- 4.2 Capital costs of the construction, alteration, redevelopment or extension of the Building.
- 4.3 Costs of upgrading, innovation or improvement resulting from any repair, maintenance, reinstatement, rebuilding or replacement, but this will not prevent the Landlord including costs within the Service Costs which arise:
 - 4.3.1 where an item is to be replaced by way of repair and the replacement is broadly the modern day or up-to-date equivalent of what was there previously;
 - 4.3.2 where the Landlord considers replacement to be more economical than repair (and the Landlord is entitled to take into consideration the medium/long-term benefits of replacement);
 - 4.3.3 where an item has to be replaced or installed to comply with any Act or the requirements of the insurers; or

⁹⁰ As drafted this enables the Landlord to recover the costs of implementing any recommended improvement measures and/or any costs associated with monitoring energy performance and emissions data as per an applicable Action Plan. It may not always be appropriate or realistic to expect the Tenant to meet such costs and consideration to alternative arrangements should be given e.g. 50/50 split in costs between Landlord and Tenant. See FN55 for background.

- 4.3.4 where replacement or renewal is reasonable and cost-effective and will reduce operating costs for the benefit of the tenants of the Lettable Units[or improve for the tenants the Environmental Performance of the Building].
- 4.4 Costs of any unlet Lettable Unit.
- 4.5 Rent collection costs.
- 4.6 Costs incurred in dealing with any lettings or rent reviews at the Building.
- 4.7 Unrecovered costs due from another tenant of the Building.
- 4.8 Costs incurred in dealing with the Landlord's interest in the Building, including the costs of advertising and promotional or publicity activities relating to any proposed dealing with the Landlord's interest in the Building.

Part 5
Insurance and Damage Provisions

1. Tenant's insurance obligations

1.1 The Tenant must pay on demand:

1.1.1 a fair and reasonable proportion of:

- (a) the sums the Landlord pays⁹¹ to comply with paragraphs 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 of this Part of the Schedule;
- (b) if not recovered through the Service Charge, the sums the Landlord pays to insure all plant, machinery, apparatus and vehicles used in providing the Services;
- (c) the cost of valuations of the Building and the Premises for insurance purposes made not more than once a year; and
- (d) the amount of any excess or deductible under any insurance policy that the Landlord incurs or will incur in complying with paragraphs 2.3 and 2.4 of this Part of the Schedule;

1.1.2 the whole of the sums the Landlord pays for insuring loss of the Rent and Service Charge for the Risk Period;

1.1.3 a sum equal to the amount that the insurers refuse to pay following damage or destruction by an Insured Risk to the Building because of the Tenant's act or failure to act; and

1.1.4 any additional or increased premiums that the insurers may require as a result of the carrying out or retention of any Permitted Works or the Tenant's or any lawful occupier's use of the Premises.

1.2 The Tenant must comply with the requirements of the insurers and must not do anything that may invalidate any insurance.

1.3 The Tenant must not use the Premises for any purpose or carry out or retain any Permitted Works that may make any additional premium payable for the insurance of the Premises or the Building, unless it has first agreed to pay the whole of that additional premium.

1.4 The Tenant must notify the Landlord as soon as practicable after it becomes aware of any damage to or destruction of the Premises by any of the Insured Risks or by an Uninsured Risk.

1.5 The Tenant must keep insured, in a sufficient sum and with a reputable insurer, public liability risks relating to the Premises.

2. Landlord's insurance obligations

2.1 The Landlord must insure (with a reputable insurer):

- 2.1.1 the Building against the Insured Risks in its full reinstatement cost (including all professional fees and incidental expenses, debris removal, site clearance and irrecoverable VAT);
- 2.1.2 against public liability relating to the Building; and
- 2.1.3 loss of the Rent and Service Charge for the Risk Period,

⁹¹ Note that Clause 2.16 already requires the amounts to be reasonable and proper.

subject to all excesses, limitations and exclusions as the insurers may impose and otherwise on the insurers' usual terms.

- 2.2 In relation to the insurance, the Landlord must:
 - 2.2.1 procure the Tenant's right to the Premises is noted either specifically or generically on the policy;
 - 2.2.2 take reasonable steps to procure that the insurers waive any rights of subrogation they might have against the Tenant (either specifically or generically);
 - 2.2.3 notify the Tenant promptly of all material variations; and
 - 2.2.4 provide the Tenant with a summary of its main terms on the Tenant's written request.
- 2.3 The Landlord must take reasonable steps to obtain any consents necessary for the reinstatement of the Building following destruction or damage by an Insured Risk.
- 2.4 Where it is lawful to do so, the Landlord must reinstate the Building following destruction or damage by an Insured Risk as soon as reasonably practicable after the date of that damage or destruction. Reinstatement need not be identical if the replacement is similar in size, quality and layout.
- 2.5 Nothing in this paragraph 2 imposes any obligation on the Landlord to insure or to reinstate tenant's fixtures forming part of the Premises or the Building.
- 2.6 Nothing in paragraph 2.4 of this Part of the Schedule will require the Landlord to reinstate any Lettable Units other than the Premises.
- 2.7 The Landlord's obligations under paragraphs 2.3 and 2.4 of this Part of the Schedule will not apply:
 - 2.7.1 unless and until the Tenant has paid the amounts referred to in paragraph 1.1.1(d) and, where applicable, paragraph 1.1.3 of this Part of the Schedule; or
 - 2.7.2 if the Landlord notifies the Tenant under paragraph 4.1 of this Part of the Schedule that it ends this Lease.
- 2.8 If there is destruction or damage to the Building by an Uninsured Risk that leaves the whole or substantially the whole of the Premises unfit for occupation and use or inaccessible and the Landlord notifies the Tenant within 12 months afterwards that the Landlord wishes to reinstate, paragraphs 2.3 and 2.4 of this Part of the Schedule will then apply as if the damage or destruction had been caused by an Insured Risk.
- 2.9 Subject to the insurance premiums being reasonable and proper and reasonably and properly incurred, the Landlord will be entitled to retain all insurance commissions for its own benefit.

3. Rent suspension

- 3.1 Paragraph 3.2 of this Part of the Schedule will apply if the Building is destroyed or damaged by any Insured Risk [or Uninsured Risk]⁹² so that the Premises are unfit for occupation or use or inaccessible. Paragraph 3.2 of this Part of the Schedule will not apply to the extent that the Landlord's insurance has been vitiated or payment of any policy moneys refused because of anything the Tenant does or fails to do and the Tenant has not complied with paragraph 1.1.3 of this Part of the Schedule.
- 3.2 Subject to paragraph 3.1 of this Part of the Schedule, the Rent and Service Charge or a fair proportion of them, will not be payable from and including the date of damage or destruction until the earliest of:

⁹² Consider whether and from which date rent suspension should apply following uninsured damage.

- 3.2.1 the date that the Premises are again fit for occupation and use, accessible and ready to receive tenant's fitting out works;
- 3.2.2 the end of the Risk Period; and
- 3.2.3 the End Date.

3.3 If paragraph 3.2 of this Part of the Schedule applies before the Rent Commencement Date, the number of days between the date of the damage or destruction and the Rent Commencement Date (or where only a proportion of the Rent is or would have been suspended, an equivalent proportion of those days) will be added to the date the rent suspension ends and the resulting date will become the Rent Commencement Date.

3.4 If paragraph 3.2 of this Part of the Schedule applies:

- 3.4.1 the Landlord must refund to the Tenant, as soon as reasonably practicable, a due proportion of any Rent and Service Charge paid in advance that relates to any period on or after the date of damage or destruction; and
- 3.4.2 the Tenant must pay to the Landlord on demand the Rent and Service Charge for the period starting on the date they again become payable to (but excluding) the next Rent Day.

3.5 Any dispute about the application of this paragraph 3 will be decided at the request of either party by a single arbitrator under the Arbitration (Scotland) Act 2010[in which case the protocols contained in paragraph 3 of Part 3 of the Schedule will equally apply to the subject matter of this paragraph 3].

4. Termination

4.1 This paragraph 4 applies if there is destruction or damage to the Building that leaves the whole or substantially the whole of the Premises unfit for occupation and use or inaccessible.

4.2 If the damage or destruction is caused by an Uninsured Risk and:

- 4.2.1 the Landlord does not give the Tenant formal notice within 12 months after the damage or destruction that the Landlord wishes to reinstate, this Lease will end on the last day of that 12 month period; or
- 4.2.2 the Landlord gives the Tenant formal notice that the Landlord does not wish to reinstate, this Lease will end on the date of that notification by the Landlord.

4.3 If, when the Risk Period ends, the Building has not been reinstated sufficiently so that Premises are again fit for occupation and use and accessible and ready to receive tenant's fitting out works, either the Landlord or the Tenant may end this Lease immediately by giving formal notice to the other at any time after the end of the Risk Period but before such reinstatement has been completed. The exercise of this right by the Tenant is subject to the Tenant complying with paragraph 1.1.1(d) and, where applicable, paragraph 1.1.3 of this Part of the Schedule.

4.4 For the purposes of paragraphs 3.2.2 and 4.3 of this Part of the Schedule, if the damage or destruction is caused by an Uninsured Risk, the Risk Period will be treated as beginning on the date the Landlord notifies the Tenant of its wish to reinstate under paragraph 2.8 of this Part of the Schedule.

4.5 If this Lease ends under this paragraph 4:

- 4.5.1 that will not affect the rights of any party for any prior breaches;
- 4.5.2 the Tenant must give vacant possession of the Premises to the Landlord; and
- 4.5.3 the Landlord will be entitled to retain all insurance moneys.

Part 6
Permitted Works⁹³

1. Defined terms

This Part of the Schedule uses the following definitions:

"CDM Regulations" means the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015; and

"Consents" means all necessary permissions, licences and approvals for the Permitted Works under the Planning Acts, the building and fire regulations, and any other statute, bye law or regulation of any competent authority and under any obligations or provisions affecting the Premises or the Building and as otherwise required from owners, tenants or occupiers of any part of the Building or any adjoining premises.

2. Tenant's obligations in relation to Permitted Works

2.1 Before starting any Permitted Works the Tenant must:

- 2.1.1 obtain and provide the Landlord with copies of any Consents that are required before they are begun;
- 2.1.2 fulfil any conditions in the Consents required to be fulfilled before they are begun;
- 2.1.3 notify the Landlord of the date on which the Tenant intends to start the Permitted Works;
- 2.1.4 provide the Landlord with any information relating to the Permitted Works as may be required by its insurers; and
- 2.1.5 ensure that it or its building contractor has put in place public liability and employers' liability insurance of at least £[5] million in respect of each claim and provided the Landlord with a summary of the main terms of the insurance and evidence that the premiums have been paid.

2.2 If it starts any Permitted Works, the Tenant must carry out and complete them:

- 2.2.1 diligently and without interruption, and in any event before the End Date;⁹⁴
- 2.2.2 in accordance with any drawings, specifications and other documents relating to the Permitted Works that the Landlord has approved;
- 2.2.3 in a good and workmanlike manner and with good quality materials;
- 2.2.4 [in accordance with the reasonable principles, standards and guidelines set out in any relevant guide or handbook published by the Landlord from time to time for tenant's works carried out at the Building;]
- 2.2.5 in compliance with the Consents and all Acts (including the Planning Acts) and with the requirements of the insurers of the Building and the Premises and (where applicable) of any competent authority or utility provider;
- 2.2.6 without affecting the structural integrity of the Building;
- 2.2.7 with as little interference as reasonably practicable to the owners and occupiers of any other parts of the Building or any adjoining premises; and

⁹³ This Part of the Schedule sets out the standard provisions that will apply when the Tenant carries out works. The inclusion of this Part of the Schedule will enable the Landlord to grant consent to Tenant's works of a routine nature by reference to the obligations in this Part of the Schedule without the need for a detailed licence for alterations.

⁹⁴ If you want the Tenant to complete any works to the Premises within a set period after work has commenced, you will need to provide for this specifically in this paragraph.

- 2.2.8 in compliance, to the extent applicable, with the CDM Regulations.
- 2.3 The Tenant must make good immediately any physical damage caused by carrying out the Permitted Works.
- 2.4 The Tenant must permit the Landlord to enter the Premises to inspect the progress of the Permitted Works.
- 2.5 Until practical completion of the Permitted Works, the Tenant must:
 - 2.5.1 insure any Permitted Works for their full reinstatement cost (including professional fees) against loss or damage by the Insured Risks with a reputable insurer and provide the Landlord with a summary of the main terms of the insurance; and
 - 2.5.2 reinstate any of the Permitted Works that are damaged or destroyed before their completion.
- 2.6 Where the Landlord has given the Landlord's consent to any Permitted Works, the Tenant must comply with any additional obligations in relation to those Permitted Works that the Landlord lawfully imposes on the Tenant in giving the Landlord's consent.⁹⁵
- 2.7 As soon as reasonably practicable following completion of the Permitted Works the Tenant must:
 - 2.7.1 notify the Landlord of their completion;
 - 2.7.2 obtain any Consents that are required on their completion;
 - 2.7.3 remove all debris and equipment used in carrying out the Permitted Works;
 - 2.7.4 notify the Landlord of the cost of the Permitted Works;
 - 2.7.5 permit the Landlord to enter the Premises to inspect the completed Permitted Works;
 - 2.7.6 supply the Landlord with two complete sets of as-built plans showing the Permitted Works; and
 - 2.7.7 ensure that the Landlord is able to use and reproduce the as-built plans for any lawful purpose.
- 2.8 If the CDM Regulations apply to the Permitted Works, the Tenant must:
 - 2.8.1 comply with them and ensure that any person involved in the management, design and construction of the Permitted Works complies with their respective obligations under the CDM Regulations;
 - 2.8.2 if the Landlord would be treated as a client for the purposes of the CDM Regulations, agree to be treated as the only client in respect of the Permitted Works; and
 - 2.8.3 on completion of the Permitted Works provide the Landlord with a copy of any health and safety file relating to the Permitted Works and deliver the original file to the Landlord at the End Date.
- 2.9 If the Permitted Works invalidate or materially adversely affect an existing EPC or require the commissioning of an EPC, the Tenant must (at the Landlord's option):
 - 2.9.1 obtain a new EPC and give the Landlord written details of the unique reference number for that EPC; or

⁹⁵ If you want to impose an obligation on the Tenant to begin any works to which Landlord's consent has been given, you will need to provide for this specifically in this paragraph.

2.9.2 pay the Landlord's costs of doing so.

2.10 [The Tenant must label all Plant installed outside the Premises as part of the Permitted Works in the manner requested by the Landlord and must not place any other signs or advertisements on the Plant other than signs that are legally required to be displayed on the Plant.]⁹⁶

3. **No warranty relating to Permitted Works**

The Landlord gives no express or implied warranty (and the Tenant acknowledges that the Tenant must satisfy itself):

- 3.1 as to the suitability, safety, adequacy or quality of the design or method of construction of any Permitted Works;
- 3.2 that any Permitted Works may lawfully be carried out;
- 3.3 that the structure or fabric of the Premises or the Building is able to accommodate any Permitted Works; or
- 3.4 that any of the services supplying the Premises or the Building will either have sufficient capacity for or otherwise not be adversely affected by any Permitted Works.

⁹⁶ This clause can be deleted if the Tenant will not have the right to install Plant on the Plant Area.

Part 7
Form of notice to ascertain need to remove Permitted Works

Note: In the actual notice submitted by the Tenant the italicised words are to be deleted and replaced by the information that they direct should be inserted

To:

[Insert name of current landlord and address for service]

IMPORTANT: THIS REQUEST NEEDS URGENT CONSIDERATION TO ENSURE THAT YOUR RIGHTS ARE PRESERVED

Dear Sirs

[Insert address of premises demised]

This Request uses the following definitions:

"Address for Service" means *[Insert address in the UK to which the Landlord is to respond]*.

"Lease" means a lease of the Premises entered into between *[Insert parties to Lease]* dated *[Insert date of Lease]* [and registered in the Books of Council and Session on *[Insert registration date]*].

"Permitted Works" means **"Permitted Works"** as defined in the Lease.

"Premises" means the premises briefly described above, but more particularly defined in the Lease.

1. Please tell us in writing by a notice sent or delivered to our Address for Service which, if any, of the Permitted Works you require us to remove under Clause 4.13.1(d) of the Lease.
2. Your attention is drawn to Clause 4.13.3 of the Lease that releases us from any obligation to remove any Permitted Works that you have not, within *[six]* weeks of receiving this Request, notified us that you require to be removed in accordance with paragraph 1 above.

Yours faithfully

[duly authorised for and on behalf of]

[Insert name of current tenant]

Part 8
Sustainability⁹⁷

1. Co-operation to improve Environmental Performance

The Landlord and the Tenant confirm that they:

- 1.1 [wish to promote and improve the Environmental Performance of the Premises and the Building; and]
- 1.2 wish to co-operate with each other (without legal obligation) to identify appropriate strategies for the improvement of the Environmental Performance of the Premises and the Building.]

OR⁹⁸

- 1.1 [wish to promote and improve the Environmental Performance of the Premises and the Building; and]
- 1.2 wish to co-operate with each other to ensure that the Recommended Improvement Measures or the Operational Rating Measures contained within any Action Plan for the Premises and the Building are carried out and implemented in accordance with the provisions in the Action Plan.]

2. Environmental forum

- 2.1 The Landlord [may] [must] provide an environmental forum (the "**Forum**") that will meet on a regular basis to:
 - 2.1.1 consider the adequacy and improvement of data sharing on energy and water use, waste production and recycling;
 - 2.1.2 review the Environmental Performance of the Lettable Units and the Building;
 - 2.1.3 agree targets and strategies for a travel plan for travelling to and from the Building; and
 - 2.1.4 agree targets and strategies to improve the Environmental Performance of the Lettable Units and the Building.
- 2.2 The Forum may take any form that affords an appropriate means of communication and exchange of views, whether by meeting in person or not.
- 2.3 The Landlord and the Tenant will each nominate a suitable person to participate in the Forum. They will try to ensure that their nominees attend and participate in any Forum meetings or discussions of which appropriate advance notice has been given.
- 2.4 All tenants of the Building will be entitled to attend and take part in the Forum.
- 2.5 [The Landlord and the Tenant may agree to allow third parties to participate in the Forum for a specified period or for a specified purpose.]
- 2.6 [The Landlord will try to ensure that a representative of any managing agents appointed by the Landlord attends or participates in any Forum meetings or discussions of which appropriate advance notice has been given.]
- 2.7 Where any of the issues considered, reviewed or agreed in the Forum relate exclusively to the Premises, either the Landlord or the Tenant may request that they are discussed between them and their authorised agents only (and not with any other permitted participants in the Forum).

⁹⁷ If the parties want to include more detailed sustainability provisions, refer to the provisions in the Better Buildings Partnership's Green Lease Toolkit. This Part of the Schedule is not intended to impose onerous obligations in relation to sustainability issues but is intended to facilitate a discussion between the parties about these issues.

⁹⁸ Include this wording where it has been determined that the Assessment of Energy Performance of Non-Domestic Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2016 apply.

3. **Data sharing⁹⁹**

3.1 The Landlord and the Tenant will share the Environmental Performance data they hold relating to the Premises and the Building. This data will be shared on a regular basis [not less frequently than quarterly] with each other, with any managing agents appointed by the Landlord and with any third party that the Landlord and the Tenant agree should receive the data.

3.2 The Landlord and the Tenant will where appropriate keep the data shared under this paragraph confidential but recognise that either party may be required to disclose such information to third parties for the purposes of compliance with a Legal Requirement. They will use that data only for the purpose of:

- 3.2.1 complying with the provisions of the AEP Regulations including the production and/or implementation of any Action Plan;
- 3.2.2 monitoring and improving the Environmental Performance of the Premises and the Building; and
- 3.2.3 measuring the Environmental Performance of the Premises and the Building against any agreed targets.

3.3 Nothing in this paragraph 3 will oblige the Landlord to disclose to the Tenant Environmental Performance data received from any other tenants or occupiers of the Building.

3.4 The Landlord will not disclose Environmental Performance data provided by the Tenant to any other tenants or occupiers of the Building.

3.5 The Landlord must ensure where appropriate that any managing agents appointed by the Landlord are placed under a similar obligation to keep shared data confidential on the same terms as this paragraph 3.

4. **Alterations**

4.1 Both the Landlord and the Tenant will take into consideration any impact on the Environmental Performance of the Premises and the Building from any proposed works to or at the Premises[or the Building].

4.2 The Tenant agrees to allow the Landlord (if the Landlord so wishes and on reasonable prior notice) to install, at the Landlord's own cost, separate metering of utilities used in the Common Parts and the Premises[and the Landlord agrees to allow the Tenant to install separate [sub]-metering of the utilities used in the Premises]¹⁰⁰.

⁹⁹ See data sharing obligation on Tenant at Clause 4.26.

¹⁰⁰ The installation of a completely separate metered supply for the Premises may involve costly works to the remainder of the Landlord's property to establish a new supply and install the meters. Consider whether this right should be given to the Tenant.

Part 9
Sub-letting

1. Defined terms

This Part of the Schedule uses the following definitions:

"Approved Sub-lease" means a sub-lease approved by the Landlord and, subject to any variations agreed by the Landlord in its absolute discretion:

- (a) granted without any premium being received by the Tenant;
- (b) reserving a market rent, taking into account the terms of the sub-letting;
- (c) [for a term of not less than *[Insert number]* years calculated from the date of entry under the Sub-lease;]
- (d) containing provisions:
 - (i) requiring the Sub-tenant to pay the whole or, in the case of a Sub-lease of a Permitted Part, a due proportion, of the Insurance Costs, Service Charge and other sums (excluding the Rent) payable by the Tenant under this Lease;
 - (ii) for rent review at [five yearly] intervals and otherwise on the same terms as in Part 3 of the Schedule;¹⁰¹
 - (iii) for change of use and alterations corresponding to those in this Lease;
- (e) containing an obligation on the Sub-tenant not to assign the Sub-tenant's right to the whole of the Sub-let Premises without the prior written consent¹⁰² of the Landlord and the Tenant on terms corresponding to those in this Lease and an obligation not to assign the Sub-tenant's right to part only of the Sub-let Premises;
- (f) [containing an obligation on the Sub-tenant not to enter into any Sub-Underlease of the whole or any part of the Sub-let Premises] **OR** [containing an obligation on the Sub-tenant not to enter into any Sub-Underlease of the whole of the Sub-let Premises without the prior written consent of the Landlord and the Tenant and an obligation on the Sub-tenant not to enter into any Sub-Underlease of any part of the Sub-let Premises] **OR** [containing an obligation on the Sub-tenant not to enter into any Sub-Underlease of the whole or any part of the Sub-let Premises without the prior written consent of the Landlord and the Tenant];¹⁰³
- (g) [containing provisions requiring any Sub-Underlease to contain:
 - (i) obligations by the Sub-Undertenant not to assign the Sub-Undertenant's right to the whole of the premises let under the Sub-Underlease without the prior written consent of the Landlord, the Tenant and the Sub-tenant and an obligation not to assign the Sub-Undertenant's right to part only of the premises let under the Sub-Underlease; and
 - (ii) an absolute prohibition on entering into further sub-leases of whole or part [except where the Sub-Underlease is of the whole of the Premises when the Sub-Underlease may contain provisions permitting the creation of further sub-leases on the same terms as paragraph (f) of this definition but with the

¹⁰¹ Some landlords may require the rent review dates in the Sub-lease to coincide with those in this Lease even if this means that the first rent review falls within the first five years of the grant of the Sub-lease.

¹⁰² Although the interpretation clause in this Lease states that references to a consent are to a prior written consent, the full form of wording has been included in this definition as the relevant interpretation clause may not be included in the Sub-lease.

¹⁰³ Take specific instruction on whether a Sub-tenant should have the right to sub-underlet. Paragraphs (f) and (g) of this definition will not be required if sub-underletting is prohibited.

additional provision that no further sub-leases of whole or part will be created out of those further sub-leases];] and

(h) containing other provisions corresponding with those in this Lease;

"Approved Sub-tenant" means a person approved by the Landlord;

[**"Permitted Part"** means any part of the Premises that the Landlord approves;]

"Sub-lease" means the sub-lease entered into following the approval of an Approved Sub-lease;

"Sub-let Premises" means the premises let by a Sub-lease; [and]

"Sub-tenant" means the Approved Sub-tenant to whom the Tenant grants a Sub-lease[;

"Sub-Underlease" means any sub-underlease derived from a Sub-lease; and

"Sub-Undertenant" means any tenant under a Sub-Underlease].

2. Right to sub-let

2.1 [Subject to paragraph 2.2 of this Part of the Schedule, the] [The] Tenant may, with the Landlord's consent, sub-let the whole of the Premises [or the whole of a Permitted Part] by an Approved Sub-lease to an Approved Sub-tenant.

2.2 [The grant of a Sub-lease [or a Sub-Underlease] must not result in the Premises being divided into more than *[Insert number]* self-contained units of occupation, taking into account any existing Sub-leases[or Sub-Underleases].]

3. Obligations in relation to Sub-leases

3.1 The Tenant must ensure the Sub-tenant complies with the terms of its Sub-lease[and any Sub-Undertenant complies with the terms of its Sub-Underlease].

3.2 The Tenant must not reduce, defer, accelerate or commute any rent payable under any Sub-lease.

3.3 On any review of the rent payable under any Sub-lease, the Tenant must:

3.3.1 review the rent of the Sub-lease in compliance with its terms;

3.3.2 not agree the reviewed rent (or the appointment of any third party to decide it) without the Landlord's approval;

3.3.3 include in the Tenant's representations to any third party any representations that the Landlord may require; and

3.3.4 notify the Landlord what the reviewed rent is within two weeks of its agreement or resolution by a third party.

3.4 The Tenant must not vary the terms or accept any renunciation of any Sub-lease without the Landlord's approval.

Part 10
Plans¹⁰⁴

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¹⁰⁴ The signatories of this Lease should sign this page as well as each plan which is included in this Part of the Schedule.