



Paper Title (16 Font-Cambria)

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¹(Department, College/University Name, Country Name) **10 Cambria**

ARTICLE INFO

Article History:

Received Jan x, 20xx

Revised Feb x, 20xx

Accepted Apr x, 20xx

Keywords:

First keyword

Second keyword

Third keyword

Fourth keyword

Fifth keyword

ABSTRACT

A well-prepared abstract enables the reader to identify the basic content of a document quickly and accurately, to determine its relevance to their interests, and thus to decide whether to read the document in its entirety. The Abstract should be informative and completely self-explanatory, provide a clear statement of the problem, the proposed approach or solution, and point out major findings and conclusions. The Abstract should be 100 to 250 words in length. The abstract should be written in the past tense. Standard nomenclature should be used and abbreviations should be avoided. No literature should be cited. The keyword list provides the opportunity to add keywords, used by the indexing and abstracting services, in addition to those already present in the title. Judicious use of keywords may increase the ease with which interested parties can locate our article (10 pt).

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1. Introduction

The main text format consists of flat left-right columns on A4 paper (quarto). The margin text from the left and top are 2.5cm, right and bottom are 2 cm. The manuscript is written in Microsoft Word, single space, Cambria 10pt, and a maximum of 15 pages, which can be downloaded at the [website:](https://ummaspul.e-journal.id/majesty)

The title of an article should be the fewest possible words that accurately

describe the content of the paper. Omit all waste words such as "A study of ...", "Investigations of ...", "Implementation of ...", "Observations on ...", "Effect of....", "Analysis of ...", "Design of..." etc. Indexing and abstracting services depend on the accuracy of the title, extracting from it keywords useful in cross-referencing and computer searching. An improperly titled paper may never reach the audience for which it was intended, so be specific.

The Introduction should provide a clear background, a clear statement of the problem, the relevant literature on the

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subject, the proposed approach or solution, and the new value of research which is innovation. It should be understandable to colleagues from a broad range of scientific disciplines. Organization and citation of the bibliography are made in APA style in sign (Ismail & Tini, 2020; Purnama et al., 2020) and so on. The terms in foreign languages are written italic (*italic*). The text should be divided into sections, each with a separate heading and numbered consecutively. The section/subsection headings should be typed on a separate line, e.g., **1. Introduction** (Introduction & Citation, 1988). Authors are suggested to present their articles in the section structure: **Introduction - the comprehensive theoretical basis and/or the Proposed Method/Algorithm - Research Method - Results and Discussion - Conclusion.**

Literature review that has been done author used in the chapter "Introduction" to explain the difference of the manuscript with other papers, that it is innovative, it are used in the chapter "Research Method" to describe the step of research and used in the chapter "Results and Discussion" to support the analysis of the results (Hariani et al., 2019). If the manuscript was written really have high originality, which proposed a new method or algorithm, the additional chapter after the "Introduction" chapter and before the "Research Method" chapter can be added to explain briefly the theory and/or the proposed method/algorithm (Introduction & Citation, 1988).

2. Material and Method (11 PT)

Explaining research chronologically, including research design, research procedure (in the form of algorithms, Pseudocode, or other), how to test, and data acquisition [1-3]. The description of the course of research should be supported by references, so the explanation can be accepted scientifically [2, 4]. Tables and Figures are presented in the center, as shown in Table 1 and Figure 1, and cited in the manuscript and should appear before it.

Table 1 The performance of ...

Variable	Speed (rpm)	Power (kW)
x	10	8.6
y	15	12.4
z	20	15.3

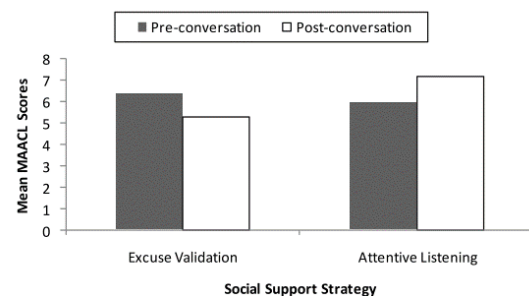


Figure 1 xxxxxx

3. Results and Discussion (11 PT)

In this section, it is explained the results of research and at the same time is given a comprehensive discussion. Results can be presented in figures, graphs, tables and others that make the reader understand easily [2, 5]. The discussion can be made in several sub-chapters.

3.1 Sub-section 1

xx

3.2 Sub-section 2

yy

Conclusion (11 PT)

Provide a statement that what is expected, as stated in the "Introduction" chapter can ultimately result in the "Results

and Discussion" chapter, so there is compatibility. Moreover, it can also be added to the prospect of the development of research results and application prospects of further studies into the next (based on results and discussion).

CRedit authorship contribution statement (9 PT)

Xx xxx

Ethical considerations (9 PT)

Declaration of Generative AI and AI-assisted technologies in the writing process (9 PT)

Conflict of Interest (9 PT)

Funding (9 PT)

References (10 PT)

The main references are international journals and proceedings. All references should be to the most pertinent, up-to-date sources and the minimum of references is 25. References are written in **APA style**. Please use a consistent format for references – see examples below (10 pt):

Hariani, P. L., Kimia, J., & Sriwijaya, U. (2019). *Introduction Approaches and are you Reading to Publish?* 25–27.

Introduction, A., & Citation, P. a. (1988). An Introduction to APA Citation. *Search*, 1–5.

Ismail, I., & Tini. (2020). The Effect of formative assessment on students' grades in learning English. *Maspul Journal of English Studies (Majesty Journal)*, 2(1), 20–30. <https://doi.org/10.33487/majesty.v2i1.313>

Purnama, Y., Ismail, I., Noviandri, D., Hendriyani, Y., Nguyen, P. T., & Putu, I. (2020). Expert System in Detecting Children s Intelligence using Certainty Factor. *Journal of Critical Reviews*, 7(1), 52–55. <https://doi.org/10.22159/jcr.07.01.09>