

TRIAL/PROGRAM STATUS- 17th February 2021

TRYbeCA-1 Ph 3 Trial in 2L Pancreatic Cancer to Continue to Final Analysis as per IDMC recommendations

“This IDMC review was the first combined efficacy and safety review. We are pleased that no safety issues were raised.” said Gil Beyen, Chief Executive Officer of ERYTECH Pharma. “The trial will now continue to the final efficacy analysis. With 512 patients enrolled, the trial has approximately 90% power to detect the trial’s design hazard ratio of 0.725. Second-line pancreatic cancer is a devastating disease and remains a large unmet medical need. We are hopeful that TRYbeCA-1 can confirm the survival benefit we observed in the Phase 2b clinical trial and eryaspase can be a potential treatment for these patients. We look forward to sharing final results later this year.”

Ph 2 Trial of IRX-2 + Pembrolizumab + Chemotherapy Initiated in TNBC

“IRX-2 is currently being studied in a range of cancer indications, both as a single agent and in combination with other anti-cancer therapies, including checkpoint inhibitors,” said Lynn Sadowski Mason, Executive Vice President, Clinical Operations of Brooklyn ImmunoTherapeutics. “We believe that the unique combination of cytokines in IRX-2 can improve outcomes for patients with solid tumor cancers based on its ability to activate the immune system in the tumor microenvironment. We look forward to the results of this clinical trial and to exploring potential new indications in the future.”

First Patient Dosed in Ph 3 Pivotal Trial of IBI310 + TYVYT® (sintilimab injection) for the Treatment of First-line Advanced HCC

Dr. Hui Zhou, Vice President and Head of Medical Sciences and Oncology Strategy of Innovent, stated: “CTLA-4 is an important immunosuppressive receptor. IBI310 in combination with TYVYT® (sintilimab injection) has shown promising preliminary good safety and anti-tumor activity, suggesting the potential anti-tumor value for this combination. We will evaluate the efficacy of IBI310 combined with TYVYT® (sintilimab injection) in this study and we hope to provide more effective treatment to benefit patients and their families.”