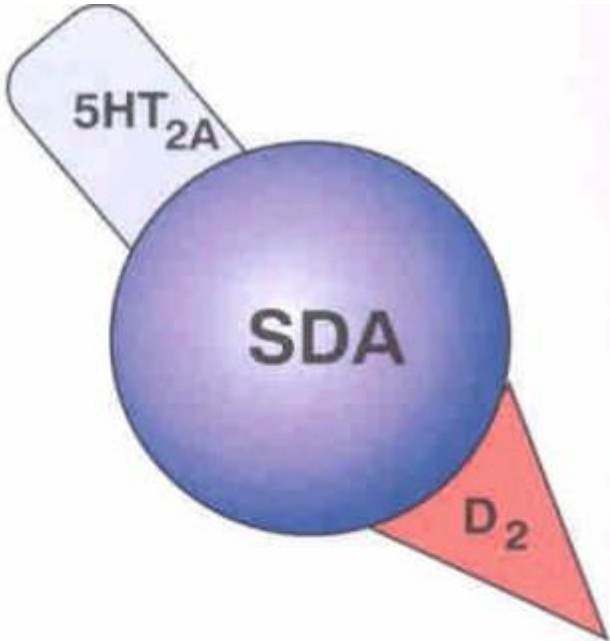


高雄醫學大學103學年度第3學期 期末考試考題釋疑

科目	命題教師	系(所)年級
Block 10	王鵬為老師等	後醫系二年級

考題	原來答案	正確答案	釋疑
55	C	B	根據劉黛玲老師上課講義,答案應改選B ● The disorders typically manifest early in development. ● Causes of neurodevelopmental disorder: deprivation, genetic and metabolic diseases, immune disorders, infectious diseases, nutritional factors, physical trauma, and toxic and environmental factors.
88	D	B	根據柯巧俐老師上課講義 答案應選B Aripiprazole (Abilify) ● Tabs, immediate release IM formulation, depot ● Unique mechanism: a D2 partial agonist
89	A	D	根據柯巧俐老師上課講義 答案應選D

			 Atypical/ Second Generation Serotonin-Dopamine Antagonist (SDA)
87	C	A/C	不只一堂課強調過 鴉片類中毒的解毒劑是naloxone 比如王鵬為老師的物質濫用疾患 <u>Opioid</u> intoxication ▪ Naloxone ▪ Administered IV at a slow rate ▪ Initially about 0.8mg per 70 kg ▪ If no response, repeated after intervals of a few minutes ▪ If no response over 4 to 5 mg ▪ Opioid intoxication unlikely 原答案C 也沒錯 但A 應該也是正確
84	C	B	酒精和海洛因中毒均可能造成意識不清 但瞳孔收縮為海洛因中毒的典型症狀 以下根據王鵬為老師物質濫用疾患講義

Opioi*d* intoxication

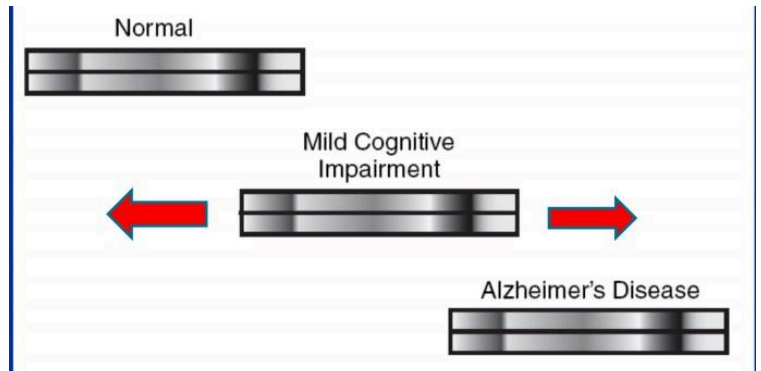
- Papillary constriction and one or more of the following signs
 - Drowsiness or coma
 - Slurred speech
 - Impairment in attention or memory

48

C

B/C?

根據黃美鳳老師上課講義



MCI → Alzheimer's disease: 10-15% per year

B 選項每年50% 不正確 應改為10~15%

上課講義有提到depression 為MCI 的risk factor, 但倒是沒提到depression 是否會造成MCI 更容易轉變為認知障礙.

Risk factors

- APOE4 allele status
- Cerebrovascular events
- Depression: Chronic exposure to high levels of cortisol

90	D	C	Hydrophobic and other hydrophilic Antipsychotics as Mood Stabilizers !!! <table><thead><tr><th>Generic name</th><th>Trade name</th><th>Manic</th><th>Mixed</th><th>Maintenance</th><th>Depressed</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Aripiprazole</td><td>Abilify</td><td>x</td><td>x</td><td>x</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Ziprasidone</td><td>Geodon</td><td>x</td><td>x</td><td>X*</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Risperidone</td><td>Risperdal</td><td>x</td><td>x</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Quetiapine</td><td>Seroquel</td><td>x</td><td></td><td>X*</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Quetiapine XR</td><td>Seroquel XR</td><td>x</td><td></td><td>X*</td><td>x</td></tr><tr><td>Chlorpromazine</td><td>Thorazine</td><td>x</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Olanzapine</td><td>Zyprexa</td><td>x</td><td>x</td><td>x</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Olanzapine fluoxetine comb</td><td>Symbyax</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>x</td></tr></tbody></table> FDA approved indications in Bipolar disorder *approval for adjunct therapy 根據老師上課講義可得知，用在acute manic/mixed episodes, as maintenance treatment 的應該是Quetiapine	Generic name	Trade name	Manic	Mixed	Maintenance	Depressed	Aripiprazole	Abilify	x	x	x		Ziprasidone	Geodon	x	x	X*		Risperidone	Risperdal	x	x			Quetiapine	Seroquel	x		X*		Quetiapine XR	Seroquel XR	x		X*	x	Chlorpromazine	Thorazine	x				Olanzapine	Zyprexa	x	x	x		Olanzapine fluoxetine comb	Symbyax				x
Generic name	Trade name	Manic	Mixed	Maintenance	Depressed																																																				
Aripiprazole	Abilify	x	x	x																																																					
Ziprasidone	Geodon	x	x	X*																																																					
Risperidone	Risperdal	x	x																																																						
Quetiapine	Seroquel	x		X*																																																					
Quetiapine XR	Seroquel XR	x		X*	x																																																				
Chlorpromazine	Thorazine	x																																																							
Olanzapine	Zyprexa	x	x	x																																																					
Olanzapine fluoxetine comb	Symbyax				x																																																				
19	B	B 或 C	根據林皇吉老師的上課講義， Selective abstraction 的 Assumption是 the only events that matter are failures, deprivation, etc. Should measure self by errors, weaknesses,etc. 而上課舉其中一個小宋的例子也提到，選擇性摘要的情形是只選擇支持自己差勁的證據，本題中小明因為覺得自己答錯幾題簡單的題目，然而其他的題目或許都答對而且成績也不差，選擇性的因為這幾個題目而產生這學期完蛋的想法，因此認為 選項C 選擇性摘要 也是正確的答案。																																																						
16	B	B 或 D	The synthetic Δ9-THC analog dronabinol and Nabilone (Δ9-THC analog) , was recently reintroduced in the USA for adjunctive therapy in chronic pain management. 根據洪秀貞老師的藥理學上課講義， D選項的dronabinol是 THC analog的合成藥物，也可用來治療慢性疼痛的病人。																																																						
33	D	B 或 D	Cognitive-Perceptual Symptoms The cognitive-perceptual symptoms of BPD are most commonly expressed at times of severe emotional stress. These symptoms include undue suspiciousness; ideas of reference and paranoid ideas; and transient distortions in perception, such as illusions and brief auditory or visual hallucinations. Some individuals with BPD have out-of-body experi- From understanding and treating borderline personality disorder by John G. Gunderson, M.D. and Perry D. Hoffman, Ph.D.																																																						

--	--	--	--