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Manuscript Template Instructions

General Instructions on using this template and submitting an article to *Jurnal Studi Hadis Nusantara*: Thank you for preparing an article for submission to Jurnal Studi Hadis Nusantara. Using this template, or following the guidelines below, will help us process your paper.

Articles should be assembled in the following order:
Title:
Authors:
Affiliations:
Abstract: (English and Bahasa)
Main Text: Introduction, Methods, Results and Discussion, Conclusion
Acknowledgements:
References and Notes

Title

((Title must be in English, Maximum 15 Words, Clear, Informative, Provide an Overview of Research That Has Been Done), (Times New Roman Bold/ Times New Arabic Bold 14 pt, space 1, spacing after 6 pt))

Author 1 *
(Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 12, Bold, space 1)

Affiliations
(Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 10, Bold, space 1)

Email
((Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 10, Bold, space 1)

Author 2
(Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 12, Bold, space 1)

Affiliations
(Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 10, Bold, space 1)

Email
((Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 10, Bold, space 1)

* Correspondence

Received: date; **Accepted**: date; **Published**: date

DOI:

Abstract

((**A single paragraph of about 250 words**. For research articles, abstracts should give a pertinent overview of the work. We strongly encourage authors to use the following style of structured abstracts, but without headings: (1) **Background:** Place the question addressed in a broad context and highlight the purpose of the study; (2) **Purpose of the Study**: Identify the purpose and objective of the study; (3) **Methods**: Describe briefly the main methods or theoretical framework applied; (4) **Results**: Summarize the article's main findings; and (5) **Conclusions**: Indicate the main conclusions or interpretations.), (Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 12, Italic, Spacing-1))

Keywords: keyword 1; keyword 2; keyword 3; keyword 4; keyword 5.
((List **three to five** pertinent keywords specific to the article; yet reasonably common within the subject discipline; use lowercase except for names), (Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 12, Italic, Spacing-1))

Abstrak

Abstrak dibuat dalam satu paragraf sekitar 250 kata. Untuk artikel penelitian, abstrak harus memberikan gambaran umum yang relevan dari karya tersebut. Kami sangat menganjurkan penulis untuk menggunakan gaya abstrak terstruktur berikut ini, tetapi tanpa judul: (1) **Latar Belakang**: Tempatkan pertanyaan yang dibahas dalam konteks yang luas dan soroti tujuan penelitian; (2) **Tujuan Penelitian**: Mengidentifikasi maksud dan tujuan penelitian; (3) **Metode**: Jelaskan secara singkat metode utama atau kerangka teori yang digunakan; (4) **Hasil**: Rangkum temuan-temuan utama artikel; dan (5) **Kesimpulan**: Tunjukkan kesimpulan atau interpretasi utama.

Kata Kunci: kata kunci 1; kata kunci 2; kata kunci 3; kata kunci 4; kata kunci 5.

INTRODUCTION

Your text is here, in Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 12 pt font size, writing Arabic-Latin transliteration using Times New Arabic font size 12 pt. Arabic words or letters are written using Traditional Arabic font size 18 pt, 1.5 line-spacing; don’t add space before and/or after paragraph, BOLD. Italic is a must in typing non-English words. The introduction should briefly place the study in a broad context and highlight its importance. It should define the purpose of the work and its significance. The current state of the research field should be reviewed carefully, and key publications should be cited. Please highlight controversial and diverging hypotheses when necessary. Finally, briefly mention the main aim of the work and highlight the principal conclusions. As much as possible, please keep the introduction comprehensible to scientists outside your particular field of research. Authors should provide an adequate background and concise literature survey to record the existing solutions/methods, to show which is the best of previous researchers, to show the main limitation of the earlier researchers, to show what they hope to achieve (to solve the limitation), and to show the scientific merit or novelties of the paper. References should be cited using the American Psychological Association (APA) Style. See the end of the document for further details on references. Technical terms should be defined. Symbols,

abbreviations, and acronyms should be defined the first time they are used. All tables and figures should be cited in numerical order.

METODE

Your text is here, in Times New Roman/ Times New Arabic 12 pt font size, Arabic words or letters are written using Traditional Arabic font size 18 pt, 1.5 line-spacing; don't add space before and/or after paragraph, BOLD. Italic is a must in typing non-English words.

The method contains an explanation of the research approach, subjects of the study, the conduct of the research procedure, the use of materials and instruments, data collection, and analysis techniques.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

1. Results

The results obtained from the research have to be supported by sufficient data. The research results and the discovery must be the answers or the research hypothesis stated previously in the introduction part.

1.1. Subsection

Heading 1: Use this style for level one headings
Heading 2: Use this style for level two headings
Heading 3: Use this style for level two headings
Heading 3: Use this style for level two headings

Bulleted lists look like this:

- First bullet
- Second bullet
- Third bullet

Numbered lists can be added as follows:

1. First item
2. Second item
3. Third item

The text continues here.

1.2. Figures, Tables and Schemes

All figures and tables should be cited in the main text as Figure 1, Table 1, etc.



(**a**) (**b**)

Figure 1. This is a figure, Schemes follow the same formatting. If there are multiple panels, they should be listed as: (**a**) Description of what is contained in the first panel; (**b**) Description of what is

contained in the second panel. Figures should be placed in the main text near the first time they are cited. A caption on a single line should be centered.

Table 1. This is a table. Tables should be placed in the main text near the first time they are cited.

Title 1	Title 2	Title 3
entry 1	data	data
entry 2	data	data [1]

[1]Tables may have a footer.

1.3. Formatting of Mathematical Components (if any)

This is an example of an equation:

$$a = 1, \tag{1}$$

The text following an equation need not be a new paragraph. Please punctuate equations as regular text.

Theorem-type environments (including propositions, lemmas, corollaries, etc.) can be formatted as follows:

Example text of a Quote. Quote quote. The text continues here. Proofs must be formatted as follows: quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote quote**,**

The text continues here.

2. Discussion: The discussion is highlighted through the title and subtitles of the section when needed

The authors should discuss the results and how they can be interpreted from the perspective of previous studies and the working hypotheses. The findings and their implications should be addressed in the broadest context possible. Future research directions may also be highlighted. The discussion should cover the following components: How do your results relate to the original question or objectives outlined in the Introduction section (what/how)? Do you provide an interpretation scientifically for each of your results or findings presented (why)? Are your results consistent with what other investigators have reported (what else)? Or are there any differences?

CONCLUSIONS

The conclusion should answer the objectives of the research and the research discoveries. The concluding remark should not only repeat the results and discussions, or the abstract. You should also suggest future research and point out those that are underway.

Acknowledgements: In this section, you can acknowledge any support given, not covered by the author's contribution or funding sections. This may include administrative and technical support, or donations in kind (e.g., materials used for experiments).

Conflicts of Interest: Declare conflicts of interest or state “The authors declare no conflict of interest.” Authors must identify and declare any personal circumstances or interests perceived as inappropriately influencing the representation or interpretation of reported research results.

REFERENCES

The literature in the References contains only the sources referenced or included in the article. We recommend preparing the references with a bibliography software package like **Mendeley** to avoid typing mistakes and duplicated references. Reference sources must provide **80%** of journal articles, proceedings, or research results from **the last five years indexed by Scopus,** with a **minimum of 30 articles**. Writing techniques bibliography, using the system cite **APA (American Psychological Association) Style**.

Example:

Journal Article

Cichocka, A. (2016). Understanding defensive and secure in-group positivity: The role of collective narcissism. *European Review of Social Psychology*, *27*(1), 283–317.

Marchlewska, M., Cichocka, A., Łozowski, F., Górska, P., & Winiewski, M. (2019). In search of an imaginary enemy: Catholic collective narcissism and the endorsement of gender conspiracy beliefs. *The Journal of Social Psychology*, *159*(6), 766--779.

Internet Website

Hidayat, R., & Khalika, N. N. (2019). Bisnis dan Kontroversi Gerakan Indonesia Tanpa Pacaran. Retrieved October 17, 2019, from tirto.id website: https://tirto.id/bisnis-dan-kontroversi-gerakan-indonesia-tanpa-pacaran-cK25

Book

Kamba, M. N. (2018). *Kids Zaman Now Menemukan Kembali Islam*. Tangerang Selatan: Pustaka IIMaN.

Book Section

Ikhwan, M. (2019). Ulama dan Konservatisme Islam Publik di Bandung: Islam, Politik Identitas, dan Tantangan Relasi Horizontal. In I. Burdah, N. Kailani, & M. Ikhwan (Eds.), *Ulama, Politik, dan Narasi Kebangsaan*. Yogyakarta: PusPIDeP.

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Ikhwan, M. (2019). Ulama dan Konservatisme Islam Publik di Bandung: Islam, Politik Identitas, dan Tantangan Relasi Horizontal. In I. Burdah, N. Kailani, & M. Ikhwan (Eds.), *Ulama, Politik, dan Narasi Kebangsaan*. Yogyakarta: PusPIDeP.

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Marchlewska, M., Cichocka, A., Łozowski, F., Górska, P., & Winiewski, M. (2019). In search of an imaginary enemy: Catholic collective narcissism and the endorsement of gender conspiracy beliefs. *The Journal of Social Psychology*, *159*(6), 766--779.

Miller, A. E., & Josephs, L. (2009). Whiteness as pathological narcissism. *Contemporary Psychoanalysis*, *45*(1), 93–119.

Rakhmat, J. (1989). *Islam Alternatif*. Bandung: Mizan.



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