

Name: _____

Words from Geography

geography	the study of earth, its features, and the distribution of life on the planet.
map	- a picture or chart that shows the different parts of something - A map is a representation, usually on a flat surface, of the features of an area of the earth or a portion of the heavens, usually to scale.
location	a place or position
exact location	the latitude and longitude of a specific place
relative location	the location of a place in relation to another. For example, Vermont is north of Massachusetts
place	- the physical (mountains, lakes, streams, deserts, forests, etc.) features and human (buildings, roads, bridges, mines, etc.) that make a place unique. - Example: Vermont is a unique place due to its many mountains, rivers, old farms, and history.
movement	- travel from place to place and the exchange of goods and ideas. - Example: Traders traveling throughout the Mediterranean sea exchanged goods, ideas, and news about different regions.
region	- areas that are united by similar physical conditions or by common cultural traits. - Example: New England is a region known for its dense forests and rocky ocean coastline.
interaction	- the interaction between people and their environment. - Example: Throughout history, humans have adapted to and changed their natural environment.
principle	a rule to live by
value	a person's principles or standards of behavior; one's judgment of what is important in life
relationship	the way in which two or more concepts, objects, or people are connected, or the state of being connected
peninsula	a piece of land almost surrounded by water or projecting out into a body of water.

plateau	• an area of relatively level high ground
mountain	• a large natural elevation of the earth's surface rising abruptly from the surrounding level; a large steep hill
infrastructure	• the basic physical and organizational structures and facilities (e.g., buildings, roads, and power supplies) needed for the operation of a society