

[14 pt., Book Antiqua, Bold, Title, maximum 20 words] Title Title Title: Title

[11pt. Book Antiqua,] First Author*¹, Second Author², Third Author³

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ABSTRACT

The total of word accounts in the abstract should not be more than 200-300 words. State the article's purpose/objective briefly and concisely. State the article's design/methodology/approach used in the paper. Present the article's findings based on the analysis and discussion done in the paper. State the limitation of your study. State the conclusion of your study. [11pt. Book Antiqua, 1" line spacing]

Article history:

Received 15 December 2022

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Keyword:

List the article's 3-5 keywords alphabetically in order.

INTRODUCTION

The body of the paper must be elaborated between 3.500-10.000 words (maximum) including abstract, references, and footnotes (for writer's affiliation only), written in the font: Book Antiqua, size: 12, line spacing: single. This section should be the shortest part mentioned in the Abstract and very briefly outline the following information: What is already known about the subject related to the paper in question? What is not known about the subject and hence what the study intends to examine (or what the paper seeks to present). In most cases, the study background can be framed in just 2-3 sentences, with each sentence describing a different aspect of the information referred. The purpose of the background, as the word indicates, is to provide the reader with a background to the study, and hence to smoothly lead into a description of the methods employed in the investigation.

The Introduction is the statement of the problem that you investigated. It should give readers enough information to appreciate your specific objectives within a larger theoretical framework. After placing your work in a broader context, you should state the specific question(s) to be answered. This section may also include background information about the problem such as a summary of any research that has been done on the problem in the past and how the experiment will help to clarify or expand the knowledge in this general area. All background information gathered from other sources must, of course, be appropriately cited. It is suggested that the authors avoid organizing the article content into smaller parts than the second subheading in this section.

METHOD

The Methods section is usually the second-longest section in the Abstract. It should contain enough information to enable the reader to understand what was done and important questions to which the Methods section should provide brief answers. Contains the type and research design, research variables, population, and research samples, data collection methods, and data analysis methods (can be adapted to the research approach

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used, quantitative or qualitative). It is suggested that the authors avoid organizing the article content into smaller parts than the second subheading in this section.

FINDINGS AND DISCUSSION

Discussion and Findings be written in the same part. They should be presented continuously starting from the main findings to support findings and equipped with a discussion. Figures and Tables (if any) should be put in the same part of this section and should be actively edited by the editors.

Example table:

Table 1 (table number)
Measuring Instrument Validity and Reliability (table caption, Title Case, italicized)
[10pt. Book Antiqua]

Variable	F	Significance
Actions	79.698	p<0.01
Kernels	37.700	p<0.01

Sample image:

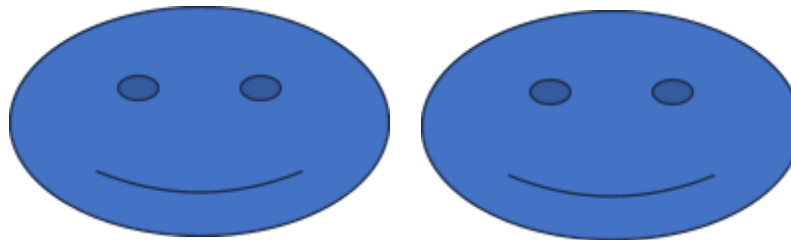


Figure 1 (image no.). Image caption (Sentence case).
[10pt. Book Antiqua, italicized, image's size 3x5 cm]

Example of Sub-Headings (*you are allowed to make subheadings into the third level*):

Findings

Findings 1 (12pt Book Antiqua, Bold, Capitalize Each Word)

Sub-finding 1 (12pt Book Antiqua, Bold, Italicize, Capitalize Each Word)

Sub-sub-finding 1 (12pt Book Antiqua, Italicize, Capitalize Each Word)

Discussion

Discussion 1 (12pt Book Antiqua, Bold, Capitalize Each Word)

Sub-discussion 1 (12pt Book Antiqua, Bold, Italicize, Capitalize Each Word)

Sub-sub-discussion 1 (12pt Book Antiqua, Italicize, Capitalize Each Word)

CONCLUSION

Authors are advised not to replicate conclusions by abstract. This section simply states what the researcher thinks the data mean, and, as such, should relate directly back to the



problem/question stated in the introduction. This section should not offer any reasons for those particular conclusions--these should have been presented in the Discussion section. By looking at only the Introduction and Conclusions sections, a reader should have a good idea of what the researcher has investigated and discovered even though the specific details of how the work was done would not be known.

Author Information

First Author, explain the department and institution, current job, author's interest, and the contact.
Second Author, explain the department and institution, current job, author's interest, and the contact.
Third Author, explain the department and institution, current job, author's interest, and the contact.

References

References of your manuscript must be up to date (**in the last 5 to 10 years and a minimum of 15 references that 80% of references from primary sources/journals**) and your reference can be accessed by anyone.

Authors are responsible for ensuring that the information in each reference is complete and accurate. All references should be cited within the text; otherwise, these references will be automatically removed. Writing a bibliography should use *reference manager applications such as Mendeley*. The writing style uses the format of the APA 7th Style.