

**Article Info:**

Received 00 January 20xx

Revised 00 February 20xx

Accepted 00 Marc 20xx

Corresponding Author:

Author Full Name

Department of xx

University of xx

E-mail: authormail@mail.com

© 202x Author et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license, allowing unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided proper credit is given to the original authors.



Jurnal Ilmu dan Teknologi Kelautan Tropis Article Template (Calibri 15 pt bold Justify) Capitalized Each Word

Author Full Name^a, Author Full Name^b, Author Full Name^c

^a Program Study of xx, Faculty of yy, University of zz, City ZIP code, Country Name

^b Department of Marine Science and Technology, Faculty of Fishery and Marine Science, IPB University, Darmaga Campus, Bogor 16680, Indonesia

^c Department of Information Science, Science and Engineering Faculty, Saga University, 1 Honjo-machi, Saga, Saga 840-8502, Japan

Abstract

Insert abstract text here. Abstract is written in English, containing no more than 250 words. Abstract briefly contains the important introduction, research objectives, methods, major findings, and main conclusions. Please avoid writing abbreviation of acronym in the abstract. Keywords is important to The significance and implications of research findings should also be listed in the abstract. Do not write any citation in the abstract. Every article submitted to a journal editorial must follow this writing guidelines. If the article does not comply with this guidance, the article will be returned before further review.

Keywords: Maximum in 5 keywords are allowed, Arranged alphabetically, calibri, Font size: 8, Regular. Paragraphs are justified (straight-edged) on both left and right

1. Introduction

This is the main text of the manuscript in Jurnal Ilmu dan Teknologi Kelautan Tropis. Use Calibri 10 pt as font style and size for the main body, with single space. The manuscript should be written in English. For full instructions, please see the journal's Instructions for Authors. Do not modify the font in this or any other section, as doing so will not give an accurate estimate of the formatting for publication and final length of the paper.

The "Introduction" section of a scientific paper serves as the opening of the manuscript and plays a crucial role in setting the stage for the research study. Its primary purpose is to provide essential background information, establish the context and significance of the study, articulate the research problem or question, and outline the objectives and hypotheses of the research. This section serves as a bridge between the existing body of knowledge and your research. It should be designed to grab the reader's attention, convey the importance of your study, and motivate them to continue reading to learn more about your research findings and conclusions.

2. Materials and Methods

2.1. This is Heading 2

Materials and methods section is a crucial component that provides a detailed description of the experimental design, procedures, and techniques used to conduct the research. This section aims to allow other researchers to replicate the study and verify its findings. This section typically includes experimental design, study location, materials, sample or study subject, experimental procedures, data collection, data analysis, replication, etc. Remember that the level of detail and organization within the "Materials and Methods" section should be sufficient for another scientist in your field to replicate your study and obtain similar results. Clarity, precision, and transparency are key principles when writing this section.

2.2. Examples of Good Map for The Manuscript

Displaying the study location map in a scientific paper is essential for providing context and aiding readers in understanding the geographical scope of your research. Element of map should be included: Insert, Scale bar (not numeric), Legend, Direction, and Annotation of the map. Use high-resolution images (minimum 300 dpi) to maintain the clarity and quality of the map, even when resized (**Figure 1**).

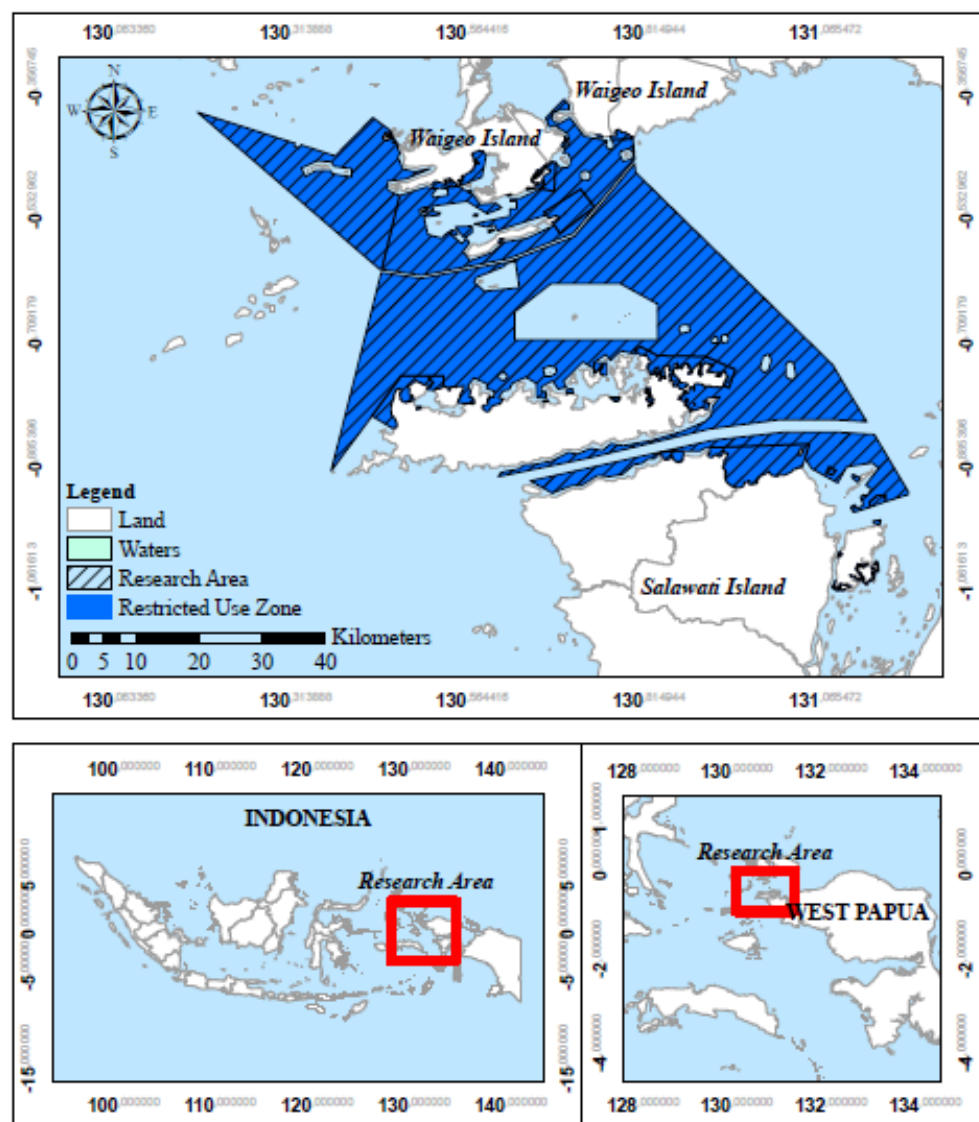


Figure 1. Ensure that each illustration has a caption. Supply captions separately, not attached to the figure. A caption should comprise a brief title (not on the figure itself) and a description of the illustration. Keep text in the illustrations themselves to a minimum but explain all symbols and abbreviations used. (Source: Wibowo et al., 2026).

2.3. Figures and Illustrations

Figures and illustrations should be presented clearly and effectively to help readers understand the information in the manuscript. Each figure or illustration must have a caption that includes the figure number and a brief description consisting of at least two informative sentences. The caption should follow the format “**Figure 1.** Figure caption”. A figure caption is not a title, but a short explanation of the figure or illustration that can be understood without referring to the main text. The font used for captions should be Calibri, size 10 pt. Please do not create figure captions manually; use the “Insert Caption” feature in Microsoft Word. Set the figure wrapping option to In Line with Text. All figures must be mentioned in the text in consecutive order and numbered using Arabic numerals. If possible, explanations of symbols should be placed directly on the bow of the figure instead of in the caption. Before inserting a figure into the manuscript template, make sure the figure size is appropriate and place the figure before its caption. Figures should fit well within the page layout and should support the manuscript content without dominating the page.

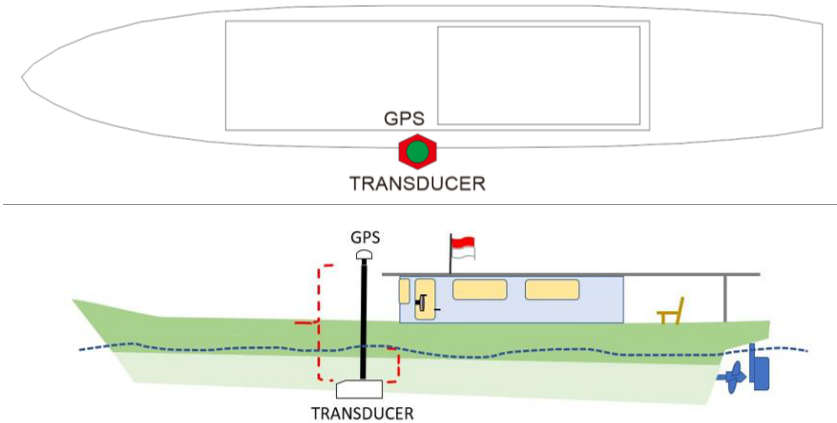
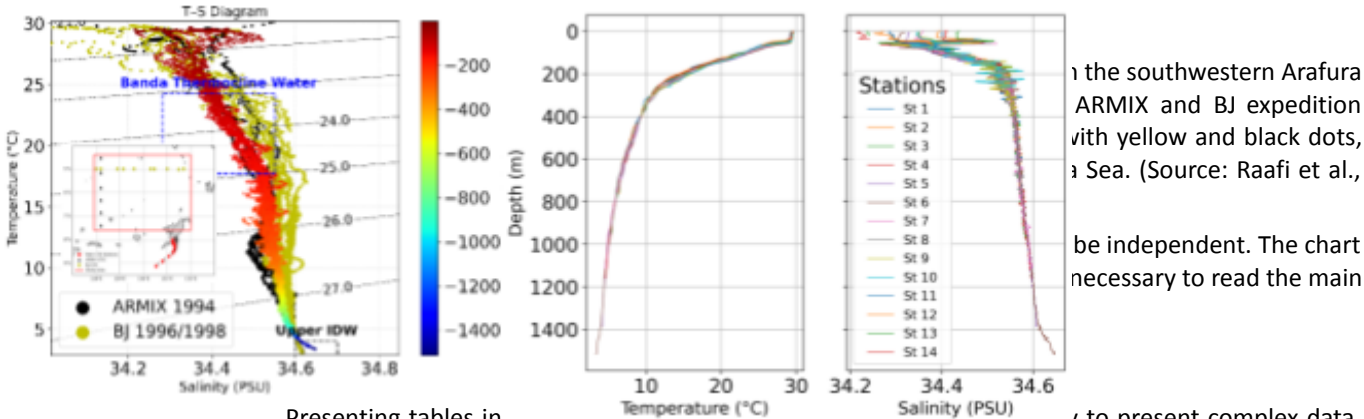


Figure 2. Specific arrangement of the Single Beam Echo Sounder (SBES) sounding equipment used to acquire depth measurements during the survey. The configuration ensures that the GPS positioning instruments and the echosounder transducer are aligned on a single axis to maintain accuracy during data logging. (Source: Solikin et al., 2026).



Presenting tables in / to present complex data, results, or comparisons. Tables should be presented without inside horizontal borders, except for the header. They should also be without vertical borders, both inside and outside (see example in **Table 1**). Please avoid tables that overflow. However, if it is necessary, please ensure that the header is repeated on every page. All tables must be in an editable format and should not be presented as images. Use 10 pt Calibri font for table content (Word style MK Table Body). Please refrain from making the header bold. Repeat the table header for overflow table.

Table 1. Please submit tables as editable text and not as images. Tables can be placed either next to the relevant text in the article, or on separate page(s) at the end. Number tables consecutively in accordance with their appearance in the text and place any table notes below the table body. Be sparing in the use of tables and ensure that the data presented in them do not duplicate results described elsewhere in the article.

Mangrove Species	DBH (cm)	Average DBH (cm)	RD _i	RF _i	RC _i	IVI
<i>Sonneratia caseolaris</i>	4.7-23.1	8.6	32.84	37.50	36.21	106.54

Mangrove Species	DBH (cm)	Average DBH (cm)	RD _i	RF _i	RC _i	IVI
<i>Avicennia alba</i>	4.3-21.5	9.4	41.79	37.50	47.42	126.71
<i>Avicennia marina</i>	6.0-19.0	12.9	7.46	12.50	11.15	31.12
<i>Rhizophora mucronate</i>	4.5-8.1	6.4	17.91	12.50	5.22	35.63

Notes: RD_i: Relative Density of Species RF_i: Relative Frequency of Species, RC_i: Relative Coverage, and IVI: Important Value Index.

2.5. Equations and Numbers

Equations should be provided in a text format, rather than as an image. Microsoft Word's equation tool is acceptable. Equations should be numbered consecutively, in round brackets, on the right-hand side of the page. They should be referred to as Equation 1, etc. in the main text. There is a template for equations which can be found in Ms Word in **Insert** menu, then select **Equation style** from the Equation toolbar. The equation number will be automatically generated and can be updated.

$$TVDI = (T - T_{min}) / (T_{max} - T_{min}) \quad (1)$$

A decimal numeral is expressed using a period (.), as seen in 20.19. The thousand separator is a comma (,), such that thirty thousand is written as 30,000. The percentage numeral (%) is devoid of spaces, as demonstrated by 100%. Indicating units adheres to established conventions like: g m⁻², m³ day⁻¹, 30°C year⁻¹, and so on. In instances involving multiple mathematical equations, numbering should be applied consecutively.

2.5.1. This is Heading 3

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua.

3. Results and Discussion

3.2. Results and Discussion should be Separated in Two Different Sub-chapter

We recommend separate approach for results and discussion in two distinct sub-chapter. In separated approach, you present the results first, providing an objective description of your findings, and then follow with a separate discussion section where you interpret and discuss the implications of those findings.

3.3. Another Sub-Chapter for Results

Results can be written in several sub-chapters. It is not necessary to merge into single sub-chapter. If necessary, several sub-chapters can be made to facilitate different topic of results.

3.4. Discussion

This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. Discuss your data by comparing the current reported data with previous results, but avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature. Highlight similarities, as well as differences, and the uniqueness of your findings. End the discussion by giving a conclusion and future research in that particular topic.

4. Conclusions

The conclusions section should come in this section at the end of the article, before the acknowledgements. The conclusion is written in a narrative, not by pointers, and in one paragraph to answer the research objectives or hypotheses. Provide an explanation or response to the issue or objectives of the research, refraining from summarizing research findings. The conclusion is succinct, lucid, qualitative, and encompasses a wide perspective, condensed into a single paragraph.

Conflicts of Interest (Word style without number)

In accordance with our policy on Conflicts of interest please ensure that a conflicts of interest statement is included in your manuscript here. Please note that this statement is required for all submitted manuscripts. If no conflicts exist, please state that “There are no conflicts to declare”.

Acknowledgements

Collate acknowledgements in a separate section at the end of the article before the references and do not, therefore, include them on the title page, as a footnote to the title or otherwise. List here those individuals who provided help during the research (e.g., providing language help, writing assistance or proof reading the article, etc.).

AI Writing Statement

“Declaration of Generative AI and AI-assisted technologies in the writing process.”

When AI-assisted technologies were used in the writing process, use the following statement:

During the preparation of this work, the author(s) used [NAME TOOL / SERVICE] to [REASON]. After using this tool/service, the author(s) reviewed and edited the content as needed and take(s) full responsibility for the content of the publication.

When AI-assisted technologies were not used in the writing process, use the following statement:

‘The authors did not use any artificial intelligence-assisted technologies in the writing process’.

Citation

We use citation style from American Psychological Association (APA). An [APA Style](#) citation for a JITKT article includes the author’s name(s), publication year, article title, journal name, volume and issue number, page range of the article, and a DOI (if available).

References

We encourage authors to cite primary research articles rather than review papers whenever possible, as this helps give proper credit to researchers who first reported the findings. Authors are responsible for ensuring that all information provided in the references is complete and accurate. We also recommend the use of Mendeley reference management software for preparing the reference list.

Primary references should consist of publications from reputable scientific journals published within the last 10 years. At least 80% of the total citations used in the manuscript should be derived from published scientific articles. We do not recommend the use of undergraduate theses, master’s theses, dissertations, activity reports, or similar research reports as reference sources.

The reference list should be arranged alphabetically based on the surname of the first author.