# Galaxies and Stars

#### Galaxies

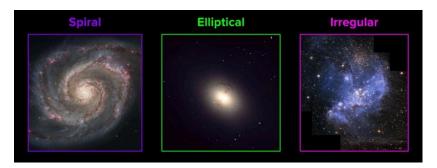
- very large
- groups of , dark matter, and radiation
- separated from us by huge distances!
- There are of galaxies in the universe

# Milky Way Galaxy

- where earth exists.
- Our sun is 1 of billion stars

There are different types of galaxies depending on their shape

- Spiral
- Barred
- Elliptical
- Irregular

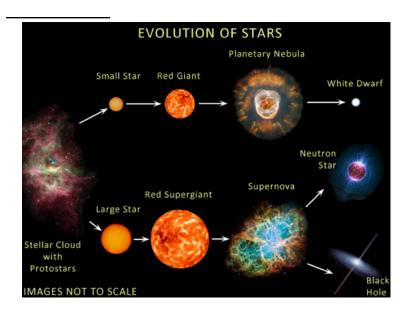


### What are Stars

- Stars are large balls of "burning billions of miles away".
- look small because far away
- Many than the Sun.
- The heat of the star is made by

## Star Life

• The life of stars are \_\_\_\_\_ of years.



1. All stars	start as	-clouds	of dust and ga	ases (H and He)
2. Mass pu	lls together			
<ul><li>3. Turns int</li><li>4. Nuclear</li></ul>	•	ace until all	fuel used up	rgy – a protostar
Star Classific	ation			
<ul><li>Stars car</li></ul>	n be classified a	ccording to	o:	
		•		→ blue (hottest)
2. Size: dwarf	$(smallest) \rightarrow g$	iant star →	supergiant sta	ar
Black Holes				
<ul><li>If a</li></ul>	is Massive w	vhen it	it may	
creating	a black hole			
<ul><li>gravity p</li></ul>	ulls so much th	nat even lig	ht can not get	out.
•	is so	becaus	se matter has b	been squeezed into a
tiny spac	 ce.			
<ul><li>Every lar</li></ul>	ge galaxy conta	ains a supe	rmassive black	hole at its center.
<ul><li>Milky W</li></ul>	ay's black hole	hole is calle	ed	
• mass eq	ual to about 4 r	million suns	 S	
			-	