# **Biomolecules Practice**

AP Biology

### 1. Examine each of the monosaccharides

a) What is the molecular formula of glucose?

Fructose?

- b) What do all of the hexoses have in common?
- c) What makes them different?
- d) Why are these molecules called hexoses?

### 2. Examine the reaction shown.

- a) What type of reaction is shown?
- b) What monosaccharides make sucrose?
- c) Sucrose is what common kitchen ingredient?
- d) What is the chemical formula of sucrose?

## 3. Examine the lipid shown.

- a) Label the glycerol, carboxyl, and fatty acid.
- b) Circle the double bond in the fatty acid.

Is this a saturated or unsaturated fat?

Is it a solid or liquid at room temperature?

c) What is the main function of this type of molecule?

# 4. Compare the structure of ribose to deoxyribose.

- a) Why are these molecules called "pentoses?"
- b) How does ribose differ from deoxyribose?
- c) Where are each found?

## 5. Examine the nucleotide shown.

- a) Label the three groups found in the nucleotide.
- b) Where are nucleotides found?
- c) What sugar is shown?

#### 6. Examine the molecule of ATP.

- a) Label the three groups found in the molecule.
- b) Indicate the location of the high energy bond
- c) What is the full name for ATP?

# 7. Examine the dipeptide.

- a) What type of reaction is shown?
- b) What is "R"?
- c) Draw an arrow at the location of the peptide bond.Place a square around the amine group.

Circle the carboxyl group