



# MY ROBOTIC FRIENDS

*Modified for Code.org CS Fundamentals*



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## Lesson 3: My Robotic Friend

**Main Goal:** Highlight programming techniques and illustrate the need for functions.

**Overview:** Using a predefined “Robot Vocabulary” your students will figure out how to guide one another to accomplish specific tasks without discussing them first. This segment teaches students the connection between symbols and actions, as well as the valuable skill of **debugging**.

If time allows, there is an option to introduce **functions** at the end of the lesson.

**Objectives: Students will**

- Learn to convert real-world activities into instructions
- Gain practice **coding** instructions with symbols
- Gain understanding of the need for precision in coding
- Gain practice debugging malfunctioning code
- Understand the usefulness of functions and **parameters** (grades 7+)

**Materials and Preparation:**

**Estimated lesson time:** 1 hour

**Estimated prep time:** 10 min

**Materials**

- Symbol Key (1 per group)
- Cup Stack Pack (1 per group)
- Disposable Cups or Paper Trapezoids (6 or more per group)
- Blank paper or note cards (1 per person)
- Writing Instrument (1 per person)

**Preparation**

- Print out one Symbol Key for each group
- Print a Cup Stack Pack for each group
- Cut trapezoids from Paper Trapezoid template if not using cups
- Stack cups or trapezoids in designated area away from groups (Robot Library)

**Key Lesson Vocabulary:** **Algorithm** - A series of instructions on how to accomplish a task

**Coding** - Transforming actions into a symbolic language

**Debugging** - Finding and fixing issues in code

**Function** - A piece of code that can be called over and over

**Parameters** - Extra bits of information that you can pass into a function to customize it



## Lesson Plan

**Introduce:** Start by asking the class if anyone has heard of robotics. Has anyone seen a robot or touched one? Does a robot really “hear” you speak? Does it really “understand” what you say? The answer to the last question is: “Not the same way that a person does.”

Robots operate off of “instructions,” specific sets of things that they have been preprogrammed to do. In order to accomplish a task, a robot needs to have a series of instructions (sometimes called an algorithm) that it can run. Today, we are going to learn what it takes to make that happen.

**Kickstart:** Pull out a copy of the Symbol Key (or write the symbols on the board). Step to the side and tell the class that these will be the only six symbols that they will be using for this exercise. For this task, they will instruct their “robot” to build a specific cup stack using only these arrows:

- ↑ - Pick Up Cup
- ↓ - Put Down Cup
- - Move  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cup Width Forward
- ← - Move  $\frac{1}{2}$  Cup Width Backward
- ↻ - Turn Cup Right 90°
- ↺ - Turn Cup Left 90°

### Adjustments:

#### Grades K-3

- Try this lesson all together as one class. Let the students shout directions for the teacher to write down.
- Have a class assistant leave the room during programming, then return to perform the finished code.
- If there is time, switch. Have the assistant write the instructions from the class and have the teacher perform them.

#### Grades 4-6

- Adjust group sizes between three and five, depending on the personality of class.
- Expect each student to want a turn, this will likely use the entire hour.

#### Grades 7+

- Limit groups to four students, three is ideal.
- Students generally complete the full round of turns with plenty of time to include the supplement section on functions.

## Lesson 3: My Robotic Friend

### Steps:

1. Choose one "Robot" per team.
2. Send robot to "Robot Library" while the "programmers" code.
3. Choose one image from the Cup Stack Pack for each group.
4. Groups will create an algorithm for how the robot should build the selected stack.
5. Coders will translate their algorithm to arrows, as described in Symbol Key.
6. When programmers have finished coding their stack they can retrieve their robot.
7. Upon return, the robot reads the symbols from the cards and translates them back into movements.
8. The group should watch for incorrect movements, then work together to debug their program before asking the robot to re-run it.

### Rules:

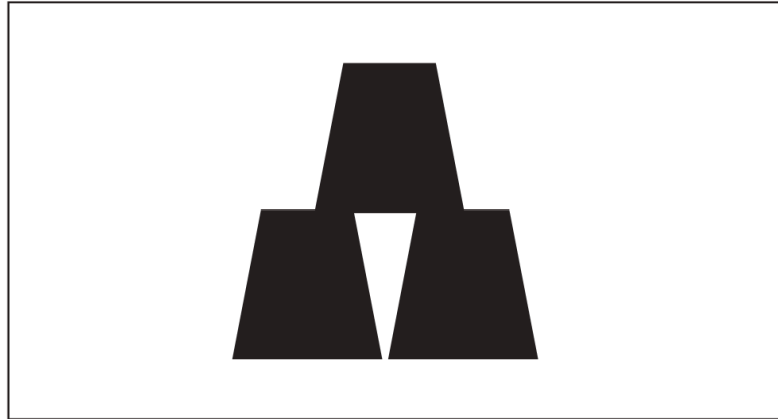
1. Coders should translate all move using *only* the six arrows suggested.
2. Cups should remain with the robot, not provided to programmers during coding.
3. Once robots are back with their groups, there should be no talking out loud.

*If your student asks about rules that haven't been defined above, you can either define them according to your exercise, or ask them to define that rule within their own group.*



## Example

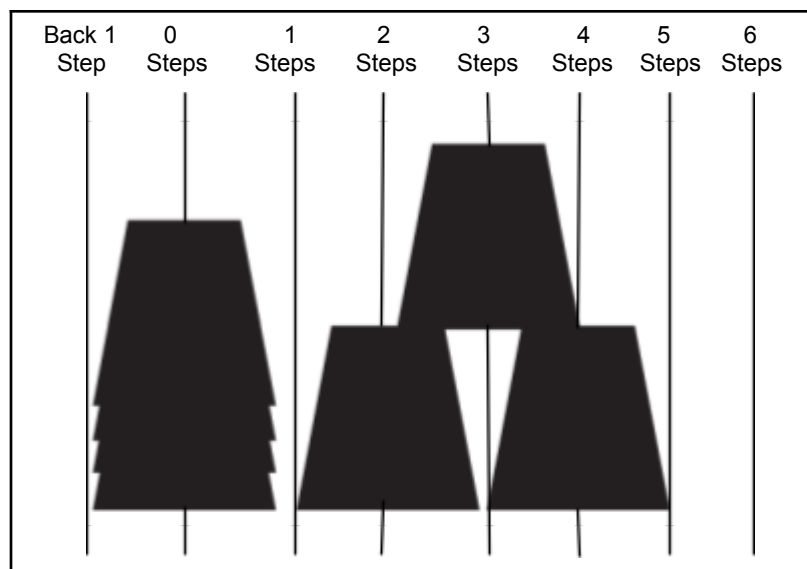
**Beginning:** It can be helpful to go over an example as a class. There is one cup stack in the pack that includes only three cups, that is the sample card. Hold it up for the class and walk them through the exercise.



*3 Cup Stack from Cup Stack Pack*

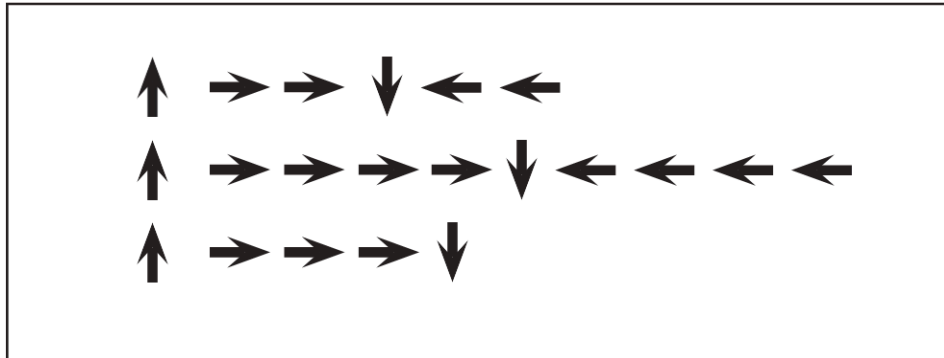
Place your stack of cups on the table where everyone can see them. Ask the class to instruct you on the first thing to do. The correct answer is “pick up cup”. When you pick up each cup, note that the cup should automatically rise above the highest cup already in the stack.

With your hand still in the air, ask for the next move. You may have to remind the class a time or two that one step forward is only half the width of a cup.



## Lesson 3: My Robotic Friend

**Middle:** Once you've placed a single cup, transition back to the blackboard (or document camera) and challenge the class to help you write the symbols on the board so that you can "run the program" later. One possible solution looks like this:



**Completion:** With the program written down for the class to see, you can call a volunteer to "run" it, or you can run the program yourself. Say the arrows out loud as you move the cups into place. For example, the program above would be pronounced:

"Pick up cup", "Step forward", "Step forward", "Put down cup",  
"Step backward", "Step backward"

"Pick up cup", "Step forward", "Step forward", "Step forward", "Step forward",  
"Put down cup", "Step backward", "Step backward",  
"Step backward", "Step backward"

"Pick up cup", "Step forward", "Step forward", "Step forward", "Put down cup"





## The Exercise

**Group Up:** Group the students appropriately for their ages as described on page 2. The goal is to have enough programmers in each group that the group is never entirely lost.

**Robot:** Choose one “robot” in each group to go hang out in the “robot library”. This should be a location far enough away from the groups that no robot can find out what Cup Stack Card their programmers are working with. Robots can use their time in the library to practice cup stacking and to ask for clarification on rules.

**Program:** Each group of programmers should be handed one Cup Stack Card at a time. They can then begin to figure out the algorithm for their stack. How many cups will they need? How many steps for the first cup? The second? Are any cups upside down? How do you get the robot to flip a cup?

Once these questions are answered, the programmers can use the symbols to write their code on the blank paper or a note card. The programmers should review their code to see if it makes sense for the stack before checking their robot out of the robot library. Do not let students use symbols that are not on the Key (such as numbers.)

**Run Code:** Now that the robot is back with the group, everyone should be silent. The groups should not attempt to use words or gestures to influence their robot’s behavior. The robot should only operate according to what the arrows tell them to do.

If the group finds a mistake, they are allowed to halt the program, check the robot back into the library, and fix the error before bringing the robot back to complete the challenge.

**Repeat:** Each time a group solves a challenge, they should choose a new robot to head to the library, and the group should be given a new (preferably more difficult Cup Stack Card.)

This can continue either until time is done, all group members have been robots, or the cards have become difficult enough to warrant a discussion about functions.

<p><b>Tip:</b> If the lesson is still going strong, but the groups begin to run out of Cup Stack Cards, challenge them to create their own stack drawings.</p>
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**Pick Up Cup**



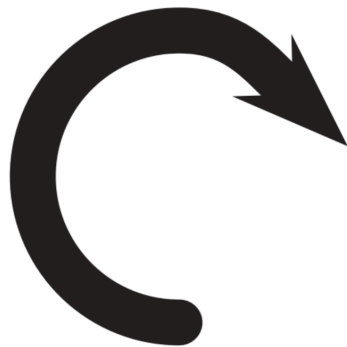
**Put Down Cup**



**Step Forward**



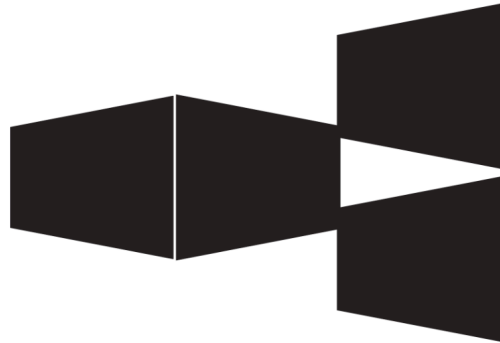
**Step Backward**



**Turn Cup Right 90°**

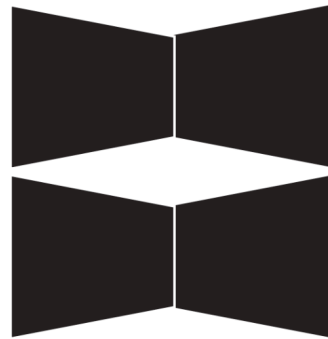


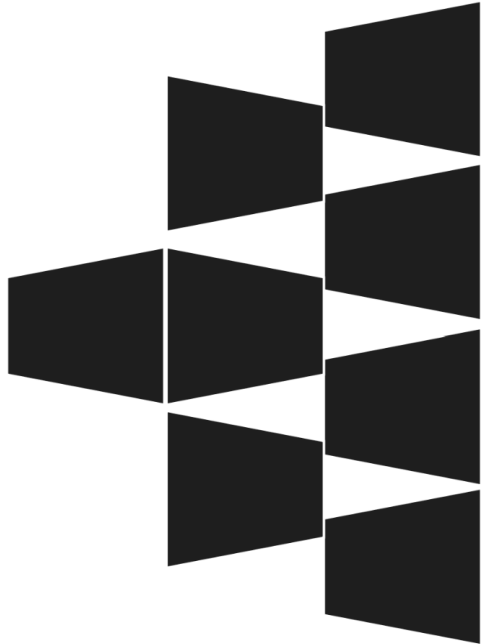
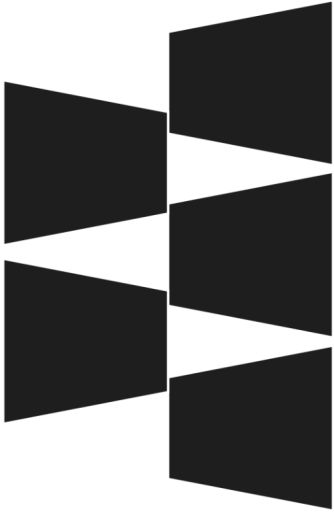
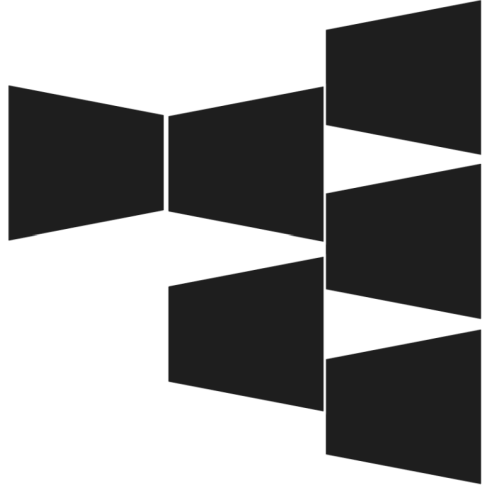
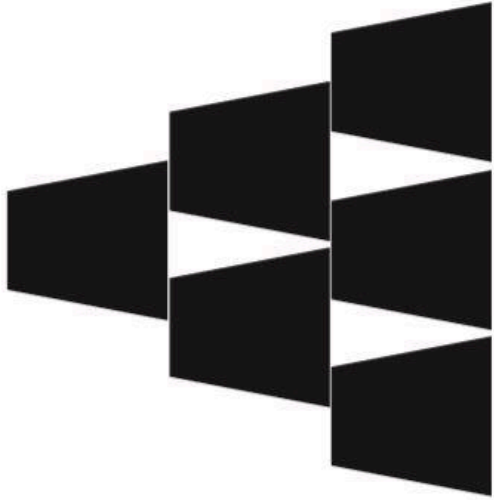
**Turn Cup Right 90°**

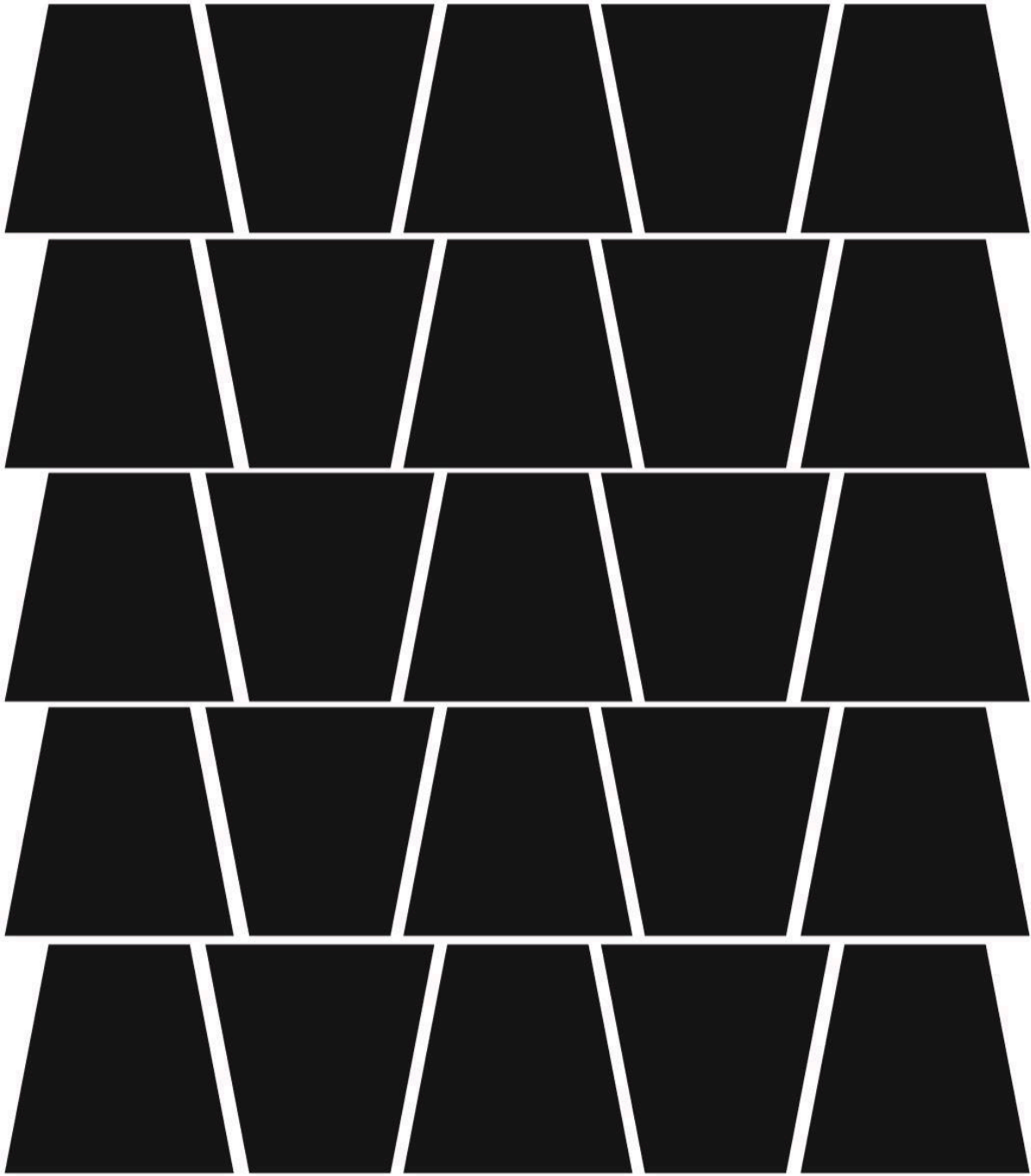


**Cup Stack**

**Pack** 



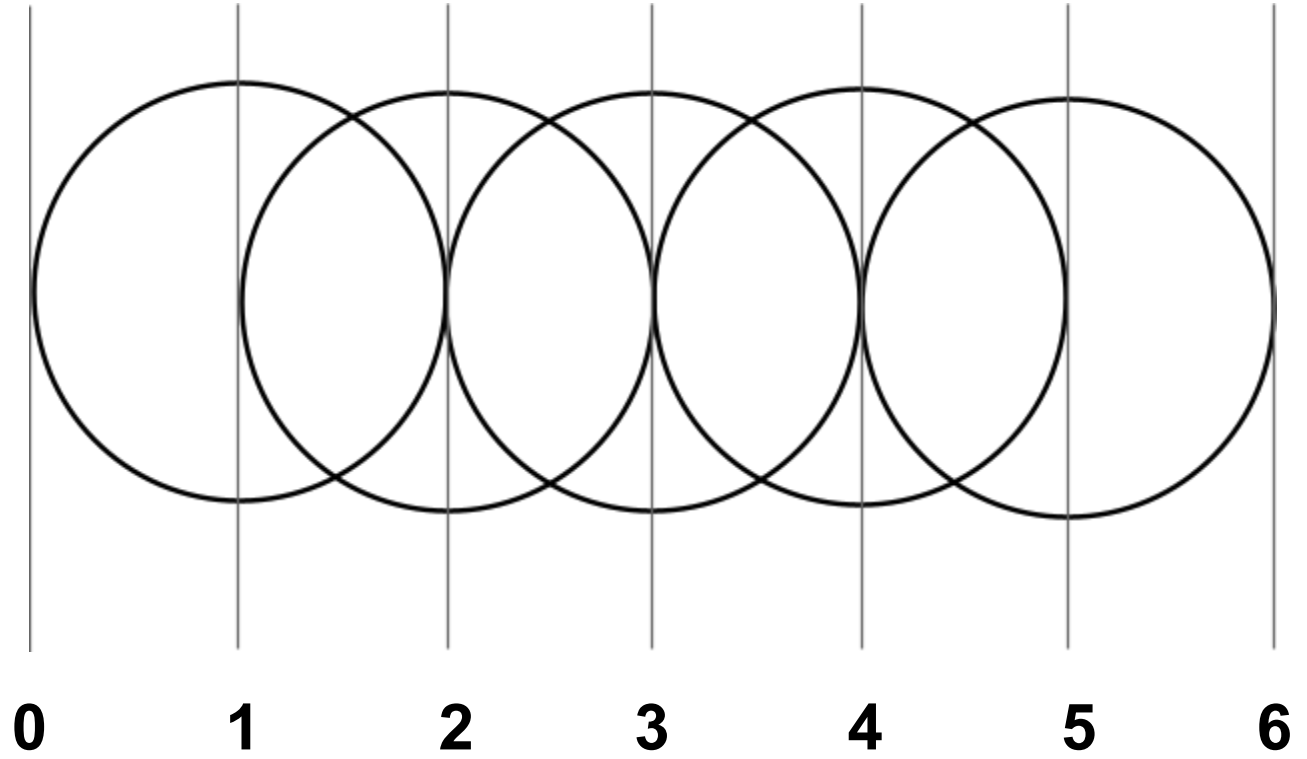




**To cut quickly:**

First cut in horizontal strips, then snip along lines to make trapezoids.

# Sample Template for Moving Cups



# Sample Table Arrangement for Cups

