

| School: | | Grade Level: | VI |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| Teacher: | Credits to the Writer of this DLL | Learning Area: | ENGLISH |
| Teaching Dates and | | | |
| Time: | MAY 22-26, 2023 (WEEK 4) | Quarter: | 4 TH QUARTER |

| | MONDAY | TUESDAY | WEDNESDAY | THURSDAY | FRIDAY | | | |
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| I. OBJECTIVES | | | | | | | | |
| A. Content Standards | Demonstrates understanding t Demonstrates understanding of Demonstrate understanding of | Demonstrates understanding that words are composed of different parts to know that their meaning changes depending in context Demonstrates understanding of verbal and non-verbal elements of communication to respond back Demonstrate understanding of the research process to write a variety of texts | | | | | | |
| B. Performance Standards | Uses strategies to decode corr Uses a variety of strategies to Uses a variety of research strategies | Uses strategies to decode correctly the meaning of words in isolation and in context Uses a variety of strategies to provide appropriate feedback Uses a variety of research strategies to effectively write a variety of texts for various audiences and purposes | | | | | | |
| C. Learning Competencies/ Objectives | Summarize the information from a text heard Inferring meaning of borrowed word using -prefix | Distinguish text-types according to purpose and language features -Problem and Solution Conduct short research projects on a relevant issue | Use various types and kinds of sentences for effective communication of information/ideas (Compound-Complex Sentence) | Make connections between information viewed and personal experiences | Plan composition using an outline/other graphic organizers | | | |
| Write the LC code for each | EN6LC-IVd-2.23 EN6V-Id-12.4.2.3 | EN6RC-IVd-3.2.5 EN6-IVd-2.3 | EN6SS-IVd-1.10 | EN6V-IVd-4.4 | EN6WC-IVd-1.1.6.1 | | | |
| II. CONTENT (Subject Matter) | Clarifying meaning of text heard Inferring meaning of borrowed word PREFIX | Problem – solution Research projects | Compound-Complex Sentence | Used to influence viewers Stereotypes, point of view , propaganda | Outline/Graphic Organizers | | | |
| III. LEARNING RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| A. References | | | | | | | | |
| 1.Teacher's Guide/Pages | | Cu | rriculum Guide pp 138 of227 | | | | | |

| 2.Learner's Materials Pages | | | | _ | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| 3.Textbook Pages | Essentials English 6 pp.335-336 | Essentials English 6 pp.337-341 | Essentials English 6 pp.341-345 | Essentials English 6 pp.328-329 | Essentials English 6 p 345-347 |
| 4.Additional Materials from Learning Resource(LR)portal | | | | | |
| B. Other Learning Resources | powerpoint | Chart, worksheet | powerpoint | powerpoint | Powerpoint |
| III. PROCEDURES | | | | | |
| A. Reviewing previous lesson or presenting new lesson | If you are going to summarize a story or a selection, how will you summarize. | Give the meaning of the following borrowed using prefix de. Decode deflate Deport depress Dejected -to go down or to move away -to send out of the country -feeling down -to press down -to break down words | Each group will present their research project. | Make a compound-complex sentence about the picture. | What is stereotype? Give an example. Original File Submitted and Formatted by DepEd Club Member - visit depedclub.com for more |
| B. Establishing a purpose for the lesson | Lilies are magnificent flowers that command attention wherever they are planted. They are group of flowering plants which are important in culture and literature in much of the world. Listen to an article about Lilies. Take down relevant notes as you listen. Use this notes in summarizing the information ypu heard. | How do you regard plants or flowers? Do you consider any of these special, lucky or with certain meaning? Chewdeinedwords we in the selection you are about to read infer their meaning based on their roots and how they are used in the sentences. 1. An ancient prophecy had said that while the lifes stood the happiness of 2. the people should endure 3. The wernor king head been purished for he had professed the world of the good. 4. The Pasing River still flows on to the sea, but its bonk's are hamessed by bridges. 5. No hands plucked the lifes from the earth. | Study how the sentence below is written. Where the illies were crushed and torn, the bodies of desd and dying warriers lay and the crushed flowers were stained with the blood of friend and foe. Where the illies were crushed and torn - dependent clause The bodies of dead and dying warriors lay - independent clause The crushed flowers were stained with the blood of friend and foe - independent clause. You have learned from the previous lesson that a compound-complex sentence is a sentence that has two or more independent clauses and one or more dependent clauses. This type of sentence is used to give more interest to the writing and to tell more in one sentence. Could you give more examples? | What kind of information view are the following? All old people are forgetful. Men are better at math than women are. African-American men are the best basketball players. | In things come out better when planned. This goes the same with our compositions in the original view must be same with our compositions of more content of the property of the same compositions. If that indirecting thing happened to you recordly if in the synchic composition at the satisfied the challenges to your experience. Then, trade you composition at the satisfied provided they you. |

| Lily. To the ancient Egyptians, the trumpet-shaped lily was a symbol of Upper Egypt, the southern part of the country. In the ancient Near East, the lily was associated with Ishtar, also known as Astarte, who was a goddess of creation and fertility as well as a virgin. The Greeks | | |
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| and Romans linked the lily with the queen of the gods, called Hera by the Greeks and Juno by the Romans. The lily was also one of the symbols of the Roman goddess Venus. | | |
| In later times, Christians adopted the lily as the symbol of Mary who became the mother of Jesus while still a virgin. Painters often portrayed the angel Gabriel handing Mary a lily, which became a Christian symbol of purity. Besides being linked to Mary, the lily was also associated with virgin saints and other figures of exceptionalchastity. | | |
| Read more: http://www.mythencyclop edia.com/Fi-Go/Flowers-in-Myth ology.html#ixzz55w36wUJy Share your summary in class. | | |

C. Presenting examples/ instances of the new lesson

Today we going to learn borrowed words using prefix. Read and study the following words.

Recount misspell illegal dislocate

Give the root word of the following words. What is written before the root word?

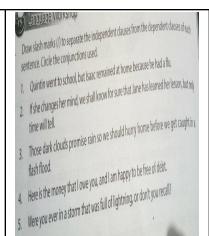
When the Lilies Return

Retold by: John M. Miller (Pasig Metro Manila, Luzon)

At the time when the Pasig River flowed peacefully along between flowery banks, when its breast was not torn by puffing steamers, and when only a few clustering huts marked the present site of Manila, there grew on the banks of the river, a beautiful field of lilies. The lilies glistened like silver in the sunlight and filled the air with delicious perfume. No hand plucked them from the earth, and no foot trampled out their fragrance; for an ancient prophecy had said that while the lilies stood the happiness of the people should endure.

But after a time cane dark days in the history of the Philippines. Yellow hordes swept across the water and carried all before them. The people could hardly expect to resist the invaders, for their warrior king, Loku, had profaned the word of the god, who, in the form of a lizard, was fulfilling his threats of punishment. Their armies were weal and scattered, and the conquerors marched on in triumph. As report after report of disaster reached Luzon, the people trembled for the safety of their fair land. Warriors gathered hastily for the defense of the nation, and all united and waited for the enemy to appear.

One day the water was dotted with the junks of the invaders. They came slowly down the bay, and anchored near the mouth of the Pasig. Then from the boat poured the yellow warriors. Spears



Group Activity

Stereotypes

Option 1: Students are each handed a piece of paper at the beginning of class. They are instructed not to look at what is on the papers others have. They are given one of the following tasks:

- a. List the 8 most important characteristics that an ideal person should have.
- b. List the 8 most important characteristics that an ideal woman should have.
- c. List the 8 most important characteristics that an ideal man should have.

Lists of the characteristics they come up with for each three categories are written on the board. Students discuss and evaluate the degree of overlap between perceptions of the ideal person and the male and female stereotypes. This discussion is then extended to include the ideal characteristics of people with certain jobs (e.g. president, teacher, accountant) to look for degree of overlap with the lists of ideal characteristics for men/women.



rained upon them, stones and arrows laid them low, but their numbers were countless. The people were along the riverbanks. Fiercely they fought, but numbers told against them. Foot by foot they were pressed back, till they stood on the border of the field of lilies, where they made their last stand. But it was to no purpose. The invaders poured from the ships, and in one desperate charge drove back the ranks of the people, who fought and died among their sacred lilies. All through the night the battle raged, and all daybreak, when the victorious invaders rested on their spears, the beautiful field was no more. The lilies were crushed and torn. The

The lilies were crushed and torn. The bodies of dead and dying warriors laid everywhere, and the crushed flowers were stained with blood of friend and foe. The peace of the land was lost.

Many years have passed since then. New races have come to the islands, and new manners and customs have been introduced. The Pasig still flows on to the sea, but its banks are harness by bridges. Lofty dwellings and stores took the place of the little huts, and a great city marks the site of the little village. Where once was the beautiful field is now a busy part of the great city. It is called Quiapo, after the lilies. Many of the older people remember the prophecy and wonder if the lilies will ever return.

The land is now a peaceful and contented one. Comfort and happiness maybe found among its inhabitants. Perhaps the fair, strange women from the great land over the sea are the lilies. Who can tell?

| D. Discussing new concepts and | De-is a prefix of Latin origin | Realler's Workshop | Put a check if the statement is |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| practicing new skills #1 | which has several meanings. It | Answer the following questions about the selection. What was the story mainly about? | stereotype and cross if not. |
| practicing new skins #1 | means "down" as in descend or | What was the conflict or problem in the story? Was it resolved towards the end? Why to why not? | stereotype and cross in not. |
| | to go down or move away from | What did the ancient prophecy tell about the lilies? How did the people show their belief in this old prophecy? | 1. She is a kind young |
| | as in depart. | What was the advantage of the invoders against the Philippline warriors? Who is Loku? How will you describe him? | lady. |
| | | What happened to the ancient prophecy? Why do you think this prophecy turned out to be the opposite? | |
| | Fill in the blanks with the | You have learned that a problem-solution relationship describes a problem and discusses | 2. Young kids are noisy. |
| | appropriate words from the box. | possione solution to the production of the uppert, need to solve a problem, or strong case for the uppert, need to solve a problem, shows the selection again to fill in the problem-solution outline below. | 3. Women are better |
| | | | cooks than men. |
| | Despise deducted delegate | | 4. All doctors are rich. |
| | | | |
| | Decline delete | | 5. Tagaytay is a beautiful |
| | | | tourist spots. |
| | Deteriorating detour | | |
| | | | |
| | Depressed derailed | | |
| | | | |
| | 1. When you turn down an | | |
| | invitation, youit. | | |
| | 2. The peace-and order | | |
| | situation in the country | | |
| | is said to be going down | | |
| | from bad to worse. We | | |
| | ca say that it | | |
| | is | | |
| | 3. When a person's spirit is | | |
| | low, we could infer that | | |
| | she/he is | | |
| | 4. When we look down on | | |
| | someone with disfavor | | |
| | or contempt, we may be | | |
| | said to | | |
| | | | |
| | 5. While driving, you are | | |
| | forced to leave the | | |
| | highway because of | | |
| | road repairs. Therefore | | |
| | | | |
| | turned away on a | | |
| | · | | |

| | 6. But when a train jumps away from the rails, we say that it is 7. When we take out a word from a message, we it. 8. Certain amounts can be taken away or from someone else's income or salary. 9. A person who is sent to attend a conference as a representative is called a | | | |
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| E. Discussing new concepts and practicing new skills #2 | De-is also used to give the idea of reversing or undoing. Example: Decode deflate decrease Before a coded message can be understood, we must undo or decode it. De also means completely or entirely. Example: A forest is said to be deforested if it is entirely stripped of trees and other plants. When old buildings are torn down completely, we use the word demolished. | Browse the selection again to fill in the problems solution outline below. Problem Who: What Why: Attempted Solutions 1. 2. End Result | combine the sentences into one and make it a compound-complex structure. White you 1. A. He can join us. 8. He asks the man who invited us to the party. C. He can also stay home. 2. A. Susan teaches the kids who live in the neighborhood. 8. They meet in the evenings. C. After she comes home from work 3. A. The doctor wants to prescribe physical therapy. C. He recommended Dr. Smith. 4. A. Anthony told us about the assembly of the products. C. Where they were made 5. A. We managed to finish the exercise on time. We passed the exam. C. However, it was very difficult. | Write YES if it is a stereotype Kids land NO if not. 1. People who wear glasses are smart. 2. All tall people are good basketball players. 3. Women are better cooks than men. 4, Poor people are lazy. 5. Honesty is the best policy. |

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| F. Developing Mastery (Lead to Formative Assessment) | Match words with prefix de with its meaning. 1. Decay 2. Declined 3. Decode 4. Decrease 5. Deduct 6. Dejected 7. Depress 8. Deport a. To send out of the country b. To press down c. Feeling down or sad d. To take out or to remove e. To lower or break down into small amount f. To break down words g. To go down or to drop h. To break down | Read the following passage with a partner and see if you could read its worth correctly and with fluency in a minute. Lasie's in the eldest among the four shiftings and in the only are who studies in a privile shoot. One night, the was half by the nother that the reads to bundler to a public strible where the fees are loss. She honestly slid her mother the does not want the idea. She proposes that the save on her oilsy allowances to bely with the school feet. She also growings to maintain good prake when is todo and help with the chores when at home, promises to maintain good prake when is todo and help with the chores when at home. Her mother's heart softened after hearing this, the mother decided not to transfet Louis his promise instead, the got at levi side jobs to help arginent the family's income and be able to pay for school and house exponent. Use the passage you have just read to fall in the problem and solution map below. Line the passage your have just read to fall in the problem and solution map below. Cause Cause Effect | | |
| G. Finding practical application of concepts and skills in daily living. | | Health is wealth. Today, there are a lot of factors that hinder us from being healthy. With a partner, identify common problems about the topics below and list down solutions to address both your problems. Share your outputs in class. Healthy Diet Exercise Proper Hygiene | Group Activity Write five related compound-complex sentences based on the pictures. | |

| H. Making Generalization and Abstraction about the lesson | | | | |
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| I. Evaluating Learning | Fill in the blank with the borrowed word using the prefix de. Choose your answer inside the box. Decay declined Decode decrease Deduct dejected Depress deport 1. The star player on our team was to his home country because his parents did not have "green card". 2. The old house was and falling apart. 3 the nozzle of the spray cleaner to remove the writing from the desktop. 4. The condition of the countrys'Indmarks with smaller repair budgets. 5. The football player felt after losing the game. 6. Can you all of the words in these instructions? | Online game addiction is a common problem among children your age. They get so hooked with playing that at times, they tend to prioritize it over their studies, helping with house chores and spending quality time with family members. Form groups of four and discuss this problem. Use the problem-solution map to organize the details of your discussion. Present your output in class and allow for a healthy discussion among the class members. | Combine the sentences into one and make it a compound-complex structure. 6. A. The man spoke little English. B. Mary understood him. C. She couldn't help him. 7. A. We didn't have much time. B. We didn't read the final chapter. C. We still enjoyed the book. C. We still enjoyed the book. 8. A. We will miss our father greatly. B. He taught us many lessons. C. Those lessons have helped us succeed in life. 9. A. The eagles attract many tourists. B. They live in the local mountain range. C. The politicians still refuse to protect them. 10. A. We finished our work early. B. We decided to go out for a drink. C. We went to Starbucks. | Write a composition what you have written on the graphic organizer. |

| admission fee from your allowance. 8. This man wants to see a in the use of coal as a fuel in pour country. J. Additional Activities for Application or Remediation W. Remarks V. Remarks V. Reflection N. Remains of the second of | | | | | |
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| Additional Activities for Application or Remediation IV. REMARKS V. REMARKS V. REMECTON A. No. of learners who are required additional activities for remediation who have caught up with the lesson O. O. Ol tearners who have caught up with the lesson O. N. Umber of learners who continued to require remediation O. N. Or learners who have caught up with the lesson O. N. Or tearners who have caught up with the lesson O. N. Umber of learners who continued to require remediation to the lesson O. N. Umber of learners who continued to require remediation to the who have caught up with the lesson O. N. Umber of learners who continued to require remediation E. Which of my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work? F. What difficulties did I encounter within the my principal or recovered the my principal or recovered the my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work? F. Wat difficulties did I encounter within the my principal or recovered the my principal or recovered the my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work? F. What difficulties did I encounter within the my principal or recovered within the my principal or recovered the my principal or recovered the my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work? | | 7. You subtract or the | | | |
| 8. This man wants to see a in the use of coal as a fuel in pour country. J. Additional Activities for Application or Remediation When the coal as a fuel in pour country. J. Additional Activities for Application or Remediation When the coal as a fuel in pour country. J. Additional Activities for Remediation When the coal as a fuel in pour country. J. Additional Activities for Remediation When the coal as a fuel in pour country. J. Additional activities for remediation activities for remediation who scored below 80% C. Did the remedial lesson work? No. of learners who have caught up with the lesson D. Number of learners who continue to require remediation E. Which of my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work? F. What difficulties did I encounter which my principal or second removed and in my principal or second removed removed my principal or second removed my principal or second removed removed removed my principal or second removed rem | | | | | |
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| I. Additional Activities for Application or Remediation ### A | | in the use of | | | |
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| Application of Nemediation The street of | | country. | | | |
| IV. REMARKS IV. R | | | the following when choosing a topic: 1. Purpose - Why did it choose this topic! What do I intend to prove! 2. Relevance - How will this topic be helpful to others) 3. Time - How long will this project take! Suggested Topics: 1. Games played by elementary pupils ages 7-12; Outdoor or Digital? 2. Kpop/Cosphay/Anime invasion among Filipino pupils 3. Study habits and techniques of honer pupils 3. Study habits and techniques of honer pupils | | |
| Methodology | | | Form groups of fours, and decide on a topic for your short research project. Now that you have decided on your topic, you are ready to write questions you would these research about your topic. Consider the following when developing your necearch questions. 1. Consider what your reades want or need to know about the topic. | | |
| IV. REMARKS V. REFLECTION A. No. of learners earned 80% in the evaluation B. Number of learners who are required additional activities for remediation who scored below 80% C. Did the remedial lesson work? No. of learners who have caught up with the lesson D. Number of learners who continue to require remediation E. Which of my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work? F. What difficulties did I encounter which my principal or | | | 3. Make potential research questions. 4. Select from among these a working research question. 5. Refine your research question by narrowing your scope. | | |
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| F. What difficulties did I encounter which my principal or | these work? | | | | |
| encounter which my principal or | | | | | |
| | encounter which my principal or | | | | |
| Supervisor field file solver | supervisor help me solve? | | | | |

| G. What innovation or localized | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| materials/discover which I wish to | | | |
| share with other teachers? | | | |