

Science Curriculum Intent

The intent of the Science Department at Richmond Park Academy is to prepare students to deeply explore, critically question, and intellectually engage with the scientific world they experience. Richmond Park Academy scientists build long term retention of knowledge by making links between the powerful ideas of the three science disciplines. Our aim is to provide opportunities to develop the scientific skills of observing, hypothesising, problem-solving, and analysing so students can better independently investigate and understand the community and world in which they live.

Curriculum Overview

Year 7

Year 7 - The Building Blocks of Science - This year is all about setting the stage for each students' science journey at RPA. Therefore, we start with a science skills course to ensure all students have the basic skills they need to operate safely in the lab. During this course students engage in a scientific inquiry project to learn about the scientific method first hand. During the latter part of the autumn term, we focus on the building blocks of science: cells, atoms, energy, and forces. In spring we build on these foundations, understanding how to identify different chemicals and understanding how cells work together to build complex body systems like digestion and reproduction. In Summer, we explore the physical world of forces and finish the year with learning about additional body systems - the respiratory and muscular-skeletal.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Science Skills - What is the scientific method?	Physics - Energy - What are the fundamental laws	Physics - Forces - How do all atoms interact?
How do scientists work together to build our	of energy? How is energy stored and transferred?	How can I control variables in an investigation
understanding of the world around us? Why is the	How does the human body get energy from food?	into the best type of surface for a running track?
scientific method important?	Where does the power in my house come from?	Biology - Respiratory Muscular and Skeletal
Blology - Cells - What are all living things made	Biology - Digestion - How does my body use the	Systems - What is the difference between
of? How can we ethically study living things?	food that I eat? How does disease like obesity	breathing and respiration? How does changing a
Chemistry - The Particle Model - What are the building blocks for all substances on earth? How has our understanding of atoms changed throughout history? Why is understanding atoms important?	affect the NHS? Biology - Reproduction in Animals, Reproduction in Plants - How do plants and animals reproduce to make more plants and animals? Why should bees be protected?	specific variable affect the breathing rate of a year 7 student? How do muscles work together to cause movement? Why do we need a skeleton?



Chemistry - Elements, Compounds, Mixtures -	Chemistry - Acids and Alkali - What is pH? What
How do different elements interact with each	are acids and alkalis? What are examples of these
other? What are the different types of chemical	chemicals that we come into contact with in
reactions? How does acid rain affect the	everyday life? What is a neutralisation reaction?
environment? What is the cost/benefit analysis of	
using crude oil?	



Year 8

Year 8 - Interactions Between Building Blocks - This year, students will spend the first part of the Autumn term building their understanding of atoms by exploring what happens when atoms interact during chemical reactions. Next, students will explore two major chemical reactions that take place in nature: photosynthesis and respiration. This takes into consideration the interaction between living organisms in the ecosystem. During the spring term, students explore the interaction of particles in waves, forces in motion, the Earth and its resources and energy in electrical circuits. In summer students will start by applying their understanding of electricity to the interaction of magnetic fields and electromagnets. Lastly, they will explore two units of biology: interdependence and evolution. Students finish the year with a unit on Space and Gravity, to understand interactions on a planetary scale.

Autumn	Spring	Summer
Chemistry - Chemical Reaction - what happens	Physics - Waves - what are the properties of	Physics - Magnets and Electromagnets - How
during a chemical reaction? How do we know that	waves? How do we know that light travels faster	do magnets relate to the planet earth? How can
a chemical reaction has taken place? How do	than sound? How do animals use echolocation?	electromagnets be useful?
chemical reactions such as incomplete	How do glasses help correct problems with the	
combustion affect our environment?	eye?	Biology - Interdependence - What are biotic and
compassion affect our environments		abiotic factors? What is microcosm and how do
Biology - Respiration - what is respiration and	Physics - Motion - How do we calculate the speed	we create one? How do changes in population
where does it take place? What are the effects of	of an object using a distance/time graph? What is	impact food chains and food webs?How is
exercise on respiration? Should athletes be	the purpose of the control group in an	energy lost between organisms in a food chain?
•	investigation? How do average speed cameras	What are the effects of bioaccumulation?
allowed to take drugs that allow them to carry	work?	
more oxygen (EPO)?		Biology - Evolution - How are characteristics
Biology - Photosynthesis - How are leaves	Chemistry - The Earth and its Resources - How do	inherited? How do we extract DNA from
	we know that the Earth's atmosphere has	strawberries?How do mutations impact
adapted to carry out photosynthesis? How can we	changed over time? What is the greenhouse	evolution? Why do humans carry out selective
speed up the rate of photosynthesis? Why is	effect and what are its impacts? Why is it difficult	breeding? What is the importance of biodiversity
photosynthesis important for the atmosphere?	to tackle global issues such as global warming?	to the global ecosystem? What are the ethics of
	What really happens to the plastic you throw	wildlife management and conservation?
	away?	Discoire Constitute and Consess (Miles on Section 1997)
	Physics electrical energy with a constraint	Physics - Gravity and Space - Where is our place
	Physics - Electrical Energy - Why can we bend	in the universe? What causes the seasons? How
	water with a glass rod? How does current	can we justify exploring space when there are
	compare in series and parallel circuits? Which	



	Find your remarkable
type of circuit would be best for a house? What	other things to spend money on here on earth?
happens when a circuit is incomplete?	Will we ever live on Mars?



Year 9

Year 9 - Foundations - In year 9, students begin the year solidifying the foundations of each strand of science: Biology, Chemistry, and Physics. In Autumn 2, they begin the introductory unit of chemistry called Atomic Structure and the Periodic Table followed by a biology unit on cells and cell division. In the spring term students will continue cell biology with transport in cells, where they explore and investigate how substances are transported across the cell membrane. Next, students build their knowledge or infection and response where students will understand and develop an appreciation of how our immune system works to defend us against infectious diseases. Students finish the summer term with a physics unit introducing the core concepts around energy and energy resources. In the summer term, students will study the particle model of matter to predict the behaviour of solids, liquids and gases which helps to explain a wide range of observations such as why it is difficult to make a good cup of tea high up a mountain. In addition, they will complete a chemistry unit on bonding, which explains the structure and properties of different compounds. The final unit studied in year 9 is energy changes. In this unit they will explore the transfer of energy that often takes place when chemical reactions occur. As part of this unit students will use their understanding of energy transfers to explain how things such as cold packs work.

Basics of Biology - An overview of the major		
themes in biology: Cells, Organ Systems, DNA,		
Evolution by Natural Selection, and Biodiversity.		

Autumn

Cornerstones of Chemistry - An overview of the major themes in chemistry: Atoms, Bonding, Chemical Changes, Chemistry of the Atmosphere, and the Earth's Resources.

Principles of Physics - An overview of the major themes in physics - States of Matter, Energy, Forces, Motion, Waves, Electricity

Chemistry - Atomic structure and the Periodic table - What are atoms? How are elements organised in the periodic table? Why do ions form? How do we separate mixtures of atoms? How is the position of an element in the periodic

Biology - Transport in cells - How do cells transport substances across its membrane? What is a passive process? How does a change in concentrations of salt or sugar solutions impact the mass of plant tissue? What are the differences between osmosis, diffusion and active transport?

Spring

Biology - Infection and Response - Are all microorganisms harmful? How does our body defend us against invisible enemies? How do vaccines prevalent illnesses? Why can it take up to 10 years to develop a new drug?

Physics - Energy - How is energy stored and transferred? How is power related to energy and time? How is energy conserved and dissipated?

Physics - Particle Model of Matter - How do we determine the densities of regular and irregular solid objects and liquids? How is the motion of the molecules in a gas related to both its temperature and its pressure?

Summer

Chemistry - Chemical Bonding - what are ions and how are they formed? What are ionic compounds and how do we represent their structures? What are covalent structures and how do simple and giant covalent structures compare with one another? What are the limitations of using various models to represent molecules or giant structures? Why can some structures conduct electricity while others do not? Why don't we make jewellery from pure metals such as gold?



table related to the arrangement of electrons? Why do group 1 elements get an increasing reaction down the group?

Biology - Cells and Cell Division - How are prokaryotic and eukaryotic similar and different? How do we calculate the size of an image produced by a microscope? What are the limitations of light and electron microscopes? Why are the different steps in a cell cycle integral to the formation of a new cell? How might the use of stem cells raise ethical concerns?

What is efficiency, and how efficient are the appliances we use in everyday live? Where does power come from? Which energy sources are renewable and non-renewable?

Chemistry - Energy Changes - How do we distinguish between exothermic and endothermic reactions? What is activation energy? How do we calculate the energy transferred in chemical reactions using bond energies?