

Підсумковий модульний контроль

Тема: З історії сільського господарства.

1. Прочитайте і перекладіть текст.

AGRICULTURE ITS ORIGIN AND DEVELOPMENT

Agriculture is a human activity in which people use areas of land to produce food, clothing and other necessary materials.

The word "ager" is a Latin word. It means a field. The word "agriculture" means the cultivation of fields and growing crops. But this is the old meaning of this word. Now it also means the use of land to breed animals. At present there are two main branches of agriculture. They are crop growing and animal breeding.

We do not know when people began to grow crops. It was many thousand years ago. Now crop growing is a highly developed branch of agriculture.

The soil is the basis of agriculture. Enough food for all the people can be grown if there is sufficient good soil for crops to produce high yields.

Wheat, rye, oats and barley belong to the cereals. They are main resources of the nourishment. The grain crops cultivation consists of plowing, sowing and harvesting. Agriculture supplies the technical crops: sugar beets, flax, hops, hemp and sunflower. The field work starts in spring and is over in autumn. In spring one ploughs, harrows, fertilizes and sows summer crops. In summer and autumn one mows and threshes grain crops, picks up fruits and vegetables.

The agriculture is one of the most important branches of the national economy. The majority of the rural population works in agriculture. The development of agriculture depends upon the industrial level of the country. The industry supplies the agricultural equipment, chemical fertilizers and other necessary materials.

Agriculture uses the achievements of several sciences, especially those of botany, zoology and chemistry. Those achievements depend also upon the human talent and various circumstances which influence on the agricultural production. That's why the agriculture has a character of some art. It has become a branch of the national economy which needs some resources, for instance, the chemical fertilizers and agricultural machines. It also needs some natural fertilizers and natural resources which are given us by nature. Agriculture is a single branch of the national economy which depends upon the climatic conditions.

**2. Дайте відповіді на питання до
тексту “Agriculture Its Origin And
Development”.**

1. What is agriculture?
2. What does the word “agriculture” mean?
3. What are the main branches of agriculture?
4. When did people begin to grow crops?
5. What is a highly developed branch of agriculture?
6. What are the main resources of the nourishment?
7. What is the basis of agriculture?
8. What grain crops do you know?
9. What technical crops do you know?
10. When does the field work start?
11. When is the field work over?
12. What does one do in spring?
13. What does the grain crops cultivation consist of?
14. What does one do in summer and autumn?
15. What is one of the most important branches of the economy?
16. What do the development of agriculture depend upon?
17. What does the industry supply?
18. What do the achievements of agriculture depend upon?
19. What resources does the agriculture need?
20. What is a single branch of the national economy which depends upon the climatic conditions?

3. Виписати з тексту “Agriculture Its Origin And Development” еквіваленти українських термінів.

1. сільське господарство
2. зернові культури
3. розводити тварин
4. головна галузь
5. ґрунт
6. сільськогосподарське виробництво
7. цукрові буряки
8. боронувати
9. кліматичні умови
10. виробляти
11. розвиток сільського господарства
12. природні ресурси
13. удобрювати
14. розведення
15. пшениця
16. орати
17. молотити зерно
18. конопля
19. технічні культури
20. жито
21. оброблення полів
22. людська діяльність
23. сільськогосподарські машини
24. високорозвинута галузь
25. льон
26. збирати фрукти та овочі
27. плуг
28. хімічні добрива
29. вирощування
30. ячмінь
31. сільськогосподарське обладнання
32. сіяти
33. овес
34. природні добрива

- 35. сільське населення
- 36. галузь
- 37. хміль
- 38. забезпечувати
- 39. поле
- 40. залежати (від)
- 41. соняшник
- 42. добриво
- 43. борона
- 44. молотити
- 45. вирощування
сільськогосподарських культур
- 46. діяльність
- 47. ярі культури
- 48. озимі культури