

Species Information

• Common Name: Crested Gecko

• Scientific Name: Correlophus ciliatus

Lifespan: 15–20 years in captivity

• Adult Size: 6-10 inches

• Native Range: New Caledonia (South Pacific)

• Temperament: Generally calm and handleable



Enclosure

• Minimum Size:

o Juveniles: 10-20 gallons

Adults: 20-gallon tall tank or 18"x18"x24" enclosure

• **Type:** Vertical (they are arboreal)

• Substrate: Coconut fiber, paper towels, or bioactive soil

Décor: Climbing branches, cork bark, live/silk plants, hides

• Ventilation: Essential to prevent mold and respiratory issues

Temperature & Humidity

Daytime Temperature: 72–78°F

• Nighttime Drop: 65-72°F

- Avoid temps over 82°F (can cause stress or death)
- Heating: Not always required—use ceramic heat emitter if needed

• **Humidity:** 50–70%

• Misting: 1–2x daily; maintain moisture but avoid soggy conditions

• Hydration: Provide shallow water dish and misting for drinking

🔆 Lighting

• **UVB:** Optional but beneficial (low-level 5.0 UVB bulb)

• **Photoperiod:** 12 hours of light/darkness

• Lighting Schedule: Use timer for consistency



Main Food

- Commercial Crested Gecko Diet (CGD):
 - Complete powdered diet mixed with water
 - o Feed 3–5x per week

Optional Treats

- Insects (2x/week): gut-loaded crickets, dubia roaches
- Fruit puree (occasional): banana, mango (small amounts)

Supplements

- Dust insects with calcium and D3 (if not using UVB)
- Use multivitamin powder 1x per week

Cleaning & Care

- Spot-clean daily (remove feces, uneaten food)
- Full clean every 2-4 weeks with reptile-safe disinfectant
- Monitor weight, behavior, and appetite regularly

🖐 Handling

- · Gentle and short sessions
- Never grab by the tail (they can drop it!)
- Let them climb onto your hand—best in the evening
- Wash hands before and after handling

Health Concerns

- Tail loss: Common; does not regrow
- MBD (Metabolic Bone Disease): From lack of calcium/UVB
- Shedding issues: Caused by low humidity
- Lethargy, weight loss, or sunken eyes: See a reptile vet

Pro Tips

- Great beginner reptile—low maintenance and no special heating/light required in most homes
- Each gecko has a unique personality and color pattern ("morph")
- Use a hygrometer and thermometer to track enclosure conditions
- Always buy from a reputable breeder or rescue