

ANNE MARIE SECONDARY SCHOOL
LITERATURE IN ENGLISH
FORM FOUR 2019

Time: 3:00HRS

Instructions

1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C with a total of ten (10) questions
2. Answer two (2) questions from section A, four (4) questions from section B and three (3) questions from section C
3. Adhere to the instructions in each section
4. Cellular phones and any other unauthorized materials are not allowed in the examination room.
5. Write your name or examination number on every page of your answer booklet(s)

SECTION A (15 Marks)

Answer all questions

1. Choose the most correct answer among the following Alternatives and write its letter in the answer booklet(s)
 - i. The kind of poem which contain two lines in a stanza is known as _____
(a) Doublet (b) monoryme (c) corplet (d) Triplet []
 - ii. The poetic term which deals with stressed and unstressed syllable in a poem is called _____
(a) Meter (b) foot (c) alliteration (d) consonance []
 - iii. The thing that stands for another thing referred to as _____
(a) Image (b) symbol (c) imagery (d) symbolism []
 - iv. The following works are examples of non-fiction
(a) Short stories and economics
(b) Biology and Drama
(c) Civics and chemistry
(d) Plays and novels []
 - v. Figures of speech which reveals tenor and vehicle as their parts
(a) Personification and simile (b) Allegory and Imagery (c) Symbolism and Metaphor
(d) Simile and Metaphor []
 - vi. Literature is made up of two elements, which are:-
(a) Figures of speech and figurative language
(b) Symbolism and imagery
(c) Form and content
(d) Written literature and Oral Literature []
 - vii. "I have no legs, I will never walk but always run". This riddle means _____
(a) A snake (b) A river (c) smoke (d) snail []
 - viii. The audience that is involved in the performance is known as _____
(a) Active audience (b) passive audience (c) talkative audience
(d) non-talkative audience []
 - ix. The type of character to whom the central character confides, thus revealing the main character's personality thoughts and intentions is called _____
(a) Dynamic character (b) confidante (c) protagonist (d) foil character []

- x. Characterization is categorized into two main categories which are:-
 (a) Active and passive characterization
 (b) Dynamic and static characterization
 (c) Minor and major characterization
 (d) Direct and indirect characterization

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2. Match the items in column A with those in column B to make the meaningful sentences by writing the letter of the correct response below the corresponding item in the table provided.

COLUMN A	COLUMN B
i. Protagonist	A. Is the technique of delaying event while the reader is eagerly following it.
ii. Suspense	B. Is the technique of not delaying event while the reader is eagerly following it
iii. Music/sound feature	C. The character who opposes the main character
iv. Litotes	D. The main character of a work of literature that sets actions in motion
v. Metaphor	E. The use of negative statement to affirm positive sentiment
	F. Rhyme, rhythm, refrains, Alliteration
	G. Assonance, consonances, paradox
	H. He is as fat like an elephant
	I. Our head prefect is a lion

SECTION B (40 Marks)
Answer all questions in this section

3. Define the following literary terms
 (a) Literature
 (b) Figures of speech
 (c) Euphemism
 (d) Stage direction
 (e) Archaism
 (f) Plot
 (g) Characterization
 (h) Hyperbole
 (i) Personification
 (j) Drama
4. With vivid examples, briefly explain the following literary concepts
 (i) Written literature
 (ii) Social realities
 (iii) Short story
 (iv) Didactic poem
 (v) Depersonification
5. Give a literary terms related to the following descriptions
 (i) The figure of speech which one thing is given to the related thing. Example, cross related to Christianity is called _____
 (ii) The basic unit of measurement of meter in a poem is referred to as _____
 (iii) The choice and arrangement of words in a poem is known as _____
 (iv) The act of leaving out some words or syllables which the writer thinks are either less important is called _____

- (v) The freedom which is given to poet to violate the rules of grammar to maintain ryme and rhythm is called _____

6. Explain the differences between the following literary concepts

- (i) Symbolism and imagery
- (ii) Symbol and image
- (iii) Metaphor and simile
- (iv) Paradox and oxymoron
- (v) Personificatsion and depersonification

SECTION C (45 Marks)

Answer three questions from this section, but question seven (7) and ten (10) area compulsory

- 7. Literature and society are inseparable. Discuss by giving out six points
- 8. By drawing vivid examples form the two poems, explain **eight (8)** things which are considered in making criticism of the poem.
- 9. With reference to any two plays you have each to outline the role of literature in our society
- 10. Characters are always being used by artists to convey the content of literary works. Choose two characters from two novels you have done to confirm this statement. (Give out eight points and each novel should provide one character)