

## RANCANGAN PENGAJARAN TAHUNAN 2022/2023

## MATHEMATICS (DLP) YEAR SIX

SCHOOL BAGDE

SCHOOL NAME	:

SCHOOL ADDRESS:.....

TEACHER'S NAME : .....

WEEK: 1-5	LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS	TOPIC: 1.0 WHOLE NUMBERS AF	ND BASIC OPERATIONS			
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD REMARK		PERFORMANCE STANDARD			
STANDARD		S	PL DESCRIPTOR			
1.1 Whole number up to 10 000 000	<ul> <li>Pupils will be able to:</li> <li>1.1.1 Read, say and write any numbers up to 10 000 000.</li> <li>1.1.2 Represent numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the number patterns.</li> <li>1.1.3 Read, say and write any numbers up to 10 000 000 in fraction of a million with 2, 4, 5, 8 and 10 as the denominators involving daily situations.</li> <li>1.1.4 Read, say and write any numbers up to 10 000 000 in decimal of a million up to three decimal places involving daily situations.</li> <li>Convert numbers in decimal of a million and fraction of a million to whole number and vice versa.</li> <li>1.2.1 Solve basic operations and mixed operations number sentences involving whole numbers, fraction of a million and decimal of a million with and without brackets including the</li> </ul>	Notes:  Can introduce place value of billions and trillions.  Fraction of a million in proper fractions and mixed numbers.  Suggested Activities: Can use various calculation tools such as calculator, MS Excel, MS Word and abacus in the process of number representation, creating and determining number patterns.  Notes: Emphasis on calculation order of operation involving brackets and	State any number up to 10 000 000 involving whole numbers, fraction of a million and decimal of a million.  Represent numbers up to 10 000 000 using calculation tools.  Explain steps in solving number sentences involving basic operations and mixed operations.  Convert numbers in fraction of a million and decimal of a million into whole numbers and vice versa.  Classify numbers within 100 into prime numbers and composite numbers.  Determine number patterns using calculation tools.  Solve number sentences of basic operation and mixed operation involving whole numbers, fraction of a million and decimal of a million with and without brackets including the use of unknown and justify the answer.			
	use of unknown.	mixed operations.	<ul> <li>Solve daily routine problems involving numbers up to 10 000 000.</li> <li>Solve daily routine problems involving numbers up to 10 000 000 using various strategies.</li> <li>Solve daily non-routine problems involving numbers up to 10 000 000 creatively and innovatively.</li> </ul>			

WEEK: 6-8	LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATIONS TOPIC: 1.0 WHOLE NUMBERS AND BASIC OPERATION					
CONTENT STANDARD	LEARNING STANDARD	REMARKS	PERFORMANCE STANDARD PL DESCRIPTOR			
1.3 Prime Numbers and Composite Numbers	1.3.1 Classify numbers within 100 to prime numbers and composite numbers.	<ul> <li>Notes:         <ul> <li>Composite numbers are numbers that can be divided by 1, itself and other numbers.</li> <li>O and 1 are not prime numbers or composite numbers.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	State any number up to 10 000     000 involving whole numbers,     fraction of a million and decimal     of a million.     Represent numbers up to 10     000 000 using calculation tools.			
		Suggested Activities: Use various strategies to identify prime numbers and composite numbers.	Explain steps in solving number sentences involving basic operations and mixed operations.			
			<ul> <li>Convert numbers in fraction of a million and decimal of a million into whole numbers and vice versa.</li> </ul>			
I.4 Problem colving	1.4.1 Solve daily routine problems involving whole numbers, prime numbers, composite numbers, fraction of a million and decimal of a million for basic operations and mixed operations, with and without brackets including the use of unknown.	<ul> <li>3. Carry out the strategy; and</li> <li>4. Check the answer.</li> <li>Use various problem-solving strategies such as drawing diagrams, identifying patterns and trying simpler case.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Classify numbers within 100 into prime numbers and composite numbers.</li> <li>Determine number patterns using calculation tools.</li> <li>Solve number sentences of basic operation and mixed operation involving whole numbers, fraction of a million and decimal of a million with and without brackets including the use of unknown and justify the answer.</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>Use various teaching and learning strategies such as contextual learning and mastery learning.</li> </ul>	Solve daily routine problems involving numbers up to 10 000 000.			
		Use the calculation tools to check	Solve daily routine problems involving numbers up to 10 000 000 using various strategies.			
		answer.	Solve daily non-routine problems involving numbers up to 10 000 000 creatively and innovatively.			

2.1.1 Divide fractions of two numbers involving proper fractions, whole numbers and mixed numbers.  • Introduce depreciation while teaching assets.  • Make connections between assets and insurance.  2.2.1 Multiply decimals with decimals, the product up to three decimal places  2.2.2 Divide decimals by decimals, the quotient belders.	PERFORMANCE STANDARD PL DESCRIPTOR   Read number sentences of basic operations and mixed operations involving whole numbers, fractions, decimals and percentages.  Convert decimals to percentages more than 100% and vice versa.
Pupils will be able to:  2.1.1 Divide fractions of two numbers involving proper fractions, whole numbers and mixed numbers.  2.2 Decimals  2.2.1 Multiply decimals with decimals, the product up to three decimal places.  2.2.2 Divide decimals by decimals, the quotient up to three decimal places  2.3.1 Convert decimals to percentages more than 100% and vice versa  2.4 Suggested Activities:  Introduce depreciation while teaching assets.  Notes: The functions of insurance and takaful are to protect assets and policy holders.  3	Read number sentences of basic operations and mixed operations involving whole numbers, fractions, decimals and percentages.      Convert decimals to percentages more
2.1.1 Divide fractions of two numbers involving proper fractions, whole numbers and mixed numbers.  2.2.2 Decimals  2.2.1 Multiply decimals with decimals, the product up to three decimal places  2.2.2 Divide decimals by decimals, the quotient up to three decimal places  2.3.1 Convert decimals to percentages more than 100% and vice versa	and mixed operations involving whole numbers, fractions, decimals and percentages.  2  Convert decimals to percentages more
2.3.2 Solve addition and subtraction number sentences involving percentages.  2.3.3 Determine value of percentages within and more than 100% of a quantity in decimals and vice versa.  Suggested Activities:  Use hundred grid.  Use various strategies, such as contextual  learning and mastery learning	<ul> <li>operations, with and without brackets.</li> <li>Solve basic operations and mixed operations number sentences and justify answer.</li> <li>Determine values of percentages more</li> </ul>

## (KUMPULAN A: 03.06.2022 - 11.06.2022, KUMPULAN B: 04.06.2022 - 12.06.2022)

WEEK: 15-16	LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATION	TOPIC: 2.0 FRACT	IONS, DECIMALS A	AND PERCENTAGES
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	REMARKS		PRMANCE STANDARD
STANDARD			PL	DESCRIPTOR
2.4 Mixed operations	2.4.1 Solve mixed operations number sentences of any two basic operations, involving whole numbers, decimals and fractions, with and without brackets.	Notes:  Mixed operations number sentences involving any two types of basic operations.  Suggested Activities:  Use various strategies, such as contextual learning and mastery learning.	and mixed o numbers, fra percentages  2  Convert than 100  Explain sentence	decimals to percentages more 20% and vice versa.  Steps in solving number es of basic operations and mixed ons, with and without brackets.
2.5 Problem solving	2.5.1 Solve daily problems involving whole numbers, fractions, decimals and percentages.	Suggested Activities:  Use Polya Model in problem solving:  1. Understand the problem; 2. Plan a solving strategy; 3. Carry out the strategy; and 4. Check the answer.  Use various teaching and learning strategies, such as simulation and project-based learning.	operation justify a solve daily renumbers, fra percentages  Solve daily renumbers, fra percentages  Solve daily renumbers, fra percentages  Solve daily renumbers, fra percentages	ine values of percentages more 0% of a given quantity in s and vice versa.  Dutine problems involving whole actions, decimals and

WEEK: 17-20	LEARNING AREA: NUMBERS AND OPERATION	S TOPIC: 3.0 M	ONEY	
CONTENT STANDARD	LEARNING STANDARD	REMARKS	PERFC PL	DRMANCE STANDARD DESCRIPTOR
3.1 Financial Management  3.2 Insurance and Takaful	Pupils will be able to:  3.1.1 Recognise cost price, selling price, profit, loss, discount, rebate, voucher, bill, receipt, invoice, asset, liability, interest, dividend and service tax.  3.1.2 Determine cost price, selling price, profit, loss, discount, rebate, interest, dividend and service tax.  2.3.4 Recognise insurance and takaful.  2.3.5 Explain purpose and importance of insurance and takaful protection.	<ul> <li>Suggested Activities:</li> <li>Introduce depreciation while teaching assets.</li> <li>Make connections between assets and insurance.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>The functions of insurance and takaful are to protect assets and policy</li> </ul>	loss, discour invoice, asse service tax.  2  • Explain profit, rebate,	cost price, selling price, profit, at, rebate, voucher, bill, receipt, et, liability, interest, dividend and cost price, selling price, loss, discount, voucher, bill, receipt, invoice, asset, et, interest, dividend and tax.
3.3 Problem solving	2.3.6 Solve daily problems involving cost price, selling price, profit, loss, discount, rebate, voucher, bill, receipt, invoice, asset, liability, interest, dividend and service tax, financial management and risks in daily situation.	Suggested Activities:  Use Polya Model in problem solving:  Understand problem;  Plan a solving strategy;  Carry out the strategy;and  Check the answers.  Use various problem solving strategies such as trying simpler case and trial and error.  Use various teaching and learning strategies such as	service  Solve daily refinancial knows  Solve daily refinancial knows	nine value of profit, loss, at, rebate, interest, dividend and tax and justify the answer.  Outine problems involving owledge and skills.  Outine problems involving owledge and skills using various

	simulation, mastery learning, contextual learning and project-based learning.	6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving financial knowledge and skills creatively and innovatively.

CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD		REMARK		PERFORMANCE STANDARD			
STANDARD			S		PL	DESCRIPTOR		
4.1 Time zone	Pupils will be able to: 4.1.1 Recognise time zone. 4.1.2 Determine time difference between two cities located in different time zones.		Notes:  • Some countries such as Australia and Indonesia have more than one time zone.		<ul><li>Explain cities lo</li><li>Determ</li></ul>	time difference between two ocated in different time zones. hine time between two cities I in different time zones.		
2 Problem olving	4.2.1	Solve daily problems involving time zone.	Notes: Calculation strategy including the usage of number line.	5	Solve daily ro using various Solve daily no	outine problems involving time outine problems involving time strategies.  on-routine problems involving ly and innovatively.		

(KUMPULAN A: 02.09.2022 - 10.09.2022, KUMPULAN B: 03.09.2022 - 11.09.2022)

WEEK: 26-29	LEARNING AREA: MEASUREMENT AND	GEOMETRY	TOPIC: 5.0 MEASUREMENT				
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	REMARKS			PERFO	RMANCE STANDARD	
STANDARD					PL	DESCRIPTOR	
5.1 Problem Solving	Pupils will be able to:  5.1.1 Solve daily problems involving the relationship between length, mass and volume of liquid: (i) Length and mass (ii) Length and volume of liquid (iii) Mass and volume of liquid.	Suggested Activities:  Use Polya Model in p 1. Understand the p 2. Plan a solving str 3. Carry out the str 4. Check the answer  Use various problem strategies to solve pr as making tables systidentifying patterns areasoning.  Use various teaching strategies such as sin contextual learning aproject-based learning	oroblem;. ategy;. ategy;.and r. solving oblems such tematically, and logical g and learning mulation, and	5 S r	Explain quantit     Construword prand just  Solve daily romeasurement  Solve daily romeasurement  Solve daily romeasurement	relationship between two ies involving measurement.  uct number sentences based on roblems involving measurement tify the answer.  utine problems involving	

WEEK: 30-34	LEARN	ING AREA: MEASUREMENT AND GEOM	ETRY	TOPIC: 6.0 SPACE			
CONTENT		LEARNING STANDARD	REMARKS			PERFO	RMANCE STANDARD
STANDARD						PL	DESCRIPTOR
6.1 Angles	Pupils 6.1.1 3.1.3	will be able to:  Draw regular polygons up to eight sides on square grid, triangular grid or using computer software and measure the interior angles formed.  Form angles based on given degrees.		en are up to	2	radius and i	centre, diameter, diameter, interior angles.
6.2 Circles	6.2.1	Recognise centre, diameter and radius of a circle.  Draw a circle based on given radius then label centre, radius and diameter.	Notes: A complete rotati Suggested Activit Draw circles with and innovative ma	ies: aid of creative	3	sides angles	given angles.

6.3 Problem solving	2.3.8	6.3.1 Solve daily routine problems involving space.	Suggested Activities:  Use Polya Model in problem solving:	4	Solve daily routine problems involving space.
			<ol> <li>Understand the problem;</li> <li>Plan a solving strategy;</li> <li>Carry out the strategy; and</li> <li>Check the answer.</li> <li>Use various teaching and</li> </ol>	5	Solve daily routine problems involving space using various strategies.
			learning strategies such as simulation, contextual learning and project-based learning.	6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving space creatively and innovatively.

5-36 LEARNING AREA: RELATIONSHIP AND ALGEBRA		TOPIC: 7.0 COORDINATES, RATIO AND PROPORTION			
LEARNING STANDARD	RFMARKS		PERFORMANCE STANDARD		
	KEIVIJ KIKIO		PL	DESCRIPTOR	
	LEARNING AREA: RELATIONSHIP AND ALC			LEARNING STANDARD REMARKS PERFO	

7.1 Coordinates in first quadrant  7.2 Ratio	4.2.2	7.1.1 Determine horizontal and vertical distance between two locations based on given scale.  7.2.1 Represent ratio of two quantities in the simplest form.	Note:  Location is represented by coordinates.  Use scale, such as: a. 1 cm represents 1 km b. 1:100 000 c. 0 1 2 3 4 5 km  Emphasise on reading the scale correctly.  Note: Ratio involves whole numbers only.	1 2 3	<ul> <li>Read scales.</li> <li>State ratio between two quantities.</li> <li>Explain steps:</li> <li>Represent ratio between two quantities.</li> <li>Determine quantity based on ratio.</li> <li>Determine horizontal and vertical distance between two locations.</li> <li>Represent ratio of two quantities in the simplest form.</li> <li>Determine propotionate quantity based on given ratio.</li> <li>Determine horizontal and vertical distance between two locations based on given scale.</li> <li>Solve daily routine problems involving coordinates, ratio and proportion.</li> <li>Solve daily routine problems involving coordinates, ratio and proportion using various strategies.</li> </ul>
				6	Solve daily non-routine problems involving coordinates, ratio and proportion creatively and innovatively.
	CUTI PENGGAL 3, SESI 2022/2023 (KUMPULAN A: 09.12.2022 - 31.12.2022, KUMPULAN B: 10.12.2022 - 31.12.2022)				

WEEK: 37-38 LEARNING AREA: RELATIONSHIP AND ALGEBRA TOPIC: 7.0 COORDINATES, RATIO AND PROPORTION

CONTENT	ENT LEARNING STANDARD REMARKS		PERFORMANCE STANDARD				
STANDARD			REMARKS		PL	DESCRIPTOR	
7.3 Proportion	4.1.4	7.3.1 Determine the proportionate quantity based on given ratio.	Suggested Activities:  • Can determine one or both the quantities based on given ratio.	2	State ratio between two quantities.		
7.4 Problem solving	14.2.3 /.4.1 Solve dally problems   Suggested Activities:	3	<ul><li>Represer simplest</li><li>Determir on given</li><li>Determir</li></ul>	nt ratio of two quantities in the form. ne propotionate quantity based ratio. ne horizontal and vertical between two locations based on			
3. Car 4. Che Use various t strategies, su	4. Check the answer.  Use various teaching and learning strategies, such as simulation, contextual learning and project-based	5	coordinates, Solve daily ro	outine problems involving ratio and proportion.  Outine problems involving ratio and proportion using egies.			
	icarring.	6	· '	on-routine problems involving ratio and proportion creatively vely.			

WEEK: 39-40	LEARNING AREA: STATISTIC AND PROBABIL	ANDLING AND LIKELIHOOD 6.0 SPACE			
CONTENT	LEARNING STANDARD	REMARKS	PERFORMANCE STANDARD		
STANDARD			PL	DESCRIPTOR	
8.1 Pie chart	Pupils will be able to:  8.1.1 Complete pie chart with 45°, 90° and 180° based on given quantities and interpret data.	Suggested Activities:  • Provide a circle with centre.	1 State whe unlikely to	ther an event is likely or occur.	
8.2 Likelihood	<ul> <li>8.2.1 State whether an event is likely or unlikely to occur and give plausible reason.</li> <li>8.2.2 State likelihood of occurrence of an event as impossible, less likely, equally likely, more likely or certain and give plausible reason.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Suggested Activities:</li> <li>Use events in students' daily life</li> <li>Use various teaching and learning strategies, such as simulation, contextual learning and project-based learning.</li> </ul>	an eve equal	likelihood of the occurrence of ent as impossible, less likely, ly likely, more likely or certain ive plausible reason.	
8.3 Problem solving	8.3.1 Solve problems involving data handling and likelihood in daily situation.	Suggested Activities:  • Use Polya Model in problem solving:  1. Understand the problem;  2. Plan a solving strategy;	base	plete pie chart with degrees ed on given quantities and pret data.	
	<ul> <li>3. Carry out the strategy; and</li> <li>4. Check the answer.</li> <li>Use various problem solving strategies, such as drawing tables systematically, identifying patterns and logical reasoning.</li> <li>Use various teaching and learning strategies such as simulation, contextual learning and project-based learning.</li> </ul>		y routine problems involving lling and likelihood.		
		<ul> <li>tables systematically, identifying patterns and logical reasoning.</li> <li>Use various teaching and learning strategies such as simulation, contextual learning and project-based</li> </ul>		y routine problems involving lling and likelihood using rategies.	
			involving	y non routine problems data handling and likelihood and innovatively.	

41	ULANGKAJI
42	PENTAKSIRAN AKHIR TAHUN
43	PENGURUSAN AKHIR TAHUN

CUTI AKHIR PERSEKOLAHAN SESI 2022/2023 (KUMPULAN A: 17.02.2023 - 11.03.2023, KUMPULAN B: 18.02.2023 - 12.03.2023)