Picogreen Assay (invitrogen, Quant-iT[™] PicoGreen® dsDNA Assay Kit, cat# p7589)

- 1. Create standards by mixing 3 μ l of Lambda gDNA with 27 μ l of TE buffer. Vortex the tube and spin down the mixture. This will give you the highest concentration of DNA (1 ng/ μ l). Label this tube # 1. Next, take 5 μ l from the first tube and add 45 μ l of TE to it. Vortex and spin down the solution. Label this tube # 2. For tube # 3, take 5 μ l from tube # 2 and add 45 μ l of TE. Vortex and spin this tube down as well. Finally for tube # 4, take 5 μ l from tube # 3 and add 45 μ l of TE to it. Vortex and spin it down too. Tubes 1-4 will be the standards with 1 being of the highest DNA concentration, and going in descending order until you reach 4 which has the lowest DNA concentration.
- 2. Next you will make the fluorescent dye mixture bye adding 10 μ l of dye to 990 μ l of TE. Vortex and spin down in the centrifuge. Keep the dye out of the light until it is ready to be used.
- 3. If needed (according to the readings you receive from the nanodrop machine) you may need to dilute the DNA lysate and samples 1:10. If so, take 2 μ l of the sample and add 18 μ l of TE. Vortex and spin down in the centrifuge. For 2nd strand cDNA, as the concentration is usually not high, we may just use 1 μ l of the sample directly for measurement.
- 4. When placing the samples in the plate, 5 μ l of the DNA samples + 20 μ l of TE + 25 μ l of dye goes into each well, except for the blanks which contain 25 μ l of TE and no DNA. Usually wells A 1-12 contain the standard. Wells A 1-3 are from tube # 1, A 4-6 are from tube # 2, A 7-9 are from tube # 3, and A 10-12 are from tube # 4. Wells B 1-4 contain the blanks. All the other wells may be used for the samples (5 μ l for diluted samples+20 μ l TE buffer or 1 μ l samples +24 μ l TE buffer). Mix well. Be sure to centrifuge the plate and set the machine to the fluorescent setting.