Name:	Virtual Empirical Form	nula of Magnesium Chloride Lab
Procedure: Watch the fo	llowing video to see the lab technique a /watch?v=ry33yyXdTg0	and collect the data:
Questions from the vide 1. What are we trying	eo: g to determine in the lab?	
2. What did you obse	erve during the reaction?	
3. How do you know	when all of the magnesium has reacted	1?
4. <b>SAFETY</b> : What is	the purpose of putting a watch glass ov	er the beaker during heating?
5. Why does the bea	ker need to be heated and weighed mu	Itiple times?
DATA  Mass of Magnesium Ribb  Mass of beaker and watc  Mass of beaker, watch gla		grams grams grams
ANALYSIS  1. Show your work ar	nd calculate the mass of Magnesium ch	nloride that was produced
2. Show your work ar	nd calculate the mass of chloride in the	sample.
Show your work and data.	nd determine the empirical formula of m	nagnesium chloride based on your

## **Post Lab Questions**

1. A lab group did not reheat the sample after letting it dry overnight. How might this affect their determination of the empirical formula? Would you expect the formula to have 'extra' chloride, 'extra' magnesium or no effect at all? 2. In another lab section, they performed a similar lab where they determined the empirical formula of Magnesium Oxide by burning magnesium ribbon. The data they collected is provided below. Based on their data, determine the empirical formula of magnesium oxide. Show all your work while accounting for significant figures and rounding a. Mass of magnesium ribbon: 1.252 grams b. Mass of magnesium oxide produced: 2.076 grams 3. During a laboratory experiment, a compound containing potassium, nitrogen, and oxygen was found to be 38.7% by weight potassium, 13.9% nitrogen, and 47.4% oxygen. What is the empirical formula of the compound? 4. A 5.753 gram sample containing carbon, hydrogen and oxygen is analyzed through combustion analysis, producing 11.003 grams of carbon dioxide and 6.758 grams of water. Determine the empirical formula for this compound.