Remote Learning - 6

Wednesday 27th January, 2020

Good morning 6 Trinity,

Go to your work you collected. If you're confused, email me straight away: year6.year6@hovingham.org

8.30 - 9: Wake up, get dressed and have your breakfast.

9 - 9.45: Maths

Aim

LI: to identify

common factors.

Activate

Complete the Maths Mania sheet in your pack. If you don't have your new pack or have a go on TTRS.



Ready to Listen Visit the website below for a lesson on common

factors

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/z2w8r2p

Let's find all the factors of 9 and 15 and see which factor they share!

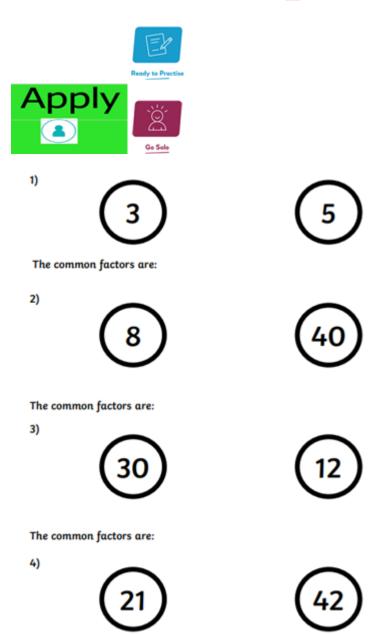
Factors of 9:

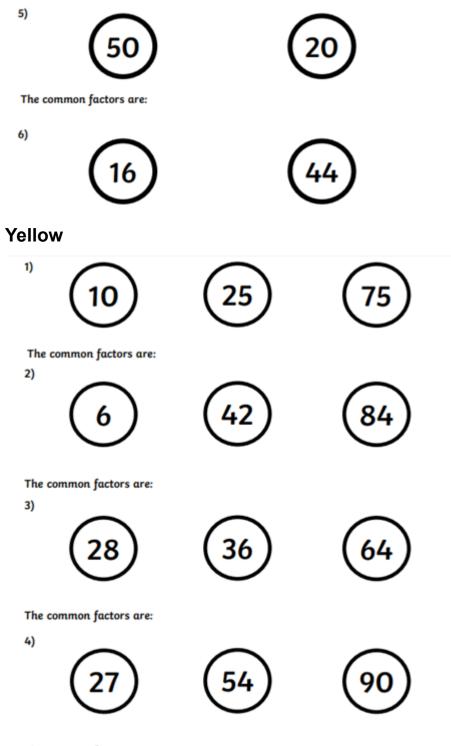
1, <u>3</u> and 9

Factors of 15:

1, <u>3</u>, **5** and **15**

The common factors are 1 and 3.





The common factors are:

RED

Complete yellow and then continue with the questions below.

Name one common factor of 35 and 60, explaining how you know.

Can you find the highest common factor of 35 and 60?

Name one common factor of 28 and 54, explaining how you know.

Can you find the highest common factor of 28 and 54?



9.45 - 10.30: Grammar/Writing

<u>Aim</u>

LI: to write a setting description



1.

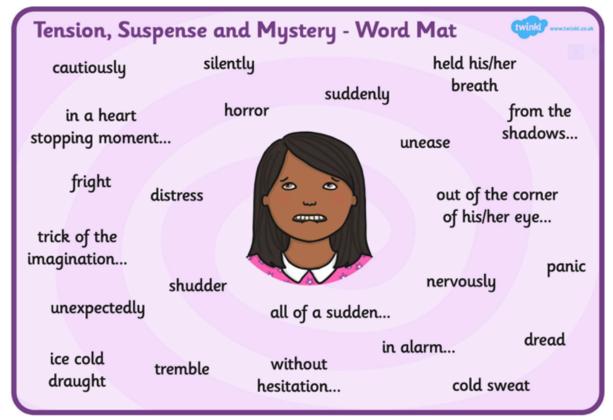
Look at the picture. How does it make you feel?



For example: creepy,

sinister, hazardous







Write a story using this as the first sentence: I crept carefully into the cellar and realised that there was something down there, waiting for me.

For example:

I crept carefully into the cellar and realised that there was something down there, waiting for me. The cellar was covered in a pale mist which leaked from its cracked panels and splintered beams. As I slowly snuck down the stairs, it seemed like something was breathing deeply, like a dragon with smoking nostrils. As I rounded the corner, into the pitch-black room that smelt of mildew, a horrifying feeling held me back. It was a moment of hesitation – I knew I had two choices: be brave and face the cellar (so I could find my football), or dash back upstairs and go back to bed!

Think about:

- What was in the cellar?
- · What can you see?
- What can you hear?
- · What can you smell?
- How did it get into your cellar?
- · Is it good or evil?

Remember to include and check for:

Blue

- Full stops, capital letters and commas
- First person (I)
- · Paragraphs
- · Ambitious adjectives
- · Joined and neat handwriting

- Include all blue steps
- · Similes, hyperboles and metaphors (grammar lesson from Thursday)

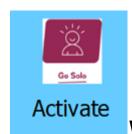
Red

- Include all blue and yellow steps
- Include parenthesis using brackets, dashes or commas



10.30 - 11: Break-time. Have a snack and a drink of water or juice, play some games, draw or read!

information and make inferences.



When a text has factual information in it, what is it

called?

Acquire

(((©)))

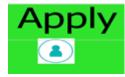
Ready to Listen

Ready to Listen Non-fiction: writing that is informative or factual rather than fictional (not real).

Consistent: acting or done in the same way over time

Posture: the position in which someone holds their body when standing or sitting









Introduction

Running is free, you can do it almost anywhere and it has many potential health benefits. Suitable for adults and children, it can improve your fitness, reduce your risk of illness and help to maintain a healthy active lifestyle. It's no wonder an estimated six million people in the UK are now going jogging at least once a week.



If you've never been a runner and are thinking of giving it a try, there are a few useful tips for beginners. It is always a good idea to build your fitness gradually. The key is consistency and a slow increase in speed and distance. Try to run regularly - a few times per week — but there's no need to go too far or too fast straight away.

Begin each run with a gentle warm-up for at least five minutes.

- If you're totally new to running, start by walking for any amount that feels comfortable from about 10 to 30 minutes.
- When you can walk comfortably for at least 30 minutes, include some short running intervals of one or two minutes.
- As time goes on, make the running intervals longer and the walking sections shorter until you're just running the whole way!
- Keep an upright posture, smooth stride and aim to have your arms and shoulder relaxed with elbows bent.
- 5. Always give yourself time to cool down properly when you finish a run by walking and gently stretching for at least 5-10 minutes.

Staying Motivated

Goals - Set yourself regular targets of either time, frequency or distance. You don't need to be involved in a race to be in competition. Sometimes, competing with yourself can be just as much of an exciting challenge.

Clubs and Company - Run with a friend or local group. Most clubs cater for all ages and ability levels, including beginners, and are usually a very friendly bunch. According to research, you're more likely to stick with regular exercise if it's a sociable activity that you do with someone else.

Diary - Keep a training log of your runs. This could include as much or as little detail as you like. You could note your route, distance, time and how you felt. If you ever feel like you're not making as much progress as you wanted, look back over your past achievements!

Variety — mix up your routes and distances to avoid the same old routine becoming boring. Doing other forms of exercise is known as cross-training. Swimming and cycling are other great ideas to support and improve your running, as well as being enjoyable exercise too.

Different Distances and Types

Track Running	Usually involves athletes running over specified distances on an oval running track. Events are generally categorised as sprints, middle distance and long distance, plus hurdles races.
Road Running	Anyone can enjoy road running and even compete in events with measured courses over an established distance. This could be running safely along pavements or in an organised events roads may have special permission to be closed to all vehicle traffic. These events normally start at 5km or 10km, ranging up to half marathons (13.1 miles) and marathons (26.2 miles).
Cross Country Running	Also similar to Fell running or Trail running — this usually takes place over open or rough terrain which may include grass, mud, woodlands, hills or even water.

1. According to the introduction, how many people in the UK are estimated to be going jogging at least once a week?

2. Look at the 'Beginner's Guide'

Find and copy the information to complete this table with the correct amounts of time.

Activity/Stage	Time to Spend
Gentle warm-up before each activity	
Start by walking any amount that feels comfortable	
Short running intervals to begin including	
Cool down by walking or gently stretching	

4. Look at the section 'Staying Motivated'.						
Which of these ideas are suggested in the text to help with motivation? Tick four.						
Set yourself regular targets		Run once every week				
Eat healthy food		Keep a training log				
Run with a friend or group		Mix up routes and distances				
5. What does the guide suggest you might write in a running diary?						
6. Look at the section 'Different Distances and Types'						
Draw lines to match up the headings with the correct explanations.						
Track Running		ely on pavements or in events where ads are closed to all vehicle traffic.				
Road Running		pen or rough terrain which may inclu ss, mud, woodlands, hills or water.	de			
Cross Country Running		Over specified distances on an oval running track.				

P.E with Joe

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-8o8wMgAT-Y

PSHE

· Finish Healthy Living poster

 Write down 5 healthy living tips from your poster that you will do this week! Try to include when and how you will achieve them.
 For example, I will make myself a healthy breakfast every day. I will have a banana, an egg and a piece of whole wheat toast.

Spelling:

Write your spelling words out 3 times each and then circle the vowels (a, e, i, o and u).

Assess Check your answers!

12 - 1: Lunch-time. Can you help the adults make lunch and tidy it away?

1 - 1.30: Spelling practice.

Write your spelling words out 3 times each and then circle the vowels (a, e, i, o, u)

Spelling words:

- 1. applicable
- 2. tolerable
- 3. operable

- 4. considerable
- 5. dependable
- 6. comfortable
- 7. reasonable
- 8. perishable
- 9. breakable
- 10. fashionable