

Geography Regions of Europe

1. Northern Europe

1. Countries included in this area:

- 1.
2. The United Kingdom is the _____ densely populated nation in the region.
3. Describe the history of Northern Europe.
 1. In the year 1066, during the _____ Britain fell to the Normans and they established _____, a system in which monarchs or lords gave land to nobles in return for their loyalty.
 2. The _____, a religious movement that introduced Protestantism to Europe, was welcomed in Northern Europe in the 1500s.
 3. In the late 1600s, the English lawmaking body, the _____, passed a Bill of Rights, which became an example for many modern governments.
 4. The _____ began here, a time when human labor was replaced by machines and factories.
 5. Today, Northern Europe belongs to the _____, whose goal is to unite Europe so that goods, services, and workers can move freely among member countries.
4. What are the major languages spoken in Northern Europe?
5. What is the literacy rate in Northern Europe?



1. Western Europe

1. Countries included in this area:

- 1.
2. _____ is the populous country in all of Europe?
3. What are three major cities in Western Europe?

4. History

1. After the fall of the _____ in the A.D. 400s, a Germanic people called the _____ established an empire.
2. Beginning in the 1000s, Western Europeans fought in religious wars against the Moors, or Muslims, in order to control Palestine. The wars were called the _____.
3. The French overthrew the French monarchy in the late 1700s during the _____.
4. Germany, formerly known as _____ was unified in the mid 1800's
5. Western Europe suffered huge losses in _____, and the peace treaty after the war forced Germany to accept guilt for the war and forced them to pay France.
6. German aggression, led by _____, led to _____.
7. After WWII, Germany was divided into _____ and _____.
8. The most common language in Western Europe is _____.

1. Southern Europe

1. Countries included in this area:

1. _____ is the most populated country, whereas _____ is the least populated country.
2. What are 3 major cities in Southern Europe?

1. History

1. _____ was one of the first large civilizations in Southern Europe, reaching its peak during the 400s and 300s B.C.
 2. Next came the _____.
 3. _____ was the official religion of the Roman Empire.
 4. In 711, _____ was invaded by Muslims (Moors).
 5. The artistic and intellectual achievement that began in Italy in the 1300s was known as the _____.
 6. During the 1800s and 1900s, many southern European nations gained _____.
2. Today all nations in southern Europe have _____ governments and are members of the European Union.
 3. Most of the languages spoken are _____ languages, including _____.

1. Eastern Europe

1. Countries included in this area:

1. Most eastern Europeans are ethnically _____, but its area as a whole is very ethnically diverse.
2. _____ is the largest country in eastern Europe, with 47.1 million residents.

1. History

1. The earliest _____ probably migrated from Asia thousands of years ago.
2. The word, Balkan, meaning _____, was the name given to the peninsula by the Ottoman Empire.
3. Modern countries of eastern Europe have often suffered power struggles and _____.
4. The Balkan nations fought so much that the word _____ came to mean the division of a region into smaller regions that are hostile with each other.
5. After World War II, eastern Europe fell under _____.
6. Since the fall of communism in eastern Europe in the early 1990s, some eastern European countries are growing closer to the rest of Europe. Some have joined the _____.

Which group's tour would you most want to take and why?