

School:	DepEdClub.com	Grade Level:	V
Teacher:	File Created by Ma'am EDNALYN D. MACARAIG	Learning Area:	ENGLISH
Teaching Dates and			
Time:	NOVEMBER 6 - 10, 2023 (WEEK 1)	Quarter:	2 ND QUARTER

	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
I.OBJECTIVES					
A.Content Standards	Demonstrates understanding of various linguistics nodes to comprehend various texts Demonstrates understanding of various verbal elements in oral communication of information	Demonstrates command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking	Demonstrate understanding of text elements to comprehend various text	Demonstrates understanding of different formats to write for a variety of audiences and purposes	Demonstrates understanding of the various forms and convention materials to critically analyze the meaning constructed in print, non-print and digital materials
B.Performance Standards	Analyzes text types to effectively understand information/message(s) Prepares and participates effectively in a range of conversations and collaboration with diverse partners	Uses the correct function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives and adverbs in general and their functions in various discourse (oral and written)	Uses literal information from text to aptly infer and predict outcomes	Drafts texts using appropriate text types for a variety of audiences and purposes	Applies different views of the real world to effectively interpret (deconstruct) constructed meaning in print, non-print and digital materials
C.Learning Competencies/Objectives	Identify signal words from text heard Provide accurate instructions EN5LC-IIa-4 EN5OL-IIa1.13.1	Compose clear and coherent sentences using appropriate grammatical structures: subject-verb agreement (inverted sentences) EN5G-IIa-3.9	Identify main idea, key sentence and supporting details of the given paragraph EN5RC-IIa-2.21	Plan a two to three-paragraph composition using an outline /other graphic organizers EN5WC-IIa-1.1.6.1	Determine images/ideas that are explicitly used to influence viewers; stereotypes (racial stereotyping) EN5VC-IIa-7.2
II.CONTENT	Signal Words from Text Heard Accurate Instructions	Subject-Verb Agreement: Inverted Sentences	Main Idea, Key Sentence and Supporting Details of the Paragraph	Two to Three-Paragraph Composition Using Outline/Other Graphic Organizers	Images/Ideas used to Influence Viewers: Stereotypes
III.LEARNING RESOURCES					
A.References	CG, Print Materials, Worksheets				
1.Teacher's Guide pages	CG p.71/TG p.227	CG p.71/TG p.229	CG p.71	CG p.71	CG p.71
2.Learners's Materials pages					
3.Textbook pages		Joy in Learning p.105 Developing my English Power 5, pp.60 & 64	Joy in Learning p.102	Developing my English Power 5, pp.60 & 64	
4.Additional materials from learning resource (LR) portal		http://englishforeveryone.org	www.edhelper.com		https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=D501Mnyg8IU

					https://ca.answers.yahoo.co m/question/index?qid=201 00125210346AA2xuNK https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=wCgx8zM3woQ https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=fS3e-n8Mj7I
B.Other Learning Resource	Picture, chart	Printed materials, worksheets, graphic organizer	charts	Printed materials, worksheets, graphic organizer	Printed materials, video clips
IV.PROCEDURES					
A.Reviewing previous lesson or presenting the new lesson	Clarifying meaning of words using dictionaries Have a contest in getting the meaning of words using dictionary. The first group that can post the correct meaning on the board wins	Identify the word or phrase which has the same meaning as the underlined word. a. Naughty kids <u>tease</u> the street children. They always make fun of their dirty clothes. b. Sarina <u>defends</u> herself against bad people. She protects herself from harm and danger. c. A <u>brave</u> boy is not afraid of the dark. He feels fearless in watching horror films.	The pupils will watch a short clip. Then, they will identify the setting, characters, beginning, middle and ending of the story.	Review on identifying main idea, key sentence and supporting details of the paragraph Water is used for drinking. We also use it for bathing. It is used for cooking and washing dirty clothes. Water has many uses. Main Idea: Key Sentence: Supporting Details:	Game : Viewing Devices (Pinoy Henyo version) DAY 5 Writing/ Composition
B.Establishing a purpose for the lesson	Read the sentences. Select the meaning of the underlined words from the box. a. One way of cooking tilapia is to steam it. b. She sliced the bread into three pieces. c. Sift the dry and wet ingredients. cut separate to cook through boiling water	The pupils will watch a short video clip about bullying	Unlocking of Difficulty Read the sentences. Select the meaning of the underlined words from the box. a. Trees protect us from rain and sun. b. A good chef cooks nutritious and delicious foods. c. Trees beautify our surroundings to make something look more beautiful keep somebody or something safe delightful, good to eat Using semantic web, ask the pupils to enumerate why trees are important to us	Do you have classroom rules to follow? What do you feel when you follow them?	Whose families are from Bicol? Quezon Province? Mindoro? What are the customs and traditions that you practice in your province? Original File Submitted and Formatted by DepEd Club Member - visit depedclub.com for more

C.Presenting Examples/ instances of the new lesson	What do you see in the picture? Do you also cook at home? Do you follow the right procedures in cooking your favorite food? Today you will listen to a selection on how to make puto with cheese. From the selection, you will enumerate the steps of cooking puto by using signal words as first, second, next, then, and finally or lastly.	You will read a short story, "Samboy, the Bully Fighter". From the story, you will discover how the character defends his classmate against bully. You will also discover the inverted order of sentences used in the story. Samboy, the Bully Fighter Samboy is a grade five pupil. He is tall and brave. Every time he goes to school, all pupils greet him. With his friends, he goes to the park to play. At the other side of the park is Ana. She is very shy. She doesn't play with other children. Rico, Samboy's friend, always teases Ana. Inside Ana's bag are glittered pens. Rico always gets Ana's pens and passes it on with his other friends. Samboy defends Ana. He asks his friend to stop making fun of her. To tease other pupils is not a good habit. To stop bullying is the good thing to do. Those are the ideas of Samboy that he shares with Rico. Rico feels enlightened. He stops mocking others.	Today you will read the selection, Let Us Plant Trees. From the selection, you will enumerate the importance of trees in our surroundings, especially in our lives.	You will watch a short video clip, "Understand the Basic Rule". From that video clip, you will find the main idea, key sentence and supporting details	You will watch a video clip, "Are Ilocanos Stingy?". From this video, you will find out what are the usual impressions of other people to Ilocanos
D.Discussing new concepts and practicing new skills #1	Read the selection to the pupils. Stop/Pause at some parts and ask predicting questions. How to Cook Puto with Cheese First, we prepare steamer with water and greased individual molds. Second, mix well the flour, sugar and baking powder in a bowl. Next, add butter, evaporated milk, egg and water. When it is already mixed, pour it	What is the selection about? How will you describe Samboy? What can you say about the attitude of Rico? Do you think Rico shows good conduct? How did Samboy fight the bully? Is it good to make fun of other people? Why? Why not?	Let the pupils read the story. Why TREES are important? to make something look more beautiful keep somebody or something safe delightful, good to eat 235 Let us Plant Trees Trees are our friends. They give us shade. They protect	Let the pupils watch the video clip. Understand the Basic School Rules https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RyLzsQKFpB0 What is the selection about? What are the basic classroom rules mentioned in the story?	Let the pupils watch the video clip."Are Ilocanos Stingy?" https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=srx5j3qaNes 2. Discussion What is the video about? What are the common impressions about Ilocanos?

	into individual molds. Then,		us from rain and the sun.	Why is it important to follow	Do you believe that Ilocanos
			l .	rules in school or in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	arrange molds in the steamer and		Many trees give us fruits to eat.		are very thrifty? Why? Why
	top each puto with slices of		Some of them are mango, santol	anywhere you are?	not?
	cheese. Steam it for about 20		and durian. Others are caimito,		
	minutes. Finally, remove puto		mabolo and chico. Still others are		
	from steamer, unmold and		duhat, orange, pomelo and		
	arrange in a serving platter.		lanzones. These fruits are		
	-www.filipinorecipesite.com		delicious. They make us healthy		
	What is the first step in cooking		and strong, too.		
	puto with cheese?		Some trees have flowers. They		
	After mixing the flour, sugar and		come in many colors—red, white,		
	baking powder in a bowl, what		violet and yellow. All of these are		
	will you do next?		pretty colors. They beautify our		
	What will you do with mixed		surroundings.		
	ingredients?		Trees give us wood. Wood can be		
	How long will you steam the		made into chairs, tables, desks		
	mixture of ingredients?		and cabinets. Wood is all around		
	What is the last step?		us. We find it at home, in school,		
	What should we do to cook food		on the playground and in the		
	safely?		church.		
	How did you know the correct		Let us plant trees. Trees give us		
	steps in making puto?		many things.		
	What are the signal words used in		What is the selection about?		
	the selection that help you share		Why do we say that trees are our		
	the right steps in cooking puto		friends?		
	with cheese?		What different things do trees		
	Expected Answer: first, second,		give us?		
	next, then, lastly		In what ways do trees make us		
	Tiexty then, lastly		healthy and strong?		
			How do trees beautify our		
			surroundings?		
			Why do we plant trees?		
E.Discussing new concepts and practicing	Now, we will make your Family	Present the following	From the story that you read,	Using the video clip, help the	1. Present the
new skills #2	Hand Canvass on a sheet of	sentences:	which sentence tells what the	pupils to fill in the missing	sentences/ideas to be
HCW JIIII3 πZ	paper. Follow the directions	a. With his friends he goes to	story is about? Where do you find	ideas in the given	analyzed
	correctly.	the park to play.	it? Is it at the beginning, middle	outline/graphic organizer	a. Ilocanos are known for
	First, get a whole sheet of paper.	b. At the other side of the	or ending of the story? Which	I. Main	being thrifty.
		l .	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Next, trace your right hand at the	park is Ana.	sentences best support the main idea of the story?	Idea:	b. Cavite os are brave.
	middle of the paper. Then, write	c. Inside Ana's bag are	· ·		c. Bicolanos like spicy foods.
	the name of each member of the	glittered pens.	Give another paragraph to	A. Key	d. Igorots are said to be
	family on each traced finger. At	Which comes first in the	analyze.	Sentence:	headhunters.
	the center of the traced hand,	inverted order of a sentence?	1. Most boys like to spin tops.		e. Batangueños are fearless
	write a message for your family.		Sometimes they have a contest with their tops. They spin their	1	(barako).

	Finally, share your output with your seatmate. Ask: "What can you say about your artwork?" "How did you do it correctly?" Expected Answer: Follow the directions in correct order or sequence	What happens to the verb when the subject is singular? When the subject is plural?	tops at the same time. The last to stop spinning wins the contest. What is the main idea of the paragraph? What is the key sentence? What are the supporting details in the paragraph? 3. Sam collects stamps. He compiles his stamp collection in a big clear book. He collects toys like Voltes V robots. He also	2Supporting 3Details	f. Pampagueños are good cooks. 2. Discussion Is it true that all Caviteños are brave? Do all Bicolanos like spicy foods? What are the bases of the given sentences? (Explain the concept of stereotyping
			collects memorabilia of Michael Jackson. He displays his collections in his room. Sam is a collector. What is the main idea of the paragraph? What is the key sentence? What are the supporting details in the paragraph?		
F.Developing Mastery	1. The 3A's Activity: Dyad (Picture Dictation) Ask the pupils to look for a partner. Each pair should have a piece of paper and a pencil/pen. Pupil A will give the directions and pupil B will follow.Then, they will take turns a. Directions for Pupil B: Draw a big circle. Then, draw a horizontal below the circle. Write the word HELLO in capital letters inside the circle. Put an exclamation point after the word. b. Directions for Pupil A: Draw a small circle. Then, draw a bigger circle around it. Draw two small circles below the bigger circle. Then write the word HI in capital letters on top of the circle. Put an exclamation point after the word. 2. Game on Following Directions: Simon Says	1. Think-Pair –Share Discuss the inverted sentence with your partner. Then, compose coherent sentences in the inverted order using the given verbs that agree with the subjects in each item. a. live four horses in the barn b. the haunted house down that dark path sits c. was the tranquil garden untouched 2. Independent Practice Write coherent inverted sentences using the words written on each cake.	1. (Carousel) Each group will roam around the room and see the posted manila papers with selections. The group will look for the main idea, key sentence and supporting details in the given paragraphs. Then, they will share their answers to the class. Paragraph 1 There are different steps in solving a problem in Mathematics. First, read the problem carefully and find out what is asked. Next, look for the given facts, then think of the process to be used. Finally solve for the answer. Paragraph 2 Water is used for drinking. We also use it for bathing. It is used for cooking and washing dirty clothes. Water has many uses. Paragraph 3	1. Group Activity The class will be divided into four groups. Each group will make an outline from the given set of sentences. a. Needs nourishment b. Requires adequate amount of nutrients c. A healthy looking body doesn't just happen d. Proteins, fats, carbohydrates, minerals e. The human body both needs rest and exercise. f. The body needs food as the machine needs fuel as oil. g. A good deed of care is given to it l. Main ldea: A. Key Sentence:	1. Group Activity Group I – Make a commercial about the food interest of Bicolanos (refer to the commercial, Lucky Me Spicy Pancit Canton) Group II - Create a poster about the common qualities of Batangueños Group III – Present a short talk show/interview showing the stereotyping about Aetas 2. The teacher will present a video clip. Then, the pupils will identify the part of the video that shows stereotyping. https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=wCgx8zM3woQ

		Τ.	1
The teacher will ask a volunteer	The second month of the year,	1	
leader to give directions.	which is February, was named	2	
The rest of the pupils will follow	after Februalia, The Roman	Supporting	
what the leader will say. The	festival of purification. February,	3	
pupil who can follow the	as we all know, is the month of	Details	
directions correctly will get the	love. It is in this month that	II. Main	
point.	Valentine's Day or heart's day is	Idea:	
Examples: Simon says, raise your	celebrated. On this day, we		
right foot.	express our love to our loved	A. Key	
Simon says, touch your left ear	ones. We can show our love not	Sentence:	
with your right hand	only during this month but also in		
	all months and days of the year.	1	
	2. Read the given paragraphs. Put	2	
	a check on the sentence which	Supporting	
	tells the main idea of the	3	
	paragraph.	Details	
	a. Many boys and girls like to play	2. Individual Activity	
	sipa. They use a ball made of	Choose a topic from the list	
	rattan. One player kicks the ball	then, make an outline of it.	
	and the other player kicks it back.	a. Summer is fun!	
	Boys and girls like to kick.	b. My Hobbies	
	Boys and girls like to play.	c. My	
	Boys and girls like to play	Responsibilities	
	sipa.	·	
	b. In times of disaster such as		
	fires, floods and hurricanes, the		
	Red Cross shelters, feeds and		
	clothes the victims and cares for		
	sick and the injured. Later, the		
	Red Cross helps build or rebuild,		
	repair and refurnish the homes of		
	the needy victims.		
	How the Red Cross helps		
	The victims of disasters		
	The repair of homes		
	3. When an advertiser decides to		
	sponsor a television program, he		
	looks for one that he and his		
	advertising agency think will		
	appeal to a large number of		
	people. Some products are		
	bought mostly by men and boys,		
	others mostly by women and		
	girls. Some appeal to the whole		
	giris. Some appeal to the whole		

			family. So the advertiser chooses a program that will appeal to the group that is most likely to be interested in the product. TV programs that appeal to people Sponsors of TV Programs How TV programs are		
G.Finding Practical application of concepts and skills in daily living	Your Science teacher asked you to have an observation about the properties of matter through an experiment. Will you follow the correct steps in doing your experiment? Why? Why not?	What will you do if you are being bullied?	chosen and sponsored The teacher reads the selection and asks the pupils to identify the sentence that gives the main idea, key sentence and supporting details. There are different steps in solving a problem in Mathematics. First, read the problem carefully and find out what is asked. Next, look for the given facts then think of the process to be used. Finally, solve for the answer.	Ask a volunteer to make an outline of community rules.	How does stereotyping affect people? Is it advantageous to consider stereotyping when mingling with other people? Why? Why not?
H.Making generalization and abstraction about the lesson	What are the signal words?	When do we use the s-form of the verb?the basd form?	The sentence that tells what the paragraph or selection is all about is called the main idea. The key sentence is the sentence which states the topic of the paragraph. Supporting details are the sentences in the paragraph which give information related to the topic	REMEMBER Outlining is arranging notes so that important ideas stand out and make clear which point supports each of the important ideas. Main ideas are those numbered in Roman Numerals I,II , III, etc. The key sentences are indicated in capital letters A, B, C, D. The supporting details are those numbered in Arabic numerals 1, 2, 3. By connecting the details in the outline, one can form a paragraph	Stereotypes are results of incomplete or distorted information accepted as fact without question. A stereotype is simply a widely held belief that an individual is a member of a certain group based on characteristics.
I.Evaluating learning	Read the directions carefully. Then do it correctly. 1. First, write your name, grade and section at the top of your paper.	Using the following pictures compose a sentence using the correct subject-verb agreement.	Identify the main idea of the following paragraphs. 1. The root is an important part of the plant. It is responsible for getting water and minerals from	Make an outline using the given sentences. a. They seek to introduce new quality such as early ripening, greater size, better	Write the message of the following picture that shows stereotyping.

2. Next, think of what you want	the soil for the plant to grow. It	flavor and resistance to	
to become when you grow up.	also holds the plant in position. If	disease.	
3. Then, write it on your paper.	roots are cut off from the plant, it	b. Thousands of men are	
4. After that, write the steps that	would die.	constantly working to	GR
you will do to achieve your	Main	improve the plants.	- mile
ambition.	Idea:	c. Men breed plants just as	
5. Lastly, let your seatmate check	Key Sentence:	they do to animals.	
your work	Supporting	d. They seek new colors in	
	Details:	flowers, different shapes or	
	2. Jose sometimes sees cloud	greater size.	Mexicans love .
	shaped like a horse. Sometimes	e. These methods may also	
	he sees one that looks like a	improve animals.	
	sailboat floating in the sky. He	f. Cultivation, selection,	
	also even sees one shaped like a	preservation and crossing or	
	giant robot. Jose loves to look at	hybridization	
	different cloud formations.	g. There are four significant	
	Main Idea:	methods by which man may	
	Key Sentence:	improve plants.	Indians are good in
	Supporting		Indians are good in
	Details:		
	3. When an animal is threatened		
	with extinction or disappearance,		
	we say it is an endangered		
	animal. We must take care of		
	animals to protect them from		
	becoming extinct. Some		
	endangered species are		
	Philippine eagle, Palawan		Americans are fond
	hornbill, Mindoro forest mouse,		of eating
	kuwago and many more.		
	Main		Mabuhay!
	Idea:		
	Key		
	Sentence:		
	Supporting		Filinia de das
	Details:		Filipinos are
	4. Salih eats foods cooked in		
	vegetable oil. This is because pork		
	and lard are strictly forbidden		
	among Muslims. He eats the		
	meat from a goat, sheep, cow or		DA STATE
	fowl, only when the animals are		trip of forced dust con
	slaughtered with necessary rites.		Filipino women are
	He does not eat the blood or the		·
	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

J.additional activities for application or remediation	Write a short paragraph using the signal words.	Answer Independent practice on p. 106	intestines of these animals. As a Muslim boy, Salih observes some customs and traditions of the people from Sulu. Main Idea:	Complete the flower organizer with related ideas	Identify the racial stereotyping shown in the video. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fS3e-n8Mj7I
					watcn?v=t53e-n8ivij/i
V.REMARKS					
VI.REFLECTION					
A.No. of learners who earned 80% in the	Lesson carried. Move on to	Lesson carried. Move on	Lesson carried. Move on to	Lesson carried. Move on	Lesson carried. Move on
evaluation	the next objectiveLesson not carried.	to the next objectiveLesson not carried.	the next objectiveLesson not carried.	to the next objectiveLesson not carried.	to the next objectiveLesson not carried.

	% of the pupils got 80%	% of the pupils got 80%	% of the pupils got 80%	% of the pupils got	% of the pupils got
	mastery	mastery	mastery	80% mastery	80% mastery
B.No.of learners who require additional activities for remediation	Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lessonPupils found difficulties in answering their lessonPupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lessonPupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacherPupils mastered the lesson despite of limited resources used by the teacherMajority of the pupils finished their work on timeSome pupils did not finish their work on time due to unnecessary behavior.	Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lessonPupils found difficulties in answering their lessonPupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lessonPupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacherPupils mastered the lesson despite of limited resources used by the teacherMajority of the pupils	Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lesson. Pupils found difficulties in answering their lesson.	Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lesson. Pupils found difficulties in answering their lesson. Pupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lesson. Pupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacher. Pupils mastered the	Pupils did not find difficulties in answering their lesson. Pupils found difficulties in answering their lesson. Pupils did not enjoy the lesson because of lack of knowledge, skills and interest about the lesson. Pupils were interested on the lesson, despite of some difficulties encountered in answering the questions asked by the teacher. Pupils mastered the lesson despite of limited resources used by the teacher. Majority of the pupils finished their work on time. Some pupils did not
C.Did the remedial work? No.of learners who have caught up with the lesson	of Learners who earned 80% above	of Learners who earned 80% above	of Learners who earned 80% above	of Learners who earned 80% above	of Learners who earned 80% above
D.No. of learners who continue to require remediation	of Learners who require additional activities for remediation	of Learners who require additional activities for remediation	of Learners who require additional activities for remediation	of Learners who require additional activities for remediation	of Learners who require additional activities for remediation
E.Which of my teaching strategies worked well? Why did these work?	YesNo of Learners who caught up the lesson	YesNo of Learners who caught up the lesson	YesNo of Learners who caught up the lesson	YesNo of Learners who caught up the lesson	YesNo of Learners who caught up the lesson
F.What difficulties did I encounter which my principal or supervisor can helpme solve?	of Learners who continue to require remediation	of Learners who continue to require remediation	of Learners who continue to require remediation	of Learners who continue to require remediation	of Learners who continue to require remediation

G.What innovation or localized materials	Strategies used that work well:	Strategies used that work	Strategies used that work well:	Strategies used that work	Strategies used that work
did used/discover which I wish to share	<u> </u>	well:	_	well:	well:
with other teachers?	Metacognitive Development:		Metacognitive Development:		
with other teachers:	Examples: Self assessments, note	Metacognitive	Examples: Self assessments, note	Metacognitive	Metacognitive
	taking and studying techniques,	Development: Examples: Self	taking and studying techniques,	Development: Examples:	Development: Examples:
	and vocabulary assignments.	assessments, note taking and	and vocabulary assignments.	Self assessments, note taking	Self assessments, note
	Bridging: Examples:	studying techniques, and	Bridging: Examples:	and studying techniques, and	taking and studying
	Think-pair-share, quick-writes,	vocabulary assignments.	Think-pair-share, quick-writes,	vocabulary assignments.	techniques, and vocabulary assignments.
	and anticipatory charts.	Bridging: Examples:	and anticipatory charts.	Bridging: Examples:	=
		Think-pair-share, quick-writes,		Think-pair-share,	Bridging:Examples:Thin
	Schema-Building: Examples:	and anticipatory charts.	Schema-Building: Examples:	quick-writes, and	k-pair-share,quick-writes,an
	Compare and contrast, jigsaw		Compare and contrast, jigsaw	anticipatory charts.	danticipatorycharts.
	learning, peer teaching, and	Schema-Building:	learning, peer teaching, and		Schema-Building:
	projects.	Examples: Compare and	projects.	Schema-Building:	Examples: Compare and
		contrast, jigsaw learning, peer		Examples: Compare and	contrast, jigsaw learning,
	Contextualization:	teaching, and projects.	Contextualization:	contrast, jigsaw learning,	peer teaching, and projects.
	Examples: Demonstrations,		Examples: Demonstrations,	peer teaching, and projects.	Contextualization:
	media, manipulatives, repetition,	Contextualization:	media, manipulatives, repetition,		Examples: Demonstrations,
	and local opportunities.	Examples: Demonstrations,	and local opportunities.	Contextualization:	media, manipulatives,
		media, manipulatives,		Examples: Demonstrations,	repetition, and local
	Text Representation:	repetition, and local	Text Representation:	media, manipulatives,	opportunities.
		opportunities.	·	repetition, and local	Text Representation:
	Examples: Student created		Examples: Student created	opportunities.	Examples: Student created
	drawings, videos, and games.	Text Representation:	drawings, videos, and games.		drawings, videos, and
	Modeling: Examples:		Modeling: Examples:	Text Representation:	games.
	Speaking slowly and clearly,	Examples: Student created drawings, videos, and games.	Speaking slowly and clearly,	Examples: Student created	Modeling: Examples:
	modeling the language you want		modeling the language you want	drawings, videos, and games.	Speaking slowly and clearly,
	students to use, and providing	Modeling: Examples:	students to use, and providing	-	modeling the language you
	samples of student work.	Speaking slowly and clearly,	samples of student work.	Modeling: Examples:	want students to use, and
	Other Techniques and Strategies	modeling the language you	Other Techniques and Strategies	Speaking slowly and clearly,	providing samples of
	Other Techniques and Strategies used:	want students to use, and providing samples of student	Other Techniques and Strategies used:	modeling the language you	student work.
	Explicit Teaching	work.	usea: Explicit Teaching	want students to use, and providing samples of student	Other Techniques and
	Group collaboration	WOIK.	Group collaboration	work.	Strategies used:
	Gamification/Learning throuh	Other Techniques and	Gamification/Learning throuh	WOIK.	Explicit Teaching
	play	Strategies used:	play	Other Techniques and	Group collaboration
	Answering preliminary	Explicit Teaching	Answering preliminary	Strategies used:	Gamification/Learning
	activities/exercises	Group collaboration	activities/exercises	Explicit Teaching	throuh play
	Carousel	Gamification/Learning	Carousel	Group collaboration	Answering preliminary
	Diads	throuh play	Diads	Gamification/Learning	activities/exercises
	Differentiated Instruction	Answering preliminary	Differentiated Instruction	throuh play	Carousel
	Role Playing/Drama	activities/exercises	Role Playing/Drama	Answering preliminary	Diads
	Discovery Method	Carousel	Discovery Method	activities/exercises	Differentiated
	Lecture Method	Diads	Lecture Method	Carousel	Instruction

Why?	Differentiated Instruction	Why?	Diads	Role Playing/Drama
Complete IMs	Role Playing/Drama	Complete IMs	Differentiated Instruction	Discovery Method
Availability of Materials	Discovery Method	Availability of Materials	Role Playing/Drama	Lecture Method
Pupils' eagerness to learn	Lecture Method	Pupils' eagerness to learn	Discovery Method	Why?
Group member's	Why?	Group member's	Lecture Method	Complete IMs
collaboration/cooperation	Complete IMs	collaboration/cooperation	Why?	Availability of Materials
in doing their tasks	Availability of Materials	in doing their tasks	Complete IMs	Pupils' eagerness to
Audio Visual Presentation	Pupils' eagerness to learn	Audio Visual Presentation	Availability of Materials	learn
of the lesson	Group member's	of the lesson	Pupils' eagerness to	Group member's
	collaboration/cooperation		learn	collaboration/cooperation
	in doing their tasks		Group member's	in doing their tasks
	Audio Visual Presentation			Audio Visual Presentatio
	of the lesson		collaboration/cooperation	of the lesson
			in doing their tasks	1
			Audio Visual	
			Presentation	1
			of the lesson	
				1
				1