

How to create a procedure to kill other terminals of current Oracle user?

1. Login to database as SYS.

```
sqlplus / as sysdba
```

2. Create procedure called KillMe.

Description of the KillMe:

The procedure will look for any terminals which are open with the same username as the current user. Once it identifies the other session (with the same username), it will kill them.

```
create or replace procedure killme
IS
  CURSOR c1 IS
  select
    sid,
    serial#
  from
    v$session
  where
    username is not null
    and
    username in (select sys_context('USERENV','SESSION_USER') as username from dual)
    and
    SID not in (select distinct sid from v$mystat);
  kill_it c1%ROWTYPE;
Begin
  OPEN c1;
  LOOP
    FETCH c1 INTO kill_it;
    EXIT WHEN c1%NOTFOUND;
    BEGIN
      EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'alter system kill session "' || kill_it.sid || ', ' || kill_it.serial# || '"';
    END;
  END LOOP;
  CLOSE c1;
END;
/
```

3. Grant KillMe to every other user in the database.

```
Grant execute on killme to public;
```

4. Create public synonym called KillMe.

```
create public synonym killme for killme;
```

5. Verify the procedure works.

Verify the current procedure works by opening three different putty sessions. Let us call them Putty-1, Putty-2 and Putty-3.

- Login as scott in Putty-1.
- Login as scott in Putty-2 and
- Login as scott in Putty-3

Now from putty-1, Execute the KillMe procedure you created in Step-2. It should now kill Putty-2 and Putty-3 but keep putty-1 still active.

```
execute KillMe;
```

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