

DEFINITION

Data that counts how many of the subjects meet certain criteria

CHARACTERISTICS

- Usually collected in a frequency table
- Requires a lot of subjects that fit into a reasonably small set of criteria
 - Can be qualitative or quantitative
 - If data is continuous, then it is typical to group it for in order to count frequency

EXAMPLES

Counting the number of cars of different makes.

Counting the number of absences each day for a form group over a term.

NON-EXAMPLES

Measuring the temperature each hour of the day to track its changes

Recording the name of each member of a class