Teacher: Mx. Sean Perry

Setting/Lesson: Fairfield Creekside 6th Grade Orchestra

Date of Lesson: April 18, 2022

## PLANNING

Central Focus-	The students will create music using 3 distinct bowing styles & percussive rhythms.	
Objectives/Central Focus-	The students will:  - Perform percussive rhythms with their feet - Communicate with one another - Respond to cues & instructions - Practice staccato, legato & détaché bowing	
Prior Knowledge Needed/ Pre-Assessment/Vocabulary	<ul><li>Mode of D dorian</li><li>Key of D major</li><li>Pizzicato</li></ul>	
Materials/Learning Supports	Students must have Instruments & setup gear - Music - Pencil	

	INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY		
Ope	ening/Central Focus	<ul> <li>Say hello</li> <li>Introduce self</li> <li>Ask how students are doing</li> <li>Check that students have instruments, pencils, music</li> </ul>	
	cuss relevance of learning target with dents:	Today's focus: Bowing styles & percussive rhythms  - By learning to properly articulate rhythms, we can make the music sound cleaner & more pleasurable to listen to!	

## LEARNING ACTIVITIES

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Sequence of Events	HIAWATHA YouTube	
	<ul> <li>Ask if anyone knows the history of Hiawatha</li> </ul>	
	- <u>Inform students about Hiawatha</u>	
	<ul> <li>Hiawatha was a precolonial Native American</li> </ul>	
	leader and co-founder of the Iroquois	
	Confederacy. He was a leader of the	
	Onondaga people and the Mohawk people.	
	According to some accounts, he was born an	
	Onondaga but was adopted into the	
	Mohawks. Hiawatha was a real person, but is	
	mostly known via legend. Legend states that	
	Hiawatha was once a wild man and a	
	cannibal. He overcame his origins and helped	
	to unify the Iroquois peoples.	
	<ul> <li>Warmup (write on board, model &amp; define staccato)</li> </ul>	
	- Dm 5-note scale: Quarter note staccato	
	bow stroke	
	- DDDD-EEEE-FFF-GGGG-AAAA-	
	GGGG-FFF-EEEE-DDDD	
	- Intonation: F natural	
	- Drone to check each section: D-E-F	
	- <u>Theme 1 (m. 3-22)</u>	
	- Run: Focus on melody	
	- Violin melody (m. 3)	
	- Viola melody (m.12)	
	- Lower string articulation	
	- Re: Warmup (model & define legato)	
	- Dm 5-note scale: Quarter note legato bow	
	stroke	
	- DDDD-EEEE-FFF-GGGG-AAAA-	
	GGGG-FFF-EEEE-DDDD	
	- <u>Theme 2 (m. 22-37)</u>	
	- Run	
	- Style change (m. 22): Light, long	

	- Separate bows, connected sound - Whole notes - "4 parts of the bow, each part plays part of the whole note" - Theme 1 (m. 37-end) - Run - Intonation: VIn low 1st, low 2nd fingers  SHOE SYMPHONY YouTube - Warmup (model & define détaché) - D scale: Eighth note détaché bow stroke - DD-EE-F#F#-GG-AA-BB-C#C#-DD - DD-C#C#-BB-AA-GG-F#F#-EE-DD - Ask: What's the difference between F and F#? - Form Tracing - "Put your finger on measure 1 and practice following your music with me" - Beginning to "D.S. al Coda" - Beginning to "D.S. al Coda" - Beginning to "D.S. al Coda" - "D.S. al Coda"
Modeling Ideas	<ul> <li>Might show this? <u>Hiawatha - Soon Hee Newbold</u></li> <li>Model warmups, articulations, intonation, bow distribution</li> <li>Ask for a volunteer to demonstrate</li> </ul>
Assessment: Informal	<ul> <li>Specific verbal feedback on problem spots</li> <li>Thumbs up for success</li> <li>Asking questions of ensemble</li> </ul>
Closing- Extensions/Further Connections	<ul> <li>I think we accomplished a lot today</li> <li>Keep practicing the bowing styles that we worked on today! One day you'll master them.</li> <li>Pleasure working with you</li> </ul>