WE ARE UNDER CONSTRUCTION-PLEASE BEAR WITH US!

5.Mitigation

Mitigation means preventing or reducing damage that might happen from climate-related disasters, such as extreme heat, flooding, hurricanes and other weather events, etc. Minimizing possible future damage is mitigation. Different communities and geographic areas will need different ways of minimizing damage. Examples of mitigation are listed below, but each community and nation will have more specific ways of trying to protect communities, people, homes, wildlife, and ecosystems against climate disasters. Disaster preparation is a form of mitigation. Here are some examples of mitigation and disaster preparation.

Creating local rapid response teams

Training local people to fight fires and bringing firefighting equipment

Building seawalls if they are effective in a local area

Relocating communities in endangered areas

Raising streets and installing drainage to prevent flooding

Having small planes and helicopters in remote areas to fight fires

Create local cooling centers from extreme heat

Do all the homes in a neighborhood have air conditioning?

Has anyone identified the people in a community on oxygen or who have medical needs that would be endangered in power outages? Is there a plan to assist them and their caregivers if needed?

Climate change disasters makes the need for universal health care insurance for all people an extremely important way of helping people be protected in case of injury or illness from disasters or pandemics caused by a warming climate, overcrowding of animals in factory farms, and communities living closer to wildlife. This is also an important aspect of creating a "just transition."

Equip a community center or local school in each community with solar or wind power for people to come during long power outages

Countries like the U.S. that tend to be value individual independence, may need to think of actions that help groups of homes instead of only individual families. One example is community gardens or people planting different food crops in the same community and neighbors sharing with each other.

Create community-wide disaster mitigation plans.

Shift to solar or wind power as a community-wide project. Maybe everyone can have at least one room powered by renewables so they have heat and air conditioning and a kitchen powered in case of prolonged power outages.

One of the biggest issues facing the world regarding climate change is the increasing scarcity of safe and healthy drinking water. Creating community plans

for ways that communities experiencing climate disasters or heat can be prepared with clean drinking water sources is an important aspect of mitigation.

Also planning ahead and being proactive in limiting unnecessary uses of water now can help reduce water crises and shortages in the future.

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