Alamat Korespodensi:
Thai Studies, Faculty of Arts, Chulalongkorn University 254 Phaya Thai Rd, Wang Mai, Pathum Wan, Bangkok 10330. E-mail:
6688031022@student.chula.ac.th.

Title must succinctly describe the contents of the research article and attract academic readers. The title consists of 8-12 words, not including a definite article (the) and the indefinite article (a, an). Use the phrases, not sentence

Author[1*], Author[2], Author[3]

[1]study program, Faculty, University
[2]Program Studi, Fakultas, Universitas

Abstract: The abstract is a summary of the article. It is consist of research objective, research methods, results and discussion, and conclusion. Implications or recommendation can be added to the abstract. The abstract is an article summary that consists of research objective, research methods, results and discussion, and conclusion. Implications or recommendation can be added to the abstract. The abstract must be written in 250-300 words. The abstract must not contain lengthy background information and have no reference to figure, table, equation, any bibliographical reference either coming within or another article. The language of abstract must be clear and concise. It is a stand-alone summary in one paragraph.

Keywords: Keywords consist of important/ specific words or phrases found mainly in the title and abstract. But, it can also come from the article. There are 3-5 keywords from one article. Keywords separated by ";"

Abstrak: Judul dalam Bahasa Inggris. Abstrak adalah ringkasan artikel. Ini terdiri dari tujuan penelitian, metode penelitian, hasil dan pembahasan, dan kesimpulan. Implikasi atau rekomendasi dapat ditambahkan ke abstrak. Abstrak adalah ringkasan artikel yang terdiri dari tujuan penelitian, metode penelitian, hasil dan pembahasan, serta kesimpulan. Implikasi atau rekomendasi dapat ditambahkan ke abstrak. Abstrak harus ditulis dalam 250-300 kata. Abstrak tidak boleh berisi informasi latar belakang yang panjang dan tidak memiliki referensi ke gambar, tabel,

persamaan, referensi bibliografi apa pun baik yang ada di dalam atau artikel lain. Bahasa abstrak harus jelas dan ringkas. Ini adalah ringkasan yang berdiri sendiri dalam satu paragraf.

Kata kunci: Kata kunci terdiri dari kata atau frasa penting / spesifik yang ditemukan terutama dalam judul dan abstrak. Tapi, bisa juga berasal dari artikel. Ada 3-5 kata kunci dari satu artikel. Kata kunci dipisah dengan tanda ";"

Figure 1: Model analisis data Miles & Huberman (Sumber: Sugiyono, 2022)

Table 1: Data

1. Introduction

The introduction shows what is already known from previous studies, defines the importance of the study, literature review, and state the research question. In order to understand what is already known from the previous study, the introduction must consist of discussing the relevant journal article (with citation) and summarizing the current understanding of the problem encounter.

In the second paragraph in writing, the first sentence protrudes into 3 letters. Sentences that are both left- and right-aligned.

2. Literature Review

This section presents a range of information pertinent to formal and material objects, showcasing the breadth of data researchers have amassed on their research subject. Conceptual exposure revolves around keywords highlighted in the article, while the theoretical framework represents formal objects

3. Methods

The methods explain clearly how the author carried out the research. The method must describe the research design clearly, the replicable research procedures, describe how to summarize and analyze the data.

4. Results

The result sections show objectively the presentation of the research key results without any interpretation using text, tables, and figures. The result section begins with the text, presenting the key finding, and referring to the tables and figures. The table must not print screen, specific numerical values, compare and contrast values, and a minimum of 2 row and column. The figures must be clear (provide the original file as a supplementary file in article submission), highlight trends, pattern, and relationship. The result section must present how the author ensures the data validity and reliability.
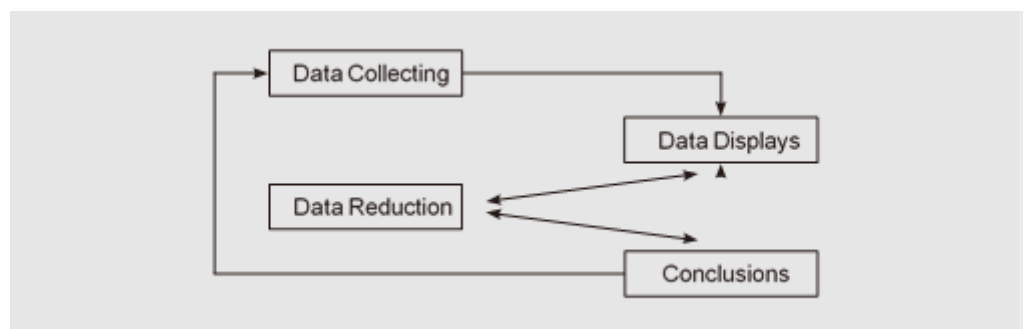

No.	Title 1	Title 3	Title 3
1	Drescription	Drescription	Drescription
2	Drescription	Description	Description

3	Drescription	Drescription	Drescription

5. Discusstions

The discussion section shows how the author interprets the results in light of what is already known, and to explain the new understanding of the problem after taking your results into consideration. The discussion must connect with the Introduction so it tells how your study contributes to the body of knowledge and society.

6. Conclusions

The conclusions section show the answer or clarification of the research questions and opportunities for future research

7. Acknowledgments

The authors must acknowledge any sources of funding that supported the research and may acknowledge the outside reviewers of their drafts

8. References

The reference must consist of 80% from relevant and recent primary sources (such as the article of journal or conference from last 5-10 years). The reference must be written in APA style and using reference manager software (**Mendeley**).

Goldman, J., & Strachan, J. (2020). Indonesian Cultural Diplomacy and the First International Gamelan Festival and Symposium at Expo 86. *American Music*, *38*(4), 428–453. https://doi. org/10.5406/americanmusic.38.4.0428

Ras, J. J. (1987). The Genesis of The Babad Tanah Jawi: Origin and Function of the Javanese Court Chronicle. *Brill*, 343–356. https://www.jstor.org/stable/27863843