

Subject Area: Wellness/Health	Course: 8th Health	
Unit 3 Title: Effective Communication to Create or Maintain Healthy Relationships	Start Date: January	End Date: February

Unit Summary: Students will review the components of effective communication and the importance of these components in regards to developing and maintaining healthy relationships with friends, family, themselves, and partners.

Stage 1: Desired Results

Massachusetts Learning Standards

- **8.1.HR.3** Identify warning signs of potential danger in a relationship and strategies to get help. [HE; SE]
- 8.1.SH.3 Analyze ways to prevent pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including methods that can be taken before becoming sexually active (e.g., communicating with a partner, HPV vaccine, contraception). [HE]
- 8.1.SH.4 Describe possible short- and long-term consequences (positive and negative) of engaging in sexual activity and identify ways to avoid negative or potentially harmful consequences. [HE]
- 8.1.SH.7 Explain the importance of, and ways to identify, setting personal limits to avoid unintended outcomes from risky or unwanted sexual behavior and to make sexual health decisions. [HE]
- 8.3.HR.1 Identify characteristics of healthy and unhealthy relationships and ways to seek help in unhealthy or unwanted relationships. [HE; SE]
- 8.3.HR.2 Demonstrate effective verbal and non-verbal communication skills (e.g., listening, conflict resolution, negotiation, refusal) that foster healthy relationships, communicate boundaries, and show respect in a variety of situations (e.g., familial relationships, peer relationships, romantic relationships). [HPE; SE]
- 8.3.HR.4 Explain why consent and respecting a person's boundaries are important. [HPE; SE]
- 8.3.HR.5 Demonstrate effective approaches to boundary setting (e.g., acknowledge feelings, communicate the boundary, target alternative),



- maintenance of a variety of boundaries (e.g., related to technology use, emotional, physical). [HPE; SE]
- **8.1.HS.1** Assess personal health practices and develop short- and long-term goals that support healthy sexual behaviors (e.g., abstinence, delay, use of contraception, use of barriers, giving and obtaining consent). [HE]
- 8.3.SH.1 Explain the difference between sexual orientation and gender identity.
 [HE]
- **8.3.SH.2** Explain three dimensions of sexual orientation (i.e., identity, attraction, and behavior) and how they are all a part of an individual's sexual orientation that may or may not align with each other. [HE]

Transfer (Authentic, relevant application of learning to new situations)

Students will be able to independently use their learning to...

 Create an infographic about a topic related to healthy relationships including, but not limited to, teen dating violence, healthy friend relationships, and positive self-esteem.

Meaning

Enduring Understandings

Students will understand that...

- That everyone has rights and responsibilities in relationships
- Effective communication involves actively talking and listening
- Establishing boundaries helps to establish respect and an understanding of one's values
- Having a strong relationship with yourself will help you establish a better foundation for healthy relationships with others

Essential Questions

Students will consider...

- What does effective communication feel, look, and sound like?
- How can you contribute to a healthy relationship with yourself, friends, family, and partners?
- How does the media influence the relationships we have with ourselves?

Acquisition

Knowledge

Students will know...

Characteristics of a healthy relationship

Skills

Students will be skilled at...

Identifying healthy vs unhealthy relationships



- Conflict resolution skill cues
- Different types of families and the challenges associated with each type of family
- 4 keys to a healthy relationship:
 - Establishing appropriate boundaries
 - Effective communication
 - Trust
 - Respect)
- Self-esteem
- Self-worth
- Self-respect
- Self-care
- Growth mindset
- Body image
- Warning signs of teen dating violence

- Identifying how to improve their relationship with themselves by achieving positive body image, growth mindset, and improving self-esteem
- Recognizing signs of teen dating violence
- Understanding their roles in different types of relationships (friends, family, partner)
- Identifying personal values and determining how their values contribute to healthy relationships