ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 MÔN TIẾNG ANH

CO ĐÁP ÁN NĂM HỌC 2021 - 2022

ĐÈ 01

A: PHONETICS	(1.0 p)				
I. Choose the wor	d with different pro	nunciation from tl	he others. (0.6p)		
1. A. <u>h</u> our	B. <u>h</u> ouse	C. <u>h</u> ot	D. <u>h</u> ead	L	
2. A. work <u>ed</u>	B. wanted	C. stopped	D. ask <u>e</u>	<u>d</u>	
3. A.walk <u>s</u>	B. cups	C.students	D. pens		
II.Choose the wor	d whose stress patte	ern is different fro	m that of the oth	ers. (1.0 pts)	
1. A. sewage	B. simple	C. hobby	D. describe		
2. A. dancer	B. cycling	C. balloon	D. traffic.		
B: VOCABULAR	Y AND GRAMMA	R: (5.0pts) I. Cho	oose the best ansv	ver. (2.0p)	
1.Solar energy doe	sn't cause				
A.pollution	B.polluted	C.pollute	D.pollutant		
2. Tet is a festival.	occurs in la	te January or early	February.		
A. whom	B. when	C. where	D. which		
3. It's raining	, Mr. Nam l	nas to go to work.			
A. Although	B. So	C. Therefore	D. Ho	owever	
4. If Irio	eh, I	around the v	vorld.		
A. will be - travel	B. am - will	travel C. were - v	would travel I	O. would be – traveled	
5. The girl wishes	she	in Hue for the fest	ival next week.		
A. had stayedB. wa	as staying	C. stay D. o	could stay		
6. You don't like w	watching this film,	?			
A. don't you	B. are you	C. do you	D. did you		
7. When he lived in	n the city, he	to the theater	twice a week.		
A. uses to go	B. has gone	C. used to go	D. was going		
8. My house	in 1999				
A. is built	B. was building	C. was built	D. has been bu	D. has been built	
9 The entrance ex	amination will be he	ld	June 22 nd 2012		

A. III	D. OII	C. at	D. 10		
10. Hoa: I sugge	st going camping n	ext Sunday La	n:		
A. That's a fine d	lay B. That's	s a good idea	C. That's a reason	D. That's a good trip	
II. Put the verbs	in the brackets in	to the correct t	tense or form.(2.0p)		
1. The weather is	terrible today. If th	e weather (1.be	e) good, I (2. go)for a walk.	
2. Yesterday, who	en we (3.visit)	th	em, they (4. have)	dinner.	
3. I (5.write)	to my pen pal 2	2 months ago, b	ut I (6.not receive)	his reply since then	
4. We would rath	er (7. stay)	at hom	e than go out on rainy o	days.	
5. I enjoy (8. teac	eh)	, but I dor	n't want (9. do)	all my life.	
6. My house (10	. build)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	at present.		
III/ Supply the	correct form of	the words in l	brackets to complete	the following sentences	
(1.0p)					
1. The accident h	appened because he	e drove	(ca	re)	
2. Air	is one of the	e problems that	people have deal to wit	th. (pollute)	
3. Traditional	a	re a good sourc	e of fun and entertainm	nent. (celebrate)	
4. You should bu	y this book . It's ve	ry	(inform	1)	
5. (Tradition)		, peo	ple eat sticky rice cake	es at Tet.	
C: READING. (2.0 p)				
I. Read the text.	Then choose the r	ight sentence A	A, B, C or D.(1.0p)		
Last year,	we had a nice holic	lay. My friend a	and I went to the seasid	e for a month. I had been	
to the seaside se	everal times before,	but this was th	ne first time for my frie	end. Naturally, it was the	
great event for h	im. Finally, the day	came. It was a	fine morning. We got	up very early because we	
wanted to leave home after breakfast. We made the journey by car. We reached the seaside at					
noon. We spent	many hours on the	e beach. We en	joyed making castles a	and channels in the sand.	
People said we o	ought to spend at lea	ast a few weeks	at the seaside. If we co	ould stay longer, so much	
the better.					
1. How long did	d the writer and his	friend spend at	the seaside?		
A. week	B. A few	weeks	C. A month	D. A few months	

2. Who went to the seaside the first time?

A. The writer	B. The writer and his friend.	. C. The writer's f	family	D. The writer's friend.				
3. What was the w	eather like on the day they star	ted their journey to	the sea	aside?				
A. It was bad	B. It was rainy	C. It was snowy	D. It v	was nice.				
4. How did they to	ravel to the seaside?							
A. By car	B. By train	C. By bus		D. By air				
5. When did they	reach the seaside?							
A. At 8 o'clock	B. At 12 o'clock	C. At 4 p.m		D. At 9 p.m				
II. Read the passa	age and answer the following	questions. (1.0p)						
Alexander	Fleming was born in 1881 in S	Scotland. He went	to a sm	all school in a village, and				
when he left school	ol he didn't go to university. H	le worked for five	years in	an office. But his brother				
Tom, was a doctor	r and helped Fleming to go to u	niversity and study	medic:	ine. So he went to London				
University and in	1906 he became a doctor. I	n 1915, Fleming 1	married	Sarah McElroy, an Irish				
woman. They had	one son. During the First Wo	rld War, many sold	liers die	ed in hospital because they				
didn't have the rig	ght medicines. So after the war	r, Fleming tried to	find a c	drug that could help them.				
He worked for ma	any years and in 1928 he disc	covered a new drug	g and he	e called it "penicillin". He				
later worked with	an Australian and a German s	cientist to develop	a drug	that doctors could use. In				
1945, they won the	e Nobel Prize in medicine for t	heir work on penic	illin.					
1. Where was Alex	xander Fleming born?		• • • • • • • • •					
2. Did he work in	2. Did he work in an office before he went to university?							
3. What did he stu	dy at university?							
4. When did he win the Nobel Prize in medicine?								
D: WRITING (2.0p)								
I. Complete the se	econd sentences without chan	ging the meaning	of the f	first sentences. (1.0p)				
1. He has never be	en late for work.							
- Never	- Never							
2. The man is my	2. The man is my new boss. He is talking to the lady over there.							
- The man								
3. "Does Mr. Pike live here?" the postman asked the boy.								

- The postman asked	d the boy		
4. They will build a	new school next mo	nth.	
- A new school			
5. Finding an apartn	nent in a big city is n	ot easy.	
- It is			
II. Write complete	sentences. (1.0p)		
1.we /not/ see/ each	other/ for/ 5 years.		
2. Mr Bill/ used/ go	/swimming/ when/ h	ne/ young.	
3. She / be / best /			
4. How long / it / t	ake / you / go / schoo	ol / everyday?	
ĐÁP ÁN			
A: PHONETICS ((1.0 p)		
I. Choose the word	with different pror	nunciation from the	others. (0.6p)
1. A. <u>h</u>our	B. <u>h</u> ouse	C. <u>h</u> ot	D. <u>h</u> ead
2. A. work <u>ed</u>	B. want <u>ed</u>	C. stopp <u>ed</u>	D. ask <u>ed</u>
3. A.walk <u>s</u>	B. cups	C.students	D. pen <u>s</u>
II.Choose the word	l whose stress patte	rn is different from	that of the others. (1.0 pts)
1. A. sewage	B. simple	C. hobby	D. describe
2. A. dancer	B. cycling	C. balloon	D. traffic.
B: VOCABULARY	Y AND GRAMMAI	R: (5.0pts)	
I. Choose the best	answer. (2.0p)		
1. Solar energy does	n't cause		
A.pollution	B.polluted	C.pollute	D.pollutant
2. Tet is a festival	occurs in lat	e January or early Fe	bruary.
A. whom	B. when	C. where	D. which
3. It's raining	, Mr. Nam h	as to go to work.	

A. Although	B. So	C. Therefore	D. Ho	wever
4. If Iric	h, I	around t	the wor	ld.
A. will be - travel		B. am - will t	travel	
C. were - would travel		D. would be	– travel	led
5. The girl wishes she		in Hue for the	festiva	l next week.
A. had stayedB. wa	s staying	C. stay	D. cou	ıld stay
6. You don't like w	vatching this film,		.?	
A. don't you	B. are you	C. do you		D. did you
7. When he lived in	the city, he	to the thea	ater twi	ce a week.
A. uses to go	B. has gone	C. used to go	D. was	s going
8. My house	in 1999			
A. is built	B. was building	C. was built		D. has been built
9. The entrance example 9.	amination will be hel	d	Ju	ne 22 nd 2012.
A. in	B. on	C. at		D. to
10. Hoa: I suggest	going camping next	Sunday. Lan: .		
A. That's a f	ine day	B. That's a g	good id	ea
C. That's a r	eason	D. Tha	at's a go	ood trip
II. Put the verbs in	the brackets into t	he correct ten	se or fo	orm.(2.0p)
1. The weather is te	errible today. If the w	eather (1.be)w	ere g	good, I (2. go)would gofor a walk.
2. Yesterday, when	we (3.visit) visited	l them,	they (4	1. have)were havingdinner.
3. I (5.write)wi	rote to my pen	pal 2 months a	ago, but	t I (6.not receive)haven't
received	his reply since ther	1.		
4. We would rather	(7. stay)stay	at hor	me than	go out on rainy days.
5. I enjoy (8. teach)	teaching	, but I don't wa	nt (9. c	do)to doall my life.
6. My house (10. b	uild)is bei	ng built		at present.
III/ Supply the co	orrect form of the	words in bra	ckets 1	to complete the following sentences
(1.0p)				
1. The accident hap	pened because he dro	ove	careless	sly (care)
2. Airpollutio	onis one of the	e problems that	t people	e have deal to with. (pollute)

4. You should buy t	his book. It's very	informative	(inform)				
5. (Tradition)T	5. (Tradition) Traditionally , people eat sticky rice cakes at Tet.						
C: READING. (2.	0 p)						
I. Read the text. To	hen choose the right sente	nce A, B, C or D.(1	.0p)				
Last year, w	Last year, we had a nice holiday. My friend and I went to the seaside for a month. I had been						
to the seaside seve	eral times before, but this	was the first time for	my friend. Naturally, it was the				
great event for him	n. Finally, the day came. It	was a fine morning. V	We got up very early because we				
wanted to leave h	ome after breakfast. We	made the journey by	car. We reached the seaside at				
noon. We spent m	any hours on the beach. V	We enjoyed making c	astles and channels in the sand.				
People said we oug	ght to spend at least a few v	weeks at the seaside. I	f we could stay longer, so much				
the better.							
2. How long did to	he writer and his friend spe	end at the seaside?					
A. week	B. A few weeks	C. A month	D. A few months				
2. Who went to the	seaside the first time?						
A. The writer		B. The write	er and his friend.				
C. The writer's fam	nily	D. The writer's friend.					
3. What was the we	eather like on the day they	started their journey to	o the seaside?				
A. It was bad	B. It was rainy	C. It was snowy	D. It was nice.				
4. How did they tra	envel to the seaside?						
A. By car	B. By train	C. By bus	D. By air				
5. When did they r	5. When did they reach the seaside?						
A. At 8 o'clock	B. At 12 o'clock	C. At 4 p.m	D. At 9 p.m				
II. Read the passa	ge and answer the follow	ing questions. (1.0p)					

3. Traditionalcelebrations...... are a good source of fun and entertainment. (celebrate)

Alexander Fleming was born in 1881 in Scotland. He went to a small school in a village, and when he left school he didn't go to university. He worked for five years in an office. But his brother, Tom, was a doctor and helped Fleming to go to university and study medicine. So he went to London University and in 1906 he became a doctor. In 1915, Fleming married Sarah McElroy, an Irish woman. They had one son. During the First World War, many soldiers died in hospital because they

didn't have the right medicines. So after the war, Fleming tried to find a drug that could help them. He worked for many years and in 1928 he discovered a new drug and he called it "penicillin". He later worked with an Australian and a German scientist to develop a drug that doctors could use. In 1945, they won the Nobel Prize in medicine for their work on penicillin.

- 1- (He was born) in Scotland
- 2- Yes, (he did.)
- 3- He studied medicine
- 4- (He won the Nobel Prize in medicine) in 1945.

D: WRITING (2.0p)

I. Complete the second sentences without changing the meaning of the first sentences. (1.0p)

- 1 Never has he been late for work.
- 2 The man who is talking to the lady over there is my new boss.
- 3 The postman asked the boy if Mr Pike lived there
- 4. A new school will be built next month.
- 5. It is not easy to find an apartment in a big city

II. Write complete sentences. (1.0p)

- 1- We haven't seen each other for 5 years.
- 2 Mr Bill used to go swimming when he was young.
- 3- She is the best student in her class.
- 4 How long does it take you to go to school everyday?

ĐÈ 02

A. PHONETICS (1pt)

I. Choose one word whose underlined part is pronounced differently:

1. A. \underline{d} ifferent B. worl \underline{d} C. practice \underline{d} D. \underline{d} isaster

2. A. pollute B. receipt C. species D. accept

3. A. clear B. bear C. hear D. near

II. Choose one word whose stress pattern is different:

4. A. promote B. attract C. trophy D. compete

B. Vocabulary and	d grammar (5pts)						
I. Choose a,b,c, or	d that best complete	es each unfinished se	entence(2pts)				
1. You will not succ	ceed	. working hard.					
a. unless	b. without	c. if	d. although				
2. It was raining ve	ry so I took	my umbrella.					
a. wet	b. badly	c. hard	d. firmly				
3. I do that if I were you.							
a. won't	b. shan't	c. wouldn't	d. don't				
4. You may borrow	as many books as yo	ou like provided you	show them to is at the desk.				
a. who	b whom	c. whoever	d. which				
5. I wish you	stop interrupting	me whenever I speak					
a. did	b. would	c. might	d. will				
6. I wish I more about the logistics of the expedition.							
a. would know	b. knew	c. know	d. can know				
7. The little girl	when she fell.						
a. hurt himself	b. hurt herse	elf c. has	hurt d. hurt				
8. Listen to what I a	am saying,	?					
a. don't you	b. do you	c. did you	d. will you				
9 this r	medicine, and you'll	be well again.					
a. Have	b. Drink	c. Eat	d. Take				
10. Yoko feels	again after he	er illness but she still	cannot work				
a. strong/ hardly	b. strongly/ hard	c. strongly/ hardly	d. strong/ hard				
II. Give the correc	t form of verbs in b	rackets: (2pts)					
1. Listen to these st	udents! What langua	ge they (speak)	?				
2. What you (do)		If you had a lot of	money?				
3. Did you advise J	ane (join)	in the V	Vietnamese speaking contest?				
4. Who (carry)	у	our bag when you cl	imb Mount Phanxipang?				
5. In Viet Nam, it (1	not snow)	in winte	er except for Sa Pa and Lang Son.				
6. We (always/ mak	xe)	to work har	d by our parents.				

C. discover

D. Prepare

B. introduce

5. A. develope

7. Their grandparents prefer (watch) basketball to playing
it.
8. My friends (wait) for me when I got to the stadium.
9. Nothing (do) since he moved here.
10. To avoid (attack) again, the millionaire hired some guards.
III.Give the correct form of the words in the brackets (1pt)
1. Novelists are among the most people in the world. (IMAGINE)
2. Secondary education is and free in many countries. (COMPEL)
3. The song has been selected for the Sea Games 22, Vietnam. (OFFICE)
4 are doing their best to make people aware of the danger of air pollution
(ENVIRONMENT)
5. Your father is a bit I think he should go on a diet. (WEIGH)
C. Reading(2pts)

I. Read the passage then choose the best answer: (1pt)

Music influences people in different ways or the same person differently at different times. Music may seem to influence people differently. That is because people can react differently to the music. We are able to apply a choosing process to the music we hear. If someone hates jazz, then a jazz piece with a positive effect will probably not make him feel good. A happy song might appear to make an angry person angrier, yet it is not the music itself that is creating the anger; rather it is the positive effect of the music. The angry person does not want to accept the song's happy feeling: it points out his already existing anger, and makes that anger come to the surface. When a piece of music is played and we are listening to it, our body, mind, and feelings are being affected. The musicians of ancient cultures such as China, India, Turkey and Greece understood the effects of music. In fact, Pathagoras, in ancient Greece, introduced a whole science that concerned them. Because the musicians of these ancient cultures understood these effects, they created music that was positive, uplifting, and beneficial. *Once* the effects of music are better understood, the next step is to gain a better understanding of the music around us, and what effect it is actually having.

1. The text is about .

A. The science of music

B. Understanding music

C. The effects of music on human feelings

D. Music and an angry person

2.	Music						
	A. cannot be chosen			B. affects everybody in the same way			
	C. affects us in different ways			D. never i	nake us angry		
3.	According to th	e text,					
	A. Everybod	y likes jazz		B. Jazz a	ways makes us fee	l better	
	C. No one lil	kes jazz	D. a	very angry	person sometimes	do not accept music	
4.	In ancient cultu	res, there use	d to be a scie	nce that co	oncerned the effec	ts of music in	
	A. China B. India				C. Turkey	D. Greece	
5.	The word "Onc	e" has a close	meaning to_	•			
A	on time	B. when	C. becau	se	D. if		
II.	. Choose the best	option to fill i	n each blank:	(1 pt)			
	Environmen	tal pollution is	s a term that	refers to	all the ways by (1)man pollutes his	
su	rroundings. Man	dirties the a	ir with exhau	ıst gases	and smoke, contar	minates the water with	
ch	emicals and other	er substances,	and damages	the (2)	with too many fe	ertilizers and pesticides.	
M	an also pollutes	his surroundin	gs in various	other way	s. For example, peo	ople ruin natural beauty	
by	scattering junk a	nd litter on the	land and in th	ne water.			
	Environmental pollution is one of the most serious problems (3) mankind today.						
A	ir, water, and soil	are necessary	to the survival	of living t	hings. Badly pollut	ted air can cause illness,	
an	d even death. Po	lluted water ki	lls fish and oth	ner (4)l	ife. Pollution of soi	il reduces the amount of	
la	nd that is available	le for growing	food. Environ	nmental po	llution also brings	ugliness (5)man's	
na	tural beautiful wo	orld.					

2. A. soil

- B. whom
- C. which
- D. whose

1. A. that

- B. forest
- C. beach
- D. stream

- 3. A. faces
- B. faced
- C. to face
- D. facing

- 4. A. human
- B. marine
- C. animal
- D. plant

- 5. A. to
- B. on
- C. for
- D. in

IV. Writing: (2pts) I. Error recognition (1pt)

- 1. What (A) do you always (B) go to (C) school? By (D) bus.
- 2. When it was (A) first establish (B) in 1973, it consisted (C) of only two hectares of land (D).

4. What (A) do you practis	e playing (B) the guitar all	day fo (C)r? Win	ning (D) a prize.			
5. <u>Vietnam (A)</u> National <u>ar</u>	nthem (B), calling (C) "Tie	en Quan Ca", <u>was y</u>	<u>written (D)</u> in 1954.			
II. Rewrite each of the fo	llowing sentences withou	t changing its me	aning :(1pts)			
1. "Please sit down," the te	eacher said to me.					
=> The teacher asked me.						
3. I fell asleep because th	e film was boring.					
=> The film was so						
3. "What are you doing	ng?", she asked me.					
=> She wondered						
4. I don't find it difficult to	get up early in the mornir	ng.				
=> I am used						
5. They have given me two	interesting books.					
=> I						
	KEY					
A. Phonetics: (1pt)						
1. C 2. B 3.B	4. C 5. B					
B. Vocabulary and gram	mar (5pts)					
I.						
1. b 2. c	3. c	4. c	5. b			
6. b 7. b	8. d	9. d	10. d			
II.						
1.are they speaking	2. would you do	2. would you do				
3. to join	4. will carry	4. will carry				
5. doesn't snow	6. are always made	6. are always made				
7. watching/ playing	8. were waiting					
9. has been done	10. being attacked					
III.						
1. imaginative	2. compulsory					
3. officially	4. Environmentalists	5. overweight				

3. If I were (A) her, I'll quit (B) that job immediately (C) and look for another one (D).

	II.	1.C	2.A	3.D	4.B	5.A				
D.	Writing:((2pts)								
I.N	Iistake:	1. A	2. B	3. B	4. D	5.C				
II.l	Rewrite:									
	1. The tea	acher a	sked m	ne to sit	down.					
	2. The file	m was	so bor	ing tha	t I fell	asleep.				
	3. She wo	ondere	d what	I was c	loing.					
	4. I am us	sed to	getting	up earl	ly in th	e morn	ing.			
	5. I have	been g	given tw	vo inte	resting	books.				
ĐĒ	È 03									
I.C	Choose the	word	whose	e unde	rlined	part is	pronounced	different	ly from the oth	ers (0,5p).
1.	A. <u>th</u> ank	-		B. <u>th</u> e	ey		C. <u>th</u> ese	I	D. <u>th</u> an	
2.	A. walk <u>s</u>	2		B. cu	p <u>s</u>		C. students	I	D. pen <u>s</u>	
3.	A. talkec	1		B. wa	atch <u>ed</u>		C. liv <u>ed</u>	I	D. stopp <u>ed</u>	
4.	A. str <u>ea</u> r	n		B. 1 <u>ea</u>	ther		C. cream	I	D. dr <u>ea</u> m	
5.	A. <u>h</u> our			В. <u>h</u> о	use		C. <u>h</u> ot	I	D. <u>h</u> ead	
II.	Choose tl	he wor	d or p	hrase ((A, B,	C, or D) that best co	mpletes	each sentence(2ps).
1.	We used to)	past	the ma	arket o	n the w	ay to school.			
	A. walk		B. wa	alked		C. wa	alking	D. have	walked	
2.	Remember	r to tur	n	.the lig	tht whe	n leavi	ng the office.			
	A. off		B. on			C. do	own	D. in		
3.	Ho Chi Mi	inh Cit	y is the	e	one	in the c	country.			
	A. larger	A. larger B. large C. largest		gest	D. large	ely				
4.	Lan is very	y tired.	·	, sł	ne has t	to finisl	h her assignme	ent before	e going to bed.	
	A. Althou	ugh	B. So)		C. Th	nerefore	D. How	vever	
5.	I suggest_		some	e mone	y for p	oor chi	ldren.			
	A. raise		B. to	raise		C. rai	ised	D. raisi	ng	

C. Reading(2pts)

I.

1. C 2.D 3.D 4.D

5.B

your town?			
A. wrote	B. writing	C. written	D. write
7. When are you	vacation with y	your family, La	n?
A. on	B. by	C. with	D. to
8. If youlate,	you wouldn't finish	your work.	
A. come	B. coming	C. to come	D. came
9. Huong wishes sl	nefree time to	o visit her close	e friend in hospital.
A. to have	B.had	C. have	D. having
10. I think I've lost	t my new hat. I've	it everyw	here but I can't find it.
A. looked out	B. looked in	C. looked on	D. looked for
III- Identify the	underlined word/ p	phrase (A or	B,C,D) that needs correcting to become an
exact one. (0,5p)	•	`	
1. My sister enjoys	read about wild ani	imals and natur	al mysteries.
	A B	C	D D
2. Mr. Thach who	sing English songs	very well <u>is</u> my	teacher of English.
A B	3 C	D	
3. My father asked	us not to spending to	oo <u>much time</u> p	laying computer games.
A	В	C I)
4. Ba <u>can plays</u> the	e piano <u>better</u> <u>than</u> l	his friends <u>can</u> .	
A	ВС		D
5. I saw the men, the	he women and the ca	attle which wen	t to the field
A	В	C D	
IV.Give the correc	ct tense or form of t	he verbs in br	ackets(2ps).
a. Don't make nois	e now.My parents (ta	ake)(1)	their usual afternoon nap
b.While I (have)([2]	a bath, the tele	phone (ring)(3)
c. He prefers (play))(4) comp	uter games to (read)(5) books.
d. Don't forget (loc	k)(6) the	door before (g	o)(7) to bed

6. Have you evera letter to the local authorities to complain about the public transport in

e. I	(write)(8) to	my penpal 2 month	s ago, but I (not recei	ve)(9) his
rep	ly since then.			
f. I	f we (not save)(10).	energy ,	there will be a shorta	age in the next century.
V.R	Read the following pass	age, then choose the	e correct answer to q	uestions (1p)
	Singapore is an isla	and city of about thre	e million people. It's	a beautiful city with lots of parks
and	l open spaces. It's also	a very (1) city	y .	
	Most of the people	e (2) in high-	rise flats in different	parts of the island. The business
dist	trict is very modern w	ith (3) of hig	h new office buildin	gs. Singapore also has some nice
old	er sections. In Chinato	wn, there (4)	rows of old shop he	ouses. The government buildings
in S	Singapore are very beau	itiful and date from t	he colonial days.	
	Singapore is famo	us (5) its sh	ops and restaurants.	There are many good shopping
cen	ters. Most of the good	ds are duty free. Sir	ngapore's restaurants	sell Chinese, Indian, Malay and
Euı	ropean food, and the pri	ices are quite reasona	able.	
1.	A. large	B. dirty	C. small	D. clean
2.	A. live	B. lives	C. are living	D. lived
3.	A. lot	B. lots	C. many	D. much

VI. Read the passage and answer the following questions. (2ps)

B. will be

B. on

Alexander Fleming was born in 1881 in Scotland. He went to a small school in a village, and when he left school he didn't go to university. He worked for five years in an office. But his brother, Tom, was a doctor and helped Fleming to go to university and study medicine. So he went to London University and in 1906 he became a doctor. In 1915, Fleming married Sarah McElroy, an Irish woman. They had one son. During the First World War, many soldiers died in hospital because they didn't have the right medicines. So after the war, Fleming tried to find a drug that could help them. He worked for many years and in 1928 he discovered a new drug and he called it "penicillin". He later worked with an Australian and a German scientist to develop a drug that doctors could use. In 1945, they won the Nobel Prize in medicine for their work on penicillin.

C. were

C. at

D. are

D. for

1. Where was Alexander Fleming born?

4. A. is

5. A. in

2. Did he work in an office before he went to university?
3. What did he study at university?
4. When did he win the Nobel Prize in medicine?
VII.Write a new sentence as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence(2ps).
1. The girl is very friendly. She lived next door to us. ->The girl
2.It takes Minh 2 hours to do his homework every day. ->Minh spends
3.We were late for school because of the heavy rain. ->Because it
4. My mother used to make us clean the house. ->We used
5."I'm working in a restaurant, and don't care much for it." she said. ->She said
6.It's two years since I last spoke to her. ->I haven't
7.Going swimming in the river in the summer is interesting. ->It is
8.No one in my class is more intelligent than Lan. ->Lan is
Key

I-Choose the word whose underlined part in pronounced differently from the rest in each group $(0.5\ d)$ mỗi câu đúng cho $0.1\ d$.

	1. A	2. D	3. B	4. B	5. A				
II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best completes each sentence(2ps).									
(2đ) mỗi câu đúng cho 0.2 đ									
	1. A	2. A	3. C	4. D	5. D				
	6. C	7. A	8. D	9. B	10. D				

III- Identify the <u>underlined</u> word/ phrase (A or B,C,D) that needs correcting to become an exact one. (0,5p)

mỗi câu đúng cho 0.1 đ.

1. B 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. C

IV-Give the correct tense or form of the verbs in brackets(2ps).

mỗi câu đúng cho 0.2 đ

1.are taking	2. were having	3. rang	4.playing	5.reading
6. to lock	7. going	8.wrote	9. haven't received	10. don't save

V.Read the following passage, then choose the correct answer to questions (1p)

mỗi câu đúng cho 0.2 đ

1. D. clean 2. A. live 3. B. lots 4. D. are 5. D. for

VI. Read the passage and answer the following questions. (2ps) mỗi câu đúng cho 0.5 đ

- 1. (He was born) in Scotland.
- 2. Yes, (he did.)
- 3. He studied medicine.
- 4. (He won the Nobel Prize in medicine) in 1945.

VII.Write a new sentence as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentence, using the words given(2ps).. mỗi câu đúng cho 0.25 đ

- 1->The girl who lived next door to us is very friendly
- 2->Minh spends 2 hours doing his homework every day
- 3->Because it rained heavily, we were late for school
- 4->We used to be made to clean the house by my mother
- 5->She said (that) she was working in a restaurant and didn't care much for it.

7->It is interesting to g	o swimming in the ri	ver in the summer	
8->Lan is the most inte	lligent (student) in m	ny class	
Đ Ề 04			
I. Choose the underlin	ed word that has dif	ferent pronunciation	:1điểm
1. a. g <u>ar</u> bage	b. stand <u>ar</u> d	c. sol <u>ar</u>	d. lun <u>ar</u>
2. a. cover <i>ed</i>	b. install <u>ed</u>	c. describ <u>ed</u>	d. decorat <u>ed</u>
3. a. <i>ch</i> opstick	b. <u>ch</u> arity	c. <u>ch</u> ildren	d. <u>Ch</u> ristmas
4. a. cele <u>b</u> ration	b. plum <u>b</u> er	c. <u>b</u> ulb	d. <u>b</u> lanket
5. a. ener g y	b. g enerous	c. cate g ory	d. Sug g est
II. Choose one word	whose stress patteri	n is different from t	he others by circling A, B, C or D.
(5 pts)			
1. A. medical	B. restaurant	C. remember	D. government
2. A. household	B. homework	C. garbage	D. throughout
3. A. electrical	B. interesting	C. necessary	D. beautifully
4. A. celebrate	B. consider	C. expression	D. criteria
5. A. partner	B. between	C. visit	D. program
III. Choose the best an	ıswer: 2 điểm		
1 the traffic was b	ad, we arrived on tim	ne.(<i>Although/ In spite</i>	of/Even/Despite of)
2. I'll show you around	the city when you _	(come/ are comin	g/will come/came).
3. If energy inexpe	nsive and unlimited,	many things in the w	vorld would be different. (is/will be/
were/would be).			
4 energy can be ch	neap and clean.(Sun/	Sunny/ Solar/ Solariz	ze).
5. I am writing this to t	ell you you are n	nissed and loved.(hor	w many/ how much/ how long/ how
far).			
6. We should learn abo	ut keeping the enviro	onment(pollute/	polluting/polluted/unpolluted).
7. The pencil I wri	te is made in Japan.(1	who/whom/which/w	vhere).
8. We don't want 1	ike that.(<i>talking/ bein</i>	ng talked/ talked/ to b	e talked).
9. They in Ha Noi	since last Monday.(h	ave been/were/are/	will be).
10. Let's go shopping,	?(shall we/ can v	we/do we/should we).

6->I haven't spoken to her for two years

IV. Give the correct form of the word: 1điểm	
1. This coffee is too to drink.	HEAT
2. He drives so that he is sure to have an accident.	CARE
3. His parents werethat he failed the final examinations.	DISAPPOINT
4. Do you know what the of river is ?	DEEP
5. He is a very carpenter.	SKILL
6. There are many in our country of a year.	CELEBRATE
7. We celebrate our Day on September 2nd.	DEPEND
8. You must be when you open that door.	CARE
9. We can save resources by using solar energy.	NATURE
10. We can't clean up our rivers and seas over night.	POLLUTE
V. Give the correct form of the verb: 2điểm	
1. I'm sorry. I (not finish) this work yet.	
2. Poems as well as plays (write) by Shakespeare.	
3. She is having an examination. She wishes she (spend)	a day off on a farm
now.	
4. We hate (watch)the advertising program on TV.	
5. I had a phone call while I (surf) the web.	
6. They (live)in that house since it was rebuilt.	
7. I suggest (burn)coal to heat the house.	
8. If we (not save) energy, there (be) gre	eat shortage in the next
century.	
9. Do you have any difficulty in (solve) this problem.	
VI. Rewrite the sentences: 2điểm	
1. Mary always went swimming after school last year.	
> Mary used to	
2. My daughter has studied English for two years.	
> My daughter started	
3. She wants to buy that villa but it's too far expensive for her.	
> She wishes	

	> Nam spent									
	5. They have chang	ged the date of the me	eeting.							
	> The date									
	6. Finding an aparti	ment in a big city is a	not easy.							
	> It is not									
	7. We enjoy playing soccer.									
	> We are interested									
	8"Do your parents still live in Nha Trang now?" said Nam to me.									
	Nam asked me									
VI	I. Read the followin	g passage and choo	se the item A,B,C or D that	best answer each question						
ab	out it. (1.0ps)									
	Nick Johnson lives v	with his parents, and	his sister. They live in Wemb	ley, in north London.						
Ni	ck's mum is called Su	ue. She works in a su	permarket. His dad is called.	Jim and he works in a bank.						
Ni	ck's sister is called Ti	racy. She is nine year	rs old. There is also a dog in t	the family. His name's Fred.						
1.	Where does Nick' fa	amily live?								
	A. America	B. England	C. Scotland	D. Australia						
2.	Which does the work	d "his" in line 4 refer	r to?							
	A. Nick's mother	B. Nick's sister	C. Nisk's cousin	D. Nick's dog						
3.	What's Nick's sister	's name?								
	A. Sue	B. Jim	C. Tracy	D. Fred						
4.	Who is Jim?									
	A. Nick's father	B. Nick's mother	C. Nick's cousin	D. Nick's sister						
5.	Which of the follow	ing is not TRUE?								
	A. Nick's family live	e in London.	B. Nick's father w	orks in a bank.						
	C. Nick's mother wo	orks in a supermarket	t. D. Nick's sister is	five years old.						
VI	II. Read the passage	e and answer the fol	llowing questions . (1p)							
Je	ans are the most popu	ular kind of clothing	in the world . They are popul	ar almost eveywhere, in						

4. It took Nam two days to have a trip to the countryside last week.

V

France, in China, Italy and Vietnam. Most of people love to wear Jeans . Rich people, poor people , young people and even some old people wear them . In the United States , they are the only kind of

1.	Are jeans the most popular kind of clothing in the world?
2.	Where are jeans popular?
	Do rich people love to wear jeans?
4.	What are the only kind of traditional clothes in the United States?
5.	Why do young people in other countries wear them?
	ake sentences using the cues: (1.5 m) [/you/,/I/learn harder.
	/ suggest / go / Huong pagoda / this weekend.
3. Two	days ago, / my brother / come / school late / because / he / get up / late.
4. The	Internet / wonderful invention / modern life.
5. Our	school / going / hold / English-speaking contest / celebrate / Teacher's Day.
Key fo	r FP4
I. Choo	ose the underlined word that has different pronunciation:
1.	a. g <u>ar</u> bage
2.	d. decorat <u>ed</u>
3	d. <u>Ch</u> ristmas
4.	b. plum <u>b</u> er
5.	c. category

traditional clothes. In other countries, young people wear them because they want to look modern .

Jeans are the sign of young people . Everyone wants to be modern, young and independent.

1. C	2. D	3. A	4. A	5. B	
III. Choos	e the best ans	wer:			
1. Althoug	h				
2. come					
3 were					
4. Solar.					
5. how mu	ıch				
6. unpollui	ted.				
7. which					
8. to be tal	lked				
9. have bee	en				
10. shall w	ve				
IV. Give th	e correct forn	n of the word	<i>l</i> :		
1. celebrat	ions				
2. depende	ed				
3. careful					
4. natural					
5. polluted					
V. Give the	e correct form	of the verb:			
1. hav	ven't finished				
2. we	re				
3. spe	ent				
4. wa	atching				
5. wa	s surfing				

6. have lived

8. don't save / will be

VI. Rewrite the sentences:

7.burning

9. solving

	2. M	ly dau	ghte	r started	l studying Engli	sh tw	o years ago			
	3. S	he wis	shes	that vil	la were cheap /	weren	't expensive	e		
	4. Na	am sp	ent 1	wo day	rs having a trip t	to the	countryside	last wee	ek	
	5. T	he dat	te of	the med	eting has been c	hange	d by them			
	6. It	is no	t eas	y to find	d an apartment i	n a bi	g city			
	7. W	Ve are	inte	ested in	n playing soccer					
	8.]	Nam a	isked	l me if	my parents still	lived	in Nha Tran	ng then		
VI.	Read	l the f	ollov	ving pa	ssage and choo	se th	e item A,B,	C or D t	that best answer ea	ach question
abo	ıt it.									
1.B	2.I	D 3	.C	4.A	5.D					
VIII	. Re	ad the	e pas	sage aı	nd answer the f	ollow	ing questio	ons .		
1	.Yes	, they	are							
2	.The	y are	popu	lar alm	ost everywhere,	(in Fi	rance, in Ch	ina,Italy	and Viet Nam)	
3	.Yes	, they	do							
4	.The	y are	jeans	3						
5	.Bec	ause t	hey	want to	look modern					
ĐÈ	05									
I. C l	hoos	e the	word	l whose	underlined pa	rt is p	oronounced	l differe	ntly from the othe	rs.
	1.	A. cl	aime	ed	B. warned		C. occurred		D. existed	
	2.	A. he	ealth		B. appear		C. ready		D. heavy	
	3.	A. tio	dal		B. sight		C. mineral		D. describe	
	4.	A. th	ough	ı	B. throw		C. through		D. thought	
	5.	A. th	unde	er	B. erupt		C. trust		D. pull	
II. C	Choo	se the	best	answe	er from the four	r optic	ons given to	comple	ete each sentence.	
6. I	can'i	t unde	rstan	d the F	rench visitors. I	wish	IF	French.		
		A	A. kn	ew	B. will know		C. know		D. have known	
7. T	he cl	hurch_		ab	out 100 years ag	go.				
		A	1. is 1	built	B. was built		C. will be b	uilt	D. has been built	

1. Mary used to go swimming after school last year.

8. People in Israel are going to	celebrate their	festival	is called Passover.
A. whose B.v	who	C. which	D. where
9I was really tired	, I couldn't slee	p.	
A. Even though	B. So	C. Therefore	D. Because of
10. Lan is very tired	_, she has to fin	ish her assignme	ent before going to bed.
A. Although B.	So C. T	herefore D. Ho	wever
11. I suggestsome m	oney for poor c	hildren.	
A. raise	B. to raise	C. raised	D. raising
12. She asked me if I	_a laptop compu	iter the followin	g day.
A.buy B.	will buy C. bo	ought	D. would buy
13. Itelephone her in	f I knew her nur	nber.	
A. would	B. have to	C. will	D. shall
14. Honda motorbikes	_in Viet Nam.		
A. produce	B. will pro	duce	
C. are produced	D. would b	e produced	
15. We have learnt English	2001.		
A. for	B. since	C. in	D. during
16. Wealready	Huong Page	oda.	
A. were / seeing	B. Have / se	een	
C. are / seeing	D. Will / se	e	
17. All the houses in the area_	immed	iately.	
A. has to rebuilt	B. had to re	ebuild	
C. have to be rebuilt	D. have to 1	rebuild	
18. If hesoon, he mig	ght miss the trai	n.	
A. isn't coming	B. doesn't d	come	
C. won't come	D. didn't co	ome	
19. Mr. Long said that he	in Ho Chi	Minh City.	
A. lived	B. is living	C. has	lived D. will live
20. Your sister works in a fore	ign company, _	she?	
A isn't	B. didn't	C. was	sn't D. doesn't

31. They have just sold that old house.

III. Identify the underlined word/ phrase (A or B,C,D) that needs correcting to become an

=> That old house
32. In spite of the bad weather, they had a wonderful holiday.
=> Although
33. They will build a new mall here.
=> A new mall
34. Unless he takes these pills, he won't be better.
=> If
35. Despite working hard, he can't support his large family.
=> Although
VI. Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given.
36. If/ it/ not rain/ tomorrow/ I/ go/ camping/ my friends.
=>
37. If/ I/ meet/ alien/ outer space/ I/ invite/ home/ talk.
=>
38. I/ never/ travelled/ by/air.
=>
39. The students/ study/ for exam/ now. =>
40. It/ be/ such/ cold day/ we/ decide/ not/ go out.
=>
41. If / I / you / , / I / learn harder. =>
42. She / suggest / go / Huong pagoda / this weekend =>
43. Two days ago, / my brother / come / school late / because / he / get up / late.
44. The Internet / wonderful invention / modern life.
45. Our school / going / hold / English-speaking contest / celebrate / Teacher's Day.
V ov. 40 ED5

Key to FP5

1. D 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. D 6. A 7. B 8. C 9. A 10. D

11. D 12. D 13. A 14	4. C 15. B 16. B 17.	C 18. B 19. A 20.	D				
21. B read => reading 22. B sing => sings 23. B spending => spend							
24. C more than =>	than 25. B nature =>	natural					
26. C 27. B 28. A 29	9. B 30. A						
31. That old house h	nas just been sold (by	them).					
32. Although the we	eather was bad, they	had a wonderful h	oliday.				
33. A new mall will	be built here (by the	m).					
34. If he does not ta	ke these pills, he wor	n't be better.					
35. Although he wo	rks hard, he can't sup	port his large fam	ily.				
36. If it does not rain	n tomorrow, I will go	camping with my	friends.				
37. If I met an Alien	from outer space, I	would invite him/l	ner/it to my hom	ne and talk/ to talk.			
38. I have never trav	velled by air.						
39. The students are	studying for their ex	am now.					
40. It was such a col	ld day that we decide	ed not to go out.					
ĐÈ 06							
I/(1,0p Choose the	word in each group	that has the und	erlined part pro	onounced differently from			
the rest							
1. A. nothing	B. c <u>o</u> ver	C. morning	D. done				
2. A. h <u>ow</u>	B. t <u>ow</u> n	C. sl <u>ow</u>	D. p <u>ow</u> er				
3. A. <u>ch</u> ange	B. <u>ch</u> emistry	C. <u>ch</u> oose	D. <u>ch</u> eese				
4. A. match	B. catch	C. math	D. watch				
5. A. br <u>ea</u> d	B. gr <u>ea</u> t	C. br <u>ea</u> k	D. st <u>ea</u> k				
II/ (3,0 points) Cho	ose the best word or	phrase to complet	e the following	sentences.			
1. I like reading boo	kstell about	different peoples	and their culture	es.			
A. who	B. whom	C. which	D. w	here			
2. "Buy me a diction	nary on your way bac	ek,?"					
A. will you	B. don't you	C. can't yo	ou D. ar	e you			
3. Mary usually wal	ks to school but toda	y she a bil	ĸe.				
A. ride	B. rides	C. 1	riding	D. is riding			
4. She worked hard	she passed th	e exam.					

A. so	B. if	C. because	D. as
5. I'll give you a lift to t	he station if you	in a hurry.	
A. were	B. are	C. will be	D. would be
6. I'm feeling pretty tire	d. Do you mind	me home?	
A. taking	B. took	C. take	D. to take
7. Nam looks much	today than yeste	erday.	
A. good	B. well	C. better	D. the best
8. Scientists and engineer	ers have invented dev	rices to remove	from industrial wastes.
A. polluted	B. pollute	C. polluting	D. pollutants
9. The dress you bought	is of very good quali	ity. It very exp	ensive.
A. may be	B. must be	C. should have bee	n D. must have been
10. The Pikes put	_ their trip because o	of bad weather.	
A. away	B. up	C. out	D. off
11. Neither Linh nor her	classmatest	he National Museum s	o far.
A. visit	B. visited	C. have visited	D. has visited
12. Nga: "You look nerv	/ous!" – <i>Hoa</i>	: "This thunder scares	me to death."
A. How are you?	B. Why's that?	C. Come on!	D. What's wrong?
13. He was homesick an	d he all his fa	amily and friends.	
A. missed	B. wished	C. desired	D. hoped
14. I'm very to y	ou for putting in so r	nuch hard work.	
A. thoughtful	B. grateful	C. considerate	D. careful
15. If you come to the th	neatre late, you have t	to wait until the	_ to get in.
A. break	B. refreshment	C. interval	D. half-time
III. Choose the underlin	ned part (marked A,	B, C or D) that needs	correction.
21. I <u>look forward</u> to <u>ha</u>	ve the resolution to the	he problem I have mer	ntioned.
A B		D	
22. They have moved <u>n</u>	othing in your room	while they sent you to	the hospital.
, <u> </u>	A B		*
23. Aren't you afraid th	at they will sack you	if you didn't start com	ning to work on time?

A				В	C	D	
24. I <u>had to drive</u> t	o <u>the</u> fac	tory to pic	<u>k up</u> my bro	other, who's	ear wouldn'	t start.	
A	В	C		D			
25. <u>It</u> was not easy	for us g	etting tick	ets for the co	oncert.			
A	В	C	D				
IV. Give the correc	t tense o	r form of	the verbs in	brackets.			
26. When my moth	ner came	home from	m work, I	(coo	ok) dinner.		
27. Jane	_(go) to	school by	bicycle ever	y day.			
28. The children_		_(play) bac	dminton in t	he stadium n	ow.		
29. You	(go) to l	London las	st month?				
30. The candidates	s mustn't	·	_(bring) boo	oks into the e	xamination	room.	
V/ (1,5 points) Rea	d the pa	ssage and	choose the	best option A	4, <i>B</i> , <i>C</i> or <i>D</i>	to answer the	question.
Along with jogging	g and sw	imming, c	ycling is on	e of the best	all-round fo	orms of exercise	e. It can help
to increase your st	trength a	ind energy	, giving you	ı more effici	ient muscles	s and a stronge	er heart. But
increasing your stre	ength is	not the onl	y advantage	of cycling. l	Because you	a're not carryin	g the weight
of your body on	your fee	t, it's a g	good form o	of exercise f	for people v	with painful fe	et or backs.
However, with all	forms o	of exercise	it's import	ant to start s	slowly and	build up gently	y. Doing too
much too quickly	can dam	age musc	les that aren	i't used to w	orking. If y	you have any c	loubts about
taking up cycling fo	or health	reasons, t	alk to your o	loctor and as	k for his/he	r advice.	
Ideally you sl	nould be	cycling a	t least two	or three time	s a week. F	or the exercise	to be doing
you good, you sho	uld get a	little out	of breath. D	on't worry t	hat if you b	pegin to lose yo	our breath, it
could be dangerou	s and th	iere must	be somethin	ng wrong wit	th your hea	rt. This is sim	ply not true;
shortness of breath	shows t	hat the ex	ercise is hav	ing the right	effect. How	vever, if you fir	nd you are in
pain then you shou	ld stop a	nd take a r	est.				
1. People with back	k probler	ns might g	go cycling be	ecause			
A. it enables	s them to	carry the	weight of th	eir body on t	their feet		
B. it does no	t make t	hem carry	the weight	of their body	on their fee	et	
C. it helps to	make tl	neir backs	become stro	onger			

D. it helps them to relieve their backache

C. strenuously	D. violently
·	
B. at least two or three	times a week
D. every day	
because	
your heart	
oroblem	
antages of cycling?	
B. Increasing you stren	igth and energy
D. Making you look yo	ounger
ord.	
re interested in. It is not	t an unfamiliar word. It
everyone's (1) life	. You turn on the lamp
TV and it is energy that	gives you pictures and
ves you movement. You	your meals
s rising and that the price	ce of energy is getting
is limited. It cannot pro-	vide us all forever. The
Fore, (5) energy i	is a must if we want to
the words or phrases sug	ggested.
very soon.	
life.	
	B. at least two or three D. every day because your heart your heart broblem antages of cycling? B. Increasing you strend D. Making you look your d.

5. The people / live / next door to us/ keep / have / all night parties.

the	sentence printed bej	fore it.							
1. F	People are going to bu	uild a new library in	the area.						
☐ A new library									
2. "Why don't you take a day off tomorrow?" she said to me.									
	\Box She suggested	that							
3. 7	The weather is bad so	we can't go campin	g.						
	\Box If the weather					.			
4. I	He was punished beca	ause he behaved bad	ly.						
	☐ Because of								
5. 7	The keeper had no so	oner opened the case	e door than the	lion	attacked him.				
	□Hardly					·			
Ke	y to FP6								
I / (1,0 điểm) Mỗi đáp án	ı chọn đúng được 0,.	2 điểm.						
	* Lưu ý: Thí sinh	h chỉ cần viết đáp ái	n A, B, C hoặc	D					
	1. C. morning	2. C. sl <u>ow</u> 3.	B. <u>ch</u> emistry	4.]	D. watch	5. A. br <u>ea</u> d			
II/	(3,0 điểm) Mỗi đáp á	n chọn đúng được 0	,2 điểm.	•	•				
	* Lưu ý: Thí sinh	h chỉ cần viết đáp ái	n A, B, C hoặc	D					
	1. C. which	2. A. will you	3. D. is ridin	g	4. A. so	5. B. are			
	6. A. taking	7. C. better	8. D. polluta	nts	9. B. must be	10. D. off			
	11. C. have visited	12. D. What's	s 13. A. misse	d	14. B.	15. C. interval			
		wrong?			grateful				
III.	Choose the underli	ned part (marked A,	B, C or D) tha	t ne	eds correction.	•			
21.	I <u>look forward</u> to <u>h</u>	<u>ave</u> the resolution <u>to</u>	the problem I <u>l</u>	<u>1ave</u>	mentioned.	having			
	A	В	C		D				
22.	They have moved <u>r</u>	nothing in your room	n <u>while</u> they <u>sen</u>	<u>t</u> yo	u to the hospital	l. since			
		A F	3 C	D					
23.	Aren't you afraid th	nat they will sack yo	u if you <u>didn't</u> s	start	coming to work	x on time? don't			
	Α		В		C D				

VIII/(1,5p) Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as

24.	I had to drive	to the factory to p	ick up my bi	other, who's	car wouldn't sta	ırt.	whose
	A	B C		D			
25.	It was not eas	y <u>for</u> us <u>getting</u> tic	kets for the	concert.			to get
VI.	Give the corre	ect tense or form	of the verbs	in brackets.			
26.	When my mot	her came home fro	m work, I_	(coc	ok) dinner.		was cooking
27.	Jane	_(go) to school by	bicycle eve	ry day.			goes
28.	The children_	(play) ba	dminton in t	the stadium n	ow.		are playing
29.	You	_(go) to London la	st month?		D	id y	ou go
30.	The candidate	s mustn't	_(bring) bo	oks into the e	xamination room	m.	bring
V / ((1,5 điểm) Mỗi	đáp án chọn đúng	được 0,3 điệ	ểm.			
	1. B	2. A	3. B	4.	. C	5.	D
VI/	(1,5 điểm) Mỗ	i đáp án đúng được	c 0,3 điểm.	I		<u> </u>	
	1. daily	2. energy	3. co	ok/ prepare	4. higher		5. saving
VII	[/ (1,5 điểm) Mo	ỗi câu viết đúng đu	rọc 0,3 điểm		1		
1. I	feel hopeful th	at // we will/(can)	find // a suita	able house ve	ry soon.		
2. S	She doesn't/(car	n't) play // the pian	o // as well a	is her sister.			
3. I	wish I // could	give you all the ex	pensive thir	gs // in life.			
4. F	Have you // hear	rd from Maria // si	nce you left	school?			
5. T	The people who	/(that) // live next of	door to us //	keep (on) hav	ing all night pa	rties	S.
The	e people living	// next door to us //	keep (on) h	aving all nigh	nt parties.		
* 7	rong từng câi	ı viết, nếu thí sin	h có sai sót	phần nào, C	Giám khảo trừ	điểi	m thành phần
ohá	ìn đó.						
VII	I I/ (1,5 điểm) M	lỗi câu viết đúng đ	ược 0,3 điển	1.			
	1. A new lil	orary is // going to	be // built in	the area.			
	2. She sugg	ested that I // (shou	ıld) take a da	ay off // the fo	ollowing day/(th	ne ne	ext day).
	3. If the we	ather weren't // bac	d, we // could	d go camping	•		
	If the weath	er were // fine/(nic	e/ better), w	e // could go	camping.		
	4. Because	of his bad // behav	ior //, he was	s punished.			
	Because of	behaving // badly,	// he was pu	nished.			

5. Hardly had // the keeper opened the case door when // the lion attacked him.

ĐÈ 07

<i>I</i> . (Choose the word	which has the under	rlined part is pronou	nnced differently from the others (1pt)
1.	A. question	B. pollu <u>tion</u>	C. nation	D. information
2.	A. carried	B. look <u>ed</u>	C. managed	D. open <u>ed</u>
3.	A. energy	B. terrify	C. destroy	D. second
4.	A. sight	B. considerate	C. div <u>i</u> de	D. t <u>i</u> dal
5.	A. contr <u>o</u> l	B. pagoda	C. remote	D. move
II.	Choose the best of	answer A, B, C or D	to complete each of t	the following sentences (2pts)
6.	They suggest	more trees in th	e school yard.	
	A. plant	B. planted	C. to plant	D. planting
7.	Her son felt slee	py he wei	nt to bed.	
	A. however	B. so	C. although	D. because of
8.	They	her since she le	eft school.	
	A. haven't se	een B. aren't seen	C. doesn't se	ee D. don't see
9.	She used to	soccer in	the afternoon two y	ears ago.
	A. played	B. playing	C. play	D. plays
10	. I wish my home	in the	e village.	
	A. was	B. were	C. is	D. will be
11	M	rs.Thoa was tired, sh	e helped her children	n with their homework.
	A. If	B. And	C. Or	D. Although
12	. They arrived in 1	Ho Chi Minh city	Mon	nday morning.
	A. in	B. on	C. a	D. to
13	. I thanked the ma	nn hel	ped me move the fri	dge.
	A. whom	B. who	C. whose	D. which
14	. You don't like th	nis film,	?	
	A. do you	B. don't you	C. are you	D. doesn't you
15	. If I were you, I	as	sk the doctor for adv	ice.
	A. can	B. will	C. must	D. would

<i>III</i> .	Supply the correct form of the words in brackets to complete the following sentences. (1pt)							
16.	The film is sothat I have seen it twice. (INTEREST)							
17.	Air is one of the problems that people have deal to with. (POLLUTE)							
18.	My teacher teaches sciences. (NATURE)							
19.	The gas from the chemical factory was (HARM)							
20.	. She got the from the library. (INFORM)							
III.	Choose the best underlined word or phrase in each sentence that needs correcting.(1pt)							
21.	I <u>enjoy to collect</u> stamps <u>in</u> my free <u>time</u> .							
	A B C D							
22.	Her teacher encouraged her taking part in the competition.							
	A B C D							
23.	If he knew her address, I will write to her.							
	A B C D							
24.	The man asked us not play near the lake.							
	A B C D							
25.	The <u>exercises</u> were <u>such</u> difficult <u>that</u> I couldn't do <u>them</u> .							
	A B C D							
V. F	Put the verbs in the brackets into the correct tense forms. (1pt)							
26.	I think we should (give) poor children books, notebooks and school things.							
27.	I (not/meet) Nam since he left school.							
28.	Nga (take) many trips to Ho Chi Minh City since 2005.							
29.	If Trang had an alarm clock, she (arrive) to school on time .							
30.	What will you do if you (decide) to take a space trip?							
VI.	Read the text, then answer the questions below it (2 pts)							

Clothes can tell a lot about person. Some people like very colorful clothes because they want everyone to look at them and they want to be the center of things. Others like to wear nice clothes, but their clothes are not colorful or fancy. They do not like people to look at them. Clothes today are very different from the clothes of the 1800s. One difference is the way they look. For example, in 1800s, all women wore dress. The dresses all had long skirts. But today, women do not wear dresses with long skirts. Sometimes they wear short skirts. Sometimes they wear pants. Another difference

A lot of clothes are now made from nylon, rayon or polyester.	
31. Why do some people like very colorful clothes?	
→	
→	
→	
35. Are there many kinds of man-made cloth now? →	
VII. Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning with the first one. (2pts)	
36. He didn't go to the party because he was busy. He was busy,	
37. It's a pity. We can't speak English well. We wish	
38. "Do you like classical music?" She asked me. She asked me	
39. The man is my new boss. He is talking to the lady over there. The man	
40. "Why don't you buy them this picture as a wedding present, Tom?" Jane suggested	
41. What a pity my wife can't speak English.	
\rightarrow I	wish
42. The man called the police. His wallet was stolen. → The man	
43. English people speak very quickly. That's why I can't understand them.	

between 1800s and today is the cloth. In the 1800s, clothes were made only from natural kinds of

cloth. They were made from cotton, wool, silk. But today, there are many kinds of man-made cloth.

, 					
44. The last time w	ve saw Peter was on Sund	lay.			
→ We haven't					
45. This city had o	ld buildings, but none ca	n be found nowadays.			
→ There used					
ĐỀ 08					
I. Choose the word	d underlined part is pron	nounced differently from	that of the others:		
1. A. s <u>ea</u> t	B. head	C. m <u>ea</u> t	D. f <u>ee</u> d		
2. A. watches	B. wash <u>es</u>	C. claus <u>es</u>	D. lik <u>es</u>		
3. A. pleased	B. smok <u>ed</u>	C. stopp <u>ed</u>	D. miss <u>ed</u>		
4. A. nuclear	B. h <u>u</u> mor	C. poll <u>u</u> te	D. t <u>u</u> nic		
5. A. ear <u>th</u>	B. ga <u>th</u> er	C. e <u>th</u> nic	D. <u>th</u> ink		
II. Choose the bes	t answer (A,B,C or D) to	complete the sentences:			
6. The final examination will be held June 12th, 2007.					
A. in	B. on	C. at	D. to		
7. How many lang	uages are there the w	vorld?			
A. in	B. on	C. over	D. through		
8. Egypt is famous	ancient pyramid.				
A. on	B. to	C. from	D. for		
9. The boy looks v	ery proud his succes	s at school.			
A. on	B. of	C. at	D. in		
10. When the trucks leave the police, the ground is covered trash.					
A. in	B. by	C. with	D. of		
11. You have read	this article on the website	e,?			
A. don't you	B. aren't you	C. didn't you	D. haven't you		
12. All the students	s are looking forward	_ their summer vacation i	n the countryside.		
A. to spend	B. spend	C. to spending	D. spending		
13. Did your childi	ren enjoy in the sea?				
A. swimming	B. swim	C. to swim	D. swam		

14. "When is Mr Ba pla	anning to retire?		
- He for the compa	any for thirty years now".		
A. works	B. is working	C. will work	D. has been working
15. Flowers should	in warm places.		
A. be keep	B. kept	C. be kept	D. be keeping
16. They went on walk	ing it started to rain.		
A. though	B. because	C. but	D. despite
17. Study harder th	ne exam.		
A. if you will fail	B. and you would fail	C. unless you fail	D. or you will fail
18. The girl wishes she	in Hue for the festiv	al next week.	
A. had stayed	B. was staying	C. stay	D. could stay
19. Miss Lan stopped _	her letter because she	had to leave for the hosp	pital.
A. to write	B. write	C. writting	D. wrote
20. Do you know the n	nan car Jack is driving	g?	
A. who	B. whom	C. which	D. whose
21. "I suggest going to	Vung Tau on the weeken	d." - "".	
A. That's a fine day	B. That's a good idea	C. That's a trip	D. That's a reason
22. "" - "Don't wor	ry. I can fix it".		
A. Are you worried?	B. May i fix your TV?	C. The TV is out of	D. I want to fix your
		order again.	TV.
III .Choose the word of	or phrase (A, B, C or D) t	hat best fits the blank sp	pace in the following
passage:			
New Year is one of the	most important (23)	in the United States. On	New Year's Eve, most
people go to the parties	s. At twelve o'clock (24)	night, everyone says	"Happy New Year" and
they (25) their frie	nds and relatives good luc	ck. New Year's Eve is us	ually a long night to this
holiday children (26) _	as witches, ghosts or o	others. Most children go	from house to house asking
for candy or fruit. (27)	the people at the hou	se do not give (28)	candy, the children will (29)
a trick on them. Bu	at this (30) ever happ	ens. Many people give the	hem candy or fruit.
23. A. festivals	B. meetings	C. contests	D. courses
24. A. on	B. at	C. in	D. for

25. A. dream	B. greet	C. wish	D. congratulate
26. A. wear	B. dress	C. put on	D. take off
27. A. Whether	B. So	C. Although	D. If
28. A. they	B. them	C. their	D. theirs
29. A. say	B. tell	C. play	D. speak
30.A. hardly	B. hard	C. soon	D. always
IV. Choose the underlined v	vord or phrase (A,	, B, C or D) that needs con	recting:
31. You're tired although you	ı <u>stayed up</u> too late	e to watch TV last night.	
A B	C	D	
32. Tuan sighed sad when he	e heard <u>that</u> he <u>fail</u>	ed the test.	
A B	C D		
33. <u>Don't</u> speak English with	<u>n him;</u> he <u>hardly no</u>	ot know any English.	
A B	B C	D	
34. 90 percent of earthquake	s occurs around th	ne Pacific Rim.	
A B	С)	
V. Use the correct form of th	he word given in e	each sentence:	
35. Fuel can be cu	ıt down by having	fewer cars on the roads.	(consume)
36. Many chemicals have a	effect or	n the environment.	(disaster)
37, the typhoon d	lidn't cause any da	mage on the village.	(lucky)
38. The next stage in the	of television	on is interactive TV.	(develop)
VI. Read the passage and th	ien write True or	False in your answer shee	t:
Daddy,			
I am writing this to te	all you how much y	you are missed and loved.	I will always remember that
day - my wedding day. You	were standing ther	re with tears in your eyes w	hile I was walking towards
my groom. You gave me a h	ug, and the feeling	g that you never wanted to	let me go. But at last I had
to leave you and start my ne	w life a moment	in time that lasted forever.	I now have children, Dad,
but I will always be your litt	le girl! Happy Fatl	her's Day.	
39. This is a letter written by	a daughter to her	father.	
40. The father in the letter is	not loved much.		

41. The man did not let his daughter go at last.

42. The writer of this letter hasn't got any children. VII. Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before them: 43. Ba said, "I am going to meet your sister in front of the station, Liz". - Ba told Liz that 44. The last time she went out with him was two years ago. - *She hasn't* 45. She is not on board now, so she can't experience these marvelous things. - If she 46. The show was interesting to the boys. - The boys felt ĐÈ 09 I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. (0,6m) B. lemon C. bacon D. iron 1. A. son C. discipline 2. A. imagine B. magazine D. Valentine 3. A. pipe B. bill C. side D. smile II. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the others. (0,4m) C. lunar 1. A. tutor B. highlight D. enroll B. national C. recycle 2. A. selection D. convenient III. Choose the best option. (3m) 1. The Internet is a very fast to get -----A. inform B. information C. informatic D. informative 2. A meteor is also called a shooting star or star C.fallen A. flying B. falling D.dropping 3. If they are pupils, they..... wear uniform. A. must B. would C. could D. had 4. She sings very-----B. beautify C. beautiful D. beautifully A. beauty

5. ----- the manager is out today, I'll sign the letter.

A. Because

B. Because of

C. As

D. A and C

6. Can you turn the	radio ? I'm learning	my lessons	
A.on	B. in	C. off	D. for
7. I live in Da Lat ,i	s one of the most bea	autiful cities of Vietn	am
A.who	B. which	C. whom	D. whose
8. My friends come to stay	us Christ	tmas.	
A. to/ at	B. with / in	C. to / in	D.with / at
9. If he you , he wou	ld do this work.		
A. is	B. were	C. had	D. be
10. Environmentali	s a serious problem	facing mankind today	<i>7</i> .
A. pollution	B. polluted	C.pollute	D. polluting
11. I am late,?			
A. am I	B. am not I	C. aren't I	D. not am I.
12. She said theythe	ere the following day	<i>I</i> .	
A. were	B. come	C. will be	D. would be
13. They a new hos	pital in my neiborhoo	od now.	
A. are building	B. were building	C. building	D. are being built
14. He has in	teresting book that w	ve all want to borrow	it.
A. such	B. such a	C. such an	D. so
15. In my family lighting _	for 20% of the e	lectricity bill.	
A. wastes	B. collects	C. saves	D. accounts
IV. Read the passage, cho	ose True (T) or Fals	e (F), then answer th	nese questions (1,5 points)
Garbage is a serious	problem in the Unit	ed States. Every yea	r, American produce 308 billion
pounds of garbage (about	140 billion kilos)!	A lot of garbage goe	es into landfills. However, many
landfills do not have enoug	gh room for all the ga	arbage.	
One answer to the gar	bage problem is recy	cling. Half of all the	garbage in the United States can
be recycled and used aga	in. Recycling helps	the landfill problem	and saves enough energy, too.
When people recycle new	spapers, they save to	trees. When they rec	ycle glass, plastic, or cans, they
save oil and electricity. Re	cycling is good for e	veryone.	
1) True(T) or False (F)			
a) Garbage isn't a serious	problem in the Unite	ed States.	

b) We save trees if we recycle glass.	
c) 50% garbage in the United States ca	n be recycle and used again
2) Answer the questions	
a) Do many landfills have enough roon	n for all the garbage?
b) What do people save when they recy	
V. Read the passage and do the exerci-	se.(1,5m)
It's not enough that the compute	er is invading our work and play world. It has started to invade
our shopping world as well. Shopping	by computer, or teleshopping, is a phenomenon that is
beginning to appear in homes, stores, h	otels, and even airports. The service allows the shopper to
look at electronic catalogs and to order	items, such as dishes, clothing or concert tickets, without
leaving the computer. This modern way	y of shopping is convenient, specially for busy people.
1. The computer is now invading	
A. our work and play world	B. our work, play and shopping world
C. our shopping world	D. our business world
2. Shopping by computer is also called	
A. teleshopping	B. window shopping
C. shopping mall	D. duty-free shopping
3. The service allows the shopper to	
A. see the good	B. make a bargain
C. shop on line	D. buy low-priced goods
4. Internet shopping is convenient for .	
A. people who don't have much fre	e time B. people who have to travel a lot
C. people who do the housework	D. people who don't like shopping
5. According to the passage, you can't	do your teleshopping without
A.a television	B. a shopping list
C. a telephone	D. a computer
VI. Complete the sentences using the	cues(1 5m)

VI. Complete the sentences using the cues(1.5m)

1. Why don't you install a burglar alarm in your house?

- i suggest you	•••••		
2. We watched the fo	ootball match between	Liverpool and Manch	nester United last Saturday.
- The football match			
3. Tom failed the ex	am because of his lazi	ness.	
- Because Tom			
4. Does your brother	use the Internet every	day?	
- Your brother uses			?
5. "Do your grandpa	rents still live in Nha	Гrang now?" said Nan	n to me.
- Nam asked			
VII. Make the senter	nces using the cues g	iven(1,5m)	
1/ Last weekend / my	y family / two day trip	/ home village./ We /	start / the journey / very ea
morning.			
2/ After three hours /	travel / bus / we / rea	ch / old banyan tree /	entrance / the village.
3/ Every one / feel ti	red / take a rest / the tr	ree.	
			e / my grandparents' house
5/ We / spend / enjoy	rable weekend / the co	ountry./We / feel / happ	by and healthy/ the trip.
		The end	
Đ Ề 10			
Question I. (1,0p)			
A . Circle the word	whose underlined pa	art is pronounced dif	ferently from that of the o
1. A. region	B. regard	C. logical	D. ener g y
2. A. stopp <u>ed</u>	B. laugh <u>ed</u>	C. walk <u>ed</u>	D. stay <u>ed</u>
3 .A .televisions	B. door <u>s</u>	C. light s D	. window <u>s</u>
B. Find the word A	, B, C, or D which ha	as different stress pa	ttern in line
4. A. exist	B. avoid	C. support	D. notice

Question II. Choose the best we	ords or phrase (A,B,C	or D) to complete th	e sentences (2.ps)
1. Hanoi is famous	its beauty.		
A . for B . about	C . with	D. by	
2. Let's go out and enjoy the sur	nshine,? – 7	Γhat's a good idea.	
A . will you	B . don't you	C . won't we	D . shall we
3. He's used in heav	yy traffic everyday.		
A . drive	B . to drive	C . driving	D . to driving
4. If the weathertomo	orrow, we'll have a pic	nic.	
A.is B	. were C	. was D. will	be
5. Walking is a good form of exc	ercise for your	ng old.	
A . neither / or	B . either / nor	\boldsymbol{C} . both / and	D . both / or
6. The New Year is celebrated	midnight	. January 1.	
A . in / on	B . at $/$ on	C. at / in	D . in /in
7. Can you the volume	a little? I can't he	ear it very clearly.	
A . play B . sin	g C. down	D .turn	
8. He is man we wante	ed to find.		
A. who B. whose	C . whom	D . which	
9.A "They suggest going to Sap	oa on the weekend."		
В "			
A. That's a fine day	B . That's a good idea	C . That's a tri	ip D. That's a reason
10 Mai is very tired,	she has to finish her he	omework before she	goes to bed.
A. Eventhough	B. So	C. However D.7	Therefore
Question III: Give the correct	t tense of the verbs in	the brackets (1 pts)):
1. I. (write) to my pe	en pal 2 months a go, b	ut I (not receive)	his reply since
then.			
2. I can't go out because it (rai	n) and I (not	have)	a rain coat.
3. She (say)she would ph	one me this morning,	but it's now 12.30 a	nd she (not phone)
yet.			
4. He had a bad fall while he (repair)	his roof.	

C. spacious D. danger

B. disease

5 .A.hungry

5. Laura wishes that she (not live)	in a small flat.
6 . Our school (repair)in son	me years
7 Nga suggests (help) the p	ooor
Question IV. Give the correct tense or form of	of the words in brackets . (1,0 p)
1 We often take part in many	activities at school. (culture)
2 The Internet has helped students study	more (effective)
3. There are manyin Viet Nam 6	every year (celebrate)
4 Solar energy does not cause	(pollute)
5 is one of big proplems in	the world (forest)
Question V : Choose the underlined word or p	ohrase that needs correcting: (1pt)
1. <u>Would</u> you like <u>me helping</u> you <u>with</u> you	r homework ?
2. Fish must <u>keep in</u> a refrigerator <u>or</u> it <u>will</u>	spoil.
3. Tom is <u>always forget</u> his keys <u>and</u> that rea	ally <u>annoys</u> me.
4. She <u>spends</u> her <u>free</u> time <u>to visit</u> galleries	and museums.
5. My <u>father prefers watching</u> films at home <u>th</u>	nan going to the cinema.
Question VI. Read the passage and circle the	best answer to each of the following questions
about it (1,0p)	
Almost a hundred thousand people were killed	ed and half a million homes destroyed as a result of
an earthquake in Tokyo in 1923. The earthquake	began a minute before the noon when the
inhabitants of Tokyo were cooking their midday	meals. Thousands of stoves were overturned as soon
as the earth began to shake. As a result, small fin	res broke out everywhere and quickly spread. The
fire engines were prevented from going to help l	because many of the roads had cracked open. It was
impossible to use fire fighting equipment as mo	est of the water pipes had burst. Consequently, over
ninety percent of the damage caused by fire rath	er than by the collapse of the buildings.
1. How many people were killed in the earth	quake in Tokyo in 1923?
A. Ten thousand people	B. Almost a hundred thousand people
C. Thousands of people	D. Many people
2. When did the earthquake begin?	
A. began a minute before the noon in 1923	B. began a minute before the noon in 1924
C. began a minute before the noon in 1925	C. began a minute before the noon in 1922

	3. What happened as	soon as the earth b	pegan to shake?			
	A. people died		B. the water	B. the water pipes had burst		
	C. Thousands of st	toves were overturn	ned D. the road	s had cracked open		
	4. Why was the fire e	engines prevented f	from going to help?			
A.	because the water pip	pes had burst	B. because no one	helped		
C.	because small fires br	oke out everywher	D. because ma	ny of the roads had cracked ope	n	
	5. What was most of	the damage caused	l by?			
	A. fire	B. the roads	C. water pipes	D. the collapse of the building	gs	
Qı	uestion VII Read the	following passage	e, then choose the corre	ect answer (1p)		
	Jeans are very pop	pular with (1)	people all over the	world. Some people say that jea	ıns	
are	e the "uniform" of you	th. But they haven	't always been popular.	The story of jeans		
(2)	almost two	hundred years ago.	. People in Genoa, Italy	made pants. The cloth made in		
ge	noa was (3)'	'jeanos". The pants	s were called "jeans". Ir	1850, a saleman in California		
be	gan selling pants made	e of canvas. His nar	me was Levi Strauss. B	ecause they were so strong,		
"L	evi's pants" became (4	4)with go	old miners, farmers and	cowboys. Six years later Levis		
be	gan making his pants	with blue cotton clo	oth called denim. Soon	after, factory (5)in the U	JS	
an	d Europe began wearii	ng jeans. Young pe	ople usually didn't wea	r them.		
1.	A. rich	B. old	C. young	D. poor		
2.	A. start	B. starts	C. was starting	D. started		
3.	A. call	B. calls	C. calling	D. called		
4.	A. famous	B. popular	C. good	D. wonderful		
5.	A. workers	B. drivers	C. cowboys	D. Farmers		
		SECT	ΓΙΟΝ D : WRITING (2ps)		
Que	stion VIII. Complete	the second senten	ces without changing	the meaning of the first senten	ces. (1.0p)	
1.	I don't have a ma	p, so I can't show y	you the way			
=>	If I					
2.	The man is my ne	w boss. He is talki	ng to the lady over ther	€.		
=>	The man					
3.	"Does Mr. Pike li	ve here?" the postn	nan asked the boy.			

KEY

Question	Content	Mark	
Question I	1.B. regard	0,2	
(1p)	2.D. stay <u>ed</u>	0,2	
	3.C. light <u>s</u>	0,2	
	4. D notice	0,2	
	5. B. disease	0,2	
	1.	0,2	
Question III	1. wrote	0,1	
(1,0p)	2. haven't received	0,1	
	3. is raining	0,1	
	4. don't have	0,1	

	2 - The man who is talking to the lady	
	overthere is my new boss.	0,2
	3 - The postman asked the boy if Mr Pike lived	0,2
	there.	0,2
	4 - A new school will be built next month.	
	5- In spite of living in England, he can't speak	
	English well	
Question IX	1. He used to wear uniforms when he were at	0,2
(1ps)	school.	0,2
	2. I haven't met my parents since last Sunday.	0,2
	3. They said they would be back the following	0,2
	day.(the next day)	0,2
	4. She wishes she would have a new computer	
	next school year	
	5 I met Lan, whose mother is kind to everyone	

ĐÈ 11

1 Pronunciation	A. Circle the word under	imed part is pronou	nced differently from that of . (1	i.u poi	
1. A. men <i>tion</i>	B. op <u>tion</u>	C. federa <i>tion</i>	D. ques <i>tion</i>		
2. A. gh <u>o</u> st	B. <u>o</u> ffice	C. l <u>o</u> ng	D. m <u>o</u> dern		
3. A. wait ed	B. mended	C. object <u>ed</u>	D. fac ed		
B Find the word A	A, B, C, or D which has diffe	erent stress pattern i	n line		
1. A.energy	B.plentiful	C. disappear	D.celebrate		
2. A.recycle	B. description	C. contribute	D atmosphere		
II. Circle the best answer to complete each of the following questions. (3.0 points)					
1. The book consists of four parts has been translated into Vietnamese.					
A. which	B. what	C. who	D. whose		
2. My friend is fond	d of to music in the	evening.			
A. listen	B . listening	C. to listen	D. listened		

3. My sister loves watching	ng the stars	. night.			
A. on	B. in	C. at	D. for		
4. He was born Se	eptember 10 th , 1996.				
A. in	B. on	C. at	D. from		
5. Traveling by air is not	cheap and it isn't inter	resting			
A. either	B. neither	C. too	D. also		
6. "I suggest going to the	beach on the weeken	ds." "			
A. That's a fine day!	3. That's a good idea!	C. That's a good	trip! D. That's a reason!		
7. If I were you, I	_ to buy that car.				
A. would forget	B. will forget	C. forget	D. forgot		
8. Lan studied hard,	she completed her	exam successfully.			
A. although	B. so	C. because	D. since		
9. "I can't find my wallet,	Tom" – "Don't worr	y. I'll help you to	it"		
A. look for	B. take care of	C. put on	D. turn off		
10 he wasn't in	vited, he went to the p	oarty.			
A. Although	B. Because	C. So	D. As		
11. His house looks very	large and beautiful. It	ishouse.			
A. a seven-room	B . a seven-rooms	C. seven room	D . seven rooms		
12. "What would you like	to drink?" - "	<u>"</u> .			
A. Yes, please	B. Milk, please	C. No, thanks	D. OK		
13. Lan is very tired.	, she has to fin	ish her assignment b	efore going to bed.		
A. Although	B. So	C. Therefore	D. However		
14. Your sister works in a	foreign company,	she?			
A. isn't	B. didn't	C. wasn't	D. doesn't		
15. It's very hot today. I w	rish Ion the	e beach now.			
A. am	B. was	C. were	D. have been		
III. Complete each sente	ence with appropriat	e forms of the verb	in brackets (2.0 points)		
1. Hung (1.know)	. a little English, so he	e (2.wish)he	(3.can speak)it fluently.		
2. When I entered his room, I (4.see) him (5.sleep) in a chair					

3.My	sister is on her sum	mer holiday. She (6. lie)	on	the beach at the mor	ment.	
4.If I (4.If I (7. be)you, I would buy that house						
5. I en	joy (8. teach)	, and I (9. tea	ach)		for ten years.		
6. I su	ggest (10. put)	garbag	ge bins aroun	d the school	yard.		
IV. R	<mark>lead</mark> the passage a	nd circle the best a	nswer to eac	ch of the foll	lowing questions al	out it. (1.	.0
point							
]	Last year, we had a nice holiday. My friend and I went to the seaside for a month. I had been to						
the se	easide several times	before, but this was	s the first tim	e for my frie	end. Naturally, it wa	s a great	
event	for him. Finally, th	ne day came. It was a	a fine mornin	ng. We got u	p very early because	we wante	ed
to lea	ve home after brea	kfast. We made the j	ourney by ca	ar. We reach	ed the seaside at noo	n. We spe	nt
many	hours on the beach	n. We enjoyed makir	ng castles and	d channels in	the sand. People sa	id we oug	ht
to spe	end at least a few w	reeks at the seaside.	It we could s	stay longer, s	o much the better.		
1.	How long did the	writer and his friend	I spend at the	e seaside?			
	A. A week	B. A few weeks	C. A n	nonth	D. A few months		
2.	Who went to the se	aside the first time?					
_	A. The writer	В	The writer	and his frien	d		
(C. The writer's fam	ily D	The writer	's friend			
3.	What was the weath	ner like on the day the	ney started th	neir journey	to the seaside?		
A	A. It was bad	B. It was rainy	C. It wa	as snowy	D. It was nice		
4. F	low did they travel	to the seaside?					
A	. By car	B. By train	C. By b	ous	D. By air		
5. V	When did they reach	n the seaside?					
A.	At 8 o'clock	B. At 12 o'clock	C. At 4 1	p.m	D. At 9 p.m		
V. C	hoose the best wor	d from the box to	fill in each g	ap in the fol	llowing passage. (1	.0 point)	
	too	from	have	to live	destroying	is	
We	e are all slowly (1)	destroying	the earth	. The sea and	the rivers are (2)		
	dirty to s	wim in. There (3)	so	o much smok	te in the air that it is	unhealthy	7
(4)		in many of the world	d's cities. In	one well- kn	own city, for examp	le, the gas	es
(5)	cars pollute	e the air so much tha	nt traffic poli	cemen (6)	to wear ox	ygen	
mask	S.						

sentence printed before it. (1.6 points)
1. " Do you like pop music?" he asked me.
-> He asked me if
2. The flat's very noisy, but we enjoy living there.
-> Even though
3. I am sorry that I can't come to your party.
-> I wish I
4. Mary is reading an English novel. It is interesting.
-> The English novel which
5. They were late for school because it rained heavily.
-> It rained
6. Work hard or your parents will be unhappy.
→ If you
7. They grow rice in tropical countries
→ Rice is
8. It takes Minh 2 hours to do his homework every day.
→ Minh spends
VII: Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given. (0.4 points)
1. If/ I/ meet/ alien/ outer space/ I/ invite/ home/ talk.
2. mom/ never/ travelled/ by/ air/ before.
ey to FR9
I. Circle the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of

(Total: 1 point; 0.2 point for each correct answer)

VI. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the

Circle the bo	est answer to comp	olete each of the	following question	ons.
(T	otal: 3 points; 0.2 p	point for each co	rrect answer)	
1. A	4. B	7. A	10. A	13. C
2. B	5. A	8. B	11. A	14. D
3. C	6. B	9. A	12. B	15. C

1. knows	6. is lying
2. wishes	7. were
3. could speak	8. teaching
4. saw	9. have taught
5. sleeping	10.putting

IV. Read the passage and circle the best answer to each of the following questions about it.

(Total: 1 point; 0.2 point for each correct answer)

1. C	2. D	3. D	4. A	5. B

V. Choose the best word from the box to fill in each gap in the following passage.

(Total: 1 point; 0.2 point for each correct answer)

1. destroying	2.too	3. is	4. to live	5.from 6 have

VI. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before it.

(Total: 1,6points; 0.2 point for each correct answer)

- 1. He asked me if I liked pop music.
- 2 Even though the flat's/is very noisy, we enjoy living there.
- 3. I wish I could come to your party.
- 4. The English novel which Mary is reading is interesting.
- 5. It rained heavily, so they were late for school.
- 6. If you don't work hard, your parents won't be happy

7	.Rice is grown in	tropical countr	ries			
8	Minh spends 2 ho	ours doing his l	nomew	ork everyday		
VI	I Complete each	of the followi	ng sen	tences, using	the wo	ords given.
(T	otal: 0,4points; 0.	.2 point for eac	ch cori	rect answer)		
1.	If I met an alien	from outer spa	ice, I w	vould invite hi	m/her/	it to my home and talk/ to talk.
2.	I have never trav	velled by air(be	efore).			
		•	,			
ĐÌ	È 12					
I.	Circle the word	whose underli	ned pa	art is pronour	iced di	fferently from the others.
1.	.a. <u>h</u> ome	b. <u>h</u> our		c. <u>h</u> and		d. <u>h</u> ear
2.	a. s <u>ch</u> ool	b. mat <u>ch</u>		c. tea <u>ch</u>		d. <u>ch</u> air
3.	a. protects	b. kick <u>s</u>		c. misse <u>s</u>		d. stop <u>s</u>
4.	a. need <u>ed</u>	b. stopp <u>ed</u>		c. miss <u>ed</u>		d. talk <u>ed</u>
5.	a. k <u>i</u> nd	b. p <u>i</u> nk		c. n <u>i</u> ce		d. p <u>i</u> ne
II	Choose a word	whose stress	patter	n is different	from t	he rest of the group.
1.	a.Enjoy	b.collect		c.escape		d.answer
2.	a.summer b.birth	nday	c.busy		d. mac	hine
3.	a. forget	b. repeat		c. allow		c. morning
4.	a. raincoat b. bed	room	c. hot-	dog	d. sho	rt- sighted
5	. a.unimportant	b. undergroun	ıd	c. encourage		d. imperfect
II	I. Choose the wo	ord or phrase	(A,B,	C or D) that b	est fits	s the blank space in each sentence.
1.	The entrance exa	mination will	be held	1	Ju	ne 22 nd 2012.
	A. in	B. on		C. at		D. to
2.	You don't like w	atching this fil	m,		?	
	A. don't you	B. are you		C. do you		D. did you
3.7	The bus collected	us at 5 o'clock	early.	the mo	orning.	
	A.on	B.from		C.in		D.at
4.	They went on wo	orking		it started to	rain.	

If you work hard, your parents will be happy

	A. though B. because		C. but D. in s		spite of	
5.	The girl wishes she		in Hue for	the festival next	week.	
	A. had stayed B. w	vas staying	C. stay	D. co	uld stay	
6.	We used to	fishing	when we	were young.		
	A. went B. go	ne	C. go	D. go	ing	
7.	Do you know the man	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	met our	teacher yesterda	y?	
	A. who B. wh	om	C. which	D. wł	nose	
8.	If I tim	ne, I'll write to	you.			
	A. had B. hav	/e	C. had	D. will have		
9.	My schooli	n 1990 by wor	ker.			
	A. is builtB. was build	ing C. wa	s built	D. has been	built	
10	. My father asked us	too mu	ich time pl	aying computer g	games.	
	A. not to spending	B. did not sp	end C.	not to spend	D. to not spent	
11	. If I were a flower, I	a sunf	lower.			
	A. was	B. were	C.	will be	D. would be	
12	. He didn't run	to	get there	first.		
	A. enough fast	B. fast enoug	gh C.	enough to fast	D. to fast enough	
13	the we	ather was bad	, the footba	all match was put	t off.	
	A. though	B. Because o	of C.	Because	D. So	
14	.Evenit was	very cold, Mi	Ba was w	raiting for the bus	5.	
	A. although	B. though	C.	despite of	D. in spite of	
15	. September 2nd has bee	n considered	a great hol	iday in Viet Nam	1945.	
	A. since	B. on	C.	for	D. from	
IV	. Give the correct tense	or form of th	ne verbs ir	brackets.		
1.7	The students (learn) Eng	lish in the clas	sroom at t	he moment.		
2.	The house (destroy) by	the storm last	week.			
	Whan I (aama) wastard					
3.	When I (come) yesterd	ay, mey (nave) unmer.			
••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••		

4. If I were you, I (not spend) much time on video games.	
5. Would you mind (close) the window?	
6.Laura wishes that she (not live) in a small flat .	
7. They (repair) our school some years ago.	
8. Nga suggests (help)the poor	
9. My mother came in while I (watch) TV in my room.	
10.It is easy (find) a beautiful house in the big city.	
V. Complete each sentence with the correct form of the word giv	
1. Fish can't live in this lake because the water is	(pollute)
2. I saw your school's	(advertise)
3. Energy-saving bulbs should be	(use)
4. Passover of the Jewish people is a festival which celebrates	from slavery. (free)
5, people eat sticky rice cakes at Tet.	(tradition)
6. English is fun, so we are in learning it.	(interest)
7. The Internet is a wonderful of modern	n life. (invent)
8. The price of)
9. You must be when you open that door. ((care)
10.We can protect the environment by air pol	lution. (reduce)
VI.choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that n	eed correcting.
1. I saw the men, the women and the cattle which went to the field.	

	4	A	В	C	D	
2. Look at tl	ne two di	ctionarys a	and you <u>will</u>	see they a	re the sa	ime in some ways.
		A	В		C	D
3. There is <u>r</u>	no water	in the hous	se. If <u>there is</u> ,	, we could	cook di	nner.
	A		В		C	C D
4. She did h	er <u>test</u> ca	reful last v	veek.			
A	В	C	D			
5. Would yo	ou mind <u>t</u>	urn on the	lights, please	e? It's <u>too</u>	dark fo	r me <u>to read</u> .
A		В		C		D
6. Yesterday	when Ja	ne <u>phoned</u>	, Mike <u>had</u> di	inner <u>with</u>	his fam	ily.
	A	В	C	D		
7. This book	was wri	ting by Jac	k London, <u>ar</u>	<u>n</u> America	n writer	-
A	В	C	Γ)		
8. Mr. Johns	on <u>used</u> 1	o <u>running</u>	every mornir	ng, <u>but</u> he	doesn't	now.
	A	В		C	D	
9. Bob and S	lusan usu	ally goes	out <u>for</u> a mea	<u>l on</u> Saturo	day evei	nings.
		A	в с	D		
10. I am afra	id this ca	amera is <u>to</u>	o expensive	for <u>we</u> to b	ouy.	
A			В		C D	
VII. Read t	he passa	ge.				

Tet holiday is celebrated on the first day of the Lunar New Year in Viet Nam. Some weeks before the New Year, the Vietnamese clean their houses and paint the walls. New clothes are bought for the occasion. One or two days before the festival, people make *Banh chung*, which is the traditional cake, and kinds of jam. On the New Year's Eve, the whole family get together for the reunion dinner. Every member of the family should be present during the dinner in which many different kinds of dishes are served. On New Year morning, the young members of the family pay their respects to the elders. And the children receive lucky money wrapped in red tiny envelopes. Then people go to visit the neighbors, friends and relatives.

a, True or false.

1. Vietnamese people clean their houses some weeks before the New Year.

3.7	The young members of the family pay their respects to elders.
4.Т	The elders receive lucky money wrapped in red tiny envelopes.
	b,Answer the questions.
1.	When is Tet holiday celebrated in Viet Nam?
	2.Do they make <i>Banh chung</i> three days before the festival?
	3. What do they do on the New Year's Eve?
	4. Who receives lucky money?
	5.Do they visit their neighbors, friends, relatives on New Year morning?
VI	II. Rewrite each sentence, beginning as shown, so that the meaning stays the same.
1.	They did the work excellently.
Th	e work
2.	"I am going to meet my pen pal in front of the station", said Lan.
La	n said that
3.	Mai can sing better than Hoa.
Но	a can't
4.	I don't have a motorbike.
Ιw	vish
5.]	Finding an apartment in a big city is not easy.
It i	s not
6.]	My sister started learning English 5 years ago.
M	y sister has

2.A week before Tet, people make Chung cake.

7.It takes Long two hours to do his homework every day.
Long spends
8. "Do you go to school on Sunday?" my friend asked.
My friend asked
9. Mary usually went swimming after school last year.
Mary used
10. They live near a lake. The lake is heavy polluted. (use a relative pronoun to combine the sentence.)
IX. Use the words or phrases given to complete the sentences 1.He / be/ fond of / listen /music
2 . She / be / best / student / class.
3 .How long / it / take / you / go / school / everyday?
4. I/ not finish/ homework / yet.
5. Lan / start/ learn/ English/ 6 / years/ ago
6.I / look / forward / to / see / you / again.
7. If / I / you / , / I / learn harder.
8. She / suggest / go / Huong pagoda / this weekend.
9. They / suggest / we / protect / environment.

10. Unless/ weather/ nice/ we/ stay/ home.							
Đ Ề 13							
I. Choose the und	lerlined part that i	is pronounced differ	ent from others. (1pt)				
1. A. invit <u>ed</u>	B. attended	C. celebrated	D. splay <u>ed</u>				
2 .A. <u>h</u> ouse	B. <u>h</u> arm	C. <u>h</u> our	D. <u>h</u> usband				
3. A. <u>c</u> artoon	B. c arry	C. fa c e	D.				
4. A. motion	B. ques <u>t</u> ion	C. mention	c oin				
5.A.m <u>ea</u> n	B. r <u>ea</u> dy	C. head	D. collect				
			D. fiction				
			D. weather				
II. Choose the be	st answer. (2pt)						
1. You and I went	there together ,	?					
A. didn't you	B. didn't I	C. didn't we	D. did we				
2. John isn't going	g to go, and Peter is	n't					
A. too	B. either	C. also	D. as well				
3.We wish you	here with us	now.					
A. be	B. were	C. are	D. would be				
4.I was born	1987.						
A. on	B. in	C. of	D. at				
5.If hesoo	n, he will miss the	train.					
A. doesn't con	ne B. isn't coming	C. didn't come	D. won't come				
6 We are too late.	The plane	off ten minutes ago					
A. took	B. has taken	C.had taken	D. was taken				
7.John didn't do h	is homework,	?					
A. didn't he	B. did John	C. didn't John	D. did he				

D. because

A. though

B. so

9. If you explained it to him more slowly, he it.

8. Lam passed the test successfully.....he worked very hard.

C. If

A. understands	B. would understand	C. understood	D. will
understand.			
10. People are now inter-	ested in saving money and	r	esources.
A. natural B. i	naturalize C. nature	D. naturally	
III. Supply the correct	verb form. (2pt)		
1.They (1 move)	three times	since they got marri	ed.
2 We (visit)	Ha Long Bay	next week.	
3.If the weather is fine,	we (3 go)	camping next St	ınday.
4.I wish I (4 can)	go out for din	ner with you now.	
5.While I (5 stand)	in front of t	he school gate, I (6	see)Nam.
6.Mrs Thanh suggests ('	7 take)s	showers to save water	er.
7.At 6.30 last night, whe	n I (8 have)	dinner, my fri	end phoned me.
IV: Read the passage a	nd circle the best answer A	, B, C, D to comple	te the passage. (1pt)
David Evans is a far	rmer. He does farming on hi	is own land in Wales	s. The farm has belonged to
his family for genera	tions. David (1)sh	neep on his land.	He does not employ (2)
fulltime workers.	. His sons helps him when the	ney are not (3)	school. The guests from
the city enjoy their quie	t holidays in the clean count	try (4)and the	hey come to visit their farm.
However, it's a lonely li	fe for the Evans family who	en the guests have go	one. The questions is that if
his children want to (5).	the farm when Mr.	Evans give up work	ing.
1. A. feeds	B. grows	C. raises	D. leads
2. A. some	B. more	C. much	D. any
3. A. in	B. for	C. at	D. on
4. wind	B. sight	C. life	D. air
5. take off	B. take over	C. take after	D. take care

V.Read the passage then anwer the questions.(1pt)

Millions of pound worth of damage has been caused by a storm which passed across the north of England last night. The River Ribble burst its banks after heavy rain.

People were rescued from the floods by the firemen, who received numerous calls for help. Wind speeds reached ninety miles an hour in some places. Roads were blocked by fallen trees and

po	oossible is being d	one to ge	t the situa	tion back to	normal," a s	pokesman sa	ıid.	
1.	. What has been o	caused by	a storm v	which passed	l across the n	orth of Engl	and?	
2.	2. When did the sto	orm happ	en?					
	3. What happened	to the Riv	ver Ribble	e?				
4.'								
5.	5. Did wind peeds	reach 90	miles an	hour in some	e places?			
	VI. Identify the <u>u</u>							ne an
ex	exact one. (1pt)							
1.	. The picture was	s painting	by Mich	ael <u>last year</u> .				
	A	В	C	D				
2.	2. There's the wo	man who	she sold	me the hand	bag.			
	A	В	C	D				
3.	B. Mr. Smith is go	oing <u>to bu</u>	ıy a new .	<u>Japanese</u> car,	doesn't he?			
	A	В	\$	C	D			
4.	I. I met a lot of in	nteresting	people <u>w</u>	<u>/hile</u> I was st	udying <u>at</u> Ho	o Chi Minh C	City.	
	A	В		C	Ι)		
5.	5. <u>If</u> I were <u>you</u> , I	didn't bu	ıy that <u>ex</u>	pensive car.				
	A B C		D					
V	VII.Rewrite the fo	ollowing	sentence	s so that the	y are neares	st meaning t	to the sentence	printed
be	pefore.(2p)							
1.	. It takes Hoa 2 h	ours to do	her hom	ework every	day.			
	Hoa spends							
2.	2. We were late for	school b	ecause of	f the heavy ra	ain.			
	Because it							

electricity lines were brought down, leaving thousands of homes wihtout electricity. " Everything

3.I started living here two years ago.	
I have	
4.People speak English as the first language in Australia.	
English	
5. I'm sorry I don't know the way to your house.	
I wish	
6.She doesn't work hard, so she doesn't get good marks.	
If	
7. "I'm working in a restaurant "she said	
She said.	
8. The girl was injured in the accident. She is now in the hospital.	
The girl	
Key	
I.Câu 1: 1 điểm: Mỗi ý đúng được 0,2 điểm	
1D 2C 3C 4B 5A	
II. 2 điểm .Mỗi ý đúng 0,2	
1.C 2.B 3.B 4.B 5.A 6.A 7.D 8.D 9.B 10.A	
III.2 điểm .Mỗi ý đúng 0,25	
1. have moved 2.are visiting 3.will go 4.could 5.was standing 6.saw 7.taking 8.was have	ing
IV.1 điểm. Mỗi ý đúng 0,2.	
1.C 2.D 3.C 4.D 5. C	
V . 1 điểm. Mỗi ý đúng 0,2.	
1.Millions of pound worth of damage has been caused by the storm.(which pass across the north	of
England.)	
2. It happened last night.	
3. The River Ribble/It burst its banks .(after heavy rain)	
4. The firemen did./The firemen rescued many people from the flood.	
5. Yes, it did.	
VI. 1 điểm .Mỗi ý đúng 0,25.	
1. B 2.C 3.D 4. D 5.C	

1.Hoa spends 2 hours d	loing her home work	everyday					
2.Because it rained heavily, we were late for school.							
3.I have lived here for two years.							
4.English is spoken as t	4.English is spoken as the first language in Australia.						
5.I wish I knew the way	y to your house.						
6.If she worked hard, sl	he would get good m	arks.					
7.She said she was wor	king in a restaurant.						
8 The girl who is now i	n the hospital was inj	jured in the accident.					
ĐÈ 14							
I. Circle the word wh	ose underlined part	is pronounced diffe	erently from the others.(1 pt)				
1. A. ac <u>t</u> ion	B. naţional	C. par <u>t</u> ial	D. ques <u>t</u> ion				
2. A. t <u>i</u> dal	B. s i ght	C. descr <u>i</u> be	D. c <u>i</u> nema				
3. A. c <u>o</u> nnect	B. comfort	C. computer	D. contest				
4. A. cou gh	B. thou gh	C. rough	D. tou gh				
5. A. pleas <u>ed</u>	B. eras <u>ed</u>	C. increased	D. amus <u>ed</u>				
II. Choose the word o	or phrase (A,B,C or	D) that best fits the	e blank space in each sentence. (
2pts)							
1 Mary: "Is 11 o'clo	ck alright?" - To	om: ""					
A. Yes, that's fine	B. No, I don't want	to go C. Wait a min	D. Sounds interesting				
2. Typhoons, floods or	droughts can easily _	a harvest.					
A. finish	B. destroy	C. provide	D. defeat				
3. You should pay	to what the instru	action is saying.					
A. attendance	B. intention	C. convention	D. attention				
4. My friends usually 6	enjoy my of h	numor.					
A. sense	B. kind	C. means	D. form				
5 Mother: "Could yo	5 Mother: "Could you do me a favor?" - Kate: ""						
A. No, thanks. I'm	fine B. Yes, that's k	ind of you C.	Yes, sure D. Yes, thank you				
6. Practising E	nglish anywhere you	can is a way to bette	er your speaking skill.				
A. speak	B. speakingC. to spe	eak	D. for speaking				

VII. 2 điểm. Mỗi ý đúng 0,25.

7. Soak some old ne	wspapers in a	of water overnig	ght.
A. pair	B. bunch	C. bucket	D. tube
8. Mrs. Thanh: "	you give the	book to me, please?"	- Mai: "Of course." .
A. Will	B. Shall	C. Do	D. Should
9. The winners are t	he first ones	a fire.	
A. make	B. makes C.	making	D. to make
10. Do you know th	ne man	met our teache	er yesterday?
A. who	B. whom	C. which	D. whose
III. Give the correc	et tense or form	of the verbs in brack	tets.(2pts)
How many times you	ı (1.be) to Londo	n this year?	
The two girls (2.play	chess over there	e are my classmates.	
We must take an umb	orella. It (3. <i>rain</i>).		
The guests (4.arrive)	while I (5.still /	cook).	
The rice-cooking fes	tival (6. <i>hold</i>) eve	ry two years.	
I often (7.climb) tree	s when I was a lit	ttle girl.	
Two miles (8.be) end	ough for her to go	jogging every morning	ng.
8. I'm very bored. N	My mother always	s (9.complain) about h	er housework.
9. Fred would like (10.admit) to the o	college.	
IV. Choose the wor	d or phrase (A,	B,C or D) that best f	its the blank space in the passage. (
1,5pts)			
Have you ever been	to Britain? I've o	dreamed of going ther	e (1) I was a little girl and
finally, in the spring	of 2012, it happe	ened. I was there three	e weeks and (3) much of that
time soaking up the	culture, history, a	and scenery of this inc	eredible island. I visited several districts
in England, Wales a	nd Scotland and	even (4) a site	trip to Ireland. Every place I went to
seemed to be more i	nteresting and m	ore beautiful than the	last.
The tour I was with	began in London	a. Of all the sights I sa	w there, the Tower of London was the
most (6) Th	ne Tower is a buil	lding complex of incre	edibly rich history.
Also on the Thames	are the Houses of	of Parliament and, of c	ourse, the clock tower housing "Big
Ben". I saw so many	y landmarks I car	h hardly remember the	m all. Although it was just a glimpse of
London I did, (7)	, get a chan	ce to see all the most t	famous places.

	ch sentence, heginning		the meaning stays the same.(1.5pts)
5. Who we	ere allowed to go to gran	mmar school?	
4. What di	d every child have to do	at eleven under th	e old system?
3. Do they	have to buy textbooks	and exercise books	at state schools?
	schools do many parents		
1. When d	o English children start	and finish their ful	I time education?
Questions:			
school.			
highest marks (a	about 20% of the childre	en) went to gramma	ar school. The others went to technical
examination. It	consisted of tests in Eng	lish, Arithmetic an	d intelligence tests. Those with the
	`	,	d had to sit for the eleven –plus
			ch was followed by a secondary school
•			ying school. Under the old system,
•	_		n and the equipment, textbooks and
•		` • ′	tion from the age of five to sixteen. Many
	ssage and answer the q		D. Sch
5. A. at first6. A. reach	B. at all B. take	C. at least C. make	D. at that D. send
4. A. interesting		C. interest	D. interestingly
3. A. did	B. got	C. spent	D. made
2. A. spent	B. took	C. did	D. used
1. A. for	B. while	C. since	D. because
you to s	ites that can fill you in.		
If you don't kno	w about Stonehenge the	ere are a couple of l	inks on my links page that will (10)
After a couple o	f days in London we tra	veled to the south	of England stopping to visit Stonehenge.

1. I sent m	ny friend a lett	ter in London	last week.		
				·	
2. I last sa	w him when l				
⇒ I haven'	't				·
3. "Don't	forget to bring	g your passpo	rts with you	when you go abroad."	
⇒ She rem	ninded				_·
4. Smokin	ng is not allow	ed in the war	d.		
⇒ Would y	you				?
5. He faile	ed the exam be	ecause of his	laziness.		
⇒ Because	e he				·
VII. Use 1	the words or	phrases give	n to complet	e the sentences.(1pt)	
1. Instead	/ reuse / plast	ic bags / we /	use / cloth		
bags.⇒					
2. Will / y	ou / have / loc	ok / house / m	e/while/I/	be / holiday?	
⇒				·	
3. We / ho	ope / give / mo	ore / green / co	olor / town / a	and / earn / money / gro	oup.
⇒					
	ls of the Earth				
⇒					
5. It / bray	ve / him / jump	o / river / save	e / child.		
⇒				·	
ĐÁP ÁN	ĐỀ THI ĐỀ	XUẤT			
I. 1 điểm	: 0,2/1 câu tr	ả lời đúng.			
1. C	2. D	3. A	4. A	5. B	
II. 2 điểm	n: 0,2/1 câu tr	ả lời đúng.			
1. A	2. B	3. D	4. A	5. C	
6. B	7. C	8. A	9. D	10. A	
III. 2 điển	m: 0,2/1 câu t	rả lời đúng.			
anya (wan)	haan				

1. have (you) been

- 2. playing
- 3. is going to rain
- 4. arrived
- 5. was still cooking
- 6. is held
- 7. climbed
- 8. is
 - 9. is always complaining
 - 10. to be admitted

IV. 1,5 điểm: 0,25/1 câu trả lời đúng.

1 C 2A 3D 4A 5C 6B

V. 1điểm: 0,2/1 câu trả lời đúng.

- 1. They start and finish their full time education from the age of five to sixteen.
- 2. Many parents send their children to state schools.
- 3. No, they don't.
- 4. At eleven every child had to sit for the eleven –plus examination.
- 5. The children with the highest marks at the eleven –plus examination.

VI. 1,5 điểm: 0,3/1 câu trả lời đúng.

- 1. A letter was sent to my friend in London last week.
- 2. I haven't seen him since I was a student.
- 3. She reminded me to bring my passports with me when I went abroad.
- 4. Would you mind not smoking in the ward?
- 5. Because he was lazy, he failed the exam.

VII. 1 điểm: 0,2/1 câu trả lời đúng.

- 1. Instead of reusing plastic bags, we should / can use cloth bags.
- 2. Will you have a look at the house for me while I am on holiday?
 - 3. We hope to give more green color to the town and earn some money for our group.
- 4. "Friends of the Earth" is an organization to protect our planet.
- 5. It was brave of him to jump into the river to save the child.

ĐÈ 15

I.Circle the word v	vhose underlined pa	rt is pronounced di	ifferently from the others.(1 pt)			
1. A. look <u>ed</u>	B. watch ed	C. stopp <u>ed</u>	D. carried			
2. A. ba <u>th</u>	B. fa <u>th</u> er	C. <u>th</u> eater	D. heal <u>th</u>			
3. A. <u>s</u> tudy	B. <u>s</u> uccess	C. <u>s</u> urprise	D. <u>s</u> ugar			
4. A. <u>ch</u> ildren	B. ch arity	C. ch arm	D. ch ampagne			
5. A. d <u>a</u> nger	B. <u>a</u> ngry	C. language	D. passage			
II. Choose the wor	d or phrase that bes	t fits the blank spac	ce in each sentence. (2pts)			
1. Someone	tickets are free.					
A. said me	B. said me that	C. told me D	. told to me			
2. When she lived in the countryside, shein the river.						
A. was swimming B. used to swim C. has swum D. is used to swimming						
3. Saigon more than three hundred years ago.						
A. was built	B. has been built	C. was building	D. built			
4. It is nearly ten ye	arsI	saw her.				
A. when	B. since C. for	D.	while			
5. Would you mind	if Ia pho	to?				
A. take	B. took C. wo	uld take D. am go	ing to take			
6. Last week I	my children t	o the biggest zoo in	town.			
A. got	B. brought	C. fetch	D. took			
7. They said to me a	about the people and	the placesthey	saw in New York.			
A. Which	B. Who	C. that	D. whom			
8. Are you proud	your count	ry and its tradition?				
A. about	B. on	C. of	D. for			
9. Do you collect sta	amps or other things	?- Yes, I am a stamp				
A. collecting	B. collector	C. collect	D. collection			
10. I wish Ia	new computer.					
A. had	B. had had	C. have	D. would have			

1. Mary spent hours (1. repair)her bike. 2. They advised him (2.not/cross)...... the street aganist the red lights. 4. She (4.work)here since she left school? 5. Everyone (5. read) this novel, let us (6.discuss) it. 6. I (7. know)her for six years, when I met her, she (8.work)in a Law office. IV. Choose the word or phrase that best fits the blank space in the passage. (1,5pts) For many people, traveling by plane is an exciting experience. Others, however, find the form of travel and some experts say it is considerably safer. It is known, however, that most accident occurs during taking off and landing when a (4)decisions are vitally important. The people (5) job it is to look after the passengers, the stewards and stewardnesses play an important part in helping passengers to (7)...... safe and comfortable. Indeed for many passengers being taken such care of is all part of the total experience. No other form of travel involves waiting for people in quite the same (10), with food, drink, newspapers, magazines, music, and even video films. A. although C. and 1. B. too D. because 2. A. as B. than C. then D. with 3. A. leader's B. chief's C. driver's D. pilot's 4. A. whose B. which C. their D. that 5. A.experience C. feel D. lie B. rest B. kind 6. A. way C. sort D. part V. Read the passage and choose the best answer for the questions.(1pt)

III. Give the correct tense or form of the verbs in brackets.(2pts)

Every year people in many countries learn English. Some of them are young children. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school. Others study by themselves. A few learn English just by hearing the language in films, on television, in the office or among their friends. Most people must work hard to learn English.

Why do all these people learn English? It's not difficult to answer this question. Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. Many adults learn English because it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their higher studies because some of their books are in English at the college or university. Other people learn English because they want to read newspapers or magazines in English.

they want to read	l newspapers or i	magazines in E	nglish.	
1. According to t	he writer. Englis	h is learnt by		
A. young	children	B. adults	C. teenagers	D. all are correct
2. In the line 2 of	the second part,	the word "it"	refers to	
A.country		B. young ch	ildren C.English	D. question
3. Where do man	y boys and girls	learn English?		
A. at home	B. at school	C. in evening	classes D. in the	office
4. Why do adults	learn English?			
A. Because they	want to see mov	ies in English	B. Because they n	eed it for their job.
C. Because they	are forced to lear	rn it	D. Because it's no	ot difficult to learn.
5. What of the fo	llowing is NOT	mentioned in the	he passage?	
A. Children like	reading English	newspapers B.	People in many cou	untries learn English
C. English is one	subject in school	ol. D	. Some books are w	ritten in English.
VI. Rewrite each	h sentence, begi	nning as show	n, so that the mean	ing stays the same.(1,5pts)
1. They will have	ve to change the	date of the mee	eting again.	
☐ The date				
2. "I am going to	meet my father	in front of the	station", said Huy.	
\square Huy said that.				
3. Her mother c	an cook better th	an her.		
☐ She can't				
4. I don't have a	a computer.			
□I wish				

5. I haven't met him for two years.

	II 41						
	Use the words of the control of the	•	_	/ my town.			
2.Wh	nile / I / open / le	tter/, phone/	ring				
	pe / very pleased						•••••
.4.Yo	ou / look / thinner						
5.Tha	at / my old house	e / I / born / gr	ew up .				
Key							
I. 1 đ	liểm : 0,2/1 câu	trả lời đúng.					
1. D	2. B	3. D	4. D	5. A			
II. 2	điểm: 0,2/1 câu	trả lời đúng.					
	1. C	2. B	3. A	4. A	5. B		
	6. D	7. C	8. C	9. B	10. A		
III. 2	2 điểm: 0,2/1 câu	ı trả lời đúng	5.				
	1. repairing	2. not to	o cross	3. ha	ven't met		
	4. Has she wor	ked5. rea	ds	6. dicuss	7. have kno	wn	
	8. worked	9. walk		10. go			
IV. 1,	,5 điểm : 0,25/1	câu trả lời đ	úng.				
	1.A 2	2.B	3.D	4.A	5. C	6. A	
V. 1đ	tiểm : 0,2/1 câu	trả lời đúng.					

1.D	2.C	3.B	4.B	5.A					
VI. 1,5 điểm : 0,3/1 câu trả lời đúng.									
1. The date of the meeting will have to be changed again.									
2. Huy said that he was going to meet his father in front of the station.									
3. She can't cook as well as her mother.									
4.I wish I had a computer.									
5.It's two years since I last met him.									
VII. 1 điểm : 0,2/1 câu trả lời đúng.									
1. There used to be a Church near the post office in my town									
2. While I was opening the letter, the phone rang									
3. I am very pleased to see Tom again after a long time.									
4. You look thinner . Have you losen weight ?									
5. That is my old house where I was born and grew up.									
Đ È 16									
$\mathbf{I}/(1,0p)$ Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from									
the rest.									
1. A. n	othing	B. cover	C. m <u>c</u>	rning	D. done				
2. A. h	1 <u>OW</u>	B. town	C. sl <u>c</u>	W	D. p <u>ow</u> er				
3. A. <u>c</u>	<u>ch</u> ange	B. <u>ch</u> emistry	C. <u>ch</u>	oose	D. <u>ch</u> eese				
4. A. n	n <u>a</u> tch	B. catch	C. m <u>a</u>	th	D. watch				
5. A. b	or <u>ea</u> d	B. gr <u>ea</u> t	C. br	<u>ea</u> k	D. st <u>ea</u> k				
II/ (3,0 points) Choose the best word or phrase to complete the following sentences.									
1. I like reading books tell about different peoples and their cultures.									
A. who	0	B. whom	C. wh	ich	D. where				
2. "Buy me a dictionary on your way back,?"									
A. wil	l you	B. don't you	C. car	n't you	D. are you				
3. Mary usual	3. Mary usually walks to school but today she a bike.								

A. ride	B. rides	C. rid	ing	D. is riding						
4. She worked hard	_she passed the exan	1.								
A. so	A. so B. if		D. as							
5. I'll give you a lift to the	station if you	in a hurry.								
A. were	B. are	C. will be	D. would be							
6. I'm feeling pretty tired. Do you mind me home?										
A. taking	B. took	C. take		D. to take						
7. Nam looks much today than yesterday.										
A. good	A. good B. well		D. the best							
8. Scientists and engineers	_ from industrial wastes.									
A. polluted	A. polluted B. pollute		D. pollutants							
9. The dress you bought is of very good quality. It very expensive.										
A. may be	A. may be B. must be C. should have been D. must have been									
10. The Pikes put their trip because of bad weather.										
A. away	B. up	C. out	D. off							
11. Neither Linh nor her classmates the National Museum so far.										
A. visit B. visited		C. have visit	ed	D. has visited						
12. <i>Nga:</i> "You look nervous!" – <i>Hoa:</i> "This thunder scares me to death."										
A. How are you?	B. Why's that?	C. Come on!	D. What's wrong?							
13. He was homesick and he all his family and friends.										
A. missed	B. wished	C. desired	D. hoped							
14. I'm very to you for putting in so much hard work.										
A. thoughtful	B. grateful	C. considerate	D. careful							
15. If you come to the theatre late, you have to wait until the to get in.										
A. break	B. refreshment	C. interval	D. h	alf-time						
III. Choose the underlined part (marked A, B, C or D) that needs correction.										
21. I <u>look forward</u> to <u>have</u> the resolution <u>to</u> the problem I <u>have mentioned</u> .										
A	B C		D							
22. They have moved <u>nothing</u> in your room <u>while</u> they <u>sent</u> you <u>to</u> the hospital.										

			А		D	C	D	
23.	Aren't you af	raid that	they will sack	you if you <u>di</u>	<u>dn't</u> start	coming to v	vork <u>on time</u> ?	
	A				В	C	D	
24.	I had to drive	to the fa	ctory to pick u	p my brother,	who's c	ar wouldn't	start.	
	A	В	C		D			
25.	It was not eas	sy <u>for</u> us	getting tickets	for the conce	rt.			
	A	В	C	D				
IV.	Give the corre	ect tense	or form of the	verbs in brac	ckets.			
26.	When my mo	ther cam	e home from w	vork, I	(coo	k) dinner.		
27.	Jane	(go) to	school by bicy	ycle every da	y.			
28.	The children_		_(play) badmi	nton in the st	adium no	OW.		
29.	You	_(go) to	London last m	onth?				
30.	The candidate	es mustn	't(bi	ring) books ii	nto the ex	xamination re	oom.	
V/	(1,5 points) Re	ad the p	assage and cho	oose the best	option A	, B, C or D 1	to answer the q	uestion.
Alo	ong with joggin	ng and s	wimming, cycl	ing is one of	the best a	all-round for	ms of exercise.	It can help
to	increase your	strength	and energy, gi	ving you mo	re effici	ent muscles	and a stronger	heart. But
inc	reasing your st	rength is	not the only a	dvantage of c	ycling. F	Because you'	re not carrying	the weight
of	your body on	your fe	eet, it's a good	d form of ex	ercise f	or people w	ith painful feet	or backs.
Но	wever, with all	ll forms	of exercise it'	s important t	o start s	lowly and b	uild up gently.	Doing too
mu	ch too quickly	can daı	mage muscles	that aren't us	sed to w	orking. If yo	ou have any do	ubts about
tak	ing up cycling	for healt	h reasons, talk	to your docto	or and as	k for his/her	advice.	
	Ideally you	should b	e cycling at le	ast two or th	ree time:	s a week. Fo	r the exercise to	o be doing
you	ı good, you sh	ould get	a little out of l	oreath. Don't	worry tl	nat if you be	gin to lose you	r breath, it
cou	ild be dangero	ous and	there must be	something w	rong wit	h your heart	. This is simply	y not true;
sho	ortness of breat	th shows	that the exerci	se is having t	the right	effect. Howe	ever, if you find	you are in
pai	n then you sho	uld stop	and take a rest.					
1. I	People with back	ck proble	ems might go c	ycling becaus	se	·		
A.	it enables them	to carry	the weight of	their body on	their fee	et C. it helps	s to make their l	backs
bec	ome stronger							

B. it does not make them	carry the weight of their b	oody on their feet D. i	t helps them to relieve
their backache			
2. All forms of exercise	must be started	<u>-</u> :	
A. gradually	B. quickly	C. strenuously	D. violently
3. According to the write	er, it is best to go cycling_		
A. once a week		B. at least two or th	ree times a week
C. at least two or	three times a day	D. every day	
4. You should not worry	about the shortness of brea	ath because	
A. it shows that there is	something wrong with you	r heart C. it is a sign	of exercise having the
right effect			
B. it shows that you show	ıld stop and take a rest	D. it is a sign of	your getting rid of your
heart problem			
5. Which of the followin	g is NOT included in the a	dvantages of cycling?	
A. Giving you a stronger	heart	B. Increasing you s	trength and energy
C. Giving you better mu	scles	D. Making you loo	k younger
VI/ (1,5 points) Fill in ed	ach blank with one suitable	e word.	
Energy is one of the	problems that many peopl	e are interested in. It is	not an unfamiliar word. It
is heard, said, discussed	day after day. It is close t	to everyone's (1)	life. You turn on the lamp
and it is (2) that	gives you light. You turn o	n a TV and it is energy t	hat gives you pictures and
sound. You ride a motor	cycle and it is energy that	gives you movement.	You (3) your meals
and it is energy that give	s you heat to boil rice.		
The problem is the	nat the demand for energy	y is rising and that the	price of energy is getting
(4) and higher. T	he supply of energy on ea	rth is limited. It cannot	provide us all forever. The
shortage of energy in th	e future is inevitable. The	erefore, (5) energ	gy is a must if we want to
continue to live in a safe	and sound world.		
VII/ (1,5 points) Comple	ete the following sentences	s, using the words or ph	rases suggested.
1. I / feel / hopeful / that	/ we / find / suitable house	e / very soon.	
2. She / not / play	/ piano / well / as / her sist	ter.	

•••••					
	3. I wish / could	l/give you/all the	e expensive things	/ life.	
	4. You / hear / N	Maria / since / you	/ leave school?		
	5. The people /	live / next door to	us/ keep / have / al	l night parties.	
. VIII	I/ (1,5 points) Fin	ish each of the fol	llowing sentences	the same as the s	entence printed befor
		build a new library	in the area.		·
2. "	Why don't you tak	e a day off tomorro	ow?" she said to me	2.	
3. T		so we can't go cam			
4. H		cause he behaved l	oadly.		
5. T	•	-	case door than the l		·
Key	,				
I/ (1	,0 điểm) Mỗi đáp d	án chọn đúng được	c 0,2 điểm.		
	* Lưu ý: Thí si	nh chỉ cần viết đá _l	o án A, B, C hoặc l	D	
	1. C. morning	2. C. sl <u>ow</u>	3. B. <u>ch</u> emistry	4. D. w <u>a</u> tch	5. A. br <u>ea</u> d

II/ (3,0 điểm) Mỗi đáp án chọn đúng được 0,2 điểm.

* Lưu ý: Thí sinh chỉ cần viết đáp án A, B, C hoặc D

1. C. which	2. A. will you	3. D. is riding	4. A. so	5. B. are
6. A. taking	7. C. better	8. D. pollutants	9. B. must be	10. D. off
11. C. have visited	12. D. What's	13. A. missed	14. B.	15. C. interval
	wrong?		grateful	

III. Choose the underlined part (marked A, B, C or D) that needs correction

		-	ŕ				
21.	I <u>look forward</u> to	<u>have</u> the resolution	n to the problem	I <u>hav</u>	e mentioned.		having
	A	В	C		D		
22.	They have moved	d <u>nothing</u> in your ro	oom <u>while</u> they <u>s</u>	ent y	ou <u>to</u> the hospi	tal.	since
		A	ВС	D)		
23.	Aren't you afraid	that they will sack	you if you <u>didn</u>	<u>t</u> star	t coming to wo	ork <u>o</u>	n time? don't
	A		В		C I)	
24.	I had to drive to t	<u>he</u> factory <u>to pick ı</u>	up my brother, w	<u>ho's</u> (car wouldn't st	art.	whose
	A B	C	D				
25.	It was not easy for	or us <u>g<i>etting</i></u> tickets	for the concert.				to get
VI.	VI. Give the correct tense or form of the verbs in brackets.						
26.	When my mother	came home from w	vork, I	_(coc	ok) dinner.		was cooking
27.	7. Jane(go) to school by bicycle every day. goes					goes	
28.	8. The children(play) badminton in the stadium now. <i>are playing</i>					are playing	
29.	9. You(go) to London last month? Did you go					ou go	
30.	30. The candidates mustn't(bring) books into the examination room. <i>bring</i>						
V/ (\mathbf{V} / (1,5 điểm) M ỗi đáp án chọn đúng được 0,3 điểm.						
	1. B	2. A	3. B	4.	. C	5.	D
VI/	(1,5 điểm) Mỗi đá	p án đúng được 0,3	diểm.	-		-!	
	1. daily	2. energy	3. cook/ prepa	are	4. higher		5. saving
VIII	I (1 5 điểm) Mỗi a	an viất được được	1 2 #: 6		!		<u> </u>

VII/ (1,5 điểm) Mỗi câu viết đúng được 0,3 điểm.

- 1. I feel hopeful that // we will/(can) find // a suitable house very soon.
- 2. She doesn't/(can't) play // the piano // as well as her sister.

3. I wish I // c	ould give you all the	ne expensive things // ir	life.			
4. Have you /	4. Have you // heard from Maria // since you left school?					
5. The people	5. The people who/(that) // live next door to us // keep (on) having all night parties.					
The people li	The people living // next door to us // keep (on) having all night parties.					
* Trong từng câu	viết, nếu thí sinh d	có sai sót phần nào, C	Giám khảo trừ điểm thành pi	hần của		
phần đó.						
$\mathbf{VIII}/\left(1,5\ di\r{e}m\right)M\r{o}$	i câu viết đúng đượ	c 0,3 điểm.				
1. A new libra	ary is // going to be	// built in the area.				
2. She sugges	sted that I // (should) take a day off // the fo	llowing day/(the next day).			
3. If the weat	her weren't // bad, v	we // could go camping.				
If the weather	were // fine/(nice/	better), we // could go	camping.			
4. Because of	his bad // behavior	//, he was punished.				
Because of be	ehaving // badly, // l	ne was punished.				
5. Hardly had	// the keeper open	ed the case door when /	the lion attacked him.			
ĐÈ 17						
A.PHONETICS. (1p	ot)I. Pick out the wo	ord whose underlined pa	art is pronounced differently (0),6pt)		
1. A. <u>tradition</u>	B. pollut <u>ion</u>	C. question	D. action			
2. A. invited	B. liv <u>ed</u>	C. learned	D. play <u>ed</u>			
3. A. me <u>ch</u> anic	B. <u>k</u> nitting	C. <u>k</u> itchen	D <u>. k</u> ettle			
II. Choose the word	l that has differen	t stress from others.(0	4pt)			
1. A. tropical	B. logical	C. casual	D.commercial			
2. A. access	B. control	C.wander	D. income			
B.VOCABULARY	AND STRUCTUI	RE (4.5 pts)				
I. Choose the corre	ct answer A,B,C, o	or D to complete the se	entences(2,0pts)			
1. 'Let's go to Ha Lo	ong Bay on the wee	kend" "	"			
A. That's a fine day	B. That's a good	d idea C. Yes, please	D. Yes, let's			
2. People have talked	d a lotUF	Osmany year	S.			
A. from /in	B in / for	C. about/ for D	. for/ for			
3." I wish Iyo	our village again so	me day" Lisa told Mary	<i>I</i>			

A. could visit	B. can visit	C. visited	D. will visit		
4. She is the	estudent i	n his class.			
A. good	B. the well	C. the best	D. best		
5	we've got a few mi	nutes to wait for the tra	nin, let's have a cup of coffee.		
A. Since	B. A & C are corr	ect C.As	D. A & C are wrong		
6. People in Is	srael are going to cele	ebrate their festival,	is called Passover.		
A. whose	B.who	C. which	D. where		
7I	was really tired, I con	uldn't sleep.			
A. Even thoug	gh B. So	C. Therefore	D. Because of		
8. A funnel-s	haped storm passing	overland below a thunc	derstorm is called a		
A. typhoon	B. tsunami	C. tornado	D. hurricane		
9. You have re	ead this article on the	website,?			
A haven't you	B don't you	C aren't you	D didn't you		
10 Thuy's gra	ndmother wants her t	cothe volur	ne on TV.		
A: switch on	B:turn on	C:turn up	D:turn down.		
II. Choose th	e underlined word o	or phrase that needs c	orrecting.(1p)		
1. <u>His</u> good se	nse of <u>humorous</u> <u>dist</u>	inguishes him from his	brother.		
A. his	B. humorous	C. distinguishes	D. from		
2. Between 19	980 <u>to</u> 1990, <u>the</u> area	was hit by the five disa	strous tornado.		
A. to	B. the	C. was hit	D. disastrous		
3.The secretar	ry whom sits at the fir	rst desk <u>on</u> the right car	n give you the information.		
A. whom	B.sits	C.at	D.on		
4. Who will look for your little sister when your mother goes out?					
A. who	B. look for	C.when	D.goes		
5. If she get u	p <u>early</u> , she <u>will go</u> to	school on time			
A. get	B. late	C.will go	D.on		
II.Put the ver	rbs into correct tens	e or form(1,5 p)			
1/His family l	nas bought a lot of fo	od. They(go)	a trip to Hue next week.		
2. I (phone)	you as s	oon as I arrive in Ho C	hi Minh City.		
3.Jane really					

- 4. When I came, he (listen).....to music.
- 5.I (write)......to my pen pal two months ago., but I (not receive)......his reply since then.

C. READING (2,5pt)

I. Fill each of the numbered blanks in the following passage. Use only one word in each space.(1pt)

Population growth is a serious (1)......around the world. At the beginning of the 20th century, there were about 1.5 billion people in the world. In 1984 the world population (2).......4.8 billion people. By the year 2000, .(3)..... will be about 6.1 billion. This growth in population is not happening everywhere For (4)..... in Europe the population is not growing at all families in these countries are smaller now. Only about 2.1 (5)......are born for every woman.

II.Read the following passage and answer the following questions. (1,5pt)

Solar energy is a long lasting source of energy which can be used almost anywhere. To generate solar energy, we only need solar cells and the sun! Solar cells can easily be installed on house roofs, so no new space is needed and each user can quietly generate their own energy. Compared to other renewable sources, **they** also possess many advantages. Wind and water power rely on turbines which are noisy, expensive and easy to break down. Solar cells are totally silent and non-polluting. As they have no moving parts, they require little maintenance and have a long lifetime.

However, solar energy also has some disadvantages. We can only generate solar energy during daytime because the system depends on sunlight. Besides, solar cells require large area to work effectively. The main disadvantage of solar energy is that it costs about twice as much as traditional sources such as coal, oil, and gas. This is because solar cells are expensive. Scientists are hoping that the costs of solar cells will reduce as more and more people see the **advantages** of this environmentally friendly source of energy.

- 1. What does the passage primarily discuss?
- **A.** Advantages and disadvantages of solar energy. **B.** Solar energy's advantages over other sources of energy.
- **C.** The cost of solar energy.

D. Solar energy as an alternative for fossil fuels.

2. What does the word	they in line 4 refer to?			
A. solar energy users	B. other renewa	able resources.	C. advantages.	D. solar cells.
3. What is NOT mention	oned as an advantage of	Solar cells?		
A. They require little	e maintenance.	B. They are not	n-polluting.	
C. They cost little to	produce.	D. They operat	e quietly.	
4. Which of the following	ng is NOT a traditional	I source of energ	y?	
A. solar energy	B. oil	C. coal	D. gas	
5. Which of the following	ng is the main disadvar	ntage of solar en	ergy mentioned in the	e passage?
A. It is expensive.		B. Solar cells re	equire large areas to	operate.
C. It is unfriendly to	the environment.	D. It depends o	n sunlight.	
6. What does the word	advantages in line 12	mean?		
A. very bad.	B. resources	C. benefits	D. friendly	
D. WRITING (2,0 pt)	I.Rewrite the following	ng sentences .(1,	0 pt)	
1. France presented the	Statue of Liberty to the	e USA in 1876.		
The Statue of Liberty.				
2. His car can't run as	fast as mine.			
=> My car				
3. The deer doesn't eat	meat and hippopotamu	s doesn't eat me	at either.	
Neither				
4.The girl was so beaut	iful that everyone admi	ired her.		
=> It was such	·	•••••		
5."Do you live here?"B	sill asked			
=>				
II. Complete sentences			•	
1./ Mai has/ be/ able /si			-	
	-			

2/ I recently went back / the town where /I /born
3/ He/ used / go fishing /when he/ small.
4/I/study/harder/If/ I/ be/ you.
=>
5.Why/ not/we/go/the cinema?
=>
Key
A.PHONETICS. (1pt)
I. Pick out the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the other
words (0,6pt)
1. C. quest <u>ion</u>
2. A. invit <u>ed</u>
3. B. <u>k</u> nitting
II. Choose the word that has different stress from others.(0,4pt)
1. D.commercial
2. B. control
B.VOCABULARY AND STRUCTURE (4.5 pts)
I. Choose the correct answer A,B,C, or D to complete the sentences(2,0pts)
1. D. Yes, let's
2. C. about/ for
3.A. could visit
4. D. best
5. B. A & C are correct
6. C. which
7. A. Even though
8. C. tornado
9. A haven't you

10. C:turn up
II. Choose the underlined word or phrase that needs correcting.(1p)
1.B. 2. A. 3.A. 4. B. 5. A.
II.Put the verbs into correct tense or form(1,5 p)
1/ are going.
2. will phone
3.being invited
4. was listening
5. wrote
6. haven't received
C. READING (2,5pt)
I. Fill each of the numbered blanks in the following passage. Use only one word in each
space.(1pt)
1. problem
2. was
3.It
4. example
5. children
II.Read the following passage and answer the following questions. (1,5pt)
1. A. Advantages and disadvantages of solar energy.
2. D. solar cells.
3. C. They cost little to produce.
4. A. solar energy
5. A. It is expensive.
6. C. benefits
D. WRITING (2,0 pt)
I.Rewrite the following sentences which have the same meaning with the given, using the suggested words at the beginning.(1,0 pt)

2. My car can run faster than his/his car.								
3. Neither the deer not hip	popotamus eat meat							
4. It was such a beautiful g	irl that everyone ad	mired her						
5. Bill asked me if /wheth	er I live there.							
		la /nhuagag(1 n)						
II. Complete sentences, u								
1. Mai has been able to sir								
2. I recently went back to t		s dorn						
3. He used to go fishing what the state of t								
4. I would study harder if I	•							
5. Why don't we go to the	cinema ?							
_ &								
ĐỀ 18								
I. Choose the word whose	underlined part is pro	onounced differently	from the others.					
1. A. claimed	B. warned	C. occurred	D. existed					
2. A. health B. ap	pear C. rea	ndy D. he	eavy					
3. A. tidal	B. sight	C. mineral	D. describe					
4. A. though	B. throw	C. through	D. thought					
5. A. thunder	B. erupt	C. trust	D. pull					
II. Choose the best answer	from the four option	ns given to complete	each sentence.					
6. I can't understand the F	rench visitors. I wish	n IFrench.						
A. knew	B. will know	C. know	D. have known					
7. The churchab	out 100 yearsAgo.							
A. is built	B. was built	C. will be built	D. has been built					
8. People in Israel are goin	ng to celebrate their	festivalis ca	alled Passover.					
A. whose	B.who	C. which	D. where					
9I was really ti	red, I couldn't sleep).						
A. Even thou	igh B. So	C. Therefore	D. Because of					

1. The Statue of Liberty was presented to the USA in 1876 by France

10. Lan is very tired,	she has to finish	herAssi	ignment befo	ore going to bed.	
A. Although B. S	o C. Ther	refore I	D. However		
11. I suggestsome mor	ney for poor child	dren.			
A. raise	B. to raise C	c. raised		D. raising	
12. She asked me if Ia	laptop computer	r the foll	owing day.		
A.buy B. v	vill buy C. boug	ht	D. wo	ould buy	
13. Itelephone her if I	knew her numb	er.			
A. would	B. have to C	c. will	D. sha	all	
14. Honda motorbikes	in Viet Nam.				
A. produce	B. will produc	ce			
C. are produced	D. would be p	produced	d		
15. We have learnt English	2001.				
A. for	B. since	C. in		D. during	
16. Wealready	_Huong Pagoda	ì.			
A. were / seeing	B. Have / seen	1			
C. are / seeing	D. Will / see				
17. All the houses in the area	immediate	ely.			
A. has to rebuilt	B. had to rebu	ild			
C. have to be rebuilt	D. have to reb	uild			
18. If hesoon, he migh	t miss the train.				
A. isn't coming	B. doesn't con	ne			
C. won't come	D. didn't come	e			
19. Mr. Long said that he	in Ho Chi Mi	nh City.			
A. lived	B. is living	C	has lived	D. will live	
20. Your sister works in a foreig	n company,	sh	e?		
A. isn't	B. didn't	C	. wasn't	D. doesn't	
III. Identify the underlined word	/ phrase (A or B	,C,D) th	at needs cor	recting to become an exact one) .
21. My sister enjoys read about	wild animals and	l <u>natural</u>	_mysteries.		
A B	C	D			
22. Mr. Thach who sing English	songs very well	is my te	eacher of En	glish.	

	Α .	В	C		D			
23. My f	ather asked	us <u>not t</u>	o spei	nding too m	nuch tim	e playing o	computer games.	
	A		В		C	D		
24. Ba <u>c</u>	an play the p	oiano <u>be</u>	tter <u>m</u>	nore than hi	s friend	s <u>can.</u>		
	A		В	C		D		
25. We c	an <u>save</u> <u>natu</u>	ire resoi	urces	by using so	lar ener	gy.		
	A	В		C	D			
IV. Choo	se the corre	ct answ	er fro	m the option	ons belo	w, then co	mplete the following	g passage,
Today, supermarkets are found in almost every large city in the world. But the first supermarket								
(26)	open	ed only	fifty y	years ago. I	t was op	ened in No	ew York by a man n	amed Michael
Cullen. A	A supermark	tet is dif	feren	t (27)		other types	s of stores in several	ways. In
superma	rkets, goods	are pla	ced or	n open shel	ves. The	2(28)	choose what	they want and
take ther	n to the chec	ckout co	ounter	. This mear	ns that fe	ewer shop	assistants are needed	d than in other
stores. T	he way prod	lucts are	e displ	layed is and	other dif	ference be	tween supermarkets	and many other
types of	stores; (29)_		ε	example, in	superm	arkets, the	re is usually a displa	ıy of small
inexpens	sive items ju	st in fro	nt of	the checkou	ut count	er: candies	, chocolates, magaz	ines, cheap foods
and so o	n. Most cus	tomers	(30)_		go to a s	supermarke	et buy goods from a	shopping list.
They kn	ow exactly v	what the	y nee	d to buy. Tl	hey do t	he shoppin	g according to a pla	n.
26. A	is	B. has	s beer	ı	C. v	vas	D. were	
27. A.	in	B. fro	m		C. 0	of I	O. with	
28. A	customers	B. mar	nagers		C. <i>a</i>	ssistants	D. sellers	
29. A	A. in	B. for			C. of		D. by	
30. A	A. who	B. wha	t		C. whi	ch	D. whom	
V. Comp	olete the seco	ond sent	ence	so that it ha	ıs a simi	lar meanin	g to the first one.	
31. They	have just so	old that	old h	ouse.				
=> That	old house			•••••				
32. In sp	ite of the ba	d weath	er, the	ey had a wo	onderful	holiday.		
=> Altho	ough	•••••				•••••		
33. They	will build a	new m	all he	re.				
=> A ne	w mall							

34. Unless he takes these pills, he won't be better. => If
35. Despite working hard, he can't support his large family. => Although
VI. Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given. 36. If/ it/ not rain/ tomorrow/ I/ go/ camping/ my friends. =>
37. If/ I/ meet/ alien/ outer space/ I/ invite/ home/ talk. =>
38. I/ never/ travelled/ by/air. =>
39. The students/ study/ for exam/ now.
40. It/ be/ such/ cold day/ we/ decide/ not/ go out.
ĐÁP ÁN
1. D 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. D 6. A 7. B 8. C 9. A 10. D
11. D 12. D 13. A 14. C 15. B 16. B 17. C 18. B 19. A 20. D
21. B read => reading 22. B sing => sings 23. B spending => spend
24. C more than => than 25. B nature => natural
26. C 27. B 28. A 29. B 30. A
31. That old house has just been sold (by them).
32. Although the weather was bad, they had a wonderful holiday.
33. A new mall will be built here (by them).

34. If he does not take these pills, he won't be better.

39. The students are studying for their exam now.

38. I have never travelled by air.

35. Although he works hard, he can't support his large family.

36. If it does not rain tomorrow, I will go camping with my friends.

37. If I metAnAlien from outer space, I would invite him/her/it to my home and talk/ to talk.

40. It was such a cold day that we decided not to go out.

ĐÈ 19

I. Choose one wo	ord whose under	dined part is pronoi	inced differently	from the others (0,5m)
1. A. enjoy <u>ed</u>	B. collected	C. visit <u>ed</u>	D. needed	
2. A. h <u>ou</u> se	B. youth	C. <u>ou</u> tside	D. sound	
3. A. pass <u>ed</u> B	s. watch <u>ed</u> C	. play <u>ed</u> I). wash <u>ed</u>	
4.A <u>.o</u> cean	B.c <u>o</u> tton	C.chopstick	D.s <u>o</u> lid	
5.A.song <u>s</u>	B.mountain <u>s</u>	C.plants	D.samples	3
II. Choose the be	est answer (2ms)			
1. This machine _	used sine	ce last week.		
A. has been	B. is	C.	was	D. will be
2. If he l	nard, he will pass	his math test next w	eek.	
A. study	B. stud	dies C.	studied	D. is studying
3. My brother got	wet h	e didn't bring the um	brella with him.	
A. but	B. so	C.	because	D. and
4. They say that se	olar energy doesi	n't cause		
A. pollution	B. pol	lute C.	polluted	D. pollutant
5. Peter fell over v	while he	_ basketball.		
A. is playing	B. was	s playing C.	played	D. plays
6.The people	live in Engl	and speak English.		
A. whom	B. whi	ich C.	who	D. whose
7. Be! H	e is looking at yo	ou.		
A. carefully	B. care	e C.	careful	D. carelessly
8. Jane speaks En	glishth	an you do.		
A. more flue	ntly B. mor	re fluent C.	more faster	D. more better
9. Let's go out for	a walk,	?		
A. don't we	B. do	we C.	shall we	D. will we
10. Nam: "Congra	atulations on vou	r success!" Hoa: "	"	

III. Complete the	sentences b	y writi	ing th	e co	rrect t	tense o	f the verbs in blankets(1,0m).
1. My brother	rother (buy) this house 10 years ago.						
2. My friend alway	rs	(get) up at 5 a.m.					
3. Marry		(clean) the room when I arrived yesterday.					
4. John	(use) this motorbike since 2002.						
5. If he (not come) soon, we will miss the train.							
IV. Find the word	(s) (marked	A , B ,	C or	D) tl	nat is i	incorr	ect in each of the following
sentences(0,5m)							
1. Although she do	esn't <u>trust</u> w	eather	forec	<u>asts</u> ,	but sh	<u>e</u> likes	watching them.
	A		В		C		D
2. I suggested to help elderly people with their chores.							
A		В	C		D		
3. She <u>has worked</u>	in this comp	any si	nce I <u>a</u>	<u>am a</u>	<u>child</u> .		
A	В			C	D		
4. Mrs. Phuong, w	<u>nom</u> sings <u>ve</u>	ery we	<u>ll, is</u> n	ny Eı	nglish	<u>teache</u>	<u>r</u> .
	A	В	C			D	
5. My brother wen	t <u>to</u> Japan <u>fo</u>	r two r	nonth	s ago	<u>)</u> .		
A	В	C		D			
V. Write the corre	ect form of t	he wo	rd in	each	blank	x. (1.0)	
1. We often take pa	nrt in many _					activit	ies at school. (culture)
2. The village fair	is open for _				(e	ntertai	n)
3. Their	has	lasted	a life	time	. (frier	nd)	
4. She is poor but s	she lives in _				(ł	nappy)	
5.My children are	very			a	ibout t	heir su	mmer vacation. (excite)
VI. Complete the	following pa	assage	by ch	100si	ng A,	В, С о	or D to fill in each blank(1.0).

A. You're welcome B. No, thanks C. That's very kind of you D. Yes, of course

Almost a hundred thousand people were killed (1)half a million homes were destroyed as								
a result of an earthquake in Tokyo in 1923. The earthquake began a minute before noon (2)								
people were cooking	their midday meals. Thous	sands of stoves (3) _	overturned as soon as the					
earth began to shake	e. As a result, small fire	s broke out everywh	nere and quickly spread. It was					
impossible (4)	fire fighting equipment	. Consequently, over	ninety percent (5) the					
damage was caused b	y fire rather than by the co	llapse of buildings.						
1. A. but	B. and	C. as	D. so					
2. A. when	B. what	C. where	D. which					
3. A. are	B. was	C. will be	D. were					
4. A. using	B. use	C. to use	D. used					
5. A. of	B. in	C. with	D. to					
VII. Read the passag	ge and then answer the q	uestions below(2.0).						
Mark Twain was a far	mous American writer. His	s real name was Sam	uel Langhorne Clemens and					
"Mark Twain" was hi	s pen name. He was born i	n a small town on the	e Missouri River in the USA.					
The boy had many fri	ends at school and when h	e became a writer, he	described them in his stories.					
When he was tw	velve, his father died and the	e boy began to work	and learned the profession of a					
printer. He always wa	anted to be a sailor and who	en he was twenty, he	found work on a river boat.					
Then he left the boat	and lived in California. He	re he began writing s	hort stories under the name of					
Mark Twain. He sent	t them to newspapers. The	readers liked his stor	ies very much. His best novel					
"The Adventure of T	om Sawyer" was published	d in 1876.						
1. Who was Mark Tw	vain?							
2. Where was he born	n?		•					
3. How old was he w	hen his father died?							
	e his stories very much?							
When was his best novel published?								

VIII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same	e as the
sentence printed before it. (2.0)	

<i>I</i>		(===)						
1. "Let's g	go out for d	inner" Mary said.						
☐ Mary su	uggested _					·		
2. John is	too young	to understand the q	question.					
☐ John is	not					·		
3. The last	t time I hea	ard from my sister v	was 5 month	s ago.				
□ I haven	't					·		
4. The box	x was so he	eavy that my son co	ouldn't carry	it.				
☐ It was _								
		ered America.						
KEY to 19	9							
I. 1.A	2. B	3.C	4.0	C		5.C		
II.1.A	2.B	3.C 4.A	5.B	6.C	7.C	8.A	9.C	10.C
III.1. boug	ght 2.gets	3. was cleaning	ng 4.has bee	en used	5.doesn't	come		
IV.1. C	2. A 3	. C 4. A 5. C						
V.1. cultu	ural 2	. entertaining	3. friendshi	p 4. h	appiness	5. excited	l	
VI.1. B. a	and 2. A. w	when 3. D. we	ere 4. C.	to use	5. A. of			
VII.1. Ma	rk Twain(l	He) was a famous	American w	riter.				
2. He was	s born in a	small town on the l	Missouri Riv	er in the	USA.			

3. He was twelve.

 VIII.1. Mary suggested going out for dinner. John is not old enough to understand the question. I haven't heard from my sister for 5 months. It was such a heavy box that my son couldn't carry it. The explorer who discovered America is Columbus. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult A. about B. south C. young D. count Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other. 	rs.							
2. I haven't heard from my sister for 5 months. 4. It was such a heavy box that my son couldn't carry it. 5. The explorer who discovered America is Columbus. DÈ 20 I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. 1. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult 2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other	rs.							
4.It was such a heavy box that my son couldn't carry it. 5. The explorer who discovered America is Columbus. DÈ 20 I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. 1. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult 2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other	rs.							
4.It was such a heavy box that my son couldn't carry it. 5. The explorer who discovered America is Columbus. DÈ 20 I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. 1. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult 2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other	rs.							
5. The explorer who discovered America is Columbus. DÈ 20 I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. 1. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult 2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other	rs.							
## DÈ 20 I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. 1. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult 2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other	rs.							
 I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. 1. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult 2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other 	rs.							
 I. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently. 1. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult 2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other 	rs.							
1. A. campus B. publish C. supply D. difficult 2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II/. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other	rs.							
2. A. about B. south C. young D. count II/. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other	rs.							
II/. Choose the word that its main stress is placed differently from the other	rs.							
	rs.							
2 A del D. durine C. berry								
3. A. model B. admire C. happy D. cover								
4. A. scenery B. hamburgerC. pagoda D. grocery								
III/. Choose the word (A, B,C or D) that best completes the sentence. (2,5)	III/. Choose the word (A, B,C or D) that best completes the sentence. (2,5)							
5. It's very kindyou to help me.								
A. of B. to C. with D. for								
6. A free is guaranteed to every citizen.								
A. educated B. education C. educating D. educational								
7. AIDS is a newly-discovered and verydisease.								
A. danger B. dangerous C. endangered D. dangerously								
8. Pleaseyour cigarette. I'm allergic to smoke.								
A. put aside B. put off C. put up D. put out								
9. Let's have a drink,?								
A. shall we B. will we C. shall you D. do we								
10. They didn't go on a picnicthe weather was awful.								
A. so B. although C. because D. because of								

4. Yes, they did.

11.	Do you know the	lady	son is standing	g over there?.					
A. who		B. whom	C. which	D. whose					
12.	I believe you bec	ause I know y	ou are						
A. true		B. truth	C. truthful	D. truly					
13.	Water at	100 degrees C	elsius.						
A. boilii	ng B. bo	il C. is	boiling D. bo	ils					
14.	Laziness is norma	ally the cause	of						
A. poor	B. po	verty C. ric	hness D. su	ccess					
IV	IV/. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English:								
15.	15. When she <u>came to</u> my house <u>this morning</u> , I still <u>slept</u> .								
	A B		C	D					
16.	<u>Is</u> Fiona <u>used to y</u>	vork late at the	e office?						
A	А В (C D							
17.	He was punished	because he di	d the test care	<u>less</u> yesterday.					
	A	B C	D						
18.	The doctor told n	ny father stop	smoking beca	ause of his sickness					
	A	В	C	D					
V/ Find	the once choice t	hat best comp	letes the pass	age below :					
R	Rice is (19)	by Vietn	amese people	e every day. It often	n (20) in tropical				
countrie	es such as Vietna	m, Thailand o	or Malaysia.	The Chinese have al	lso been growing rice for				
(21)	years. The	seeds are plan	nted in special	beds to grow into yo	oung rice plants. Then they				
are take	n to fields covered	d (22)	muddy w	ater called paddies. T	The fields of rice look very				
(23)	After 3	or 5 months,	the rice is rea	ndy to be picked. Peo	ple often drain away water				
before c	colleting rice. Eati	ng rice is a sp	pecial action i	n the world. They do	on't use spoons or forks to				
enjoy bo	owls of rice. (24)	, th	ey use two sl	nort sticks known as	chopsticks to put rice into				
their mo	ouths. China and V	ietnam are the	four countrie	es in which people use	e chopsticks very well.				
19. A. u	ised	B. taken		C. eaten	D. boiled				
20. A. g	grows	B. keeps		C. plants	D. stays				
21. A. t	housands	B. thousand		C. thousand of	D. thousands of				

	22. A.	in	B. by	C. with	D. of					
	23. A.	beauty	B. beautiful	C. beautifully	D. the beauty					
	24. A.	However	B. Moreover	C. Besides	D. Instead					
		VI/ Read the follow	ving passage and choose th	ne best answers.						
		Children's education	n is changing rapidly today.	In the past, teachers	made children sit still for					
	hours.	They made them me	emorize all sorts of things. I	n other words, childr	en had to go on repeating					
	things until they knew them by heart. Today, many teachers wonder if it possible to make children									
	learn at all. They say you can only help them learn. They say you must let children learn and									
	discov	er things for themse	lves.							
	25.	What did teachers n	nake children do in the past	?						
	A. star	nd for hours B. me	morize everything C.	repeat their homewor	k D. sit for days					
	26.	Children in the past	were mase to learn everyth	ing						
	A. by	head B. by	hand C. by hair	D. by heart						
	27.	Nowadays, many te	achers say that they only							
	A. give children more homework B. make children learn C. help children D. teach children at									
	home									
	28.	Today, the modern l	earning method is							
	A.	Letting children pla	y computer games B. ma	king children read a	lot of books					
	C. doing homework for children D. letting children discover things for themselves									
V	II/ <u>Con</u>	nplete the second se	entences without changing	the meaning of the	<u>first sentences.</u>					
	29. No	one in the group is	younger than Mai							
	□ Mai is									
	30."W	here are you going t	for your holidays?" I asked	them.						
	\Box I a	sked them								
	31. Th	e luggage is too heav	vy for her to carry.							
	□ The	e luggage is so								
	32. He	is tired, so he could	n't score any goals.							
	□ If h	e								

33.1 tillik it would	be good idea to take the trail	П.	
☐ I suggested			
34. "Why don't you	u go with me?" he asked me	<i>)</i> .	
☐ He asked			
35. Lan often staye	d up late when she was you	ng.	
☐ Lan used			
36. Does it take you	u 3 hours to do this task?		
□ Do you			
37. I can't buy this	bike because I don't have e	nough money.	
☐ If I have			
38. I can't play bas	ketball well because of my	height.	
□ Because I			
39. Learning Englis	sh is interesting.		
□ It			
40. No one has ans	wered the questions yet.		
☐ The question			
III/. <u>Choose the wo</u>	ord (A, B,C or D) that best	completes the following p	assage.
Environmental (41)is one of t	he most serious problems	(42)mankind
today. Air, water a	and soil are necessary to	the survival of all (43)	things. Badly
polluted air can (4	4)illness and	l even death. Polluted wat	er (45) many
kinds of wild anim	nals and other marine life.	Pollution of soil reduces	the amount of land (46)
growing	g food.		
41.A. pollute	B. polluted	C. pollution	D. polluting
42.A. face	B. faces	C. to face	D. facing
43.A. lived	B. living	C. live	D. lives
44.A. cause	B. give	C. make	D. catch
45.A. kills	B. kill	C. are killing	D. doesn't kill
46.A. of	B. to	C. from	D. for

^{*} Answer the questions.

	important problem of n	•		
48. Which kinds of p	pollution are mentioned	in this passage?		
	nds of wild animals and			
50. Does the pollution	on of soil make the amo	ount of food-growing	land narr	ower?
ĐỀ 21				
I/. Choose the word	d that its main stress is	s placed differently f	rom the	others.
1. A. energy	B. appliance	C. pesticide	D. m	inimize
2. A. cover	B. pollute	C. reduce	D. pi	rovide
3. A. prevent	B. install	C. suggest	D. so	olar
4. A. pollution	B. dynamite	C. production	D. pi	rotection
5. A. <u>ch</u> ange	B. <u>ch</u> arity	C. chopstick	D. <u>cl</u>	<u>n</u> aracter
6. A. depend	B. po <u>e</u> t	C. equal	D. r <u>e</u>	egion
7. A. <u>th</u> ink	B. <u>th</u> ick	C. <u>th</u> is	D. <u>th</u>	anks
8. A. sh <u>ou</u> lder	B. sh <u>ou</u> ld	C. c <u>ou</u> ld	D. w	<u>ou</u> ld
II/. Choose the wor	d that its main stress	is placed differently	from the	others.
9. A. pagoda	B. grocery C	. institute D.	benefit	
10. A. control	B. remote	C. access	D. ac	lvance
III. Choose the cor	rect word or phrase in	each of the following	<u>ng senten</u>	<u>ces</u>
11. This newspaper	isevery day. It's	s a daily newspaper.		
A. publishing	B. published	C. publis	h	D. to publish
12. We are taking at	out the preservation of	resources.		
A. natural	B. nature	C. natura	lly	D. naturalize
13. Everyone must t	ake part infores	sts and increase forest	ation.	
A. protect	B. protecting	C. protec	tion	D. protected
14. In order to save	electricity, an ordinary	100-watt light bulb ca	an be repl	aced by

A. an energy-saving bulb		B. a 1000-	B. a 1000-watt light		
C. an electric bulb		D. a saving	D. a saving - energy bulb		
15we know her	r address, we will call	you.			
A. Unless	B. Since	C. If		D. Therefore	
16. If you know where	she lives, let me				
A. to know	B. knowing	C. know		D. knew	
17. We'll make the bead	ch clean and	again			
A. polluted	B. dirty	C. awful		D. beautiful	
18. It is impossible	a newspaper	without reading abou	it the d	amage we are doing to the	
environment.					
A. open	B. opening	C. to open		D. opened	
19. If you are late again	, youthe job).			
A. won't lost	B. will lose	C. lost		D. will be lost	
20. She never goes to the	ne moviessh	e is very busy.			
A. so	B. because	C. if		D. because	
21.Do you often go out	Saturday ev	venings?			
A. in	B. at	C. on	D. fe	or	
22 .Hoa likes reading an	nd				
A. so is Minh	B. Minh is too	C. so does	Minh	D. Minh does either	
23 .They don't like mill	c and				
A. neither do we	B. so do we	C. we do too	D. n	either don't we	
24. I have two brothers	and we are	at school.			
A. both	B. all	C. either	D. n	either	
25. The man	we saw yesterday	is a scientist.			
A. whom	B. whom	C. which	D. w	vhose	
26. I feelir	this book.				
A. interesting	B. interested	C. interest	D. ii	nterestingly	
27. Vietnam is a	country.				
A. develop	B. developed	C. developing		D. development	
28.There istii	me. Let's hurry.				

A. a lot of	B. few	C. a few	D. not much				
29.This house is	of the three.						
A. old	B. older	C. oldest	D. the oldest				
30.If it, v	we'll have the party outsic	le.					
A. rains	B. doesn't rain	C. rained	D. didn't rain				
IV/ Find the on	ce choice that best comp	letes the passage b	elow:				
Among the festivals (31) by some of Asian people is the Moon Cake							
Festival, also k	Festival, also known (32) the Mid August Festival. Large numbers of small round						
moon cakes a	re eaten (33)	. this day, and	children enjoy carrying	colorful			
(34)	. lanterns come in all sha	apes; the most popu	ılar ones are shaped like fis	h, rabbits			
and butterflies.	According to (35)	, the moon shir	es the brightest on the nig	tht of the			
Moon Cake Fes	stival. As the moon rises	, tables are placed	(36) the h	ouse and			
women make of	ferings of fruit and moon	cakes to the Moon (Goddess.				
31. A. celebrated	B. made	C. held	D. set				
32.A. like	B. as	C. such a	B. D. Þ				
33.A. in	B. for	C. at	D. on				
34.A. wood	B. metal	C. paper	D. gold				
35.A. they	B. them	C. it	D. their				
36.A. under	B. near	C. outsid	de D. around				
V/. Choose the	words or phrases that ar	e not correct in sta	andard English:				
37. <u>Did</u> the house	broken when you were av	vay?					
A	ВС	D					
38. That is the girl	whom Jim wants to marry	<u>her</u> .					
A	В С	D					
39. Although it rai	ined heavy, they went out	last night.					
A	B C D						
40. The accident <u>h</u>	nappened in front of my ho	ouse last night beca	use the driver's carelessness	1-			
	A B	C	D D				

VI/ Read the following passage and choose the best answers.

I often hear or read about "natural disaster"- the eruption of Mount St Helen, a volcano in the state of Washington: Hurricane Andrew in Florida; the floods in the American Midwest; terrible earthquakes all over the world; huge fires; and so on. But I'll never forget my first personal experience with the strangeness of nature – "the London Killer Fog" of 1952. It began on Thursday, December 4th when a high –pressure system (warm air) cover southern England. With the freezing-cold air below, heavy fog formed. Pollution from factories, cars, and coal stoves mixed with the fog. The humidity was terribly high, there was no breeze at all. Traffic (cars, trains, and boats) stopped. People couldn't see, and some walked onto the railroad tracks or into the river. It was hard to breathe, and many people got sick. Finally on Tuesday, December 9th, the wind came and the fog went away. But after that, even more people got sick, many of them died.

41. Which natural disaster isn't mentioned in the text?

A. a volcanic eruption B. a flood C. a hurricane D. a tornado

42. What is his unforgettable person experience?

A. the London killer B. the heavy fog in London C. the strangeness of nature D. a high-pressure system

11: a voicame craption	B. a nooa	C. u 1	announc	B. a tornado	
42. What is his unforgettab	ole person experience	e?			
A. the London killer	B. the heavy fog	g in London	C. the str	rangeness of na	ature D. a
high-pressure system					
43. What didn't happen du	ring the time of the '	'London Kil	ler Fog"?		
A. pollution	B.humidity	C.heavy rai	n	D.heavy fog	
44. The traffic stopped bec	ause of				
A.The rain	B. the windy weath	her C. th	ne humid	weather	D. the heavy fog
VII/ Complete the sec	ond sentences with	out changin	g the mea	aning of the fi	rst sentences.
45. Hurry up or you will be	e late				
□ If					
46. Helen can play the pia					
☐ Elizabeth		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
47. Peter failed the exam	because he was lazy	•			
☐ Because of					
48. Please don't play you	r music loudly.				

□ Would you r	nind		
49. They didn't	have a map, so they got	lost.	
□ Because			
50. "Do you kno	ow my teacher's telepho	ne number, Lan? Said	l Minh.
☐ Minh asked.			
ĐÈ 22			
I/. Choose the	word that has the und	erlined part pronou	nced differently.
1. a. push	b. pull	c. rush	d. butcher
2. a. route	b. shout	c. trousers	d. amount
II/. Choose the	e word that its main sti	ess is placed differe	ntly from the others.
3. A. tutor	B. highlight	C. lunar	D. enroll
4. A. selection	B. national	C. recycle	D. convenient
III/. Choose th	ne word (A, B,C or D) t	hat best completes t	<u>he sentence.</u>
5. The boys loc	oks very proud	his success at school	
A. of	B. at	C. about	D. on
6. Is Dalat rathe	er crowded?- No, there a	repeople t	han in HCM.
A. few	2.10,,61		D. less
7. In spite of	flate, he arrived i	n time.	
A. he started	B. his being	started C. he was sta	orted D. starting
8. It's time t	the childrenhere	now.	
A. are	B. are being	C. were	D. to be
9. I won't go	oyou explain	everything to me.	
A. unless	B. although	C. because	D. if
	y languages are there		
A. through		C. for	D. in
	is not only intelligent		
A. but also	B. and	C. but	D. with

12.	The washing	machine was ve	ery expensive,	we couldn't	afford to buy it.		
A. th	nough	B. because	C. therefore		D. so		
13.	This is	novel I've r	ead.				
A. b	ad	B. good	C. better		D. the worst		
14.	They don't u	nderstand the m	atter;	they didn't ask	for help.		
A. n	noreover	B. there	fore C. he	owever	D. but		
IV/	IV/ Find the once choice that best completes the passage below:						
	Nowad	ays, people a	re destroying i	cain forests of	the earth seriously.	It is	
(15)		that every y	rear 100,000 (16))	kilometers of rain forest	ts are	
desti	royed for (17	')	of wood pape	er and fuel as	well as for the residence	e and	
(18)		land. Rain f	orests are very	important for th	e world's climate. They re	eceive	
the	rainfall on th	e earth and pro	oduce a large ar	nount of the we	orld's oxygen. Destroying	g rain	
fores	sts,(19)	, i	s destroying ou	ır environment.	Saving rain forests is	a(n)	
(20)		problem. Na	tions need cooper	ration to save rain	n forests, if not, it will be l	ate.	
15.	A. exhausted	d E	B. pleasure	C. interesting	D. estimated		
16.	A. square	E	B. cross	C. round	D. heart		
17.	A. bring	F	B. supply	C. support	D. suggest		
18.	A. planting	B. field		C. farming	D. rice		
19.	A. moreover	B. howe	ever C. so)	D. therefore		
20.	A. national	B. interi	national C. w	orld wide	D. world		
V/ <u>(</u>	Choose the wo	ords or phrases	that are not cor	rect in standard	l English:		
21.	When I was	a boy, I <u>was</u> used	d <u>to go</u> fishing <u>wi</u>	th my father.			
	A	В	C D				
22.	My sister, La	n <u>can neither</u> sin	ng <u>or</u> swim.				
	A	B C	D				
23.	She always <u>v</u>	vears modern an	d fashioned cloth	es when she is a	<u>t</u> work		
	A		В	C D			
24	The last time	he caw in nuhli	c he worn a great	tenit			

A	D	C	D
\mathbf{A}	D	C	D

VI/ Read the following passage and choose the best answers.

The zipper is a wonderful invention. They are very common so we forget that they are wonderful. They are strong, but they open and close very easily. They come in many colors and sizes. In 1810s, people in the US wore high shoes or clothes with long row of buttons. It was hard for them to wear anything. They wanted an easier way to put on and take off clothes. White comb Judson invented the first zipper in 1839. He called it a slide fastener.

A zipper has three parts. There are dozens of metal or plastic teeth in two rows. These are fastened to two flexible strips of cloth. A fastener slides along and fastens the teeth together. When it slides the other way, it takes the teeth apart.

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1		
25. Many people forget that	at zippers are wonderful bed	ause	
A. they are strong B.	they open and close easily	C. they are colorful	D. they are
common			
26. The first zipper was in	vented		
A. in 1800	B. in the 1800s	C. in 1839	D. in 18 th century
27. A zipper consists of			
A.three metal of plastic	teeth B. dozens o	f parts	C. dozens of parts
D. metal or plastic teeth	, two flexible strips of cloth	and fastener	
28. It wasfor pe	ople in the US to wear cloth	nes or shoes with a long ro	ow of buttons.
A.easy B. difficul	t c.wonderful	d.convenient	
VII/ Complete the sec	ond sentences without cha	anging the meaning of th	ne first sentences.
29. The weather is too	terrible for you to go out.		
☐ If the weather			
30. All the students have	e to take the final exam.		
☐ The final exam			
31. Please don't repo	eat what I said.		
□ Would you mind			
32. I can't swim as v	vell as my friend can		

□ My friend
33. We lost our way. We didn't arrive on time.
□ Unless
33. It took me three hours to open the door.
□ We spend
34. I can't answer all the questions.
□ I wish
36. The film was too boring for you to watch
☐ The film was so
37. They don't play football any more.
☐ They used
38. The man said to me, "Please tell me the way to the nearest post office?"
☐ The man asked me
38. All of the buildings in this town aren't as high as yours.
☐ Your building
39. The show was interesting to the boy.
☐ The boy was
41. My father doesn't smoke any more.
☐ My father used
V/. Choose the words or phrases that are not correct in standard English:
42. Your sister is different with you, isn't she?
A B C D
43. His family was <u>very</u> poor, <u>because</u> he <u>had to work</u> for <u>a company</u> .
A B C D
44. You know where Lan is, do you?
A B C D
45. When you want to go fishing this morning, I'll go with you.
A B C D

	46. I've watched the fill	n what is about the	life on other planets	
	A	ВС	D	
	47. If I met an alien, I we	ould invited him to m	y home and talk	
	A B	С)	
	48. Minh <u>asked</u> me <u>how</u>	far is it from the airpo	ort to my house.	
	A B	C	D	
	49. If I were three inches	taller, I would apply	on that job.	
	A	В С	D	
	50. How about to use pub	olic buses instead of c	ears.	
	A B	C D		
ĐÈ	23			
	I - Choose the word who	ose underlined part i	s pronounced differ	ently from the others.
	1. A. passed	B. watched	C. played	D. washed
	2. A. proud	B. about	C. around	D. would
	3. A. market	B. depart	C. card	D. scare
	* Choose the word whi	ch has a different str	ess pattern	
	4. a. award	b. prevent	c. visit	d. except
	5. a. bookshelf	b. advanced	c. above	d. depend
	II - Choose the best a	answer from the for	ur options given (A	, B,C, or D) to complete each
	sentence.			
	III- Choose the right an	swer (1.6 p)		
	6. A: Congratulations! Yo	ou did great. B:		
	A. It's nice of you to say	so. B. It's r	ny pleasure.	
	C. You're welcome.	D. That's okay.		
	7. "Do you have a bike	?" "No, but I v	wish I	one."
	A. having	B. have	C. can have	D. had
	8. I spent half a year	this be	oat.	
	A. to build.	B. building	C. built	D. on building
	9. If I any	problem. I	ask for your h	eln.

A. has / will	B. had / w	ill (C. have / would	D. have / will
10. People in Israel	are going to celeb	rate their festival_	is called Pass	over.
A. whose	B.who	(C. which	D. where
11. Lan is very tired	, she h	as to finish her ass	ignment before going	to bed.
A. Although	B. So	(C. Therefore	D. However
12. We have learnt E	English2	001.		
A. for	B. since	(C. in	D. during
13. Your sister work	s in a foreign com	npany,sh	e?	
A.isn't	B. didn't	(C.doesn't	D. wasn't
14. Hoai can not ren	nember the name	of the restaurant	she ate her fa	vorite roasted duck.
A. which	B. whose	C. whom	D. where	
15. If I were a flower	r, Ia sunf	lower.		
A. was	B. were	C. will be	D. would be	
V- Complete these	sentences			
1. If / I / rich, / I /	travel / around / v	world / family. =>		
2. Mr John / never	r / allow / daughte	er / swim / river / h	er friends	
=>				
3. I / told / not /	be late / class / ne	ext time.		
=>				
_		vho / travel / space		
=>				
_	esterday / that / v	•		
=>				
IV. Give the correct	ct form of verbs g	given.		
AJohn	(21. lose) his	job last month and	since then he	(22. be) out
of work.				
- Do you know why	he	(23. los	se) his job?	
- Because he	(24	. be) very rude to l	nis boss.	

B. Yesterday morning,	when I	(25. arrive) at the a	irport, Sophie .	
(26. wait) for me.				
She	She(27. wear) a pink dress and			
V - Write the correct	form of the word in	the parentheses.		
29.Many people becam	ne	after the earthquake.		(home)
30.There are many	1	throughout the year.		(celebrate)
31. The scientists can p	redict the	of a volcano		(erupt)
32. We stayed at home	because it rained			(heavy)
33.I am looking forwar	d to	fro	m you.	(hear)
VI - Read the followir	ng passage, then cho	ose the correct answe	r to questions	26 - 30.
I went to Austra	lia on a student progr	ram last year and I like	to (34) yo	ou about it. I was
very (35) when I	knew I was going to	Australia because I had	l never been the	ere before. I didn't
think about the problem				
communicate with ther				
English wasn't much u			-	_
grammar was good, my				
Australian people ofter				
but they didn't understa	and when I said "We	eat lice"		
34 .A. say	B. tell	C. talk	D. speak	
35. A. exciting	B. excites	C. excited	D. ex	cite
36. A.after	B. until	C. when	D. wł	nile
37.A. although	B. even	C. because	D. so	
38 A. pronouncing	B. speaking	C. reading	D. telling	
VII- Complete the sec	cond sentence so tha	t it has a similar mear	ning to the firs	t one.
39 People say that they	bought this shop last	t year.		
=> It is		·		
- They are			·	
40. "How much do	you think it will cost?	?" he said to me.		

=> He asked me
41. Mr.Brown's team has lost the game.He looks very sad.
=> Mr. Brown whose
42.Do you know the man who sat next to me at Nam's birthday party last night?
- You know
42. It takes Minh 2 hours to do his homework every day.
=> Minh spends
44 .We were late for school because of the heavy rain.
=> Because it
45. My mother used to us clean the house.
=> We used
46."I'm working in a restaurant, and don't care much for it."she said
- She said
47. It's two years since I last spoke to her.
=> I haven't
48. Going swimming in the river in the summer is interesting.
=> It
HƯỚNG DẪN CHẨM ĐỀ THI ĐỀ XUẤT
I - (1 điểm): 0,2 điểm / ý
Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.
1. C. played 2. D. Would 3. D. Scare
4. A. entrance 5. B. Love
II - (1,5 điểm) : 0,1 điểm / ý
Choose the best answer from the four options given (marked A, B,C, or D) to complete each
sentence.
6. C. was built 7. A. advised 8. A. who
9. A. a seven-room 10. D. won't be 11. C. used to go
13. C. not to spend 14. D. Where 15. D. Would be
III- (1 điểm) : 0,2 điểm / ý
Identify the underlined word/ phrase (A or B,C,D) need correcting to become an exact one.

16.	The picture	was painting by	y Michael la	ast year.		(was painted))	
	A	ВС	I	D				
17.	There's the	woman who sh	ne sold me t	he handbag.	(NOT	she)		
	A	В	C	D				
18.	Mr. Smith i	s going to buy	a new Japar	nese car, does	n't he?	(isn't he)		
	A	В	C	D				
19.	I met a lot o	of interesting po	eople while	I was studyin	g at Ho Chi	Minh City. (i	n)	
	A	В	C	D				
20.	If I were yo	ou, I didn't buy	that expens	sive car.		(wouldn't)		
	A B	C	D					
IV.	(2 điểm) : 0,	25 điểm / ý						
Giv	ve the correct	form of verbs	given.					
21.	lost	22. has been	23.1	ost	24. was			
25.	arrived	26. was wait	ting 27. v	was wearing	28. looked			
V (1 điểm) : 0,2	điểm / ý - Wr	ite the corre	ect form of the	e word in the	e parentheses.		
29.1	Many people	became	after the	earthquake.		(homeless))	
30.	There are ma	ny	througho	ut the year.		(celebratio	ns)	
31. The scientists can predict the of a volcano (eruption)								
32.	We stayed at	home because	it rained			(heavily)		
33.1	am looking	forward to		from	you.	(hearing)		
VI	(1 điểm) : 0,2	2 điểm / ý						
- Re	ead the follow	ving passage, tl	nen choose	the correct an	swer to ques	stions 26 - 30.		
34		B. tell		35. A. 6	exciting			
36.		B. until		3	7. C. becaus	se	38.	A.
pro	nouncing							
VII	(2,5 điểm)	: 0,25 điểm / ý						
I. C	omplete the	second sentence	e so that it h	nas a similar n	neaning to th	ne first one.		
39.	- It is said	that they bough	ht this shop	last year.				
Các	h 2-They are	said to have b	ought this s	shop last year.				

40	He asked me how much I thought it would cost.					
41	Mr. Brown whose team l	nas lost the game look	ks very sad.			
42	You know the man who	sat next to me at Nam	a's birthday party last	night, don't you?		
43 -	Minh spends 2 hours doi	ng his homework eve	ery day.			
44	Because it rained heavil	y, we were late for sc	hool.			
45	We used to be made to c	lean the house by my	mother.			
46	She said that she was wo	orking in a restaurant	and didn't care much	for it.		
47	I haven't spoken to her f	or two years.				
48	It is interesting to go swi	mming in the river in	the summer.			
ĐÈ 24						
Choose	e the word (A, B, C, D)	whose underlined pa	rt is pronounced dif	ferently from the others.		
(0.5 po	int)					
Questio	on 1: A. invit <u>ed</u>	B. need <u>ed</u>	C. ended	D. lik <u>ed</u>		
Questio	on 2: A. cl <u>i</u> mate	B. ethn <u>i</u> c	C. un <u>i</u> t	D. c <u>i</u> ty		
Choose	e the word (A, B, C, D)	whose main stress is	placed differently fr	om that of the others.		
(0.5 po	int)					
Questio	on 3: A. likely	B. lovely	C. kiddy	D. apply		
Question 4:A. instruct		B. decide	C. contain	D. common		
Choose	e the word/phrase (A, B	, C, D) that best fits	the space in each sei	ntence. (2.5 points)		
Questio	on 5: Look! The boys	bask	xetball in the school y	ard.		
A. play	B. are playing C. played D. were playing					
Question 6: A runny nose, sneezing and coughing are the of common cold.						
A. materialsB. measures C. medicines D. symptoms						
Question 7: The toy my father bought for my brother is very expensive.						
A. who	B. whom	C. which	D. whose			
Question 8: The president is going to pay a state visit to Japan, he?						
A. does	B. doesn't	C. is	D. isn't			
Question 9: Remember the instruction carefully before you use it.						
A. read	A. reading B. to read C. read D. for reading					
Question 10: She has worked as a secretary she graduated from college.						

A. before	B. since	C. when	D. until				
Question 11: The boy's family is very poor. He has to go to school on foot. He wishes							
heenough money to buy a bike.							
A. has	B. will have	C. had	D. has had				
Question 12	2: Did the Second Wo	rld War last from 1939	1945?				
A. in	B. at	C. on	D. to				
Question 13	3: It is very noisy. I ca	n't hear what he is saying.	Can you	the radio?			
A. turn up	B. turn off	C. turn on D. tu	rn around				
Question 14	4: Mai and Lan are att	ending a party.					
	- Mai: "Would you li	ke some more Coke?" - Lar	າ: "	"			
A. I think s	o B. I'm not sur	re C. Yes, let's	D. Yes, please	2			
Choose the	e underlined part (A,	B, C, D) that needs corre	cting. (1.0 point)				
Question 15	5: I have to go to the c	lentist's because of I have a	toothache.				
	A	B C I)				
Question 16	6: Alex Ferguson, that	is the most successful coac	<u>th in</u> Manchester Unite	d's history,			
underwent	an emergency operation	on last month.					
	A	B C		D			
Question 17	7: <u>The</u> Caspian Sea, <u>a</u>	salt lake, is the largest than	any other <u>lakes</u> in the	world.			
	A	B C	D				
Question 18	8: The woman said to	her son that he <u>can</u> go out <u>v</u>	<u>when</u> he finished <u>all his</u>	s homework.			
	A	В	C	D			
Give the co	orrect form of the wo	ord given in each sentence.	(1.0 point)				
Question 19	Question 19: Lam will try to have a big of stamps. (collect)						
Question 20: This bus is used for students to school. (take)							
Question 21	1: An	film will help you feel	less depressed. (interes	st)			
Question 22	2: Ha Noi and areas to	the north will be	tomorrow.	(sun)			
Read the fo	ollowing passage and	l mark the letter A, B, C, l	O on your answer she	et to indicate the			
correct wo	rd or phrase that be	st fits each of the numbere	ed blanks. (1.0 point)				

The Mekong river

The Mekong River, (23) Southeast Asia, is the world's 12th—longest river and the						
7th longest in Asia.						
It's about 4.350 kilomet	res (24)	. and flows through	h six countries, including			
China, Myanmar, Laos, T	hailand, Cambodia and Vie	tnam. When flowing	into Vietnam, the Mekong			
River is also called Cuu I	ong River,					
(25)	(25)					
their businesses on the r	vers. The Mekong River is	(26)	to more than 850 kinds of			
freshwater fish.	freshwater fish.					
Question; 23 A. in	B. on	C. by	D. at			
Question 24: A. long	B. length	C. lengthen	D. longest			
Question 25: A. that	B. whom	C. which	D. where			
Question 26: A. home	B. place	C. region	D. country			

Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions. (1.0 point)

The Americans are keen to win the race to send human beings to Mars. In 1992, the new boss of NASA, Dan Goldin, called on the American people to be the first to send explorers to another planet in the solar system. He reminded them of the symbolic gift carried to the moon and back by the Apollo 11 mission. It bears a message intended for the crew of the first spaceship to visit Mars. Goldin thinks it is time to begin the preparation for this historic journey. His speech echoed the words of the President, who promised that in 2019, 50 years after Neil Armstrong became the first man to set foot on the moon, the first astronaut would stand on Mars.

By the end of the twentieth century, various unmanned spaceships will have thoroughly investigated the surface of the planet. But, however clever a robot may be, it cannot match the type of information which can be gained -from direct human experience. The first geologist on the moon, Harrison Schmitt, was capable of interpreting the story of the landscape on the spot. Until humans walk on the red deserts of Mars, we will not be able to determine the history of this frozen world in any detail.

Question 27: Who called on the Americans to be the first to send explorers to another planet in the solar system?

A. The president

B. Dan Goldin
C. Neil Armstrong
D. Harrison Schmitt
Question 28: According to the American President, when would the first astronaut probably stand on
Mars?
A. 1969
B. 1992
C. 2019
D. 2050
Question 29: According to the passage, by the end of the twentieth century, many will
have thoroughly investigated the surface of the planet.
A. manned spaceships
B. astronauts
C. robots
D. unmanned spaceships
Question 30: According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?
A. A clever robot and a human being can provide the same information from Mars.
B. The first geologist on the moon was Harrison Schmitt.
C. We will not be able to determine the history of Mars in any detail until humans walk on it.
D. The Americans are keen to win the race to send human beings to Mars.
Rearrange the word(s) in a correct order to make complete sentences. (1.0 point)
Question 31: to you / I / for a long time. / have not written
Question 32: will take place/ from 14 June to 15 July 2018./ The 2018 FIFA World Cup/ in Russia
Complete the sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the original one. (1.5 points)
Question 33: He gave my sister a smart phone on her birthday.
=> My sister was
Question 34: Watching "Lat mat: Ba chang khuyet" is very exciting.
=> It is
Question 35: It isn't nice, so we can't go for a picnic.
=> If it

I. PHONETICS

(1-3). Choose the wor	rd whose underlined	d part pronounced di	fferently from that of the others.				
1. a. m <u>ea</u> ning	b. r <u>ea</u> son	c. f <u>ea</u> ture	d. pl <u>ea</u> sant				
2. a. <u>ch</u> ampagne	b. <u>ch</u> oice	c. ex <u>ch</u> ange	d. <u>ch</u> ildren				
3. a. den <u>y</u>	b. stud <u>y</u>	c. typical	d. prett <u>y</u>				
(4-5). Choose the wor	(4-5). Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.						
4. a. earthquake	b. energy	c. extensive	d. damage				
5. a. sometimes	b. reduction	c. student	d. interesting				
II. GRAMMAR ANI	O VOCABULARY						
(6-20). Choose the wo	ord or phrase (a, b,	c or d) that best fits t	he blank space in each sentence.				
6. The final examinati	on will be held	July 10th,2008	8.				
a. in	b. on	c. at	d. to				
7. The children are exc	citedtheir	upcoming trip to the z	00.				
a. to	b. about	c. for	d. with				
8. Sixteen people show	wed for the v	olleyball training sessi	on.				
a. on	b. up	c. over	d. through				
9. she was an hour late	e, she didn't apologiz	ze.					
a. In spite of	b. Even though	c. However	d. Because				
10. They haven't	an AIDS vaccine						
a. yet developed		b. developed yet					
c. developed already		d. already developed					
11. People do exercise	e fit.						
a. to keep	b. keeping	c. kept	d. in keeping				
12. A person that you	make friends with by	writing letter is called	d a				
a. co-operator	b. cousin	c. close friend	d. penpal				

13. You look so depressed. You look you didn't have a friend in the world.								
a. as if	b. if only	c. even if	d. although					
14. Most parents think chatting on the Internet is								
a. time-release	b. time-wasting	c. time-saving	d. time-consuming					
15. It really annoys i	15. It really annoys me when people forget thank you.							
a. to say	b. saying	c. said	d. to saying					
16. Don't stay up lat	e,?							
a. do you	b. won't you	c. will you	d. shouldn't you					
17. If I were in charg	ge, I things diffe	erently.						
a. had done	b. will do	c. would do	d. would have done					
18. Would you mind	if I a friend to the pa	rty?						
a. bring	b. will bring	c. brought	d. would bring					
19. My father stoppe	edtwo years	ago.						
a. smoke	b. to smoke	c. smoking	d. smoked					
20. 'You got the first	t prize. Congratulation	ns!' ''						
a. You're welcome	b. Never mind	c. It's my pleasure	d. Thanks a lot					
(21-25). Choose the	underlined word or	phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.					
21. <u>Could</u> (A) you pl	hone me (B) as soon (C) as he' <u>ll com</u> e (D) b	back?					
22. Would you (A) p	olease stop <u>to make</u> (B) so (C) much noise (I	D)?					
23. Last summer I ha	ave staved (A) on (B)	my uncle (C) farm for	(D) two weeks.					
24. What (A) difficu	\underline{lt} (B) to master \underline{a} (C)	foreign language (D)!						
25. The police said (25. The police <u>said</u> (A) that they <u>had</u> (B) reacted as <u>fastly</u> (C) as they <u>could</u> (D).							
(26-30). Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.								

26. If you need any	help, you can ask To	m. He's very	(help)
27. I have a	to talk a lot	whenever I am nervou	s, (tend)
28. Gas and oil	always i	ncreases in cold weath	er, (consume)
29. We find advertis	ing on television ver	y (effe	ect)
30. The students we	ar their school unifor	rms with	(proud)
III. READING			
(31-38). Choose the	e word or phrase (a,	b, c or d) that best fit	s the blank space in the following
Most of the energy v	we use today (31)	from coal, oil and	d gas. But these will not last for ever,
and burning them is	slowly harming the	(32) We need to (33)_	other ways of supplying
energy. Solar Power	is a way of using the	e (34) energy a	as heat or to make electricity. We can
also use wind-power	r by building modern	(35) that spin	in the wind. There are several types
of water-power: rive	er water in mountaind	ous areas can (36)	to generate hydroelectric power,
and we can also crea	ate electricity (37)	sea water flowin	g in and out with the (38)
31. a. makes	b. creates	c. comes	d. begins
32. a. soil	b. atmosphere	c. water	d. resources
33. a. look after	b. look into	c. look at	d. look for
34. a. sun's	b. moon's	c. star's	d. earth's
35. a. windbreaks	b. windmills	c. wind tunnels	d. wind chimes
36. a. use	b. using	c. be used	d. to use
37. a. in	b. for	c. by	d. from
38. a. crests	b. ways	c. waves	d. tides

(39-43). Read the passage below and then decide whether the statements that follow are True or False.

Many people now think that teachers give students too much homework. They say that it is unnecessary for children to work at home in their free time. Moreover, they argue that most teachers do not properly plan the homework tasks they give to students. The result is that students have to repeat tasks which they have already done at school.

Most people agree that homework is unfair. A student who can do his homework in a quiet and comfortable room is in a much better position than a student who does his homework in a small, noisy room with the television on. Some parents help their children with their homework. Other parents take no interest at all in their children's homework.

It is important, however, that teachers talk to parents about homework. A teacher should suggest suitable tasks for parents to do with their children. Parents are often better at teaching their own children!

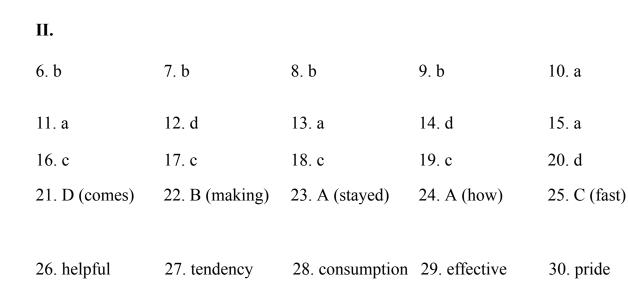
- 39. Many parents would like their children to have less homework.
- 40. Parents think that students should do a lot of work in their leisure time at home.
- 41. A lot of homework has not been planned properly, according to many
- 42. Only a small number of people think that homework is fair.
- 43. Teachers suggest parents should teach their own children at home.

IV. WRITING

- (44-46). Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) that is almost the same in meaning as the sentence given.
- 44. 'I'm leaving here for Hue tomorrow,' Hoa said.
- a. Hoa said that she is leaving there for Hue the day after.
- b. Hoa said that she was leaving there for Hue the day after.
- c. Hoa said that she would leave there for Hue the day aftey.
- d. Hoa said that she would leave here for Hue the day after.

a. You should r	ead that book							
b. That book ha	b. That book has not been used.							
c. You shouldn	c. You shouldn't use that book for reading.							
d. That book is	not worth rea	ding.						
46. I don't real	ly want to spe	nd my vacations in	n France.					
a. I would rathe	er not spend m	ny vacations in Fra	ince.					
b. I would like	to spend my v	vacations in France	2.					
c. I don't often	spend my vac	eations in France.						
d. I prefer spen	ding my vaca	tions in France.						
(47-50). Rewrit	te the sentence	es so that they are	nearest in meaning	g to the sentence printed	before			
47. He will onl	y phone if he	changes his mind.						
He won't								
48. I haven't be	een to Bristol	for three years.						
The last time								
49. 'Please sit down,' the teacher said to his students.								
The teacher								
50. He is too sh	nort to play ba	sketball.						
He's so								
Đáp án								
I.								
1. d	2. a	3. a	4. c	5. b				

45. It's no use reading that book.



III.

31. c 32. b 33. d 34. a 35. b

36. c 37. d 38. d

39. T 40. F 41. T 42. T 43. F

IV.

- 44. b 45. d 46. a
- 47. He won't phone unless he change his mind
- 48. The last time I went to Bristol was three years ago./ The last time I was in Bristol was three year ago.
- 49. The teacher asked/told his students to sit down
- 50. He's so short that can't play basketball.

ĐÈ 26

I. PHONETICS

(1-3). Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

a. meaning
 b. reason
 c. feature
 d. pleasant
 a. champagne
 b. choice
 c. exchange
 d. children
 a. deny
 b. study
 c. typical
 d. pretty

4. a. earthquake	b. energy	c. extensive	d. damage		
5. a. sometimes	b. reduction	c. student	d. interesting		
II. GRAMMAR AN	D VOCABULARY				
(6-20). Choose the w	vord or phrase (a, b,	c or d) that best fits t	he blank space in each sentence.		
6. The final examinat	tion will be held	July 10th,2008	3.		
a. in	b. on	c. at	d. to		
7. The children are ex	xcited their	upcoming trip to the z	200.		
a. to	b. about	c. for	d. with		
8. Sixteen people sho	owed for the ve	olleyball training sessi	ion.		
a. on	b. up	c. over	d. through		
9. she was an hour la	te, she didn't apologiz	e.			
a. In spite of	b. Even though	c. However	d. Because		
10. They haven't	an AIDS vaccine.				
a. yet developed		b. developed yet			
c. developed already		d. already developed	I		
11. People do exercis	e fit.				
a. to keep	b. keeping	c. kept	d. in keeping		
12. A person that you	ı make friends with by	writing letter is called	d a		
a. co-operator	b. cousin	c. close friend	d. penpal		
13. You look so depre	essed. You look	you didn't have a	friend in the world.		
a. as if	b. if only	c. even if	d. although		
14. Most parents thin	k chatting on the Inter	rnet is			
a. time-release	b. time-wasting	c. time-saving	d. time-consuming		
15. It really annoys me when people forget thank you.					

(4-5). Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.

a. to say	b. saying	c. said	d. to saying		
16. Don't stay up late	e,?				
a. do you	b. won't you	c. will you	d. shouldn't you		
17. If I were in charg	e, I things diffe	rently.			
a. had done	b. will do	c. would do	d. would have done		
18. Would you mind	if I a friend to the par	rty?			
a. bring	b. will bring	c. brought	d. would bring		
19. My father stoppe	dtwo years a	ago.			
a. smoke	b. to smoke	c. smoking	d. smoked		
20. 'You got the first	prize. Congratulation	s!'''			
a. You're welcome	b. Never mind	c. It's my pleasure	d. Thanks a lot		
(21-25). Choose the	underlined word or	phrase (A, B, C or I	O) that needs correcting.		
21. Could (A) you pl	none me (B) as soon (C	C) as he' <u>ll com</u> e (D) b	pack?		
22. <u>Would you</u> (A) p	lease stop <u>to make</u> (B)	so (C) much noise (I	D)?		
23. Last summer I <u>ha</u>	ive staved (A) on (B)	my uncle (C) farm for	(D) two weeks.		
24. What (A) difficu	$\underline{\text{lt}}$ (B) to master \underline{a} (C) $\underline{\textbf{f}}$	Foreign language (D)!			
25. The police said (A) that they <u>had</u> (B) re	eacted as fastly (C) as	they <u>could</u> (D).		
(26-30). Use the cor	rect form of the word	d given in each sente	nce.		
26. If you need any h	nelp, you can ask Tom	. He's very	(help)		
27. I have a	to talk a lot w	henever I am nervous	s, (tend)		
28. Gas and oil	always inc	creases in cold weather	er, (consume)		
29. We find advertising on television very (effect)					
30. The students wea	r their school uniform	s with	(proud)		

III. READING

(31-38). Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Most of the energy w	e use today (31)	from coal, oil and	gas. But these will not last for ever,
and burning them is s	slowly harming the (32	2) We need to (33)	other ways of supplying
energy. Solar Power i	s a way of using the (34) energy as	heat or to make electricity. We can
also use wind-power	by building modern (3	35) that spin i	in the wind. There are several types
of water-power: river	water in mountainous	s areas can (36)	to generate hydroelectric power,
and we can also creat	e electricity (37)	sea water flowing	g in and out with the (38)
31. a. makes	b. creates	c. comes	d. begins
32. a. soil	b. atmosphere	c. water	d. resources
33. a. look after	b. look into	c. look at	d. look for
34. a. sun's	b. moon's	c. star's	d. earth's
35. a. windbreaks	b. windmills	c. wind tunnels	d. wind chimes
36. a. use	b. using	c. be used	d. to use
37. a. in	b. for	c. by	d. from
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IV. WRITING

- (44-46). Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) that is almost the same in meaning as the sentence given.
- 44. 'I'm leaving here for Hue tomorrow,' Hoa said.
- a. Hoa said that she is leaving there for Hue the day after.
- b. Hoa said that she was leaving there for Hue the day after.
- c. Hoa said that she would leave there for Hue the day aftey.
- d. Hoa said that she would leave here for Hue the day after.
- 45. It's no use reading that book.
- a. You should read that book.
- b. That book has not been used.
- c. You shouldn't use that book for reading.
- d. That book is not worth reading.
- 46. I don't really want to spend my vacations in France.

b. I would like to	spend my vacation	ons in France.		
c. I don't often s	pend my vacations	in France.		
d. I prefer spend	ing my vacations is	n France.		
(47-50). Rewrite them.	e the sentences so the	hat they are neares	st in meaning to th	ne sentence printed before
47. He will only	phone if he change	es his mind.		
He won't				
48. I haven't bee	en to Bristol for thr	ee years.		
The last time				
49. 'Please sit do	own,' the teacher sa	aid to his students.		
The teacher				
50. He is too sho	ort to play basketba	11.		
He's so				
Đáp án				
I.				
1. d	2. a	3. a	4. c	5. b
II.				
6. b	7. b	8. b	9. b	10. a
11. a	12. d	13. a	14. d	15. a
16. c	17. c	18. c	19. c	20. d
21. D (comes)	22. B (making)	23. A (stayed)	24. A (how)	25. C (fast)

a. I would rather not spend my vacations in France.

26.	helpful	27. tendency	28. consumption	29. effective	30. pride	
III.						
31.	c	32. b	33. d	34. a	35. b	
36.	c	37. d	38. d			
39.	Т	40. F	41. T	42. T	43. F	
IV.						
44.	b	45. d	46. a			
47.	He won't phoi	ne unless he chang	e his mind			
48.	The last time l	went to Bristol w	as three years ago.	/ The last time I w	as in Bristol was three year	
ago.						
49.	The teacher as	sked/ told his stude	ents to sit down			
50.	He's so short t	that can't play bask	ketball.			
ÐÈ	27					
I. P	HONETICS					
(1-3). Choose the	word whose und	erlined part pron	ounced differently	y from that of the others.	
1.	a. f <u>a</u> mous	b. sp <u>a</u> ce	c. p <u>a</u> ce	d. att <u>a</u> ck		
2.	a. book <u>s</u>	b. cat <u>s</u>	c. dog <u>s</u>	d. map <u>s</u>		
3.	a. <u>h</u> ouse	b. <u>h</u> our	c. <u>h</u> ole	d. <u>h</u> umor		
(4-5	(4-5). Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.					
4.	a. linguistics	b. ordinary	c. teenag	ers d. gradu	aating	
5.	a. relax	b. recogni	ze c. realize	d. relati	vely	
II. (GRAMMAR .	AND VOCABUL	ARY			

6. Mike is always proud his success at school.					
a. on	b. of	c. at	d. in		
7. Many compani	ies participated_	the trade fair	r.		
a. on	b. of	c. in	d. to		
8. Never put	till tomorrow	what you can do toda	ay.		
a. off					
b. over					
c. back					
d. away					
9. They went on 1	playing	it started to rain.			
a. though					
b. because					
c. but					
d. despite					
10. In the 18th century, workers loved wearing jean because it did not					
a. break off					
b. tear off					
c. wear out					
d. come out					
11. We've got of	Etime, so there's	no need to rush.			
a. very much					
b. a number					

(6-20). Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in each sentence.

c. great deal
d. plenty
12. Shut the window, it'll get too cold in here.
a. unless
b. if not
c. otherwise
d. though
13. If she rich, she would travel around the world.
a. would be
b. is
c. has been
d. were
14. The <u>polluted</u> river is smelly and filthy.
a. dangerous
b. shallow
c. dirty
d. swollen
15. I wish youmaking that noise. It's bothering me.
a. would stop
b. will stop
c. stop
d. can stop

16. I expect a postcard from my pen friend in England today.
a. to receive
b. receiving
c. to be received
d. being received
17 you tell me how to get to the nearest supermarket?
a. May
b. Could
c. Do
d. Should
18. She is to lift such a heavy bag.
a. not enough strong
b. enough strong
c. not strong enough
d. strong not enough
19. The equipment in our office needs
a. to modernize
b. modernizing
c. modernized
d. modernization
20. Computers to do a lot of jobs these days.
a. are used

c. are using
d. use
(21-25). Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.
21. If only (A) I would (B) play the guitar as well (C) as you (D).
22. Don't (A) forget turning (B) off all the (C) lights before you go to (D)
23. My father wants to go (A) back to the places (B) where (C) he used to visit (D).
24. My family <u>lived</u> (A) in Ha Noi <u>since</u> (B) 1990 to 1998, <u>but now</u> (C) we <u>are living</u> (D) in Ho Chi Minh City.
25. Mary asked me if (A) I go (B) to school on foot (C) or by bike (D).
(26-30). Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence.
26. Energy-saving bulbs make use of electricity, (efficiency)
27. The most earthquake in Japanese history occurred in 1923. (disaster)
28. For many employees, jobis more important than making
money, (satisfy)
29. People fled from the earthquake area in (terrify)
30. Pompeii was completely destroyed in A.D.79 by anof Mount
Vesuvius, (erupt)
III. READING
(31-38). Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in the following
passage.
In the country of China, there is a wall that is 1,500 miles (31) It is called the Great Wall of China. It (32) uphill and down, through valleys and mountains. Every inch of this 1,500-mile wall (33) made by hand. The people of China made it to keep (34)

b. used to

their enemies. There	are watch (35)	all along the way. The	e wall, is made of brick and earth. It	
is high and wide on to	op. People can walk	along the top (36)	it were a road. It is said that it	
(37) ten years to build one part of this wall. No other defense line has ever been made as				
(38) as the Great Wall of China.				
31. a. long	b. length	c. lengthy	d. lengthen	
32. a. comes	b. moves	c. winds	d. lasts	
33. a. is	b. are	c. was	d. were	
34. a. off	b. out	c. in	d. up	
35. a. buildings	b. houses	c. boxes	d. towers	
36. a. as	b. if	c. as if	d. even if	
37. a. took	b. spent	c. made	d. lasted	
.38. a. long	b. longer	c. longest	d. length	
(20.42) Best decreased by the conference of the				

(39-43). Read the passage below carefully and choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

I get a lot of letters at this time of the year from people complaining that they have a cold which won't go away. There are so many different stories about how to prevent or cure a cold that it's often difficult to know what to do. Although colds are rarely dangerous, except for people who are already weak, such as the elderly or young babies, they are always uncomfortable and usually most unpleasant. Of course, you can buy lots of medicines which will help to make your cold less unpleasant, but you must remember that nothing can actually cure a cold or make it go away faster. Another thing is that any medicine which is strong enough to make you feel better could be dangerous if you are already taking drugs for some other illness so always with your chemist or doctor to see whether they are all right for you. And remember they might make you sleepy – please don't try to drive if they do! Lastly, as far as avoiding colds is concerned, whatever you may be told about magic foods or drinks, the best answer is to keep strong and healthy – you'll have less chance of catching a cold, and if you do, it shouldn't be so bad!

39. This is from	
a. doctor's notebook	b. a diary
c. a magazine	d. a school biology book

40. What is the writer's intention?	
a. to write in an amusing way	b. to give general advice
c. to complain about colds	d. to describe personal experience
41. Who should talk to the doctor before	e buying medicine for a cold?
a. People who are already weak.	
b. People who catch a bad cold?	
c. People who drive to work.	
d. People who are already taking drugs.	
42. What is the writer's opinion of 'mag	ic food and drink'?
a. The writer believes in it.	
b. The writer doesn't believe in it.	
c. The writer is concerned about it.	
d. The writer is interested in it.	
43. Which of the following is NOT true?	
a. Colds are not very often dangerous.	
b. Colds cannot be cured or prevented.	
c. Colds are uncomfortable and unpleasa	nnt.
d. Colds might make you sleepy.	
IV. WRITING	
(44-46). Choose the sentence (a, b, c or given.	d) that is almost the same in meaning as the sentence
44. He used to write home once a week.	

b. He never fails to write a weekly letter home.
c. He doesn't now write home once a week.
d. He was forced to write home every week.
45. Bridges is by far the richest man I know.
a. He is the richest man in my country.
b. He is one of many very rich men I know.
c. He is richer than all his friends.
d. He is much richer than anyone else I know.
46. Because of hard working, she feel ill.
a. She was too ill to work hard.
b. She did not work, so she fell ill.
c. She was not ill although she worked hard.
d. She worked so hard that she fell ill.
(47-50). Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before them.
47. People use money for buying and selling goods.
Money
48. Tm sorry I broke the glass,' Peter said to Jane.
Peter apologized
49. He is intelligent, but he doesn't do well at school.
He doesn't do well at school
50. If you run a lot, you will get fitter.

a. He enjoys writing home every week.

The more					
Đáp án					
I.					
1. d	2. c	3. b		4. a	5. a
II.					
6. b	7. c	8. a		9. a	10. c
11. d	12. c	13. d		14. c	15. a
16. a	17. b	18. c		19. b	20. a
III.					
21. B (could)		22. B (to turn) 23. C (which/ th		rhich/that)	
24. B (from)	25. B (went)				
26. efficient		27. disastro	ous	28. satisfaction	
29. terror		30. eruptio	n		
III.					
31. a	32. c	33. c		34. b	35. d
36. c	37. a	38. a			
39. c	40. b	41. d	4	42. b	43. d
IV.					

- 47. Money is used for buying and selling goods.
- 48. Peter apologized to Jane for breaking the glass.
- 49. He doesn't do well at school though/ although/ even though he is intelligent.

46. d

50. The more you run, the fitter you get.

45. d

ĐÈ 28

44. c

1. a. laugh	b. caught	c. naughty	d. taught		
2. a. design	b. <u>s</u> olar	c. web <u>s</u> ite	d. <u>s</u> ample		
3. a. received	b. watch <u>ed</u>	c. discover <u>ed</u>	d. destroyed		
(4-5). Choose the wo	ord whose main stress	s pattern is not the sa	me as that of the others.		
4. a. permanent	b. power	c. permission	d. carpet		
5. a. photography	b. minority	c. heroic	d. amateur		
II. GRAMMAR AN	D VOCABULARY				
(6-20). Choose the v	vord or phrase (a, b	, c or d) that best fit	ts the blank space in each sentence.		
6. The town of Goud	a is famousits	cheese.			
a. on	b. to	c. from	d. for		
7. He was happy to b	e friends ag	ain.			
a. among	b. in	c. near	d. off		
8. Were you brought	in the city or	in the country?			
a. off	b. forward	c. up	d. over		
9. The teacher made	Jane up and	answer his question.			
a. stand	b. standing	c. to stand	d. stands		
10. You'd better leav	10. You'd better leave for the airport now there's a lot of traffic on the way.				
a. in case	b. in order	c. in fact	d. in fact		
11. There was so many things that we never get .					
a. interesting – boring		b. interested – bored			
c. interested – boring		d. interesting – bored			
12. I turn on the radi	iolisten to the r	news.			
a. so that	b. in order	c. so as	d. in order to		

(1-3). Choose the word whose underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

13. I can speak	words of French, b	but I can't write it.	
a. little	b. a little	c. few	d. a few
14. If I had time, I_	to the countrys	ide with you this wee	ekend.
a. will go	b. would go	c. went	d. would have gone
15. My uncle	you met yesterday is	an engineer.	
a. which	b. what	c. whom	d. whose
16. Don't waste you	r breath wi	th him.	
a. arguing	b. argue	c. for arguing	d. to argue
17. When we came	to visit her last night,	she	
a. is watching	b. was watching	c. has watched	d. watched
18. You were not lis	stening in class, ?		
a. were you	b. weren't you	c. was it	d. wasn't it
19. I'll go to the tow	vn tomorrow, and	·	
a. so will my sister		b. my sister will eith	ner
c. neither will my si	ster	d. will my sister too	
20. I'll pass me the	newspaper? ~ Sure. I	Here you are.	
a. Would you mind	b. Could you please	c. May you	d. Why don't you
(21-25). Choose th	e underlined word o	or phrase (A, B, C or	r D) that needs correcting.
21. I' <u>ve been</u> (A) lo	oking forward to see	(B) you again since (C) we last <u>met</u> (D)
22. Her novel, that ((A) was <u>published</u> (B)) last month, is (C) or	ne of the best-sellers. (D)
23. We spent (A) an	interested (B) holida	y <u>in</u> (C) Ha Long Ba	y <u>last summer</u> (D).
24. Many (A) peopl	e have <u>complain</u> (B) a	about (C) the dirt from	m (D) the factory.
25. She <u>refused</u> (A)	to tell (B) us (C) whe	ere was she (D) going	5 .
(26-30). Use the con	rrect form of the wo	rd given in each sen	tence.
26. The talk was both	th and ente	ertaining, (inform)	

27. (27. Our school is sending three to the meeting, (represent)			
28. This singer is not very pretty but she sings very (beautiful)				
29. I	Mel Gibson is a	actor, (tale	ent)	
30. 7	There are significa	ant betwee	n America English	and British English (differ)
ш.	READING			
(31-	38). Choose the v	word or phrase (a,	b, c or d) that bes	t fits the blank space in the following
pass	age.			
Onli	ne gaming site Ro	oiworld (31)	_ 600 teens ages 13	to 17 in late April and found that teens
spen	d two hours per	day online on averag	ge, 80% of which is	s spent using a (32) network.
Thes	se same teens are,	however, showing s	igns of "Facebook l	Fatigue." Nearly one in five (19%) who
have	an account (33)_	visit Facebook	or are using it less	s. Of the group that are saying goodbye
to F	acebook, 45% ha	ave (34)	interest, 16%	are leaving because their parents are
there	e, 14% say there	e are "too many a	dults/older people"	and 13% are concerned about the
(35)	of	their personal infor	rmation. While inte	rest in Facebook may be waning, it's
still	the most popular	social network (36)_	teens – 78%	have created a profile and 69% still use
it. Y	ouTube (37)	second; 64% of tee	ns claim to have a	YouTube profile and continue to use the
site.	MySpace comes i	in a distant third (419	%) and Twitter take	s the fourth (38) (20%).
31.	a. worked	b. suggested	c. surveyed	d. admited
32.	a. common	b. supportive	c. national	d. social
33.	a. no longer	b. any more	c. once more	d. any time
34.	a. developed	b. lost	c. taken	d. pursued
35.	a. firmness	b. public	c. source	d. privacy
36.	a. within	b. between	c. among	d. around
37.	a. ranks	b. achieves	c. takes	d. offers
38.	a. way	b. spot	c. line	d. rate
(39_	39-43). Read the passage below and then decided whether the statements that follow are True			

(39-43). Read the passage below and then decided whether the statements that follow are True or False.

THE TELEPHONE

You may use the telephone every day but how much do you know about it? The telephone was invented by Alexander Bell in 1876. Bell was born in Scotland in 1847. Later he went to live in the USA. Bell was always interested

in sound. He wanted to be able to send sound through a wire. He had a workshop in his house in America and did many experiences there.

One day, he was doing an experiment in his workshop. He was careless and spilt some burning liquid onto his clothes. Talking into his telephone, Bell said, 'Mr. Watson, I want you to come over here immediately, please.' His assistant, Watson, was in another room far away from the workshop. However he heard Bell clearly on his own telephone. Quickly, he ran to Bell's workshop. 'Mr. Bell, I heard every word you said!' Watson shouted excitedly.

Bell had finally succeeded. He had invented the first telephone. Later other inventors made better ones.

- 39. Alexander Bell invented the telephone when he was twenty six.
- 40. Bell emigrated from Scotland to the USA.
- 41. Bell did the one experiment and he succeeded.
- 42. Bell invented the telephone by chance.
- 43. Later the telephone was improved.

IV. WRITING

(44-46). Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) that is almost the same in meaning as the sentence given.

- 44. He won't find a seat unless he's got a ticket.
- a. He has got a ticket, and so will find a seat.
- b. He can't find a seat although he has a ticket.
- c. He will be able to get a ticket if he finds a seat.

45. 'You oughtn'	't to drive fast.	.' Jack's mothe	er told him.	
a. Jack's mother	begged him n	ot to drive fast		
b. Jack's mother	made him not	to drive fast.		
c. Jack's mother	advised him n	not to drive fast	t.	
d. Jack's mother	suggested not	driving fast.		
46. It's been four	rteen years sin	ce I last saw m	ny uncle.	
a. I didn't see my	y uncle fourtee	en years ago.		
b. I see my uncle	e once every fo	ourteen years.		
c. I haven't seen	my uncle for	fourteen years.		
d. I saw my uncl	e when I was	fourteen years	old.	
(47-50). Write c	complete sent	ences using th	e suggested words.	
47. the air/ now/	polluted/ heav	vily/ traffic fun	nes//	
48. these math p	roblems/ diffic	cult/ us/ find/ a	nswer//	
49. this/ house/ I	/ born.			
50. I/ interested/	learn/ English	n/ and want/ im	nprove/ speaking skill	
Ι.				
1. a	2. a	3. b	4. c	5. d
II.				

d. He will only get a seat if he has a ticket.

16. a	17. b	18. a	19. a	20. b	
21. B (to se	eeing)	22. A (which)	23.]	B (interesting)	
24. B (com	plained)	25. D (she was)			
26. informa	ntive	27. representatives	28.1	beautifully	
29. talented	l	30. difference			
III.					
31. c	32. d	33. a	34. b	35. d	
36. c	37. a	38. b	39. F	40. T	
41. F	42. T	43. T			
IV.					
44. d	45. c	46. c			
47. The air	is now heavily	polluted with traffic fu	mes.		
48. These n	nath problems	were difficult for us to	find the answ	ver.	
49. This is	the house when	re I was born.			
50. I am int	terested in lear	ning English and want t	o improve m	y speaking skill.	
ĐÈ 29					
I. PHONE	TICS				
(1-3). Choo	ose the word v	vhose underlined part	pronounced	differently from tha	t of the others.
1. a. pr <u>ou</u>	<u>ı</u> d	b. y <u>ou</u> ng c.	f <u>ou</u> nd	d. <u>ou</u> t	

9. a

14. b

10. a

15. c

8. c

13. d

7. a

12. d

6. d

11. d

2.

3.

a. s<u>ch</u>ool

a. deaf

(4-5). Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.

c. scholarship

c. br<u>ea</u>d

d. chopsticks

d. meat

b. <u>Ch</u>ristmas

b. head

5. a. animal	b. bacteria	c. dynamite	d. pyramid
II. GRAMMAR A	ND VOCABULAR	Y	
(6-20). Choose the	word or phrase (a, l	b, c or d) that best f	its the blank space in each sentence.
6. I had no money_	me when I came	across a nice shirt.	
a. by	b. at	c. on	d. over
7. Look! The	ere's a big hole in from	nt of you	
a. on	b. over	c. off	d. out
8. She often goes sv	vimming Sur	nday mornings.	
a. on	b. over	c. in	d. at
9. Jack insisted that	he didn't need any h	elp. I helped him any	way.
a. and	b. so	c. for	d. but
10. Thousands of pe	eople took part in a _	of support for f	ree higher education.
a. march	b. gathering	c. demonstration	d. crowd
11. It is estimated th	nat four million	watched the show	on television.
a. observers	b. onlookers	c. viewers	d. spectators
12. Some English v	vords have the same	pronunciation	they are spelled differently, for
example, dear and d	leer.		
a. unless	b. since	c. even though	d. only if
13. If the engine get	ts too hot, it	_ to smoke.	
a. starts	b. is starting	c. would start	d. will be started
14. Do you know th	e man over	there?	
a. stands	b. who stand	c. stood	d. standing
15. I hope the children	ren soon got used	in much smalle	er house.
a. live	b. to live	c. living	d. to living

c. machine

b. rubbish

4.

a. common

d. cyclone

16. Help is needed for families		homes were destro	homes were destroyed in the storm.		
a. who's	b. whose	c. which	d. whom		
17. The seeds_	into flour which is	used for pancakes, no	oodles and breads.		
a. grinded	b. are ground	c. are grounded	d. ground		
18the g	gold medal, he will hav	e to do better than tha	t.		
a. To win	b. So he wins	c. That he wins	d. Winning		
19. When I firs	t met him, he wore				
a. a brown nice	leather jacket	b. a nice leather b	rown jacket		
c. a leather nice	e brown jacket	d. a nice brown le	eather jacket		
20. 'Won't you	ı have something to dri	nk?'''			
a. I'm sorry, I v	von't.	b. Not for me, tha	nk you.		
c. I'm afraid I c	ean't.	d. I've no idea.			
(21-25). Choos	e the underlined wor	d or phrase (A, B, C	or D) that needs correcting.		
21. She <u>cried</u> (A	A) very <u>hardly</u> (B) whe	n she <u>heard</u> (C) the <u>ne</u>	ews of (D) the accident.		
22. It has been	(A) <u>a</u> (B) long time wh	en (C) I last wrote to	(D) you.		
23. The food th	at (A) my mother is co	oking (B) in the kitch	en is smelling (C) delicious (D).		
24. We found se	ome (A) garden <u>furnitu</u>	ares (B) in that (C) old	house we <u>bought</u> (D).		
25. I know <u>little</u>	e (A) English, so (B) I'	ll have this letter to tr	anslate (C) into (D) Vietnamese		
(26-30). Use th	e correct form of the	word given in each s	entence.		
26. The heating	g switches off	(automatic)			
27. Malaysia ha	asclima	te, (tropic)			
28. You should	do what the	told if you w	ant to pass the driving test, (instruct)		
29. He is a tour	rist guide so we all take	his	. (guide)		

30. Your exam results are rather______. I expect you to do better, (disappoint) READING (31-38). Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that best fits the blank space in the following passage. A 9.0 - 9.1 magnitude (31) followed by a tsunami hit the east coast of Japan in March 11, 2011. With an underwater depth of 29 km, this was the largest earthquake to ever (32)

Japan in recorded history. Documented as the 4th most powerful earthquake in the world, it was for the death of 15,894 people with 6,152 injured and 2,562 people (34) also affected 20 prefectures, with over 127,000 buildings (35) destroyed and over 272,000 buildings "half collapsed". The earthquake also caused a near nuclear when there was a partial meltdown in 3 (37) of the Fukushima Daiichi nuclear power plant, (38) is the 2nd largest nuclear disaster after Chernobyl. 31. a. hurricane b. earthquake c. typhoon d. cyclone

- 32. a. occur b. shake c. strike d. destroy
- 33. a. resulted b. sensible c. reliable d. responsible
- 34. a. missing b. crossing c. passing d. including
- 35. a. strongly b. fully c. completely d. frequently
- 36. a. energy b. disaster c. weapon d. waste
- 37. a. contributors b. controllers c. stationers d. reactors
- 38. a. which b. that c. where d. it

(39-43). Read the passage below carefully and choose the correct answer a, b, c or d.

MY HOME TOWN

I was born in Newcastle, a city in the North East of England. Newcastle is on the bank of the River Tyne. It is a quite big city of about 200,000 inhabitants. There is a cathedral and a university. There are five bridges over the River Tyne, which link Newcastle to the next town, Gateshead, where there is one of the biggest shopping centres in the world, the Metro Centre.

A few years ago, the main industries were shipbuilding and coal - mining, but now the chemical and soap industries are important.

I moved from Newcastle ten years ago but I often return. I miss the people, who are so warm and friendly, and I miss the wild, beautiful countryside near the city, where there are so many hills and streams.

39. Newcastle is	
a. a city near the North East of England	
b. a city in the North East of England	
c. a city in the North of England	
d. a small town in England	
40. Newcastle has	·
a. one of the biggest shopping centers	
b. a wild, beautiful countryside	
c. a population of about 200,000 people	
d. one bridge that links it to the next town	
41. Gateshead has one of	in the world.
a. the largest rivers	
b. the most important shipbuilding industrie	es
c. the most beautiful countrysides	
d. the biggest shopping centres	
42. According to the passage, the writer	·
a. is still living in Newcastle	
b. has never returned to Newcastle	

d. has come back to live in Newcastle 43. Which of the following is NOT true about Newcastle? a. Its people is friendly. b. Its main industry now is shipbuilding, c. It has a cathedral and a university, d. It is next to Gateshead **WRITING** (44-46). Choose the sentence (a, b, c or d) that is almost the same in meaning as the sentence given. 44. You would like London if you visited it. a. You're unlikely to visit London. b. You've never visited London, c. You're going to visit London soon. d. You've already visited London. 45. Unlike his sister, Bob exercises every day. a. Bob and his sister exercise every day. b. Bob exercises every day, but his sister doesn't. c. Bob's sister exercises every day, but he doesn't. d. Bob's sister doesn't exercise every day, and neither does he. 46. The bread was so stale to eat. a. It was stale 'to eat the bread b. We cannot eat the bread because it was "burn.

c. doesn't live in Newcastle any more

d. The bread	was not fres	h enough to eat.			
(47-50). Rev		entences so that the	ey are nearest	t in meaning to	the sentence printed
47. Who will	take care of	the children when yo	ou are away?		
Who will loo	k				_
48. John coul	ld not find th	ne way to the hotel.			
John was not					-
49. The door	was so heav	y that the child could	not push it op	en.	
The door was	s too				_
50. It's ages s	since we me	t Lopez.			
We					_
Đáp án					
I.					
1. b II.	2. d	3. d	4. c	5. b	
6. c	7. d	8. a	9. d	10. c	
11. c	12. c	13. a	14. d	15. d	
16. b	17. b	18. a	19. d	20. b	
21. B (hard)		22. A (since)	23. F	3 (smells)	
24. B (furnitu	ure)	25. D (translated)			
26. automatic	cally	27. tropical	28.ir	structor	
29. guidance	÷	30. disappointing			

c. Eating the bread was stale.

III.					
31. b	32. c	33. d	34. a	35. c	
36. b	37. d	38. a	39. b	40. c	
41. d	42. c	43. b			
IV.					
44. b	45. b	46. d			
47. Who will loo	ok after the chil	dren when yo	ou are away?		
48. John was no	t able to find th	e way to the	hotel.		
49. The door wa	s too heavy for	the child to j	push it open.		
50. We haven't i	met Lopez for a	ges.			
Đ Ề 30					
I. PHONETICS	S				
(1-3). Choose th	ne word whose	underlined	part pronounced	differently from that of the otl	hers.
1. a. au <u>th</u> or	b. e <u>th</u> nio	2	c. heal <u>th</u>	d. ga <u>th</u> er	
2. a. fl <u>ew</u>	b. dr <u>ew</u>		c. kn <u>ew</u>	d. gr <u>ew</u>	
3. a. <u>c</u> elebrate	b. <u>c</u> aptu	re	c. <u>c</u> onserve	d. <u>c</u> omprise	
(4-5). Choose t	he word whose	e main stress	s pattern is not tl	ne same as that of the others.	
4. a. writer	b. teach	ier	c. builder	d. career	
5. a. company	b. atmos	sphere	c. customer	d. employment	
GRAMMAR A	AND VOCABU	JLARY			
(6-20). Choose	the word or ph	rase (a, b, c	or d) that best fi	ts the blank space in each sente	ence.
6. Those boys ar	e addicted	compute	er games.		
a. on	b. for		c. to	d. with	
7. They will fini	sh the work				
a. on	b. over		c. in	d. out	

8. The design and mate	erial used for men were	differentthose us	sed for women.
a. at	b. from	c. with	d. in
9. We have to start ear	ly we won't be l	ate.	
a. so that	b. because	c. although	d. otherwise
10. Will you buy an el	ectric car when they	available?	
a. become	b. became	c. are becoming	d. will become
11. Everybody must ta	ke part in		
a. protecting	b. preserving	c. controlling	d. preventing
12. Neil Armstrong,	first walked in	the moon, lived in the U	JSA.
a. who	b. that	c. whom	d. whose
13. Baird produced the	e first TV picture in 192	?	
a. didn't he	b. wasn't he	c. doesn't he	d. hasn't he
14. Traditionally, the a	o dai by bot	h men and women.	
a. frequently wore	b. was frequent worn	c. worn frequently	l. was frequently worn
15. Wewear he	elmets in order to keep t	the traffic law and prote	ct ourselves.
a. may	b. can	c. should	d. need
16. She asked me if I_	any other langua	age.	
a. speak	b. spoke	c. can speak	d. would speak
17. Internet bars mustr	n't let anybody	bad things.	
a.	b. to watch	c. watching	d. watches
18. Would you be	to hold the door ope	en?	
a. too kind	b. so kind	c. kind enough	d. as kind
19. It's a pity you live	so far away. I wish you	<u> </u>	
a. lived nearer	b. live near	c. lived near	d. live nearer
20. Tm really sorry ab	out that!' '	!'	

a. That's right	b. Of course	c. You're welcome	d. It's OK
(21-25). Choose the u	nderlined word or	phrase (A, B, C or D) tha	at needs correcting.
21. Should I (A) be ou	t when you call, jus	at leave (B) a message with	(C) my assistant? (D)
22. If I have many (A)	homework (B) to d	lo, I will not be (C) able to	attend (D) the meeting.
23. When I arrived (A)) home, my father <u>v</u>	vas reading (B) the newspa	per <u>and</u> (C)
my mother watched (I	O) TV.		
24. $\underline{\text{Most of}}(A)$ their \underline{f}	arm (B) work used	to do (C) by hand (D).	
25. In the (A) United S	States, Mother's (B)	Day is celebrated (C) on s	econd (D) Sunday in May.
(26-30). Use the corre	ect form of the wor	d given in each sentence.	
26. It was completely_	because of j	poor planning, (fail)	
27. Reduce means not	buying products wh	nich are (package))
28. We find the rice-co	ooking contest	(interest)	
29. The main source o	f income for most n	ewspapers is adve	ertising, (commerce)
30. Computers were a	wonderful	at the time, (invent)	
READING			
(31-38). Choose the w	vord or phrase (a,	b, c or d) that best fits the	blank space in the following
passage.			
Every child in Great B	britain between the a	nge of five and fifteen must	31) school. There are three
main types of education	onal institutions: pri	mary (elementary) schools,	(32) schools, and
universities. State scho	ools are free, and att	tendance is (33)	Morning school begins at nine
o'clock and (34)	_ until half past for	ır. School is open five days	a week. On Saturdays and
Sundays there are (35)	lessons. Th	ere are holidays at Christm	as, Easter and in summer. In
London as in all cities	there are two grade	es of state schools for (36)_	who will go to work at
fifteen: primary schoo	ls for boys and girls	(37) the ages of five	ve and eleven, and
secondary schools for	children from eleve	n to fifteen years. The less	ons are: reading, writing, the

English language, English literature, English history, geography, science, (38)_____ study, drawing, painting, singing, woodwork and drill (physical training).

31. a. attend	b. present	c. visit	d. leave
32. a. private	b. preparatory	c. secondary	d. nursery
33. a. free	b. compulsory	c. regular	d. important
34. a. ends	b. finishes	c. lasts	d. passes
35. a. some	b. none	c. not	d. no
36. a. this	b. these	c. that	d. those
37. a. in	b. between	c. from	d. of
38. a. Nature	b. Natural	c. Naturalized	d. Natured

(39-43). Read the passage below and then decided whether the statements that follow are True or False.

Lunar New Year, or Tet, is Vietnam's main holiday. It is the biggest and the most important occasion in the year which falls sometime between 19th January and 20 February on the Western calendar.

Tet preparations and celebrations used to be spread over months, but nowadays the holiday is much shorter. However, a great deal of excitement still builds up well before Tet. Shops are full of goods. People are busy buying gifts, cleaning and decorating their houses and cooking traditional foods such as bank chung, bank tet.

On the days of Tet, people visit other family members and friends, and they exchange New Year's wishes. Children receive their "lucky money" inside red envelopes. Both children and adults take part in games and various forms of entertainment. Tet is really a time of fun and festivals throughout the country.

- 39. Tet or Lunar New Year holiday is the most important celebration for Vietnamese people.
- 40. Tet is always on 20th February on the Western calendar.
- 41. Nowadays, Tet lasts longer than it used to be.
- 42. According to the text, "lucky money" is given to everyone at Tet.

43. Tet is a great occasion of joy and of entertainment.
WRITING
(44-46). Choose the best sentence (a, b, c or d) made from the given cues.
44. cars/ fast and comfortable/ than/ motorcycles//
a. Cars are faster and more comfortable than motorcycles.
b. Cars are more fast and comfortable than motorcycles are.
c. Cars are faster and comfortable than motorcycles are.
d. Cars are fast and comfortable than motorcycles.'
45. how/ spend/ homework?//
a. How much time you spend on doing your homework?
b. How long do you spend to do your homework?
c. How much time do you spend oil your homework?
d. How do you spend your time in your homework?
46. The children/ enjoy/ take/ Dam Sen Water Park//
a. The children enjoy taking to Dam Sen Water Park.
b. The children enjoy to take to Dam Sen Water Park.
c. The children enjoy being taken to Dam Sen Water Park.
d. The children enjoy to be taken to Dam Sen Water Park.
(47-50). Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before them.
47. Please don't play your music so loudly.
Would you mind?
48. Let's go camping tomorrow.

Why don't_				?
49. Children	n shouldn't swi	m in this pool because it	is too deep.	
This pool is	not			
50. The hou	se is really bea	utiful!		
What				!
Đáp án				
I.				
1. d	2. c	3.	4. d	5. d
II.				
6. c	7. a	8. b	9. a	10. a
11. d	12. a	13. a	14. d	15. c
16. b	17. a	18. c	19. a	20. d
21. D (.)		22. A (much)	23. D	(was watching)
24. C (to be	done)	25. D (the second)		
26. failure		27. overpackaged 28. interesting		nteresting
29. commer	cial	30. invention		
III.				
31. a	32. c	33. b	34. c	35. d
36. d	37. b	38. a		
39. T	40. F	41. F	42. F	43. T
IV.				
44. a	45. c	46. c		

47. Would you mind not playing your music so loudly?

- 48. Why don't we go camping tomorrow?
- 49. This pool is no shallow enough for children to swim in.
- 50. What a beautiful house!