

Unit 3: Medieval Europe

Study Guide

Vocabulary:

1. Charlemagne	9. Leonardo Da Vinci
2. Feudalism	10. Protestant Reformation
3. Manorial System	11. Johannes Gutenberg
4. Black Plague	12. Martin Luther
5. Crusades	13. John Calvin
6. Renaissance	14. King Henry VIII
7. Humanism	15. Elizabeth I
8. Michelangelo	16. Counter Reformation
	17. Jesuits

Sample Questions

1. Draw and label the feudal pyramid.
2. Why was feudalism the primary political, economic, and social system of Medieval Europe?
3. How do peasants play a role in the feudal society?
4. Explain the main features or characteristics of the manor?
5. How did different members of feudal society experience life differently?
6. Explain how social structure was similar to church structure in Medieval Europe.
7. How does the Church become more of a political institution than a religious institution? (Think about punishment and the lasting impact of this punishment)
8. What were the motivations behind the crusades?
9. What were the impacts/ effects of the Crusades?
10. What impact did the Black Plague have over Medieval Europe?
11. What evidence supports that the rise of the city of Florence was due to social, economic, and political reasons?
12. What characteristics can be placed with a "Renaissance Man?"
13. What defines a piece of art during the Renaissance?
14. What were Machiavelli's views on leadership?
15. Describe how Humanism impacted the Middle Ages.
16. Why did Martin Luther start the Protestant Reformation?
17. How did the ideas of the Protestant Reformation spread?
18. What events lead to the English Reformation?
19. How did Henry VIII and Elizabeth I play roles in the English Reformation?
20. What was the Catholic Church's response to the Protestant Reformation?
21. What impact did the Jesuits have?

Free Response Question:

1. Which had the bigger impact on the world, the Crusades or the printing press? Be sure to explain why with THREE pieces of evidence.
2. Why did Martin Luther challenge the Catholic Church?