

PAPER TITLE* (Use style : paper title)

Line 1 ¹ Given Name Surname ² Given Name Surname ³ Given Name Surname ⁴ Given Name Surname

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Abstrak (*Bhs Indonesia*)

Abstrak terdiri dari penjelasan masalah, tujuan penelitian, metode penelitian dan hasil penelitian. Abstrak ditulis dalam 2 bahasa (Inggris dan Indonesia), dalam 1 paragraf, 1 spasi, dan jumlah kata minimal 150 kata dan maksimal 250 kata.

***Catatan: Jangan Menggunakan Simbol, Karakter Khusus, Catatan Kaki, atau Matematika dalam Judul atau Abstrak.**

Kata kunci : Minimal 3 dan maksimal 5 kata kunci

Kata kunci berisi istilah penting dan substansi artikel, memudahkan pembaca menemukan artikel, dan ditulis dalam huruf tebal dan miring

Abstract (*English*)

Abstract consists of an explanation of the problem, purpose of research, research methods and research results. Abstracts are written in 2 languages (English and Indonesian), in 1 paragraph, 1 space spacing, and with a minimum number of words of 150 and a maximum of 250 words.

***Note: Do Not Use Symbols, Special Characters, Footnotes, or Math in Paper Title or Abstract.**

Keywords : *Minimal 3 and maximal 5 key words*

Keywords contain important terms and article substance, make it easier for readers to find articles, and are written in bold and italic

Example:

Keywords : Gender, Social, Muslim, and Societes.

Introduction. The introduction should contain (structured) general background, the problem, previous literature review (state of art) as the basis of a statement of the scientific novelty of the article, a statement of scientific novelty, and the research problem or hypothesis. At the end of the introduction should be written the

purpose of the article studies. In a scientific article, the format is not allowed for the review of the literature as well as in a research report, but expressed in the previous literature review (state of the art) to demonstrate the scientific novelty of the article and can be written development conceptually based on previous research studies.

Method. The method used to solve the problem is written in this section, Methods must be structured, clear and understandable as well as the right to use the method.

Results: Results can be presented in the form of numeric tables, graphs, verbal descriptions, or a combination of the three. Tables, graphics, or pictures should not be too long, too big, or too many. Authors should use variations in the presentation of tables, graphics, or verbal descriptions. The tables and graphs presented should be referenced in the text.

Table 1. Table Styles

Table Head	Table Column Head		
	Table column subhead	Subhead	Subhead
Copy	More Copy		

Discussion: in this section is not re-write the research findings, but more scientifically reviewing the results of research, not restate data obtained research results. The scientific findings should be described in Science include: Do the scientific findings obtained? Why did it happen? Why such a variable trend? All

these questions must be explained scientifically, not merely descriptive, must be supported by scientific phenomena. Furthermore, it should be explained also in comparison with the results of other researchers about the same topic. The results of the research and findings must be able to answer the research hypotheses in the introduction.

Conclusions: Each article closed with the conclusion that summarizes the answers of the hypothesis or research purposes or scientific findings obtained. Conclusions do not contain repetition of results and discussion, but rather to a summary of the findings as expected on purpose or hypothesis. If necessary, at the end of the conclusion can also write things that will be associated with the next idea of the study.

References. All references in the article text must be written in the References section. References must include references from primary sources (journals). Scientific journals at least 80% of the total bibliography) published in the last 5 years. Every article containing at least 15 (fifteen) references has been referred to. The reference writing format used in the journal of Gender and Social Inclusion in Muslim Societes is in the Vancouver format using Mendeley or etc.

- Sugiyono. (2010). *Metode Penelitian Bisnis*. (Bandung: Alfabeta).
- Mizwar, Saifudin. (2001). *Metode Penelitian Kualitatif*. (Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar).