

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## *Resilience and Resistance Sources*

Look over the five sources providing evidence of the resilience and resistance of free and enslaved African Americans.

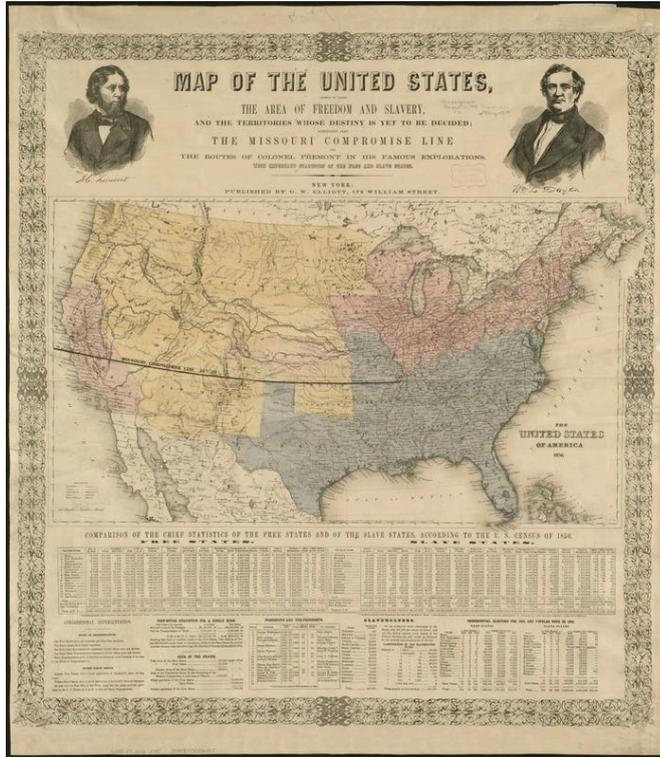
Choose 2 of these sources as evidence to support a claim in response to the question:

**How did free and enslaved Africans resist oppression and show resilience?**

Source 1: Storage Jar	Source 2: David Walker
 <p style="text-align: center;"><a href="#">Storage Jar</a></p>	<p>"...we ask [white men] for nothing but the rights of man...for them to set us free, and treat us like men, and there will be no danger, for we will love and respect them, and protect our country--but cannot conscientiously do these things until they treat us like men."</p>
Source 3: Anthony Burns	Source 4: Diagram to Protect Fugitive from Slave Catcher
<p>"I am not able to speak very favorable of July or the cause of rejoicing, on the day in this country, as it was not the day on which my liberty, nor the liberty of my Race was achieved...But I proposed to my people, to spend the day in prayer to God for the hastening of a general emmancipation day to all the Human Race..."</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;"><a href="#">Diagram</a></p>

Source 5: Henry Box Brown

[Map of the United States, 1856](#)



During the Early Republic, the United States government and enslavers viewed enslaved people as \_\_\_\_\_.

This created oppression because

However, free and enslaved African Americans resisted this oppression and showed resilience by (claim)

Source \_\_\_\_\_ shows that free and enslaved Africans Americans resisted oppression and showed resilience because

Source \_\_\_\_\_ shows that free and enslaved Africans Americans resisted oppression and showed resilience because

In conclusion,