

[Nutrition and the Skin pt. 1]

**Intro:**

- Skincare can sometimes feel overwhelming. Whether it's finding the right products, ingredients or treatments — there's a lot out there – *but* not always for women of color.
- That's why I set out to educate myself and others, so that we can *all* feel beautiful in our skin.
- Hello, and Welcome to The Skin Report. I'm Dr. Simran Sethi, an internal medicine doctor, mom of 3, and CEO and founder of RenewMD medical spas (and skin by dr Sethi)
- For the months of September and October, we took a deep dive into specific topics - skin of color and melasma, respectively
- While we won't be covering a 4-part series in November, we will be tackling something else: skincare trends and pressing topics
- Today's topic is the relationship between our nutrition and our skin
  - I feel like every year there's a new food that beauty influencers are either eliminating or encouraging you to eat that will help clear skin and make it shine
- But from a scientific perspective, what's really going on?
  - Keep listening to find out

**Act One**

- You may know from listening to the podcast that the basis of my skincare line and practice is to nourish the skin renewal cycle at every step
- By using potent ingredients that optimize new and younger skin renewal, we can balance our pigment production for healthy glowy skin.
- We can nourish our skin both externally and internally

- When we think of achieving “good skin” we tend to focus on the external by applying topical creams and serums.
- Of course, topical applications are important, but in order for any active topical ingredients to actually work, they have to first cross the skin’s keratinized dead layer before going into the epidermis and dermis.
- You may recall from episode 7 of the Skin Report, we discussed medical grade formulations
  - You can find a link to that episode in our shownotes.
  - In it, I mentioned how medical grade skincare has the ability to reach the dermis, compared to drugstore products which typically only stays on the epidermis
- However, what we eat or don’t eat also has a tremendous effect on our skin.
- That’s why today, I’d like to focus on internal signals – how our food impacts acne production and skin aging
- As we enter the holiday season in the US and the wedding season in places like India, we want to look our best!
- Despite the pandemic, the events industry grew by a net 4% in 2022
- So for many of us, this may be our first time returning to large gatherings, overseas familial events and more!
  - So let’s talk about how we can enjoy enticing foods while keeping our skin healthy from the inside out – and for the long run
- Stay tuned to hear me tackle the most common food culprits for breakouts
- Growing up, I think we all have heard about foods that supposedly cause acne such as pizza, chocolate, ice cream and more
- It’s quite staggering how many people, even today, still believe that acne is caused by eating greasy foods and sugars
- While there is some truth to that, scientific evidence tells a more nuanced story
  - When we return, we’ll tackle the three most common foods or fats that may lead to acne

## Act Two

- Before we dive in, I want to quickly say that health doesn't occur in a vacuum - while there are general understandings, every person and their body have certain need – and if you have a condition or allergies, you will need something even more specialized
- Alongside that, I want to emphasize that I believe in balance, not necessarily elimination or rigid restriction when it comes to most food
  - There are no **morally** “good” and “bad” foods – there are just some foods that are more nutrient-dense, as well as some fats and ingredients that help fuel our bodies, brains and skin than others
- So without further ado, let's look at the three most popular foods and fats associated with acne – Dairy, chocolate, and fatty acids
- There has historically been a lot of debate around whether dairy hurts or helps our skin
- In recent years, the conversation and research has shifted to show that the consumption of dairy has been proven to directly increase acne production in teenagers and young adults.
  - For example The International Journal of Dermatology published a recent review in which they compiled large data bases of acne and nutritional studies to draw conclusions on what worsens and improves acne
  - Dairy was included in this study, and if you'd like read the report directly, you can find the link in our shownotes
- However, I'll summarize the findings here
  - Dairy has been shown to increase levels of androgens which will promote sebum production
  - As we've discussed on the show before, sebum is the natural oil our skin produces – it helps to keep us moisturized, but too much of it, and it can lead towards more acne
  - I'm not suggesting to completely remove drinking milk, or eating cheeses and yogurts
  - However, if you suffer from acne, substituting dairy with a plant based milk and reducing cheeses and yogurts may help to curb breakouts
- **For example, 1 cup of unsweetened almond milk has only .4 grams of sugar in it compared to cow's milk, which contains over 12 grams in 1 cup**

- One more thing about the dairy findings –
  - As I said, they trigger greater sebum production
  - Why is this important to know?
  - It means that if you have dry or mature skin, and do not currently suffer with acne, you may not need to reduce your dairy intake
- When we understand how different foods and fats can lead to more acne, we will have a better grasp on how it applies to our specific skin, based on type and age
- Onto chocolate.
  - Chocolate in excess quantities has been shown to increase acne breakouts. There aren't any conclusive studies that point towards dark vs milk chocolate consumption but in general, if the chocolate has more sugar in it, it will promote more acne production.
  - Limiting chocolate consumption and sugar with it is the best course of action to prevent acne breakouts.
- Next, let's chat about fatty foods - specifically omega 6 fatty acids
  - Most of our consumption of omega 6 fatty acids occurs due to consumption of vegetable oils. So when our parents told us that eating deep fried or greasy foods cause pimples, there was some truth to it.
- However, Omega 6 fatty acids are different from Omega 3 fatty acids, which can be found in nuts, seeds and fatty fish like salmon.
- We should not completely eliminate omega 6 fatty acids from our diet, but balance fats by leaning more towards anti-inflammatory omega 3 fatty acid rich foods. A diet that is low in vegetable oils in general will reduce acne production.
- We can help reduce acne if we adopt a diet that is low in oils and dairy products, but rich in low glycemic index foods like vegetables (prepared with minimal oils), fruits instead of desserts like chocolate and candy, and a small quantity of healthy fats from nuts and fatty fish
  - This may feel overwhelming to do all at once, so I like to encourage lifestyle approaches that naturally fall in line with this
    - For example, the Mediterranean Diet has great guidelines
      - It has no calorie restrictions or eliminations
    - Instead, it emphasizes whole grains, raw fruits and vegetables, and fish which has omega 3 fatty acids
- In my experience, however, just eliminating the consumption of milk has huge benefits as most teenagers drink way more milk than they need.

- Culturally, we think that milk is essential for growing teenagers as it provides calcium for growth but nut milks are an excellent alternative that are fortified with calcium and vitamin d for bone growth and have zero sugars (which is one of the reasons dairy promotes acne) and low or zero fat (again, removing another component that increases acne and inflammation)
- When we return, we'll chat about which foods contribute to aging and more

### Act Three

- Let's talk about how nutrition can cause our skin to age prematurely.
- We have known the negative effects of sugar on our health for decades. When it comes to skin, studies have shown how sugar specifically causes aging. I would like to emphasize that sugar ages our skin just like pollution and smoking does.
- Before we move on, I think we should address something important about sugar
  - I want to clarify the types of sugar from a scientific perspective because I think there tends to be many myths and misunderstandings around it
  - There are several types of sugar including lactose, which is found in dairy, fructose found in fruit, Sucrose found in table sugar
    - The sugar found in your blood is known as glucose
    - When someone is diabetic, their blood sugar levels need to be externally moderated and aided via medication and insulin
  - So why is it important to know about the different types of sugar? I think sometimes when we discuss sugar, it can be a sensitive topic, whether or not you struggle with disordered eating.
  - For anyone who lived through the 90s and 2000s, there was a lot of food shaming in the media to an unhealthy extent
  - At one point, influencers and food outlets were comparing the sugar in fruit – fructose – to that of the sugar in cookies and claiming that ANYTHING with sugar in it was bad for your body and skin
- Sugar is a carbohydrate, and carbohydrates are the main source of energy for our bodies
- However, when consumed in excess, sugar can bind to our skin proteins
- **Collagen and elastin are two of our skin's essential proteins that give it its strength and elasticity or bounce. Collagen and elastin fibers are cross linked to create strong skin tissue so that skin is more resistant to wrinkles and damage.**
- **However, when sugar molecules bind to collagen and elastin, they modify the proteins' shape, which prevents the proteins from cross linking like they normally do**

- **This leads to** weaker skin which is saggier and prone to wrinkles.
  - This process is called glycation and does not just occur in skin but in all our body's tissues like blood vessels, and kidneys (just like in diabetes).
- If sugar is not inherently bad for you but excess sugar is – why such a fuss?
  - Can't we just reduce our sugar intake and move on?
- The reason why sugar and skin are so heavily tied together in the discussions around aging is because of AGEs
  - When sugar molecules attach to skin proteins, they're considered Advanced Glycation End Products or AGEs
- Developing AGEs is irreversible, so reducing sugar intake early in life is important to reducing the damaging effects of sugar consumption on skin and other tissue.
- Certain kinds of food preparations like smoking and browning make meat and vegetables that are otherwise healthy, contain AGEs, so paying attention to how much of such foods are consumed is important too.
- In order to avoid excess sugar consumption, it's imperative to recognize that sugar can sneak into our diet in ways we never expected such as in drinks
  - While soda is the obvious contender, cocktails and other drinks advertised as "juice" can be sugary
  - Sometimes, drinks marketed as smoothies or juices tend to be overly processed. If possible, reach for those drinks that have no added sugars, or that mix vegetables into the smoothie and not just all fruit
  - Also wellness drinks like kombuchas can have high sugar
- Other ways that excess sugar may occur without us trying are:
  - Adult gummy vitamins
  - White bread
- Instead, focusing on whole grains, and less processed foods, especially those with high fructose corn syrup can help mitigate sugar intake
- Consuming fresh fruits instead of sugar will not only limit sugar intake but also introduces greater quantities of vitamins, minerals, water and fiber that will definitely help anti age your skin and guarantee a healthy glow.
- Finally, last but not least, salt is another culprit in our diet that impacts how our skin looks. When we consume salt, especially a lot of it, our body's water balance shifts.
- Our cells let out more water to balance the salt in the bloodstream, making skin appear dehydrated and dull.
- Again, the amount of sugar you consume can be measured in different ways, such as daily, instead of the individual food item

- For example, you may take your coffee or tea without sugar or milk and mostly drink water, but have a dessert after dinner
  - Finding the right balance will look different for everyone
- As you navigate the busy winter season full of holiday or wedding events, you are likely going to encounter foods heavy in salt, sugar and omega 6 oils.
- My aim here is not to scare but to educate and give tools to help you navigate this information
- But before we wrap up, I will respond to a TikTok video that has more than 13.6 million views

## Act Four

- TikTok can be a great source of information – and misinformation
- For today's episode, I want to respond to the top liked video when searching “acne causing foods” or “Foods that cause acne” into TikTok
- With over 13.6 million views and almost 2 million likes, this video addresses some of what we discussed today and more

[https://www.tiktok.com/@teawithmd/video/6799017115039878405?\\_r=1&\\_t=8WoLg2fP1Ao&is\\_from\\_webapp=v1&item\\_id=6799017115039878405](https://www.tiktok.com/@teawithmd/video/6799017115039878405?_r=1&_t=8WoLg2fP1Ao&is_from_webapp=v1&item_id=6799017115039878405)

- In the video, the user @teawithMD lists foods that cause acne as
  - High carb diets (pasta, breads etc)
  - Sugary sweets
  - Skim milk
  - Whey protein (found in protein powder)
- From our show today, we know that high sugar content can impact your skin with both acne and aging
- But for acne specifically, she did give a great list of high carb containing foods that promote acne.
- Pasta, breads, skim milk and whey protein, which is a common protein powder used in smoothies, all increase acne production because they cause a large spike in insulin and IGF-1 levels when consumed. For those of you who don't know what whey protein is, it is a byproduct of producing cheese, which means it is similar to dairy and is commonly found in protein powders.
- Increased secretion of these hormones leads to increased production of sebum and increases production of skin cells which creates more dead skin cells on the skin's

surface. When there are more dead skin cells and oils on the skin's surface, pores will quickly clog up, producing more acne lesions.

- This means a diet which is rich in fresh vegetables, fruits and whole grains like brown rice and wheat bread which also limits milk and sugar intake will definitely reduce acne production and is overall a healthier diet for many other reasons!
- Today we went over the scientific reasons why these foods harm your skin. In our next episode we will go over what you should be eating for healthy skin and easy strategies to incorporate that in your diet

### Closing:

- If you'd like to learn more about science-backed skin care, or...medical aesthetic treatments.....please subscribe to and turn on notifications for The Skin Report, so you *a/ways* know when a new episode is up!
- **we have a newsletter that you can sign up for on [theskinreportbydrsethi.com](https://theskinreportbydrsethi.com) so that you can stay up to date on all our new episodes, blogs, products and more!**
- **Additionally**, If you have a skincare question or want to make an episode topic recommendation, please message me at the [theskinreportbydrsethi.com](https://theskinreportbydrsethi.com) which is linked in my show notes, and I'll be sure to answer your question in an episode soon!
  - **We have received some great questions so far – so keep them coming!!**
- Thanks for listening and until next time.... love the skin you're in and celebrate your beauty.

### Ep promo:

Is chocolate actually bad for your skin? Do greasy foods cause acne? Hi, I'm Dr. Simran Sethi and this week on The Skin Report, we tackle the most common myths and misconceptions about nutrition and our skin. Tune in to hear what the science has to say about certain food, so that you can stay informed!