# Central Limit Theorem, Confidence Intervals, and Meta-Analysis: Oh My!

Demo Demo presented at the 44<sup>th</sup> National Institute on the Teaching of Psychology; January 5, 2022 Andrew N. Christopher – Albion College (<u>achristopher@albion.edu</u>)

This demonstration requires about 10-15 minutes of preparation time and about 15-20 minutes of class time.

### <u>Materials</u>

- 1. At least one baseball cap (more caps can speed up the demonstration in class but requires a little more prep time)
- 2. For each cap, 50 small slips of paper, numbered 1 through 50

## Critical information

- 1. Each number on a slip of paper represents a mean difference in one sample.
- 2. The 50 slips of paper represent all possible mean differences in the population.
- 3. Given mean differences range between 1 and 50, the population mean difference is 25.50.

#### **Procedure**

There are two "rounds" of the demo:

#### **First round**

- 1. Each student draws three slips of paper from the cap (i.e., samples the same population three times), records each number (i.e., mean difference), then puts them back in the cap
- 2. Each student takes the mean of these three slips and reports it out
- 3. The teacher records and displays each of these sampling means

#### Second round

Same procedure as the first round, except each student draws 10 slips from the cap

#### **Discussion points**

- From the display, we can see when n = 10, the sampling means are more tightly clustered around the population mean (of 25.50) then when n = 3.
- The interval of sampling means will be wider with n = 3 than with n = 10.
- We can conduct a conceptual meta-analysis by taking the mean of the sampling means on display. Doing so, even with n = 3 (x the number of students in class) will approximate the population mean about as well as with n = 10 (x the number of students in class).

Other demonstrations of Central Limit Theorem that can be extended to teach Confidence Intervals and Meta-Analysis:

Aberson, C. L., Berger, D. E., Healy, M. R., Kyle, D. J., & Romero, V. L. (2000). Evaluation of an interactive tutorial for teaching the Central Limit Theorem. *Teaching of Psychology*, 27(4), 289-291. https://doi.org/10.1207/S15328023TOP2704\_08

- Johnson, D. E. (1986). Demonstrating Central Limit Theorem. *Teaching of Psychology*, 13(3), 155-156. https://doi.org/10.1207/s15328023top1303\_18
- Matz, D. C., & Hause, E. L. (2008). "Dealing" with the Central Limit Theorem. *Teaching of Psychology*, 35(3), 198-200. doi: 10.1080/00986280802186201

Schoenfelder, E., Olson, R., Bell, M., & Tom, K. (2007). Stop and smell the roses: An activity for teaching Central Limit Theorem. *Psychology Learning and Teaching*, 6(2), 80-84. https://doi.org/10.2304/plat.2007.6.2.80