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Article Info	Abstract (10 pt)
Article history: Received: 1 January 2025 Revised: 1 February 2025 Accepted: 1 March 2025	<i>The abstract should convey the significance of your research in a concise and logical manner. An abstract is a synopsis of the research that includes the research problem, research gap, data, methods used to address the problem, results and discussion, and conclusions. The abstract should present only the main points and should be 150-250 words. The abstract should be written in fully justified italics, below the author information.</i>
Keyword: Keyword_1 Keyword_2 Keyword_3 Keyword_4 Keyword_5	
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1. Introduction (Cambria, Bold, 11 pt)

Right Margin
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A title of article should be the fewest possible words that accurately describe the content of the paper. Omit all waste words such as "A study of ...", "Investigations of ...", "Implementation of ...", "Observations on ...", "Effect of....", "Analysis of ...", "Design of..." etc. Indexing and abstracting services depend on the accuracy of the title, extracting from it keywords useful in cross-referencing and computer searching. An improperly titled paper may never reach the audience for which it was intended, so be specific.

The Introduction should provide a clear background, a clear statement of the problem, the relevant literature on the subject, the proposed approach or solution, and the new value of research which it is innovation. It should be understandable to colleagues from a broad range of scientific disciplines. Organization and citation of the bibliography are made in **IEEE style** in sign [1, 2] and so on. The terms in foreign languages are written italic (italic). The text should be divided into sections, each with a separate heading and numbered consecutively. The section/subsection headings should be typed on a separate line, e.g., **1. Introduction** [3]. Authors are suggested to present their articles in the section structure: **Introduction - Research Methodology - Results and Discussions - Conclusion**.

Literature review should be presented in the section "Introduction". It is used to explain the difference of the manuscript with other papers. The section "Research Method" is used to describe the step of research and used in the section "Results and Discussion" to support the analysis of the results [2]. If the manuscript was written really have high originality, which proposed a new method or algorithm, the additional section after the "Introduction" section and before the "Research Methodology" section can be added to explain briefly the theory and/or the proposed method/algorithm [4].

2. Research Methodology (Cambria, Bold, 11 pt)

Explaining research chronological, including research design, research procedure (in the form of algorithms, Pseudocode or other), how to test and data acquisition [1-3]. The description of the course of research should be supported references, so the explanation can be accepted scientifically [2, 4].

Tables and Figures are presented center, as shown below and cited in the manuscript.

Table 1. The Performance of ...		
Variable	Speed (rpm)	Power (kW)
x	10	8.6
y	15	12.4
z	20	14.2

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Explanation/description of the images displayed must be appropriate and relevant to the research image

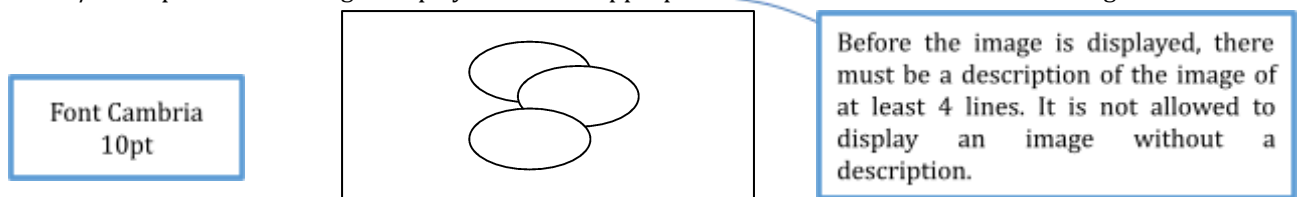


Figure 1. Description Is Placed Right Below The Figure

3. Results and Discussions (Cambria, Bold, 11 pt)

In this section, it is explained the results of research and at the same time is given the comprehensive discussion. Results can be presented in figures, graphs, tables and others that make the reader understand easily [2, 5]. The discussion can be made in several sub-chapters.

3.1. Sub section 1

Equations should be placed at the center of the line and provided consecutively with equation numbers in parentheses flushed to the right margin, as in (1). The use of Microsoft Equation Editor or Math Type is preferred.

$$E_p = \sum_{i=1}^c \frac{n(x_i)}{N} \times p\left(\frac{n(x_i)}{N}\right) \quad (1)$$

All symbols that have not been mentioned in the equation should be explained in the following text.

3.2. Sub section 2

Proper citation of other works should be made to avoid plagiarism. When referring to a reference item, please use the reference number as in [1] or [1, 3, 5, 6] for multiple references. The use of "Ref [5]..." should be employed for any reference citation at the beginning of sentence. For any reference with more than 3 or more authors, only the first author is to be written followed by et al (e.g. in [4]). Examples of reference items of different categories shown in the References section. Each items in the references section should be typed using 9 pt font size.

4. Conclusion (Cambria, Bold, 11 pt)

Present your research conclusions based on the methodology, results, and discussions presented previously. The conclusion should be concise and comprehensive, including all research results. You may also present numerical results as empirical evidence of your findings. Finally, convey the disadvantages of your research or what has not been resolved during the study or future research considered.

Acknowledgement (If needed) (Cambria, Bold, 11 pt)

The author may express acknowledgment to the parties involved in the research, for example, through financial support, facilities, or others. For example, the author would like to thank xxx, who has provided financial support for this research.

References (Cambria, Bold, 11 pt)

For good-quality articles to be published, the editor requires authors to use primary references (journals) with a minimum composition of 80% compared to all other references in the bibliography.

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Journal:

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