

A Bill to Ensure Access to Contraception for All Americans

Section 1: All public and private health care providers will be required to offer birth control services and contraceptives free of charge to all patients.

Section 2: The United States government will allocate a \$17 billion fund to be distributed in proportion to the number of individuals insured by each company. This funding will recur annually.

Section 3: This bill stipulates that birth control pills must be provided by each company, but leaves other methods of contraception at the discretion of the provider.

Section 4: The implementation of this bill will be overseen by the Department of Health and Human Services.

Section 5: This bill will take effect in the year 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Submitted by Sacramento Waldorf School

A Bill to Combat Hate Crimes and Domestic Terrorism

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** The United States shall take a multipronged approach to combat domestic terrorism and hate crimes and help ensure all Americans are safe.
- SECTION 2.** Rather than falling under state and local authorities, cases involving civil rights violations shall go to federal authorities, be investigated by the FBI, and the FBI shall be required to submit an annual report to Congress regarding the current state of civil rights violations. Additionally, \$20 million shall be allocated from the Defense Budget annually to help local police departments collect and report accurate data.
- SECTION 3.** This legislation will be carried out by the DOJ, FBI, National Counterterrorism Center, DOD, and DHS. \$1.5 billion shall be allocated to the FBI annually from the Defense Budget annually for the purposes of this legislation.

This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Mandate the Use of a Public Defender for Every Criminal Trial

- WHEREAS,** Amendment VI of the Constitution upholds the right to an attorney; and
- WHEREAS,** In the present case, affluent criminal defendants can expect favorable outcomes to impoverished criminal defendants who depend upon public defenders; and
- WHEREAS,** It is just that cases are determined on the basis of guilt or innocence rather than quality of representation; now, therefore, be it
- RESOLVED,** By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE --

- SECTION 1.** Criminal defendants may henceforth only receive representation in the form of a public defender.
- SECTION 2.** The Department of Justice will be responsible for providing a public defender to every criminal defendant and overseeing that this legislation is enforced within the United States.
- SECTION 3.** This amendment will come into effect three years after ratification to allow for disarray between hired criminal attorneys and their clients to be resolved and for institutional reform to be implemented by Congress and the Department of Justice before the practice outlined is fully mandated.
- SECTION 4.** The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

A Bill for Federal Bail Reform

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** Notwithstanding any provision of Federal law, no justice, judge, or other judicial official in any court created by or under Article III of the Constitution of the United States may use payment of money as a condition of pretrial release in any criminal case.
- SECTION 2.** Any persons currently charged with a “qualifying offense” shall be released without bail while they await their day in court and released with no conditions unless it is proven that conditions are necessary to ensure court appearance. The conditions of release must be nonmonetary and the least restrictive to reasonably assure return to court.
- SECTION 3.** A person charged with a qualifying offense who is released to await trial in the community can be subject to bail or pretrial detention at a later point if he or she persistently and willfully fails to appear in court, violates an order of protection, is accused of witness tampering or intimidation, or is charged with another felony while awaiting trial for a felony.
- SECTION 4.** “Qualifying offenses” include all misdemeanors (except sex offenses and contempt of court charges related to an allegation of domestic violence), all non-violent felonies (except witness intimidation and tampering, sex offenses, and conspiracy, terrorism, and contempt charges).
- SECTION 5.** This legislation will be implemented upon passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.