

## ADMINISTRATION 02.42411

### Appeal of Decisions

#### ELIGIBILITY PROCESS

Any resident of the District or a parent, student or employee of the school may appeal council decisions. Appealing a decision made by a school council shall include the following procedure:

1. An appeal must be filed within ten (10) working days following a council decision.
2. An appeal on a decision made by a school council must first be reviewed by the school council, which shall make a timely response to the appealing party.
3. If the matter is not satisfactorily resolved by the council, the appeal may then be submitted in writing to the Superintendent.
4. If, within ten (10) calendar days, the matter is not satisfactorily resolved by the Superintendent, the appealing party may, within twenty (20) calendar days, appeal to the Board. The Board shall afford the affected parties an opportunity to be heard within thirty (30) calendar days of the appeal to the Board.
5. The Board shall issue a final written decision on the appeal with its rationale no later than sixty (60) calendar days from the date of the presentation to the Board.
6. At any point in the process the Board may direct a review and report on the issues, but shall not extend its decision beyond sixty (60) calendar days from the date of the presentation to the Board without the agreement of the affected parties.

#### BASIS FOR REVIEW

The Board will determine whether the issue on appeal falls within the authority granted to the council by KRS 160.345.

Actions that fall within the statutory authority of the council will be reviewed on appeal based on whether the council action raises liability and/or health and safety concerns, exceeds budgetary limitations, conflicts with contractual obligations, or was otherwise unlawful under state or federal law.

Actions that fall within the authority of the Board will be reviewed on appeal based on whether the council action lacks educational merit, is inconsistent with District goals, violates District policy, exceeds the authority of the council, raises liability and/or health and safety concerns, exceeds budgetary limitations, conflicts with contractual obligations, or is otherwise unlawful under state or federal law.

#### BOARD ACTION

When the appeal issue falls within statutory council authority, the Board shall either (1) affirm the council decision or (2) refer the appeal back to the council with documentation of its concerns and suggestions.

When the appeal issue falls within the authority of the Board to decide, the Board shall either (1) uphold the council decision or (2) reverse any council action found to violate any of the review standards.

#### REFERENCE:

KRS 160.345

Adopted/Amended: 7/13/2004

Order #: 338