

NAAHAR PUBLIC SCHOOL CBSE SENIOR SECONDARY, VILLUPURAM
ACADEMIC YEAR-2022-23
PERIODIC TEST- IV EXAMINATION (DECEMBER)
ANSWER KEY

CLASS: VII

DATE: 20-12-2022

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

MARKS: 80

SUBJECT TEACHER: Mrs. SARANYA. S

DURATION: 2hrs 30mins

SECTION-A READING SKILL (20 MARKS)

I. Prose Comprehension- (10×1=10)

In these trying times, when buying ordinary foodstuff can burn a hole in our pockets, comes the news that can actually help us save some hard cash when we go out to shop the next time. According to a Stanford University study, a first of its kind in the world, there is no evidence to suggest that there are more nutritional benefits from expensive organic food than those grown by conventional methods.

The researchers add that there is no difference in protein and fat content between organic and conventional milk and the vitamin count is similar in both types. The only benefit is that organic foods are not contaminated with pesticides, but then, before you chew on that plate of organic okra with roti made from organic wheat, they are not 100% pesticide-free either.

In India, organic food has been growing at 20–22% and the export market is valued at `1,000 crores. Obviously, the study is not good news for that sector and for people who are big on organic food.

In India, eating organic food is more of a style statement than due to health worries because the stuff is expensive. But people can, do indulge in not only organic vegetables but even organic eggs laid by ‘happy hens’, who are allowed to roam around freely, whereas ‘unhappy hens’ are kept in coops.

Then some companies have installed music channels in their cowsheds and the milk from those sheds is sold at a marked-up price since it has more nutritional value because the animals are happy thanks to lilting 24 × 7 music. We don’t know yet of any farmer using music to improve his crop quality, but then you never know: plants are known to respond to music.

Why such pickiness about food? These days, the huge number of TV shows and articles that we see and read on food provide bread and butter for specialists. But instead of decoding food, its sources, and what has gone into growing it, isn’t it much better to enjoy what’s on the plate?

Now answer the following questions:

1. According to a Stanford University study, organic food in relation to conventional food is _____.

- i. less nutritious
- ii. more nutritious
- iii. very conventional
- iv. as nutritious

2. The study will not be welcomed by _____.

- i. farmers of conventional food
- ii. makers of pesticides
- iii. all sectors
- iv. exporters of organic food

3. We can save some hard cash by _____.

- i. buying organic food
- ii. not buying organic food
- iii. going to the shop
- iv. not buying food with pesticides

4. Music channels are installed in the cowsheds because the _____.

- i. cows give more milk
- ii. milk is sold at a higher price
- iii. milk becomes purer
- iv. workers become happy

5. In the second paragraph, the author’s attitude to the people who eat food sourced from ‘happy’ animals is that he _____.

- i. is happy with them
- ii. is unhappy with them
- iii. is laughing at them
- iv. wants crops to be grown similarly

6. One benefit of organic food is that _____.

- i. it is fashionable to eat
- ii. only rich people can afford it
- iii. it is less contaminated with pesticides
- iv. even poor people can afford it

7. The word ‘contaminated’ means _____.

- i. adulterated

- ii. for adults
- iii. containing
- iv. not healthy

Fill in the blanks

- 8. In India, eating organic food is more of a style statement than due to _____ worries.
- 9. Some companies have installed music channels in their _____.
- 10. Instead of decoding food, its sources, and what has gone into _____ it.

Answers

- 1) as nutritious
- 2) exporters of organic food
- 3) not buying organic food
- 4) milk becomes purer
- 5) is laughing at them
- 6) it is less contaminated with pesticides
- 7) containing
- 8) health
- 9) cowsheds
- 10) growing

II. Poem Comprehension- (10×1=10)

I met a traveller from an antique land
Who said:—Two vast and trunkless legs of stone
Stand in the desert. Near them on the sand,
Half sunk, a shatter'd visage lies, whose frown
And wrinkled lip and sneer of cold command
Tell that its sculptor well those passions read
Which yet survive, stamp'd on these lifeless things,
The hand that mock'd them and the heart that fed.
And on the pedestal these words appear:
“My name is Ozymandias, king of kings:
Look on my works, ye mighty, and despair!”
Nothing beside remains: round the decay
Of that colossal wreck, boundless and bare,
The lone and level sands stretch far away.

Answer the following questions

- Q1) The poem is set in _____.
 - a. The wilderness
 - b. An ancient land
 - c. A palace
 - d. A desert
- Q2) The expression on the face of the statue is one of _____.
 - a. Admiration
 - b. Anger
 - c. Despair
 - d. Contempt
- Q3) Find words from the passage that mean
 - i. Face - _____
- Q4) What was the sculptor able to read well?
- Q5) ‘The hand that mocked them and the heart that fed.’ Whose hand and heart has the poet called in this line?
- Q6) ‘Nothing beside remains.’ What does the narrator mean when he says these words?
- Q7) What is your impression of Ozymandias as a king after reading the poem?
- Q8) What stretch for away?
- Q9) What mock'd them?
- Q10) Where the vast and trunkless stone stand?

Answers

- A1) The poem is set in a desert.
- A2) The expression on the face of the statue is one of contempt.
- A3)i. Face: Visage
- A4) The sculptor was able to read the feelings of Ozymandias and sculpt them perfectly on his statue.
- A5) The sculptor's hands and heart are being called in the respective line. The sculptor must have copied the inner feelings of Ozymandias while making the statue.

A6) When the time comes, everything has to meet its end. Thus, the trunkless legs and a shattered visage are all that one can see of the once-grand statue in the vast desert.

A7) The poem suggests that Ozymandias may have been a cruel and angry king who was a tyrant who ruled with an iron fist.

A8) The lone and level sands stretch far away.

A9) The hand that mock'd them.

A10) The vast and trunkless stone stand in the desert.

SECTION-B WRITING SKILL (8 MARKS)

III. Write a paragraph on the following topic "My Role Model". (4×1=4)

Answer may differ.

IV. You are uncle gifted a beautiful wrist watch to you on your birthday with in a man you lost it you are unconscible on the day you lost the words write in your diary expressing your thoughts. (4×1=4)

Answer may differ.

SECTION-C GRAMMAR (18 MARKS)

IV. Identify the adjectives and determiners in the following sentences. Underline the determiners and Circle the adjectives. (3×1=3)

1. There are many important papers in this folder.

Ans: Determiners: many, Adjectives: important

2. Let us replace that faulty equipment.

Ans: Determiners: That, Adjectives: faulty

3. Several adventurous people joined the trek.

Ans: Determiners: Several, Adjectives: Adventurous

V. Fill in the blanks which suitable articles. Put a cross were no article is necessary. (3×1=3)

1. I was travelling to _____ city in _____ old, rickety bus.

Ans: the, an

2. _____ old man had _____ worried look.

Ans: An, a

3. _____ universe is so vast that it is impossible for us to visualize it's magnitude even in our wildest _____ imagination.

Ans: The , ×

VI. Choose the correct verb to complete the given sentences: (3×1=3)

1. Most of the food on the table _____ (is/are) hot. Ans: is

2. All the members of the staff _____ (was/ where) happy about the decision. Ans: were

3. This pair of sissors _____ (are/ is) too old and blunt. Ans: is

VII. Choose the most suitable words to complete the sentences.(3×1=3)

1. The gardener carefully _____ (plant / plants) seasonal varieties of flowers. Ans: plants

2. Diyana and David _____ (organise/ organisers) their parties in their lawn. Ans: Organise

3. This market caters to the people who _____ (live/ lives) in this area. Ans: live

VIII. Write whether the underlined verbs are finite or nonfinite. (3×1=3)

1. Swimming is a good form of exercise. Ans: Non-finite

2. The car that Henry drives these days is his aunt's. Ans: Finite

3. I am trying to repair my CD player. Ans: Non-finite

IX. Combine the following pairs of sentences using infinitives. (3×1=3)

1. I want to win the scholarship. I am working very hard for that.

Ans: I am working very hard to win the scholarship.

2. He was scared. He did not try anything new.

Ans: he was two scared to try anything new.

3. We went to Agra. We wanted to visit the Taj Mahal

Ans: We went to Agra to visit the Taj Mahal.

SECTION-D SUPPLEMENTARY READER (7 MARKS)

X. Choose the correct answer (7×1=7)

1. The shop was always:

(a) kept neat and clean

(b) noisy

(c) crowded

(d) closed

Ans: noisy

2.The earthen pot fell from Abbu's hands' shows:

(a) his physical weakness

(b) the shock experienced by Abbu

(c) the carelessness of Abbu

(d) none of the above

Ans (b) the shock experienced by Abbu

3. When Mr. Purcell saw the doves liberated, he felt:

(a) miserable

(b) punished

(c) sorry

(d) insulted

Ans: Insulted

4. Golu was advised to go to the Limpopo river by:

(a) the mynah

(b) his conscience

(c) the crocodile

(d) the python

Ans: the Mynah

5. He wished to buy doves:

(a) as he wished to cook them

(b) as he loved them

(c) as he wished to free them

(d) none of the above

Ans: (c) as he wished to free them

6. A wise old bird declared:

(a) the wolf to be the winner

(b) the goats to be the winners

(c) Chandni to be the winner

(d) both wolf and Chandni to be the winners

Answer (c) Chandni to be the winner

7. The today's dinner of the crocodile was:

(a) Golu

(b) animal

(c) python

(d) deer

Ans: Golu

SECTION-E LITERATURE (27 MARKS)

XI. Meaning: 4x1=4

1. Conveniently - _____ Ans: Comfortable

2. Timber- _____ Ans: Wood used for furniture

3. Interrupt- _____ Ans: disturb

4. Promptly- _____ Ans: Very quickly

XII. Choose the correct answer 5x1=5

1. The language of the fan was first:

(a) a mystery

(b) a fact

(c) a story

(d) a tale

Ans: a) a mystery

2. How are trees useful for birds?

(a) to sit on

(b) to build nests on

(c) to hatch eggs

(d) all of these

Ans: (d) all of these

3. The author visited the boot-shop:

(a) frequently

(b) often

(c) infrequently

(b) just once a year

Ans: (c) infrequently

4. Mr Wonka took from Bristlecone pine.

(a) a pint of salt

(b) a pint of sap

(c) a pinch of sap

(d) a pinch of salt

Ans: (b) a pint of sap

5. Nishad's Impression about Mr Nath was that he was:

- (a) a monster
- (b) a patient
- (c) a crook
- (d) very poor

Ans: very poor

XIII. Answer the following questions (5x2=10)

1. Why did author visit the Shop infrequently?
2. What is 'strange' about Mr. Math's sundays?
3. What is the impact of oiling the fan?
4. What do mother say when they look at trees?
5. How did Mr. Wonka travel?

XIV. Answer in Paragraph (2x4=8)

1. How has the invention of Vita-Wonk progressed?
2. Write a short summary of the poem "Mystery Of the talking Fan".