

## Article Title

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### Abstract

A concise abstract is required ( $\pm$  200 words). The abstract should be informative and state briefly the aim of the research, the principal results and major conclusions. An abstract is often presented separately from the article; thus, it must be able to stand alone (completely self-explanatory). References should not be cited, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). Abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential, they must be defined at their first mention.

**Key words:** Keywords is about five words, covering scientific and local name (if any), research theme, and special methods which are used; and sorted from A to Z.

### Introduction

Introduction is about 400-600 words, covering the aims of the research and providing an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results. Indicate the aims of research in the last paragraph.

Manuscripts of original research should be written in no more than 8,000 words (including tables and picture), or proportional with articles in this publication number. Review articles will be accommodated, while short communication should be written in about 2,000 words, except for pre-study.

### Materials and Methods

Materials and Methods should emphasize on the procedures and data analysis.

### Results and Discussion

Results and Discussion should be written as a series of connecting sentences, however, manuscripts with long discussion should be divided into subtitles. Results should be clear and concise.

Figures and tables of maximum three pages should be clearly presented. Number tables consecutively in accordance with their appearance in the text. Title of a picture is written down below the picture, while the title of a table is written above the table. Coloured figures can only be accepted if the information in the manuscript can be lost without those images; the chart is preferred to use black and white images.

### Acknowledgments

This is a short text to acknowledge the contributions of specific colleagues, institutions, or agencies that aided the efforts of the authors.

### Reference

Reference styles

Journal:

Ulum, F.B., Costa Castro, C. and Hoerandl, E., 2020. Ploidy-dependent effects of light stress on the mode of reproduction in the *Ranunculus auricomus* complex (Ranunculaceae). *Frontiers in plant science*, 11, p.104. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fpls.2020.00104>

Book:

Hojsgaard, D. and Pullaiah, T., 2022. *Apomixis in Angiosperms: Mechanisms, Occurrences, and Biotechnology*. CRC Press.

Chapter in book:

Webb CO, Cannon CH, Davies SJ. 2008. Ecological organization, biogeography, and the phylogenetic structure of rainforest tree communities. In: Carson W, Schnitzer S (eds) *Tropical Forest Community Ecology*. Wiley-Blackwell, New York.

Abstract:

Assaeed AM. 2007. Seed production and dispersal of *Rhazya stricta*. 50th annual symposium of the International Association for Vegetation Science, Swansea, UK, 23-27 July 2007.

Proceeding:

Ulum, F.B. and Setyati, D., 2017. Pteridophytes of Alas Purwo National Park and Their Medicinal Potency. *UNEJ e-Proceeding*, pp.80-82.

Thesis, Dissertation:

Ulum, F.B., 2014. Ploidy levels and reproductive behaviour in natural populations of *Centotheca lappacea* from Jambi, Indonesia (Doctoral dissertation, MSc Thesis, Georg August University of Göttingen).