5-8 Worksheet A | The Rational Zeros Theorem

a. List the possible rational zeros of the polynomial. b. Write the polynomial as a product of linear factors. c. Find the zeros of the polynomial. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

1a. \_\_\_\_\_\_ b. \_\_\_\_\_ c. \_\_\_\_

 $x^3 + 6x^2 + 11x + 6$ 

2a. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ b. \_\_\_\_\_\_ c. \_\_\_\_\_

 $x^3 - x^2 - 14x + 24$ 

a. List the possible rational zeros of the poly	nomial. b. Write the polynomial as a product of linear
factors. c. Find the zeros of the polynomial.	Write your answers in the spaces provided.

3a.	1	b.	C	<b>.</b>

$$3x^3 + 8x^2 + 3x - 2$$

$$x^3 - 19x + 30$$

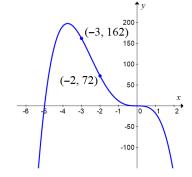
a. List the possible rational zeros of the polyr	nomial. b. Write the polynomial as a product of linear
factors. c. Find the zeros of the polynomial.	Write your answers in the spaces provided.

_	1		
าล	n	$^{\circ}$	
Ju.	υ.	$\mathbf{c}$	•

$$2x^3 + 5x^2 + 4x + 1$$

6a. Find the leading coefficient of the polynomial. b. Write the polynomial function in **standard form**. Write your answers in the spaces below.

a. \_\_\_\_\_ b. \_\_\_\_



## **Answer Key**

1a. 
$$\pm 1$$
,  $\pm 2$ ,  $\pm 3$ ,  $\pm 6$ 

1b. 
$$(x + 1)(x + 2)(x + 3)$$

$$1c. -1, -2, -3$$

$$2a. \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 4, \pm 6, \pm 8, \pm 12, \pm 24$$

2b. 
$$(x-2)(x-3)(x+4)$$

3a. 
$$\pm 1$$
,  $\pm 2$ ,  $\pm \frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\pm \frac{2}{3}$ 

3b. 
$$(x+1)(x+2)(3x-1)$$

$$3c. -1, -2, \frac{1}{3}$$

$$4a. \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 5, \pm 6, \pm 10, \pm 15, \pm 30$$

4b. 
$$(x-2)(x-3)(x+5)$$

$$4c. 2, 3, -5$$

5a. 
$$\pm 1$$
,  $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ 

5b. 
$$(x+1)^2(2x+1)$$

5c. 
$$-1$$
,  $-\frac{1}{2}$ 

6b. 
$$y = -3x^4 - 15x^3$$