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^{1,3} Indonesian Language and Letters Department, Faculty of Cultural Sciences, Universitas Sebelas Maret, Surakarta, Indonesia (9 pt) ² Javanese Department, Faculty of Cultural Sciences, Universitas Sebelas Maret, Surakarta, Indonesia (9 pt)

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ABSTRACT (10 PT)

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Name of Corresponding Author, Indonesian Language and Letters Department, Faculty of Cultural Sciences, Universitas Sebelas Maret Jl. Ir. Sutami 36 A, Kentingan, Surakarta, Indonesia.

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INTRODUCTION

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Provide method of the research in details that help reproducible research. It is written in past tense. It includes: participants, design, & procedure. Avoid putting formula in this part. This method is written in descriptive and should provide a statement regarding the methodology of the research, include the type of research, research approach, a source of data and analysis method. The author should explain the mechanism to analyze the legal issue. This method as much as possible to give an idea to the reader through the method used, this method is optional, only for an original research article.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Show the result of the research. Differentiate result and discussion. Discussion involves comparison with other research findings. Results should be clear and concise. Discussion should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

DO not refer to location as you refer to picture, table, or graphic. Refer to number of the table of figure.

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- 3. **Author/penulis**, for author's name
- 4. **Email**, for author's email
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- 6. **Isi Abstrak**, for Abstract's content
- 7. **Kata Kunci,** format for keyword's section
- 8. **Main Text**, for body text
- 9. **Judul gambar**, for figure's title
- 10. **Table**, for table's title

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- 11. **Rujukan**, for references
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Number tables consecutively in accordance with their appearance in the text. Place footnotes to tables below the table body and indicate them with superscript lowercase letters. Avoid vertical rules. Be sparing in the use of tables and ensure that the data presented in tables do not duplicate results described elsewhere in the article. Below are some examples of the "sample of table" that are mentioned in table 1.

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Month	Frequency of	Accepted	rejected
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January	30	10	20
February	15	7	8
March	17	8	9
Total	62	25	37

Discussion should include what is the finding, how about other researcher?, why, the implication. Meanwhile, in ... (Szmrecsanyi, 2006).

CONCLUSION

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REFERENCES

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Book

Cappelli, G. (2006). *Sun, sea, sex and the unspoilt countryside: how the English language makes tourists out of readers.* Pari: Pari Publishing.

Chapter in a book

Hickey, L. (2001). Perlocutionary equivalence: marking, exegesis and recontextualisation. in L. Hickey (Ed.), *The Pragmatics of Translation* (pp. 217-232). Clevedon: Multilingual Matters.

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Szmrecsanyi, B. (2006). *Morphosyntactic persistence in spoken English*. (W. Bisang, H. H. Hock, & W. Winter, Eds.). New York: Mouton de Gruyter. http://doi.org/10.1515/9783110197808